"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

VOL. LXIII...NO. 20,564. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, MAY 14, 1914.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. { Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

THE WEATHER

Cloudy to-day; fair, rising temperature Friday; light to moderate variable winds.

☞For full weather report see Page 18.

FOULC LIBRARY SOLD BY MORGAN

Volumes Were Acquired by His Father Shortly Before the Latter's Death.

WERE VALUED AT $200,000

Not Regarded by the Younger Morgan as Part of the Great Morgan Collections.

SOLD TO FORMER OWNER

Six Hundred Volumes in the Library Which is to be Auctioned in Paris Early Next Month.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 13.—The Foulc collection of rare books on ornaments and architecture purchased by the late J. Pierpont Morgan in 1910 for $200,000 with a view to supplementing the Hoenchel collection of art objects now in the Metropolitan Museum of Art in New York, is to be sold by auction at the Hôtel Drouot from June 3 to June 6 by André Desvouges.

The Librarie Besombes, which is handling the collection, will exhibit it privately on May 25. The Librarie Besombes states that the collection was sent recently from New York, but declines to give the date, and also disclaims knowledge as to whether this is the beginning of the dispersal of the great Morgan collections by the present J. Pierpont Morgan.

It is asserted that the Foulc collection has already been sold by the present Mr. Morgan, and that it is now at the Paris house of the new owner, who is described as "not a dealer or a man of straw."

The auctioneer and library both say they expect the sale to realize 1,000,000 francs ($200,000).

Inquiries instituted yesterday by THE TIMES showed that this sale can hardly be regarded as the beginning of the dispersal of the Morgan collections, whether such a dispersal shall ultimately be sanctioned by the present head of the house of Morgan or not.

The Foulc collection of books, it was learned, was purchased by Mr. Morgan, Sr., as told in the Paris dispatch, and was delivered here after his departure for Europe on his last trip abroad. The books, therefore, were never seen by Mr. Morgan after their arrival here.

It is understood that Mr. Morgan, Jr., decided not to keep them and resold them at an agreed price to those from whom the elder Mr. Morgan had acquired them. For this reason this particular group of books was never regarded by the present J. P. Morgan as part of the Morgan collections, and was never actually incorporated in those collections.

The negotiations for the resale of the collection to those from whom the elder Mr. Morgan bought the books, it is understood, were begun about this time last year and completed about six months ago.

Miss Belle da Costa Greene, librarian to J. P. Morgan, refused yesterday to comment on the report of the sale of the Foulc collection further than to suggest that possibly some of the books in it were duplicates of books previously acquired by Mr. Morgan.

Maurice Sloog, who is familiar with the Foulc collection, is authority for the statement that M. Doucet of the Bibliothèque d'Art et Archaelogie of Paris made an offer of $100,000 for a part of it years ago, but his offer was declined by M. Foulc, whose idea was to keep the collection intact in the hope that it would be purchased by a public institution.

The Foulc collection, begun more than sixty years ago, comprises some 600 volumes, principally on architecture and interior and exterior decoration, after the decorative masters of the sixteenth, seventeenth, and eighteenth centuries. There is also a remarkable group of illustrated books dealing with Italian wood carving from the fifteenth to the eighteenth centuries.

Although similar books have turned up from time to time at the dispersal of important collections, this is the first instance that a collection entirely composed of such books has been offered for sale as a whole. And only in the Bibliothèque Nationale of Paris or the Ecole des Arts Décoratifs can an assemblage be found even approaching the Foulc collection.

Edmond Foulc lived in a hotel at 4 Rue de Magdebourg, Paris. Here he brought together marbles, precious stones, paintings, enamels, and works in wood, iron, and bronze. At the same time he picked up, whenever occasion offered, books dealing with these subjects.

The exhaustive nature of his collection may be imagined when it is said that it was placed at the disposition of M. Guillmard, who was thus enabled to complete his monumental work, "Les Maitres Ornemantistes." M. Foulc was also an intimate friend of Destailleurs, one of the architects of the City of Paris; of Delesle, the Curator of the Bibliothèque Nationale, and of Lessonfache, who bequeathed his entire collection of works on architectural ornamentation to the Ecole des Arts Décoratifs.

By far the larger part of the collection of books offered for sale consists of illustrated volumes of what would vulgarly be called books on furniture and furnishings, but those which concern interior architecture as an independent art are the more important.

For example there are portfolios of drawings by Jacques Andronet (Du Cerceau,) who belonged to the great artist family of the Andronets of the sixteenth

Continued on Page 5.

DUEL OR POLICE COURT?

Was Blow Macadams Struck Georges Too Hard for "Satisfaction"?

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 13.—How gently must a man be struck for a blow to be considered a suitable insult to be wiped out by a duel? This is the interesting development in the threatened encounter between Edgar Macadams, a New York sculptor, and Waldemar Georges, art critic of The Paris Journal, due to trouble last Saturday at a studio party given by a Paris painter, Kees van Dongen.

The question has arisen through the attitude of Georges's seconds, who consider that Macadams hit Georges too hard, according to the laws of the duello, and that, therefore, Georges should take the case to a police court.

M. Georges is still on the warpath and passed the day in endeavoring to have his seconds see matters as he did. The seconds, however, consider French dueling etiquette quite seriously. M. Georges explained to THE NEW YORK TIMES that "had Mr. Macadams slapped me or called me names swords or pistols would have been in order, but he gave me a knockout blow, which is a form of attack that they classify as a 'coup d'apache," too violent for gentlemen to settle among themselves."

Mr. Macadams passed the day at work in his Latin Quarter studio and ready to acquiesce in whatever decision is reached.

CARNEGIE GAVE $100,000.

Ironmaster the Largest Contributor to Fund for the Blind.

It was learned yesterday that Andrew Carnegie made the gift of $100,000 to help raise the $300,000 endowment fund for the New York Association for the Blind, his donation having been mentioned in THE TIMES of yesterday before the name of the giver was ascertained. A total of $248,952.50 has been raised by subscription to date.

It is the hope of the committee which is trying to raise the endowment fund to have the full amount by June 1. Joseph H. Choate, President of the association, has devoted much of his time for several months to this end.

Information concerning the object for which the fund is being raised has been communicated to members of the Bar Association by a committee composed of Joseph S. Auerbach, Charles K. Beekman, William E. Curtis, Henry A. Gildersleeve, Frank L. Hall, Edward W. Hatch, John G. Milburn, William Wilson Miller, Morgan J. O'Brien, Alton B. Parker, Charles A. Peabody, John B. Stanchfield, Francis Lynde Stetson, A. G. Thacher, Arthur D. Weeks, William R. Willcox, and Bronson Winthrop.

MRS. MAHON BEAT 'MASHER.'

Used Slipper and Bunch of Keys and Then Had Him Arrested.

When she entered the vestibule of her home at 306 East Twenty-eighth Street early yesterday morning Mrs. Bella Mahon found a dark-haired young man there. Stepping toward her with a "Hello, kid!" he tried to grab her around the waist. The only weapons Mrs. Mahon had were her slippers, and she took one of them off and began to belabor the young man. He seized her hand and the slipper, but Mrs. Mahon forced him back against the door and his head went through a pane of glass.

Mrs. Mahon, crying "Police!" at the top of her lungs, tried to hold her assailant, but he broke away and she chased him to the street. Yesterday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock she was at Twenty-second Street and Second Avenue when she saw the same young man mailing a letter there. She didn't have on slippers then, so she took out a bunch of keys and beat the man in the face until Policeman Gannon came up and arrested him.

Last night before Magistrate Corrigan in the Night Court the prisoner gave his name as Edward Hantarsonuan of 334 East Thirty-second Street. He was fined $10, for lack of which he was sent to the workhouse for ten days.

MRS. GAIL BORDEN SUED.

Sister-in-Law Asks $30,000 Damages for Alleged Slander.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, May 13.—Mrs. Helen M. Borden, wife of Gail Borden, the millionaire condensed milk manufacturer, who has appeared twice in the Superior Court as a plaintiff in divorce actions, to-day was made defendant in a suit filed by Mrs. Mary A. Valk, her sister-in-law. Mrs. Valk demands $30,000 damages on account of statements alleged to have been made to her husband, Frank R. Valk, brother of Mrs. Borden, and other persons, asserting that these alleged statements carried the meaning that Mrs. Valk had been too friendly with Borden. Among the alleged statements to which Mrs. Valk has taken exception is this:

"Gail could do just as he wished with her. Oh, you do not know all that has gone on between them. She was the cause of all my trouble with Gail."

BARGE HITS SHOAL IN FOG.

Hundreds on Shore See Life Guards Rescue Crew.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., May 13.—Owing to her being too heavy laden, it was said, the two-masted coal barge Enossula, in tow of the tug Coastwise and bound from Newport News to New York, struck on the Brigantine Shoal this morning in a fog and sank shortly afterward. The crew of four men were rescued by the Federal life guards from the Atlantic City and Brigantine stations, who immediately put out in their lifeboats in answer to the signals for assistance from the tug, which stood by the barge until it foundered.

Capt. Dobbs of the Coastwise said they had encountered adverse winds and heavy seas for two days until they ran into the fog bank early to-day. The rescue of the crew was effected in a strong northeast gale in the view of hundreds of spectators along the shore after the fog lifted about 10 o'clock.

It was said that the Enossula will be a total loss, about $15,000. Capt. Lambert Parker of the Absecon Life Saving Station said that had the barge been of ordinary size and draught she would have cleared the shoal safely.

MOVE IN EUROPE TO CONTROL HAITI

Germany and France Would Take Custom Houses and Collect Debts of Republic.

U. S. REJECTS JOINT RULE

Foreign Nations Say Their Interests Are Too Large to be Delegated to This Country.

CREATES ACUTE SITUATION

German Foreign Office Denies Coaling Station Offer, but Affirms Joint Proposal.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, May 13.—THE NEW YORK TIMES is authorized by the German Government to deny in the most positive manner reports published in the United States to the effect that a German financial syndicate, with the backing of the Kaiser's Government, has offered to finance the Haitian Government in exchange for a coaling station and other concessions.

The German Foreign Office adds, however, that when the United States some time ago proposed to reorganize the finances of Haiti this Government joined with other European Governments in representing to Washington that the interests of European countries in Haiti were so large that no scheme of "reorganization" or control would be regarded as acceptable unless it were undertaken under international auspices.

HAITIAN SITUATION ACUTE.

Some Inclined to Compare It with the Mexican Crisis.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The possibility that Germany and France have determined to take charge of Haitian Custom Houses, with the purpose of holding them until sufficient revenues have been collected to satisfy the claims of German and French holders of Haitian bonds, places a serious problem before the United States Government. In some quarters the situation is regarded as being almost as grave as the Mexican crisis and even more pressing, but in others the idea that Germany and France would try to carry out any such undertaking is rejected as impossible.

While the United States has not determined what it will do to avert possible European control of Haiti's fiscal affairs, with all the dangers involved in such a situation, the chances are that the matter will be adjusted by an arrangement between the Governments of the United States and Haiti for the collection and distribution of Haitian revenues by Americans.

Information obtained here to-day from officials familiar with the whole question was in accord with the statement of the German Foreign Office, cabled by the Berlin correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES, that Germany some time ago had joined with other European Governments in representing to Washington that the interests of European countries in Haiti were so large that no scheme of reorganization or control of Haitian affairs would be acceptable unless taken under international auspices.

Proposal May Be Modified.

But while this Government understands that the creditor nations of Europe are inclined to be insistent on such proposed joint control of Haiti's revenues, there is some reason to believe that the proposal will be modified so as to leave the United States free to follow in Haiti the course it has pursued so successfully in Santo Domingo.

There is much confusion even in the minds of officials over the present status of Haitian affairs with reference to the heavy debts of that country to European bondholders. One group of officials is positive in the assertion that the French and German Governments propose that there be joint German, French, and American control of Haitian revenues. Others understand, however, that the proposal is not positive in that direction. But whatever the actual character of the foreign proposal, no doubt remains that American officials believe that Germany and France contemplate taking control of Haitian Custom Houses and collecting the revenues to satisfy the claims of their nationals.

As explained to-day, the latest phase of the extremely delicate international situation was initiated in an actual proposal by Germany and France that a joint control arrangement with respect to Haitian revenues should be effected under a stipulation that the representation of each of the three Governments in the personnel of the proposed customs administration be in proportion to the amount of the claims held by the nationals of each Government.

This was entirely unsatisfactory to the United States for the reason that only about 5 per cent. of the amount to be collected was due to citizens of the United States, and American participation therefore would be infinitesimal. For this reason, according to what was said to-day, the suggestion was rejected.

Warships Collect Interest.

The present acute phase of the Haitian trouble goes back several months to the time when a French warship trained her guns on two Haitian gunboats and coupled that action with a demand for the immediate payment of interest due to French holders of Haitian bonds. The crews of the gunboats promptly dived overboard and swam ashore. The payment demanded not being forthcoming within the time fixed, the French vessel took the two Haitian gunboats in tow and started with them for St. Thomas, Danish West Indies.

Before the French ships and their tow had gone very far a launch was sent after them with the amount of the interest on board. This money was paid over to the French commander and the gunboats were released.

A few weeks ago a German warship imitated the example of the French vessel in demanding payment of interest due to German bondholders. The money was produced without delay. Since then the British Government has followed the same tactics and with the same success, a payment of $62,000 in interest being made on demand.

The Haitian Government then appealed to the United States and diplomatic negotiations followed.

FOUR UNUSUAL FEATURES.

1. W. H. Taft on the Trusts.
2. Kurt Aram on the Real Russia.
3. "The First-Born," a Charming Picture in Rotogravure.
4. Photographs of a Nation's Tribute to Our Dead in Battle.

IN NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

TALK BY WIRELESS WITH PHILADELPHIA

Marconi Operators in Wanamaker Store Here Hold Conversation Half an Hour.

VOICES CARRIED TO SEA, TOO

The Antilles Hears Words Seventy-five Miles Out—Music from Phonograph Transmitted.

The wireless telephone was used successfully for commercial purposes yesterday afternoon, when the Marconi station at the Wanamaker store in this city talked to the Marconi station at the Wanamaker store in Philadelphia for half an hour. Communication was also established with two steamships at sea. One of them was seventy-five miles out.

F. A. Hart and H. Ernest Campbell, the Marconi operators at this end, had been experimenting for several months with the sending of the human voice. At 3:45 o'clock, when the Marconi operator in Philadelphia was receiving messages in the usual dot-and-dash code, he was amazed to hear the human voice, clear as a bell, through his receivers. He instantly called back, using the Marconi code, and found that he was talking to Campbell.

The conversation lasted some time, the Philadelphia end answering in code and this end using the voice. Philadelphia said that the voice was as loud and clear as though the speaker was in the next room. The first commercial business transacted consisted of an order for Philadelphia to ship a quantity of stationery to New York. It is expected that Philadelphia will be able to talk, instead of telegraphing, to-day, as one of the Marconi men here is going over to attune the instruments so that they can send the voice.

The Antilles, of the Morgan Line, seventy-five miles out at sea, and the North Star were talked to by wireless telephone about 4 o'clock. They answered in the regular Marconi code and sent their congratulations at the successful completion of the young Marconi operator's work.

When the Antilles was 125 miles from New York, at 7:45 on Tuesday night, her Marconi operator called up by wireless telegraph and requested the latest news from Mexico. A dispatch from Mexico had reached THE NEW YORK TIMES office at 7:30, and the Antilles received the following message:

"THE NEW YORK TIMES says that Admiral Mayo reports that Tampico will probably fall before morning. The Federal gunboats Zaragoza and Bravo have pulled out of the river and left Tampico to its fate. People are leaving Tampico."

Shortly after the Antilles answered by wireless telegraph, "Thanks to TIMES. Send again at 9:30." This was not possible, as the radius of the station was not sufficient to reach the steamer at that time.

Music from a phonograph also was sent over the wireless telephone. The Philadelphia station, the steamship Antilles, and amateur wireless stations heard it plainly. As soon as a selection was finished they called up and made comments, using the ordinary telegraphic code.

The first messages received by Hart and Campbell were congratulations on their achievement. When the music began to play the comments from the various wireless stations began to be more critical. One operator, identity unknown, but badly wanted by Hart and Campbell, advised them: "Am hearing music clearly, but that's a rotten phonograph. Get a new one and some new records."

A commercial wireless telephone service is to be established between this city and Philadelphia just as soon as it can be made selective.

MARCONI INVENTS APPARATUS.

Sends Word He Has Completed Wireless Telephone Test.

The Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company received a dispatch yesterday from Guglielmo Marconi announcing that he had completed his wireless telephone tests and brought out a practical design of wireless telephone apparatus based on a principle which has never before been used in this sort of work.

The character of the apparatus is being kept secret, but it is stated that sets are under construction for the Italian navy, guaranteed to maintain connection between ships at fifty kilometers. It is said that messages have been sent in actual practice much further than this.

Coldest May 13 Since 1895.

According to the forecaster at the local Weather Bureau, yesterday was the coldest May 13 since 1895, when the temperature was 38 degrees. At 5 o'clock yesterday morning it was 42 degrees, and by 11 o'clock it had only risen to 49. To-day would be cloudy, the forecaster added, with light variable winds, but no rain. The temperature would go up a little, he said. To-morrow will be bright and warm.

HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE STARTS to-morrow from New York, Saturday from Albany.—Adv.

TAMPICO FALLS UNDER REBEL ATTACK; "ON TO MEXICO" NOW VICTORS' CRY; WILSON TO DECIDE PEACE QUESTIONS

Federals Quit Tampico and Retreat Toward San Luis Potosi.

REBELS ENTER THE CITY

Admiral Mayo Reports Firing in the Plaza at 1 o'Clock Yesterday Afternoon.

GUNBOATS FORCED TO LEAVE

One Stays Behind to Cover the Retreat of Huerta's Force Along Railroad.

BOTH SIDES LOSE HEAVILY

Injury to Property of Foreigners and to Non-Combatants Is Not Yet Known.

VICTORY CALLED COMPLETE

Navy Department's Information Indicates No Likelihood of Further Resistance at the Port.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Tampico fell into the hands of the Constitutionalists under command of Gen. Pablo Gonzales this afternoon.

When they had practically exhausted their ammunition, and after heavy losses on both sides, the Mexican Federal forces under Gen. Zaragoza evacuated the city, retreating westward over the railroad leading toward San Luis Potosi.

At the same time two of the three Mexican Federal gunboats retreated eastward down the Panuco River, emerging about 2 o'clock, and anchoring near the foreign warships outside the breakwater.

The Constitutionalists entered the city early in the afternoon. The fighting continued while the victors under Gen. Gonzales were driving the rear guard of the vanquished Federals from plaza to plaza toward the garrison.

The retreat of Gen. Zaragoza's forces toward San Luis Potosi will be followed by another engagement somewhere between Tampico and that place. Another flying column of Constitutionalists under command of Gen. Carrero Torres and Gen. Candido Aguilar have cut the railroad between Tampico and San Luis Potosi, and will seek to give battle to the retreating Federals of Gen. Zaragoza's command.

The first message from Admiral Badger regarding the fighting at Tampico came early this morning. It served as the basis for this official bulletin:

> Admiral Mayo, reporting to Admiral Badger at 3 A. M. this morning, says that the heavy firing around Tampico stopped about 3 P. M. Tuesday afternoon. It is reported that the Constitutionalists, so far as can be ascertained, have used only one field gun, which was fired at long intervals. Apparently reliable information from the scene of fighting is to the effect that the Constitutionalists at one time advanced their line and temporarily occupied some of the Federal trenches. It is said that the casualties on both sides have been very heavy.

The Federal trenches had been thrown up on the northwest and northeast sides of the city facing the hills from which the Constitutionalists opened their attack. They were able to pour a galling fire into the Constitutionalists, who, however, were able to respond in kind. The land between the trenches and the Constitutinalists' positions on both sides of the town were swept by the guns of the gunboats Bravo, Zaragoza, and Vera Cruz.

Firing Began Early.

The second dispatch from Admiral Badger was the basis of this bulletin from the Navy Department late this afternoon:

> Admiral Badger reports from Admiral Mayo that heavy firing continued at Tampico from 5 A. M. during the morning. No news of the details has yet reached the ships assembled off the river. Nothing has been seen of the Federal gunboats lying up the river, and they had not come out at the time of this dispatch. It is rumored that the Federal forces at Tampico are very short of ammunition.

The reports that the Federals were running short of ammunition was regarded here as indicating that the battle was soon sure to turn against the Federals. It was known at the time that the battle began that each side would have ammunition sufficient for about three days shooting. It was even admitted in Constitutionalist headquarters here that at the end of three days, each side might have to rest on their arms until more ammunition could be brought forward.

In such a contingency the Constitu-

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Navy's Account of the Fall of Tampico and the Complete Rout of Huerta Forces

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The Navy Department issued to-night this statement of the situation at Tampico:

"From the dispatches received to-day the following appears to be a correct summary of the events at Tampico reported up to 8 P. M.:

"There was heavy firing around Tampico all of yesterday, although only one field gun was used, and was fired at long intervals during the day. An assault on the Federal lines was apparently made by the Constitutionalists, who are reported to have occupied some of the Federal trenches, from which they were driven out later in the day.

"At 3 P. M. yesterday the firing ceased and was not renewed until 5 o'clock this morning, when the final assault appears to have begun. The casualties during yesterday's fighting were very heavy on both sides, and the Federal forces are said to have had very little ammunition.

"At 12:30 o'clock word came down the river that the fighting was nearly over, and that the Federals were evacuating Tampico via the railroad, presumably the one leading to San Luis Potosi. The gunboats were apparently covering the retreat. There was heavy rifle firing in the plaza at 1 o'clock this afternoon, which seemed to indicate the actual occupation of the city, although the sound of heavy gun firing which was reported at that time would lead to the conclusion that parts of the town were still holding out, although this fire may have been directed toward the troops escaping by the railroad.

"At 2 o'clock the Federal gunboats Bravo and Zaragoza appeared at the mouth of the river and anchored near the foreign warships assembled outside the bar. Presumably the gunboats were stationed near the city to hold off by their fire the advancing Constitutionalist forces until the Federal troops could be loaded on the trains, and so far as can be surmised at this hour their retreat marks the last stage of organized resistance by the Federals."

'ON TO MEXICO CITY!' NOW THE REBEL CRY

Capture of Tampico, They Say, Is a Mortal Blow to the Huerta Regime.

TO CUT OFF THE RETREAT

Easy Victories at Saltillo and San Luis Potosi Expected Within a Short Time.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—"On to Mexico City," is now the slogan of the Mexican Constitutionalists.

Attaches of their confidential agency in Washington are to-night jubilant over the news which came to the Navy Department from Admiral Mayo, which confirmed their own advices to the effect that the Mexican Federals were evacuating the city over the railroad leading toward San Luis Potosi.

The Constitutionalist confidential agents here said that this blow would be fatal to Huerta and that they would be occupying Mexico City in less than a month. The Constitutionalist plans, as explained here, are to hold Tampico, collect customs, and enter stores and war material there, and then push the attack on Saltillo and San Luis Potosi.

Saltillo, the capital of the State of Coahuila, is to be the next point of attack by the Constitutionalist forces in Northern and Eastern Mexico. Gen. Gonzales will leave at Tampico a garrison just large enough to hold the city and maintain order, and with half his army will return to Monterey over the railroad. He may leave about 3,000 men at Tampico under command of Gen. Luis Caballero. At Monterey Gonzales will be joined by 2,000 Constitutionalists now garrisoning that place under Gen. Villareal. The amalgamation of these forces will give Gen. Gonzales, the Constitutionalists say, a command of 5,000 men who will at once advance on Saltillo, sixty-nine miles away by railroad.

It is understood that Gen. Maass has not more than 4,000 men under his command at Saltillo. At the time that Gen. Gonzales approaches from the east Gen. Villa will be attacking from the west. Constitutionalists here say that Villa has 15,000 men, thirty pieces of field artillery, forty modern machine guns, and ample ammunition.

Gen. Zaragoza, whose forces evacuated Tampico to-day, will, it is believed, try to reach San Luis Potosi, and reinforce the Mexican Federal garrison there. The Constitutionalists have information which leads them to assert that there are only 4,000 Federals at San Luis Potosi. They say they do not believe Huerta will dare to send many more men from Mexico City for the relief of San Luis Potosi, but will elect to await the result of the battle there and make his stand at some point south of San Luis Potosi and nearer to Mexico City.

The Constitutionalist flying column under Gens. Torres and Aguila will endeavor to cut off the retreat of Gen. Zaragoza toward San Luis Potosi. The force under Gen. Torres is the wing of the Constitutionalist Army which defeated a force of Federals at Penasco, a few miles north of San Luis Potosi, on May 5, capturing the Federal General Arzarmendi and his staff, 1,800 Federal soldiers, 3 military trains, and arms and ammunition.

The plan is to have the forces under Torres and Aguilar endeavor to intercept Gen. Zaragoza, and after giving battle to the Federals, to amalgamate with the combined armies of Gonzales and Villa when they arrive near San Luis Potosi. The Constitutionalists plan is to proceed with their campaign against Mexico City and Puebla after capturing San Luis Potosi.

The Constitutionalists suspect that Huerta will not remain in Mexico City but will move his Government to Puebla, southeast of Mexico City. Puebla is easier to defend, harder to take, and easier for escape, if the Federals are defeated. When one of the Constitutionalists was asked to-night what the Constitutionalists would do should they reach Mexico City he replied:

"We will set up a Constitutionalist government in Mexico City and have an election as soon as possible for a new Congress. That Congress, when

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HUERTA REVISES MAP OF MEXICO

Chihuahua, Which He Couldn't Hold by the Sword, to be Divided by the Pen.

THREE NEW TERRITORIES

'Jiminez' and 'Bravo' in Chihuahua—Morelos Deprived of Statehood—Bill Approved by Deputies.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, May 13.—A committee of the Chamber of Deputies reported favorably at this afternoon's session on the President's bill for the transformation of the State of Morelos into a Federal territory and the creation of two new Federal territories respectively in northern and southern portions of the State of Chihuahua, one to be called Bravo Territory with Juarez as the capital and the other to be called Timinez Territory with Hidalgo del Parral as the capital. The committee report says that the measure is amply justified. The State of Morelos, even in normal times, was not collecting enough revenue for its needs as a local self-governing entity.

In this connection the report mentions the fact that in some of the smaller villages the male teachers of the primary schools were paid only 60 cents silver or 30 cents gold a day and had to make out a living by working in fields, neglecting their educational work. Thus ignorance prevailed, which has been the parent of rebellion.

On the other hand, the Federal authorities will be enabled to exercise more direct control for the suppression of disorders, unhampered by the interference of petty local authorities.

With respect to the state of Chihuahua, the measure is declared justified by the great extent of the State and its proximity to the United States, which makes the border refugees unruly and turbulent elements in both countries.

According to the bill, the State of Chihuahua will be reduced to a district, intermediate between the two new territories, Bravo and Jiminez, which it is proposed to create. Thus the local authorities will be better able to cope with the factors of disorder, while the Federal Government in the two new territories will exercise direct control for the maintenance of order.

INQUIRE OF PARKS'S FATE.

Huerta and Maass Must Tell What Became of the Soldier.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Secretary Garrison has directed Gen. Funston at Vera Cruz to ask Gen. Maass, the Mexican Federal commander, what has become of Samuel Parks, the American soldier, who, while supposedly insane, rode into the Mexican lines and disappeared. A similar inquiry has been transmitted by Secretary Bryan to Gen. Huerta through the Brazilian Minister in Mexico City. It has been reported that Parks was put to death by the Mexicans.

Mr. Garrison said to-day that he had had no official information concerning Parks's fate. He said Gen. Funston had reported unverified stories repeated to him concerning the execution of the soldier, but had made no report based upon official advices. The Secretary of War said his course in the matter would depend entirely upon the nature of the replies to inquiries now being made jointly by the State and War Departments.

"There is nothing to be gained by getting excited before we know what the facts are," the Secretary added.

Our Delegates Must Refer Conference Proposals to Him.

POWERS STRICTLY LIMITED

Lamar and Lehmann to Give Views to Negotiators Only When Asked to Do So.

ENVOYS SOLE NEGOTIATORS

Washington Assumes That Huerta Delegates Will Not Have Plenary Powers.

TO PROCEED WITH CAUTION

Americans to Let the Other Side Take the Initiative in Peace Parleys.

MEXICANS DUE TO-DAY

Arrangements Made to Transfer at Havana Directly to Key West Boat.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—It was made known to-day in an authoritative way that Justice Joseph R. Lamar and Frederick W. Lehmann, the American delegates to the peace conference called by the A B C envoys, would not be clothed with plenary powers to negotiate an agreement in relation to Mexico. Any action taken by them, it was explained, would be "ad referendum"; that is, they must refer all suggestions to the State Department before giving approval to them.

By this means President Wilson and Secretary Bryan will be able to pass upon every proposition that is brought before the negotiators prior to any agreement in regard to it. Thus, for example, the American Commissioners would not be permitted to accept a proposal that the United States forces be withdrawn from Vera Cruz in consideration of a salute to the flag by the Huerta Government unless specific authority for them to assent to such a proposal had been obtained from Secretary Bryan, who will serve as President Wilson's medium of communication with the American delegation.

The explanation was made also, in the same authoritative way, that at the outset of the conference the American delegates would notify the negotiators of their idea of the scope of the conference, and would state particularly what matters were not regarded by the United States as subjects for consideration. What these eliminated questions would be was not disclosed, but it is generally understood that the chief thing that the American Commissioners will not have authority to consider will be a proposal that Gen. Huerta shall be recognized as the head of the Mexican Government.

The American delegates, it was explained, will have no authority to make any proposals for a settlement of the differences between the United States and the Huerta Government. Their functions will be confined to furnishing information to the negotiators and to expressing their views on suggestions that may be brought forward. Only the negotiators, it was said, would be empowered to make proposals looking to an adjustment of these differences. The understanding of this Government is that the delegates sent by Gen. Huerta will be equally restricted, and will not be clothed with plenary powers.

To Proceed with Extreme Caution.

It is evident from the explanation made that the United States Government intends to proceed with extreme caution in its participation in the peace undertaking. The arrangement that all proposals shall emanate with the negotiators themselves indicates that this Government does not care to take the initiative in any plans for settlement of the troubles that have involved it with what President Wilson has termed "the authority of Gen. Huerta." The inference drawn from the explanation made to-day was that the American commissioners intended to have the other side make the first move and then to give the most careful consideration to every suggestion that might be brought forward before signifying approval or disapproval.

Rumors of a Hitch in Negotiations.

The early intimation, afterward contradicted, that the Mexican Commissioners intended to make a stay of a few days in Havana and the knowledge that they could not under that arrangement reach Niagara Falls by next Monday gave rise to reports that there had been a hitch in the plans of Gen. Huerta for the participation of his Government in the conference. One speculative suggestion was that Huerta had decided not to permit his Commissioners to participate in the peace undertaking until the United States Government gave up possession of the lighthouse on Lobos Island. The Mexican Government informed the peace negotiators that it considered the action of the commander of the American destroyer Fanning in taking possession of the light an act of aggression in violation of the existing truce.

While the Huerta Government has shown a disposition to make the Lobos Island incident a major question for consideration by the negotiators, nothing has become known to indicate that Gen. Huerta would go to the extent of withdrawing from the peace undertaking on account of it. Officials are not disposed to accept the theory that the Huerta Commissioners are purposely delaying their arrival in the United States until this incident has been disposed of one way or another.

No information could be obtained from any authoritative source to-day to show what ultimate action this Government would take in regard to the protest of the Mexican Minister for Foreign Affairs over the occupation of the lighthouse. Officials, while denying that this occupation was an act of aggression in violation of the existing truce, preferred not to say whether the lighthouse would be abandoned by the naval contingent which had taken possession of it. It was inferred from the little that was said that it was the intention to hold the lighthouse indefinitely unless the Mexican Government consented to replace its light-keepers under instructions to maintain the light for the benefit of navigation.

The intention of the Mexican delegates to break their journey at Havana was made known by the State Department in the following announcement:

"Consul Canada in reporting the departure of the Mexican Peace Commissioners from Vera Cruz—Messrs. Rabasa, Rodriguez, and Elguero—states in addition to the three Commissioners the son of Señor Elguero accompanies them as Secretary, and Señor Capatillo, an employe of the Foreign Office, is to serve as Attaché. The following accompany the delegation: The Misses Rabasa and Oscar Rabasa, the son and daughter of Delegate Rodriguez, and Mrs. Mercedes de la Cueva de Martinez del Campo.

"The party plans to stop at Havana for a few days en route, the Kronprinzessin Cecilie being due there on the 14th."

Official List of Mexican Delegation

Later in the day Consul Canada sent a long dispatch to the State Department in which he said that the Commissioners would proceed to the United States by way of Key West, but it was impossible to give the exact date of their arrival in this country. In this dispatch he gave the names of the members of the Mexican party, including those of the feminine members of the party. This dispatch follows:

"Mexican peace delegates sailed on Kronprinzessin Cecilie last night due Havana Thursday morning. They are:

"Licenciado Emilio Rabasa, author of best Mexican work on international law and Huerta's choice for Ambassador to Washington, had he been recognized; was also candidate for Minister of Foreign Relations.

"Licenciado Augustin Rodriguez, director School of Law, Mexico City, and oldest practicing attorney in republic; also dean of Mexican bar.

"Licenciado Luis Elguero, Senator, capitalist, politician, lawyer of note; also interventir appointed by Mexican Government for national and central banks of Mexico and member of board of directors, National Railways.

"Licenciado Rafael Elguero, son of Luis Elguero and secretary of peace delegation.

"Manuel Martinez del Campo, employe Mexican Foreign Office, formerly a chief of protocol in that department.

"Rafael Capetillo, attaché of peace delegation and employe of Foreign Office. Delegation named in order of rank.

"The following accompany the delegation: The Misses R. Rabasa, Isabel Rabasa, Carmen Rabasa, and Oscar Rabasa, children of Emilio Rabasa; Luis and Guadalupe Rodriguez, son and daughter of Augustin Rodriguez, and Mrs. Mercedes de la Cueva de Martinez del Campo, wife of Manuel Martinez del Campo.

"Impossible to give the exact date of arrival in the United States. They plan to go via Key West."

H. Percival Dodge, former Minister of the United States to Panama, has been appointed Secretary of the American commission to the Niagara Falls conference. Announcement to that effect was made by Secretary Bryan to-day.

Mr. Dodge is a Harvard man, 44 years old, born in Boston, and a graduate of Harvard Law School. He was Third Secretary of the American Embassy in Berlin in 1899, and was advanced rapidly to be Second and First Secretary. He was transferred to the embassy in Tokio in 1906, and received his first appointment as a Minister in 1907, going to Honduras and Salvador, then a joint mission. Most of his diplomatic service since that date has been in Central America, though for a year he was Minister to Morocco.

When the new Latin-American Bureau of the State Department was created Mr. Dodge became its first chief in 1910 and organized that service. The following year he was made Minister to Panama. His last service was as Chairman of the committee which supervised the Panama municipal and Presidential elections in 1912.

Justice Lamar, Mr. Lehmann, and Mr. Dodge to-day paid their respects to the three South American envoys, who have undertaken by diplomacy to solve the Mexican question.

The representatives were presented by Counsellor Robert Lansing, Acting Secretary of State in the absence of Mr. Bryan, motoring to the legations in a White House automobile. It was a call of courtesy, but paved the way for informal conferences in advance of the first meeting at Niagara Falls.

Special Train for Delegates.

The State Department is arranging for a special train to take the A B C envoys, the American delegates, and representatives of the press from Washington to Niagara Falls. The exact time of the departure of the train has not been determined. The statement was made to-day that the train would leave here on Saturday or Sunday.

Justice Lamar and Mr. Lehmann had conferences to-day with President Wilson and Secretary Bryan in regard to the attitude to be assumed by them at the conference.

WILL NOT STOP AT HAVANA.

Huerta Delegates to Have Key West Boat Held for Them.

HAVANA, May 13.—The Mexican legation announced to-night that President Huerta's peace delegates would continue on their journey to the United States to-morrow without stopping at Havana.

The legation has made arrangements to hold the steamer Mascotte, which runs to Key West, until the Kronprinzessin Cecilie arrives. The Cuban authorities will render all facilities for transferring the delegates from one ship to the other.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. AUGUSTINE, Fla., May 13.—A wireless message to Havana from the Kronprinzessin Cecilie, forwarded to this place by cable, says that the ship, bearing the Mexican peace commissioners, is expected to reach Havana to-morrow morning.

A special car is held for their use and will be attached to the Oversea Limited for Jacksonville on their arrival.

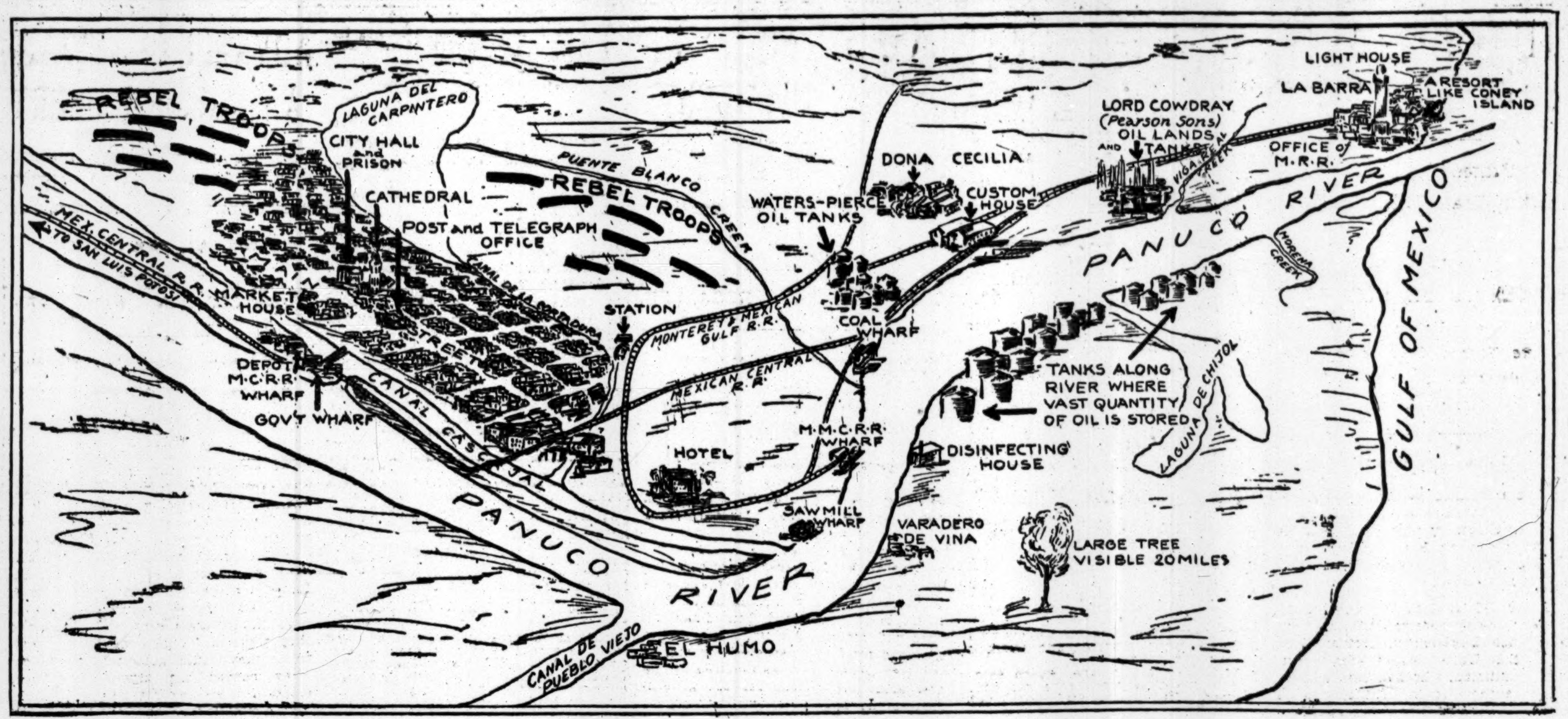
SKEPTICAL OF MEDIATION.

Sir Edward Grey Said to Believe It Will Serve No Useful Purpose.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON May 14.—The Standard claims to be informed on the highest authority that Sir Edward Grey has under consideration a dispatch from Sir Lionel Carden, dealing exhaustively with the whole Mexican situation and that this is to be considered by the Cabinet, together with Sir Edward Grey's notes thereon.

It is understood, adds The Standard, that the Foreign Secretary will advise that no useful purpose will be served by the proposed mediation between the United States and Mexico by the South American Governments. At the same time a line of policy is indicated which may go far to minimize the possibility of further bloodshed.



Tampico and the Points of the Successful Rebel Attack.

TAMPICO FALLS UNDER REBEL FIRE

Continued from Page 1.

tionalists felt they could bring up ammunition before the Federals could, as Generals Torres and Aguilar had cut the railroad over which ammunition might be brought to the Federals from San Luis Potosi.

The third bulletin on the battle issued by the Navy Department brought the reports down to 1 o'clock this afternoon. It read:

> Admiral Badger reports that at 12:30 o'clock this afternoon Admiral Mayo reported to him that the following information had just been received:
>
> "Fighting nearly over. The Federals evacuated via the railroad. Gunboats not yet moved."
>
> Admiral Mayo further reported to Admiral Badger that the wind was fresh from the north, moderate sea, bar impracticable. Admiral Mayo's dispatch continued:
>
> "Wednesday at 1 P. M. reported that the rebels have occupied Tampico. Heavy rifle firing in the plaza and also heavy guns ashore continuing."

Up to the time this dispatch was received the Federal gunboats had not come down the River Panuco. Sea conditions were such then that vessels of more than twenty-feet draft could not cross the bar at the entrance to the river. The wind from the north had lowered the depth of water over the bar by blowing the river waters seaward.

Gunboats Quit the Town.

An hour later two of the Mexican gunboats had emerged from the river. A bulletin issued to-night by the department announced it in these words:

> A dispatch from Admiral Badger at Vera Cruz states that Admiral Mayo reports at 2 P. M. to-day (Wednesday) as follows:
>
> Mexican gunboats Bravo and Zaragoza have come out and anchored near the ships outside.

The Bravo is a gunboat, but the Zaragoza is in reality a training ship, though she carried six 4.7-inch guns, two six-pounders and a one-pounder. The third Mexican Federal vessel at Tampico was the Vera Cruz, a gunboat, 280 tons smaller than the Bravo, but just as heavily armed with two four-inch guns, and six six-pounders. The Bravo was stationed at the bend of the river at the east end of Tampico, the Vera Cruz at the bend in the river just west of the city, while the Zaragoza, was in between the Bravo and the Vera Cruz. Naturally the Vera Cruz would be the last to leave the river, if able to leave at all.

The Constitutionalist forces were anxious to capture or disable all three of these boats. The Vera Cruz probably had to bear the main brunt of the defense against the Constitutionalist attack, which was heaviest from the northwestern approach to the town and therefore across the terrain which the guns of the Vera Cruz were supposed to sweep.

The capture of Tampico is the most important military event since the revolution against Huerta began. It gives to the Constitutionalists their first fort. As soon as they are in full command of the place the Constitutionalists intend to operate the Custom House, to collect duties on shipments through that gateway into Mexico and will also be able to bring in military stores and supplies.

It is not their expectation that the United States Government will allow shipments of arms to enter at Tampico from American coast ports so long as the embargo against the shipment of arms across the Texas border is maintained. However, it is the intention of the Constitutionalists to import arms and ammunition from Cuba and other places in the West Indies to Tampico, if the United States does not permit such war supplies to be shipped from Atlantic Coast ports.

Promise to Protect Property.

In Wilson Administration circles there is anxiety as to how the Constitutionalists will conduct themselves in Tampico. It is the main entrepot of the oil field, and the eyes of the civilized world will be focused upon Constitutionalists here. In Administration circles, the belief is professed that the Constitutionalists will behave themselves while in control of Tampico, and Constitutional agents here are asserting that Gen. Venustiano Carranza has given assurances that the Constitutionalists will maintain law and order and give protection to the oil district.

There are many refugees in Washington from the Tampico district. They have been fearful that upon the arrival of the Constitutionalists at Tampico the latter would attempt to make a levy upon them for funds for the revolutionary cause. They are hoping that the Constitutionalists will afford the protection that their leaders profess to be able to give and that American oil men will be permitted to go into the oil fields to take care of the flowing oil wells that are storing up their overflow of oil very rapidly, on account of the lack of shipments of oil out of that territory. While these wells are owned by American, British, Dutch, and other interests, it is stated that 90 per cent. of the men employed in the actual operations of the wells are Americans, that the Americans have all been ordered out of the district and have not returned because they have not been allowed to go back.

TAMPICO A RICH PRIZE.

Oil City Regarded as the Key to Mexico's Commerce.

Tampico is the oil metropolis of Mexico, and the safest port on the Gulf of Mexico. The city is built on low-lying, sandy soil, and stretches along the Panuco River. Before oil was discovered near Tampico it was a small Mexican village with no industries. When oil was found, American and foreign capital changed all this. The harbor, which was a shallow and remote roadstead, was converted into a safe and important harbor. American engineers brought stone from the mountains, more than seventy miles away, and two great breakwaters were built, a thousand feet apart, and a mile and a half long. Tampico is seven miles up the Panuco River, and now the freight steamers can cross the bar and tie up at the wharves in the city itself.

The city is an odd mixture of old Mexico and a modern America. There are the docks, railroads, steamers, stores, and oil wells built by Americans, and in the old section of the city there are the churches, the jail, and the plaza just as they were a hundred years ago.

The Mexicans from up the Panuco River still come down in their dugout canoes and trade with the people of the city, and it is not unusual to see these canoes rocking in the wash of a hustling motorboat carrying supplies to the oil fields.

Tampico is said to command most of the commerce of Mexico City, and that of a great number of mining camps and manufacturing centres in the interior. This, added to its great oil industry, has made the city a prize for which the rebels and Federals have fought since last December.

On Dec. 13, 1913, fighting had begun around Tampico in earnest, and Rear Admiral Fletcher notified the rebels and Federals to cease hostilities or he would open fire on both sides with the guns of the Wheeling. They obeyed until next day, when Gen. Candido Aguilar reinforced the rebels with 3,000 men and more guns, and fighting began again at long range. On Dec. 15 the rebels were driven back from the city, mostly by the guns of the Federal gunboats. More than 800 men were reported killed or wounded. The Wheeling saved several refugees, and her surgeons took care of the wounded.

There were no further hostilities for some time, but on April 6 heavy fighting began in the outskirts of Tampico, and many dead and wounded were taken into the city. Two days afterward oil tanks were reported to be burning, and Gen Maass at Vera Cruz reported that the rebels had been repulsed.

On April 10 the United States Paymaster and his men were arrested, and Admiral Mayo demanded the salute. Gen. Zaragoza reported that all the rebel attacks had been repulsed.

The Constitutionalists attacked Tampico again on May 10, and there was severe fighting. The battle raged all the following day and the Federal commander reported that it had resulted in a Federal victory. On May 12, after a short lull, the battle was resumed and Admiral Mayo reported that heavy artillery firing was in progress. The German and Dutch cruisers that were in the Panuco River near the city moved out of the zone of battle.

MAYO NOTIFIES BADGER.

Vera Cruz Also Hears of Street Riots in Tampico.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.
From a Staff Correspondent.

VERA CRUZ, Mexico, May 14.—Admiral Mayo has notified Admiral Badger that Tampico has fallen. Atmospheric conditions are so bad that details by wireless have been impossible to obtain up to 9 o'clock to-night. A fierce northern gale is blowing.

Admiral Badger ordered expert wireless men to stand by the wireless instruments on the cruiser Prairie, as important news was expected from Tampico.

A previous report received here said that rioting had broken out in the streets as the rebel forces entered.

By The Associated Press.

VERA CRUZ, May 13.—The last reports of the Federal forces at Tampico indicated that there were less than 2,000, but well supplied with ammunition and artillery. Only the presence of the Mexican gunboats saved the city repeatedly.

There is much discussion here as to the possible relations between this port under American control and Tampico Constitutionalist.

Vera Cruz depends largely on the Tampico region for fruit and other food supplies, and merchants here foresee good business if the rebels open the port fully to trade. It is probable that Tampico is greatly in need of supplies of all kinds and Vera Cruz merchants hope to fill the demand.

It is certain that the American authorities will foster the resumption of peaceful trading by every possible means, which would be in line with the general policy followed since the occupation of this port.

Few, if any, foreigners remain in Tampico, according to the last reports received here. A general exodus began when the news spread that the rebels were preparing for a final assault. Many refugees from Tampico passed through here, but few were allowed ashore as the American authorities were not willing to increase the large colony already overcrowding the hotels. With the fall of Tampico hostilities on the Gulf Coast of Mexico come to an end, at least for a time.

South of Tampico the nearest Federal forces, those on the Mexican railroad, are merely holding outposts against a possible American advance inland. The country between Tampico and Vera Cruz and inland to the line of the Mexican National Railroad is barren and mountainous and impossible for military operations. There is no railroad or other means for the rebels to move against the Federals at Paso del Macho, nor would they gain great advantage by driving them back toward the capital.

WILSON TO AID OIL MEN.

Will Now Seek Protection for Their Interests at Tampico.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—President Wilson to-day received and assured a committee representing all the oil interests in Mexico that if the situation should change so that there was any opportunity for affording protection to the men and property of those interests in the Tampico and Tuxpam districts it was his purpose to afford them such protection.

These assurances were given to a committee headed by Thomas O'Donnell of Los Angeles, which called at the White House and saw President Wilson soon after noon to-day. The committee was appointed as a result of the meeting held at the Rocky Mountain Club in New York City on May 7. That meeting, which was attended by 100 men representing all the foreign oil interests in Mexico, adopted resolutions that the committee nanded to the President to-day.

The committee which the President received spoke for fifty-eight oil companies, including the American, British, German, and Mexican companies operating in the Tampico and Tuxpam fields. The committee appointed at the meeting consisted of Richard Levering of New York, chairman; William A. Thompson of New York, of the Texas Oil Company; George S. Davidson of Pittsburgh, of the Gulf Refining Company; Thomas A. O'Donnell of Los Angeles, of the Mexican Petroleum Company, and Joseph C. Trees of Pittsburgh, of the Pen-Mexican company.

This morning the committee met at the New Willard Hotel, and added to its membership Percy N. Furber of London, representing the Cowdray interests; Frank B. Kellogg of New York, of the Mexican Petroleum Company, and J. F. Lucey of Los Angeles, of the Oil Well Supply interests. The committee decided upon having Mr. O'Donnell remain in Washington during the present situation and selected him as Chairman of the committee which visited the White House to-day.

After discussing the plans for presenting to President Wilson the resolutions adopted at the meeting in New York, the committee went to the White House. The resoluions were presented to the President, and the statement was made to Mr. Wilson that the committee desired to co-operate and be of assistance to the President if possible.

President Wilson responded that he was glad to receive from the committee the details of the situation. However, he said, the matter in its broader aspects had already been brought to his notice, and was being given his earnest thought and attention.

Then the President told the committee that if the situation changed and there was any opportunity to grant protection it was his purpose to do so. The President told the members of the committee that Gen. Villa and the Constitutionalists had apparently recognized the importance of protecting foreigners in Mexico to a remarkable extent. The President had before him when the committee called a dispatch from Admiral Badger which led the President to believe that Tampico might fall into the hands of the Constitutionalists at any hour.

Secretary Daniels reiterated to-day his determination not to utilize the naval forces at Tampico as a police guard to permit the resumption of operations in the oil districts.

"We are not taking any one back to Tampico," said Secretary Daniels. "We have brought away all except those who have made up their minds not to leave."

Consular Agent Arthur C. Payne of Tuxpam, called upon Secretary Bryan to-day and reported that all Americans had left Tuxpam and there had been no anti-American demonstrations against the extensive oil property in that vicinity.

Mr. Payne said he believed Tuxpam would be in the hands of the Constitutionalists by Saturday, since Tampico had fallen to-day.

MAZATLAN STILL HOLDS OUT.

Zapatistas Driven Back from Acapulco by Federals.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—No messages were received from Rear Admiral Howard to-day about the situation at Mazatlan, where a force of Mexican Federals has been besieged by the Constitutionalists under command of Gen. Obregon, beyond the statement that "there is skirmishing near Mazatlan." News of the fall of Mazatlan has been expected daily.

Admiral Howard reported to the Navy Department that the gunboat Yorktown's commander had notified him that the Mexican Federal forces were occupying Tepic, in the territory of that name. The Constitutionalists have taken the town of Acaponeta, in that territory, and San Blas has been evacuated.

Admiral Howard reports that trains are running from Guadalajara to Mexico City, but that they are not running from Guadalajara to Mazatlan or Manzanillo.

Admiral Howard has ordered the Cheyenne and Vicksburg to San Quentin, Lower California, for refugees, and is expecting the Newport to arrive with refugees from Manzanillo. He reported the arrival of the destroyer Lawrence at Mazatlan, and that the Saturn had sailed for Guaymas.

ON BOARD U. S. S. CALIFORNIA, MAZATLAN, Mex., May 12, (Via Wireless to San Diego, Cal., May 13.)—Acapulco has been relieved of the menace from the Zapatistas, for the present at least. The Federal garrison has repulsed the attacking party, after a sharp battle, twenty miles back from the city. The extent of the casualties has not been learned.

The commander of the Pacific fleet was informed to-day that Gen. Huerta has revoked his order forbidding the carrying on of trade with the United States. This, it is taken, will relieve the strained conditions under which shipping has been carried on along the Pacific Coast and enable American coasting vessels to enter ports freely and get their clearance papers as formerly.

Since the Huerta order went into effect, the Commander of the Pacific Fleet has been providing American liners with notes to the Collector of Port at San Diego or San Francisco, explaining the absence of clearance papers.

The crew of the abandoned Federal gunboat Morelos, which was blown up by the Constitutionalists in Mazatlan Harbor, has been sent to Mexico City.

SCORNS FEDERAL OVERTURES.

Rebel General Threatens to Execute Emissaries from Huerta.

NOGALES, Sonora, May 13.—A proposition from the Secretary of the Interior at Mexico City that the Constitutionalists send a commission to the capital to arrange for the amalgamation of all contending parties in Mexico was transmitted yesterday to Gen. Alvarado by Gen. Tellez, the Huertista commander at Guaymas.

Tellez offered to send a Federal Commission to the rebels to make preliminary arrangements, but Alvarado replied that he would promptly execute any emissaries sent into his lines.

In his reply, Alvarado said the Federals were murderers and traitors, and that the destinies of Mexicans were in the hands of Carranza.

FEDERALS HELP AMERICANS.

In Sorting Out Recruits from Prisoners at Vera Cruz Fortress.

VERA CRUZ, May 13.—A commission of American naval officers began today, with the aid of a Mexican Lieutenant on the staff of Gen. Gustavo Maass, who had been induced to come in from Cordoba, the sorting out of more than seventy Federal recruits who are among the 200 prisoners still confined in the cells of San Juan de Ulua. The remainder of the prisoners are charged with crimes of all sorts. The American authorities were desirous of liberating the army recruits, but were confronted by the problem of identification.

It has now become known that many desperate criminals answered to the names of the recruits when the list was first called, threatening the real owners of the names with death if they protested. Several murderers are known to have gained their liberty in this way, innocent men remaining in their cells.

This circumstance led to informal negotiations with an officer of Gen. Maass' staff who brought the recruits here from country towns. He agreed to come in and help straighten out the tangle, but his name has not been made public for obvious reasons.

When liberated, the recruits will be urged to remain in Vera Cruz until conditions in the interior of the country have become more settled. If, however, they insist on going to their homes, they will be provided with proper clothing and money enough to pay for food on the way.

Drydock Is in Operation.

Under the direction of Fleet Naval Constructor Richard D. Gatewood, in charge of the drydock and machine shops, the 220-foot drydock at the navy yard here has been recommissioned and probably will prove of great value to the American fleet. Yesterday the surveying ship Eagle was docked, scraped, painted, and then discharged.

By the use of the dock the smaller vessels of the fleet have been made virtually self-sustaining in these waters, and the long trip to the United States, with a convoy for minor repairs, has been obviated.

Admiral's Servant a Prisoner.

Instead of Rear Admiral Fletcher's Filipino servant, who yesterday was reported as having deserted, being welcomed as a recruit by Gen. Maass, he was placed under arrest when he reached the Mexican lines, according to a story which reached headquarters today.

It was learned that the Filipino had no intention of deserting when he disappeared, but had entered the territory controlled by the Mexican troops in order to get mangoes for the Admiral's mess, as he had heard that the fruit was obtainable there.

Gen. Rubio Navarrete's assurances of yesterday, that he could not advance his forces toward the American lines, although not reaching the American headquarters in official form, have served to convince Gen. Funston that there is no intention to bring about trouble in this quarter.

There does exist here, however, a vague apprehension of important developments at the capital. This is not traceable to any specific information, and in no quarter could there be found any tangible evidence on which to base this theory. Staff officers and many away from headquarters, however, appear convinced that President Huerta must face a crisis within a few days.

Stories that he is strengthening the city against attack continue to arrive, and some are to the effect that he is fortifying certain positions and erecting wire entanglements. He has withdrawn to the capital more men of his army, taking troops, it is said, even from the districts between the capital and Vera Cruz.

Maass Has Headquarters at Cordoba.

Gen. Maass has established headquarters at Cordoba, and many of his field pieces, which, a week ago, he had as far south as Pacho del Macho, where Gen. Rubio Navarrete is still located, have been moved north to Cordoba. No more troops, so far as can be ascertained here, have been moved in the direction of the American position.

The Mexican outposts, while mostly of a detached character, are almost in sight of the American lines; but it is reasonably certain that the total number of Mexican troops within striking distance is less than 3,000.

The Wyoming Sails for Vera Cruz.

NORFOLK, Va., May 13.—The battleship Wyoming, after taking on 200 bluejackets, sailed at 1 P. M. to-day from Hampton Roads for Vera Cruz. The gunboat Sacramento is taking on ammunition here and expects to leave on Thursday for Vera Cruz.

Congregationalists Oppose War.

PAWTUCKET, R. I., May 13.—Approval of President Wilson's efforts to avoid war with Mexico was expressed in a resolution adopted to-day by the State Conference of the Congregational Churches. The resolution urged the President to exhaust all reasonable diplomacy and international influence before resorting to armed intervention.

5th Avenue Restaurant
FIFTH AV. BUILDING.
Entrance on 24th St.
SITE OF FIFTH AVENUE HOTEL.
6 to 9 P. M. THE "DOLLAR DINNER" Large Orchestra
BANQUETS A SPECIALTY.

NEW COMMANDER TO FACE FUNSTON

Gen. Pena Succeeds Gen. Maass, Who Has Been Recalled by Huerta.

DISPLEASED THE DICTATOR

Talk of Navarrete, Able Artillery Officer, Eventually Taking Command.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.
From a Staff Correspondent.

VERA CRUZ, May 13.—Gen. Angel Garcia Pena, who was War Minister under Madero, has superseded Gen. Maass in command of the Federal forces around Vera Cruz, being of higher rank than the latter. The staff of the Second Division arrived to-day.

Refugees from Mexico City report that President Huerta remains unruffled and is conducting business as always and visiting cafés, where he is generally acclaimed.

By The Associated Press.

VERA CRUZ, May 13.—It is reported here that President Huerta will eventually place Gen. Rubio Navarrete in command of the forces in front of Vera Cruz, wth headquarters at Cordoba. It is believed that Gen. Huerta has called Gen. Maass to the capital to utilize him in the line of defense against the northern rebels.

Gen. Navarette is an officer in whom Huerta has always placed great confidence, and he is regarded as the best artillery commander in the Mexican Army. The removal of Gen. Maass may have been due in part to his record when the American forces landed. Gen. Maass left the city early in the fighting without calling out all his troops. For this he was severely criticised by President Huerta.

Before taking command Gen. Navarrete was in charge of the work of establishing the line of Mexican outposts, and two days after the fighting in Vera Cruz ceased he actually traveled about unmolested within the American lines, gathering all the information possible. His men are not concentrated in sufficient numbers to arouse any fear of attack, and reports from Cordoba do not indicate that he has received any great support from the capital.

Meanwhile, it is known that his intelligence department is working within the American lines to obtain such information as it can, and that even the women who accompany the Mexican Army to cook and care for the men are making frequent visits into the city, often as venders of fruits and vegetables.

The Americans have made little effort to stop these activities, as there appears to be little information here that the Mexicans might not as well have.

CHANGE THOUGHT SIGNIFICANT

Washington Expects a Strengthening of Federal Forces.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The news of Gen. Maass' supersession in command at Vera Cruz caused all manner of speculation around the State, War, and Navy Departments. Some officials were inclined to attach special significance to the move, seeing in it evidence of Huerta's intention to strengthen his position around the great port occupied by Americans, and possibly to assume an offensive attitude. On the other hand, it was suggested that Gen. Maass' conduct had displeased the dictator, and that his removal very probably had nothing whatever to do with the international situation.

Those who took the less optimistic view thought that the fall of Tampico to-day might have had the effect of making Huerta desperate and leading him to take some step that might force the hand of the United States without awaiting the outcome of the pending peace negotiations.

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AMERICANS RESOLVE TO STAY IN CAPITAL

Only Seventy Have Expressed Desire to Depart by Proposed Special Train.

NAMES AT BRAZIL LEGATION

Some May Change Their Minds and Leave if Things Turn for the Worse.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, May 13.—A number of Americans who registered today at the Brazilian Legation at present have the intention of remaining here, though some of them might change their minds in the future. Registration for a third special train for Puerto Mexico is so far light, the number of names being only seventy. The Brazilian Minister says the registration must approximate 200 before he takes up the matter of another special train with the authorities. In the meantime some Americans are leaving by the day train for Vera Cruz. The Brazilian Minister is taking up the exorbitant charges of freighters for trunks from Tejeria to the other side of the gap in the Mexican Railway, and he will try to have uniform tariff charges made for this service.

The Americans who had registered up to 6 o'clock to-day at the Brazilian Legation as intending to remain in Mexico for the present were:

Henry M. Furman, Charles A. Pease, Dr. William H. Keller, Henry C. Stroud, Herman F. A. Ahlschier, Joseph Brill, wife, and son; Frank W. Ford, Emanuel Beck, Harry Wright, P. W. Monroe and wife, Jane P. Soule, J. E. Dennison, J. R. Davis, wife, and three children; E. R. Brown, wife, and two children, Puebla; C. L. Neal and wife, Toluca; Louis D. Ratto, R. C. Snodgrass, wife, and three children.

B. T. Burt, wife, and son; Miss Pansy Hawes, Gustave P. Hupp, Mrs. May McPee Hupp, Guanita Hupp, A. H. Robinson, Eugene Howard Robinson, Philip C. Best Irapuato, Aug. G. Kastle, Owen M. Kastle, Mrs. Emilia Casad, and Thomas Casad, El Oro; H. J. Aldrich, Mrs. Julia Aldrich, Liza Harven, Ada Turpin, W. F. Ford, F. W. Davis, W. F. Layer, G. P. Van Mourick, P. L. Lietz, Henry Bloom.

Dr. W. B. Newman and wife, Albert Hedrick, Mrs. E. J. Buchetti, Miss Sarah Wynne Bowen, Oaxaca; Laura Temple, Clementina Butler, Puebla; W. L. Van Duzen, Pachuca; Pierre B. Mitchell, Thomas B. Mitchell, Mrs. Clara B. Mitchell, H. W. Ernewin, Ernest F. Cummings and wife, Frank E. Moore and wife, Fred K. McDaniels, W. B. Reid, J. E. Pettigrew and wife, H. E. Albright, Grace P. Albright, William G. Albright, Caroline E. Albright, Frank J. Meckel, Joseph Sanchez, Emma S. Sanchez, G. P. Dewolf, William Watson.

Claudine Whitaker, Charles Muller, Ed. Gineborth, M. G. Sleight and wife, Beulah Neel Godoy, Elizabeth C. Neel, August Lassner, Emmet V. Cummings, Charles L. Goskey and wife, C. F. Schultz, wife, and two children; Albert C. Savage, Charles Hoyle, E. McCormack, Miss Nellie Dean, Fernando Valdivia.

Walter A. Hill, wife, and two children; William W. Darek, wife, and two children; Miss Julia F. Bourgeois, Miss Marie E. Bourgeois, Pierre Augustin Bourgeois, Mrs. Mary Wright Bourgeois, Mrs. Henrietta Gulick, T. J. Eddings, James M. Hipp, Dr. W. W. Contris, Mrs. Emma Contris, Miss Marian Contris, L. L. Neill, Mr. and Mrs. Julio Liebers, W. B. Johnstone, Dr. Frederick Hiller, D. Frank Brown, J. M. Gleason, Jr., August Wittman.

Dr. May Kelley, Dr. J. J. Newell, James C. Lohse, Dr. E. H. Norton and wife, G. Wilfried Johnson and wife, Mrs. Bessie Files, Oscar Balling, wife, one son, and two daughters; G. W. Wilkins, C. H. McCullough, Jessie G. McCullough, Virginia C. McCullough, Charles H. McCullough, Jr.

S. Arguello and daughter, the Rev. John A. Reis, pastor of English-speaking Catholic residents of Mexico; Fred M. Shelton, Ben C. Flowers, Etta Moran, Lola Moran, Carmen Moran, Madeline Moran, Mary Moran, Jacob Maigler, Charles F. Yaeger.

W. D. Brockway, Lucina E. Brockway, Frank Brockway, Daniel Brockway, Richard Brockway, Robert Brockway, Guadalupe Brockway, Edward Brockway, John P. Doyle, wife, and two children; C. M. Hill and wife, T. G. Weston, Juanita Weston, Carmen Weston, Thomas Weston, and Robert Weston.

Charles E. Cummings, wife, and five children; Miss M. P. Lorentzen, G. B. Chase, wife, and daughter; Robert Coombe, W. A. Frost, A. Gibbons, Albert R. Wores, J. W. Ashley, J. R. Fuqua, Marie Eisenhart, J. P. Warr, George W. Bryant, Maude D. Bryant, Jules Albert Endweiss, Nettie Neckel Endweiss, Jules Albert Endweiss, Jr., Charles Neckel Endweiss.

Lucien Francis Carronche, Emma Gates Carronche, Helen Gates Carronche, Joseph M. Sullivan, Frederick James Rendon, Guanajuato; James F. Lynch, Guanajuato; Hubert C. Freid, Guanajuato; Nelson Stewart McGonigal, Guanajuato; Arthur G. Freid, Guanajuato; Miss Bertha Baker, Miss Mabel Conn, and John Thiebes, Guanajuato.

F. H. Berndt of San Marcos Station, Mexican Railway; G. August Hill, Puebla; E. H. McPherson, residing at Maravatio, State of Michoacan; H. C. Hawkins, I. Martorell, S. Allen Dyer, D. C. Allison, Frank Comstock, J. Ramon Gonzales, Alexander R. Dyer, Mrs. Aimee Robinson, Miss May Stevens, Mrs. Sadie Haller, Miss Mabel Clark, Miss Edna Clark, Samuel W. Rider, Mrs. Kate C. Rider, B. H. Jacobs, Mrs. Jennie Rider.

H. W. Gottfried and wife, C. A. Mallory, C. E. Rucdeg, Ellen T. Janeway, Mrs. Fay Gordon and child, E. D. Leeper, Mrs. H. G. Eversol, A. C. Weill, M. K. Weill and family, Mrs. Mary D. Krause, Ernest Krause, E. S. Raintree, J. A. Altamirano and wife, J. W. Christen, wife, and two sons; Mrs. A. M. L. Cole and son Cameron, Mrs. Annie Thomas Betancourt, Joseph F. Morton, Morton Campbell, Dr. W. B. Newman, Herbert D. Romero.

Unless otherwise stated all the above are residents of Mexico City, though some of them have come in from interior points.

SEEKS NEWS OF BURWELL.

Badger Directs Mayo to Search for Missing American Engineer.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.
From a Staff Correspondent.

VERA CRUZ, May 13.—Rear Admiral Badger sent a wireless message to Rear Admiral Mayo at Tampico to-night, requesting him to make every effort to get information about Burwell, the American engineer, who is reported to have been killed near Ozuluma, where he was employed by a Dutch oil concern.

Admiral Mayo was directed to ask the Consuls at Tampico to aid in the investigation.

Rear Admiral Fletcher is preparing a list of those who distinguished themselves for bravery during the capture of Vera Cruz, for submission to the President. The list will not be given out here but in Washington.

Two thousand natives are working under the military authorities in a clean up of Vera Cruz which is to be a second Panama Canal Zone.

All is quiet in the city and army camps, on the warships and at the outposts.

LANDED NO HUERTA ARMS.

Badger Reports Definitely Regarding the Cecilie's Cargo.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Admiral Badger at Vera Cruz to-day assured the Navy Department in an official report that the German vessel, the Kronprinzessin Cecilie, had landed no arms consigned to Gen. Huerta at any Mexican port. He reported that 650 tons of general cargo on board the vessel was landed at Vera Cruz before she sailed for Havana, but that the arms and ammunition remained on board.

The fact that there are two steamers named the Kronprinzessin Cecilie has caused much confusion in the minds of readers of THE TIMES. The Kronprinzessin Cecilie of the North German Lloyd Line arrived here on Wednesday with a big complement of passengers from Bremen via Southampton and Cherbourg, and sails on her return voyage eastward next Tuesday. She is commanded by Capt. Charles Polack and is the finest vessel in the North German Lloyd fleet. The other Kronprinzessin Cecilie is a steamer built for the Hamburg, Mexico, and Havana passenger and freight service, and is owned by the Hamburg-American Line. She is due at Havana to-day from Vera Cruz, with the Mexican delegates to the mediation conference aboard.

LB

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CROWD NEAR PANIC AT MARINE'S BIER

Riot Call Is Sent In When the Great Throng at Chicago Gets Beyond Control.

MANY WOMEN OVERCOME

Cambridge Crowd Tramples Upon Women in Eagerness to See Haggerty's Body—Militia Called.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 13.—The crowd which wished to view the body of Samuel Meisenberg, a marine from Chicago who was killed at Vera Cruz, got beyond control at the City Hall this afternoon. The police lines were swept away and men, women, and children were trampled under foot. Miss Mabel Wright, 30 years old, received internal injuries and was taken to her home in a serious condition.

Mrs. Ella B. Taylor, 1,725 West Adams Street, was caught in the crowd near the coffin and badly crushed. She was taken to Iroquois Memorial Hospital.

Many women in the throng were overcome including Mrs. Morris Meisenberg, mother of the marine.

The elevator men did much to avert a real disaster. They opened the doors of their cages and carried those nearest them to upper floors, while policemen sought to quiet those in the corridors. Other policemen at the entrances fought to restrain the thousands who blocked the streets, and ignorant of the situation inside, made desperate efforts to crowd within the doors.

The crush finally became so great that Lieut. Conroy sent in a riot call. The reinforcement succeeded in restoring order. A photographer who exploded a flashlight powder, it is said, contributed largely to the disorder.

The excitement and grief of the day proved too much for Mrs. Meisenberg. The first incident to affect her occurred at the railroad station as the procession of soldiers, police, and civilians was forming to escort the body to the City Hall after its arrival from New York, when a street vendor persisted in trying to sell her a postcard picture of her dead son.

It was a day of strain and excitement to the Meisenberg family, suddenly brought into unaccustomed prominence. In the forenoon the automobile taking them to the railroad station, encountered thousands of persons massed in the streets, and policemen had to force a way through the crowds.

It was 4 o'clock in the afternoon before the coffin was taken to the dead boy's home The funeral will be held to-morrow and a great procession of soldiers, sailors, National Guardsmen, and civic bodies will escort the body to the synagogue. Addresses will be made by United States Senator Lewis, Gov. Dunne, and Mayor Harrison. Burial will be at Waldheim.

TRAMPLE WOMEN IN CRUSH.

Armed Militiamen Needed to Control Cambridge Funeral Throng.

CAMBRIDGE, May 13.—Scenes of great disorder to-night attended the effort of thousands of persons to view the body of Corp. Daniel A. Haggerty, one of the first to fall at Vera Cruz. An immense crowd had gathered about the militia armory, where the body lay in state, and as only twelve policemen were on guard there was confusion, as the throng pressed forward to the doors.

More than 100 women were trampled upon and injured in the stampede. The injured were cared for by physicians hurriedly summoned from the various hospitals.

At one time all the officers' rooms in the armory were filled with patients. Most of them were sent later to their homes. Besides those taken into the armory several were removed to private houses in the vicinity and cared for there. Two women were sent to a hospital.

So great was the crush in front of the armory that an assembly call was sounded for the militia. A provisional company was formed and the members, armed with rifles, pushed the crowd back and formed a lane through which people made their way into the building.

The streets near the armory were littered with hats and articles of clothing after the rush was over.

The armored cruiser Montana, bearing the bodies of the three New England boys who fell in the taking of Vera Cruz, arrived at the Charlestown Navy Yard early to-day. Thousands of persons stood in a drizzling rain as the flag-draped coffins were borne ashore.

Every vessel lying in the stream had its colors at half mast as the Montana emerged from the fog. On the pier three processions were formed. The body of Haggerty was escorted to his home here by regular army and navy veterans, and bluejackets.

Four bluejackets made up the escort for the body of Seaman Walter L. Watson of Eastham, which was taken to the Boston South Station. A similar detail escorted the body of Private Rufus E. Percy to the North Station, from which it was forwarded to High Gate, Vt., the dead man's home, on a train which left at 10 o'clock to-night.

PHILADELPHIA, May 13.—Great throngs to-day honored the two Philadelphia boys who died at Vera Cruz, George McKenzie Poinsett of the Florida and Charles Allen Smith of the New Hampshire. Thousands of persons lined the three-mile route of the funeral procession. It was the greatest public funeral in Philadelphia since Abraham Lincoln's body lay in state in Independence Hall. So great was the crush that scores of women fainted. Many were treated for minor injuries. Two men were injured, one perhaps fatally.

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The bodies of the two sailors lay in state in Independence Hall from 8 A. M. to 2 P. M., and in this time a steady stream of people, four abreast, passed through the old Supreme Court chamber. For fifteen minutes before the coffins were removed to caissons drawn by six horses each the bell in the historic tower of Independence Hall tolled.

At the head of the funeral procession were nearly a thousand bluejackets and marines from the Philadelphia Navy Yard, those from the battleship Kansas leading the way. Then came the first brigade of the National Guard, followed by the two caissons carrying the coffins.

Church bells along the route tolled as the bodies passed by.

The bodies were conveyed to cemeteries, where interment services were held Squads from the battleship Kansas fired volleys, and buglers sounded "taps."

BATAVIA, N. Y., May 13.—The funeral of Gabriel A. de Fabbio, gunner's mate, who lost his life at Vera Cruz, was held to-day from St. Joseph's Church. The Rev. Charles N. Cotter, bishop of the diocese of Western New York, delivered the address. The funeral was semi-military in character.

OTTUMWA, Iowa, May 13.—The body of Frank P. Devorick, of Blakesburg, Iowa, killed at Vera Cruz, arrived to-day at the home of his foster parents. Flags throughout the town are at half mast. The public funeral will be held to-morrow.

CROWD AT LANE'S FUNERAL.

10,000 Gather at the Church—Last Honors to Sailor Stream.

Dennis P. Lane, a bluejacket who was killed at Vera Cruz, was buried yesterday. Funeral services, held in St. Agnes's Roman Catholic Church, Forty-third Street near Lexington Avenue, were attended by the Guy Henry Camp Spanish War Veterans, a detachment from the Ninth Coast Artillery, 100 cadets from the St. Francis Xavier High School, and hundreds of others.

The coffin was carried out of Lane's home at 339 East Forty-fifth Street at 9:30 o'clock yesterday morning by eight sailors from the Brooklyn Navy Yard. The Spanish War Veterans' band played "Nearer, My God, to Thee," and the crowd stood with uncovered heads.

More than 10,000 persons gathered about the church, which was filled. The pall-bearers were William Zett, Charles Carisse, Lee Van Doren, R. A. Maahs, E. Bower, J. U. Rehen, W. B. Coddington, R. H. Gilson, J. R. Head, and R. B. Schum.

Mgr. Henry A. Brann conducted the high requiem mass. He praised Lane's devotion to duty. The burial was in Calvary Cemetery.

The body of Albin Eric Stream, another bluejacket slain at Vera Cruz, was buried yesterday from his old home, 227 Sixty-seventh Street, Brooklyn. The coffin was carried to the caisson by sailors from the Tennessee, with Gunner's Mate Nelson in command. Men of the Second Regiment Field Artillery and Spanish War Veterans followed the body.

The funeral services were held in the First Swedish Baptist Church. The Rev. O. J. Engstrand, the pastor, was in charge. It was necessary to close the doors of the church, so great was the crush. The burial was in Evergreen Cemetery.

RUSH TRANSPORTS TO SEA.

Great Quantities of Ammunition and Supplies Going to Galveston.

It is the intention of the Government to make New York and Boston the two depots from which supplies will be shipped to Galveston or to Mexico for use of the army. In case more soldiers are needed they will be taken by rail to Galveston and from there carried to Vera Cruz or other points in Mexico. There are in reserve here 20,000,000 rounds of ammunition. Most of this ammunition will be taken to Galveston, where it will be ready for emergencies.

The Quartermaster's barges were employed yesterday in transferring ammunition and supplies from Governor's Island to the three transports, the Minnesotan, Panaman, and City of Memphis, loading in South Brooklyn. Men of the Twenty-ninth Infantry had to work at night making the transfer.

Most of the supplies will be taken to Galveston in the Minnesotan and the Panaman. The Minnesotan was to sail on Friday, but orders were received yesterday for her to proceed to sea to-night. Immediately the force of men at work on her was increased. The ship is an oil burner and will carry 17,000 barrels of fuel.

The largest fuel tank, with a capacity of 4,500 barrels, will be filled with water for 1,100 mules and horses which she will carry

The City of Memphis is fitted for a troopship, and it is expected she will get away some time to-day. She, too, will take out supplies.

The Panaman, which was chartered from the Hawaiian-American Line, is at the Erie Basin with a swarm of workmen getting her ready to sail. She will be used principally as a carrier of livestock.

Troops are to be assembled at Galveston as a time-saving measure. It takes about twenty-five days for a transport to make a round trip between New York and Vera Cruz and only about fifteen days between Galveston and Vera Cruz.

It will be necessary to enlist many more men in the First Division of the army if it is called upon for service. The peace strength of the division is 564 officers, 9,925 men, 1,850 horses, 1,450 mules, 95 wagons, and 50 ambulances. The war strength will be 22,000 infantry, 10,000 cavalry, and a proportionate number of animals and wagons.

200 REFUGEES AT VERA CRUZ.

Waters-Pierce Employes Among Them—Their Trip Uneventful.

VERA CRUZ, May 13.—A party of 200 American refugees arrived here to-day from the capital. Most of them had assembled there from other points in the interior. Among them were almost all the American employes of the Waters-Pierce Oil Company, an American concern.

The refugees reported that everything was quiet at the capital when they left, but expressed the belief that the anti-American spirit had been only temporarily quieted, as they had seen numerous minor evidences of antipathy.

A few refugees wish to return to the capital in order to attend to their affairs, after having seen their women and children safely to Vera Cruz. There is, however, a definite military order against such a proceeding. To secure permission to return it is necessary for refugees to satisfy Gen. Funston that there is a weighty reason for doing so. To those who have women dependent upon them still in the capital permission is granted; but the call of business affairs has to be of extreme importance to break down the prohibition.

The refugees report that they suffered no unusual inconvenience on their trip to the coast.

Another hundred foreigners, mostly Americans, will arrive here to-morrow from Mexico City, according to reports received at the consulate. Among the refugees now here are Mrs. Pilar Hernandez de Gonzales Salas, and Miss Maria Luisa Hernandez, nieces of the late Francisco Madero and sisters of Rafael Hernandez, who was Minister of Interior in Madero's Cabinet. They expect to sail to-morrow for the United States.

SOLACE BRINGS TWO DEAD.

Hospital Ship Due To-day Has 62 Sick and Wounded.

The hospital ship Solace, with sixty-two sick and wounded sailors and two more dead from Vera Cruz aboard it, is expected will arrive at the Brooklyn Navy Yard at 7 o'clock this morning. The Solace was due yesterday but she was delayed by fog.

Many of the men aboard are suffering from illness contracted at Vera Cruz. The dead on board are Clarence R. Herschberger of Waverly, N. Y., and Henry Pullman of Virginia. They were wounded in the fighting at Vera Cruz, and died on the Solace two weeks later. The sick and wounded on the Solace are to be removed to the Naval Hospital.

SILLIMAN HEADED FOR MEXICO CITY

United States Vice Consul Being Taken There from Saltillo Under Guard.

IS THEN TO BE SET FREE

Will Be Turned Over to Brazilian Minister and Allowed to Go to Vera Cruz.

MEXICO City, May 13.—John R. Silliman, the American Consul at Saltillo, who has been held by the Federal authorities for some time, is expected to arrive here late to-night and will be turned over to the Brazilian Legation.

It is probable that he will be sent to Vera Cruz to-morrow.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The French Embassy to-day received advices from the French Legation in Mexico City, stating that United States Vice Consul John R. Silliman, who had been held by Federal authorities in Saltillo, was on his way to Mexico City under guard.

At Mexico City Silliman will be turned over to the Brazilian Minister and allowed to proceed to Vera Cruz.

SILLIMAN NEGOTIATIONS.

Text of Message Which Brought His Release from Prison.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, May 13.—Cablegrams relative to the case of Consul Silliman of Saltillo, exchanged between the representatives of the mediating powers and the Mexican Foreign Office, were given out to-day. They follow:

Washington, D. C., May 10, 1914.

To the Minister of Foreign Relations, Mexico City:

The Secretary of State has been informed through the French Embassy here that Mr. Silliman, American Consul at Saltillo, is imprisoned at San Luis Potosi. It would be highly expedient that immediate investigation be made, that Mr. Silliman's release be ordered, and that his departure from Mexican territory be facilitated, if there is no serious objection to all this.

We do not need to insist to your Excellency on reasons which recommend this suggestion. We shall be grateful for an early reply from your Excellency.

We reiterate to your Excellency assurances of our high consideration.

D. DA GAMA,
Ambassador of Brazil.
R. S. NAON,
Minister of Argentina.
E. SUAREZ MUJICA,
Minister of Chile.

Señor Esteva Ruiz's answer was:

Mexico City, May 11, 1914.

To their Excellencies, the Ambassador of Brazil and Ministers of Argentina and Chile, Washington:

Referring to the telegram of your Excellencies in regard to Mr. Silliman, Consul at Saltillo, I have the honor of informing you that, notwithstanding acts of said Consul, which reveal espionage on Federal Army, orders are being given to them that, under proper custody, he be brought to this City of Mexico at the disposition of the Minister of Brazil, in conformity with desires which the latter has expressed, to arrange for said Silliman's departure for the United States.

The Mexican Chancellery hopes that your Excellencies will see in this act of the Government a new proof that it fulfills its international duties and is observant of considerations which friendly countries merit.

I reiterate to your Excellencies assurances of my high consideration.

R. A. ESTEVA RUIZ.
Sub-Secretary and Acting Secretary of Foreign Relations.

The Mexican Government was complimented on this decision in this cablegram, dated to-day, from the representatives of the mediating powers:

Washington, May 13, 1914.

Minister of Foreign Relations, Mexico City:

We have had the honor to receive your Excellency's telegram in which you are pleased to inform us of measures taken by your Government for the release of Consul Silliman. While thanking your Excellency for this communication, we take pleasure in recognizing once more the high correctness with which your Government has conducted itself throughout the course of negotiations in which we are engaged and which your Excellency facilitates with so much decision.

We reiterate to your Excellency assurances of our high consideration.

D. DA GAMA,
Ambassador of Brazil.
R. S. NAON,
Minister of Argentina.
E. SUAREZ MUJICA,
Minister of Chile.

15 DAYS IN SALTILLO CELL.

Americans Imprisoned with Silliman Repeatedly Threatened with Death.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 13.—Details of the sufferings endured by American refugees imprisoned by Mexican Federals at Saltillo are contained in a cable dispatch from Charles V. E. Starrett to The Chicago Daily News, received here to-night, which in part is as follows:

"A graphic picture of prison life in the Cuartel at Saltillo, where many American refugees were confined, reached Vera Cruz to-day with the arrival in the city of A. L. Dyer of Hudson, Wis., who with eleven others passed fifteen days in cells. The story of Mr. Dyer's incarceration is told vividly in the pages of his diary kept during his imprisonment of a fortnight and a day.

"Mr. Dyer's record of experience, as scribbled on the leaves of a small notebook in the alternating light and shade of his cell, follows:

April 21—Arrested at 6:20 P. M. at the National Hotel by two Secret Service men and taken to the penitentiary, where I was roughly treated, my money and everything in my pockets being taken from me. It was all very sudden, and I asked upon what charge I was being held. They replied that no one should know better than me, and as they were removing me to a cell a guard said, brutally: "To-night we are going to shoot you. You had better make your confession." I answered, "I have nothing to confess," and asked if I might write a last note to my mother. They said "No," and shook me roughly, to enjoin silence. Then I was taken to a large building and thrust into a dark, unventilated cell, without light, and without even a mattress upon which to lie. The floor was of stone and was cold and damp. I was sure I was to die before morning.

April 22—I was taken out of the dungeon and led to another cell higher up, from a small window in which I could see the prison yard. As I was looking out I heard a voice somewhere beyond the wall on my left saying:

"Hello, 14 (my cell number)! Who are you?"

I told him, and asked who was speaking. The voice replied:

"Paul Davis, one of the newspaper men."

Then our conversation ceased, for we did not know who was listening. That night was cold, and I slept only a few minutes.

April 23—By questioning I found that there were eleven of us in the place—Davis, the reporter; Dyer, Elliott, Marchant, Moore, a dentist; Nutter of The Boston Herald, Powers, Ridley, Saunders, a doctor, and Silliman, the United States Consul.

April 24—To-night a firing squad executed a Lieutenant Colonel, one of their own men, just outside the building. We could hear the shots, and one of the guards told us fiendishly that one of our party had been shot, and that the others would go soon. Later we learned the truth, but it was a night of horrible anxiety. Our guard, when he wants to frighten us, draws a finger across his throat and chuckles in brutal fashion.

April 25—To-day the guard said: "You might as well give me your clothes. You will not need them much longer."

April 29—We were told to-day that we should all be sent to Mexico City to-morrow. Evans was given his liberty to-day.

April 30—We were joined to-day by F. S. Van Valkenburgh. At 5 o'clock Davis was brought back. Things are looking brighter. Davis wrote to Gen. Maass to-day that he was here at the invitation of President Huerta, and asked for the release of himself and Nutter. Two hours later both were released.

May 6—Mr. Silliman was called out to be examined by a Judge. At last we were released at 6:30 P. M.

OWEN ATTACKS HUERTA.

Paints Dictator as a "Bloody Despot" and Praises Very Cruz Action.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Senator Robert L. Owen of Oklahoma, created a stir in the Senate this afternoon, when in a carefully prepared speech, he defended the action of the President in seizing Vera Cruz and reviewed the career of Huerta, whom he denounced unsparingly as a "bloody despot."

Senator Owen's speech was an intimate history of Huerta from the time he tore the reins of power from the hands of Madero to the present day. Senator Owen rejoiced, he said, because the A B C envoys had offered their good offices.

"But," he asserted, "let no mistake be made. We must demand order, constitutional self-government, and that the right of sovereignty be placed in the hands of the people of Mexico, under safeguards that will promise liberty, human rights, and stability of government to the people of Mexico, and assure our own future peace and security, and, if necessary, we must enforce these demands at the canon's mouth."

After recounting the circumstances of the so-called election for President held on Oct. 26, 1913, Senator Owen continued:

"Huerta's officers of the army appear to have been instructed to take no prisoners. Every captured officer, high and low, was put before a wall and shot, most of the common soldiers who were captured were shot in like fashion, and a few were permitted to save their lives by joining the Federal Army.

"Hundreds of our citizens have been killed in Mexico, thousands of them have been robbed, millions of their property stolen, and all driven by violence from Mexico. Huerta has sought to involve us in complications with Japan, which might easily involve our nation in one of the bloodiest wars in history, if permitted to be worked out.

"The President was not only justified in refusing to recognize Huerta as President of Mexico and in seizing Vera Cruz to stop the landing of a shipload of machine guns and 2,000,000 cartridges, but he would have been fully justified in deposing Huerta by military force as a bloody despot and a treasonable usurper."

DR. RYAN AT NEW ORLEANS.

Red Cross Physician in Quarantine, Won't Talk of Experiences.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, May 13.—Dr. Edward Ryan, the American Red Cross physician about whose safety in Mexico great anxiety was felt, arrived at Quarantine to-day aboard the Morro Castle. He was expected several days ago on the Esperanza, but left that vessel at Vera Cruz. Efforts are being made to have him transferred to-morrow to the Esperanza, which will leave Quarantine for New Orleans, arriving to-morrow night.

Dr. Ryan declined to be interviewed in regard to his own affairs or his recent experiences in Mexico, saying that he would give out a full statement when he arrived in Washington. He plans to go to the national capital as soon as he can leave Quarantine.

GARRISON PUTS CURB ON CORRESPONDENTS

Will Deport and Forfeit Bonds of All Who Go Outside of Funston's Lines.

CAPT. MAIGNE RECALLED

Secretary Visits Summary Punishment on Retired Officer Who Started for Capital.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Secretary Garrison has taken decisive action in regard to war correspondents at Vera Cruz, as a result of which Lieut. W. M. Maigne, U. S. A., retired, who was serving as a newspaper representative, will be sent home on the first available transport, and any correspondent who attempts to go beyond Gen. Funston's lines will forfeit all privileges and also the bond for $2,000 deposited for him at the War Department, as required by the new army regulations for the government of newspaper writers with troops in war service.

This action was provoked mainly by the fact that Walter Whiffen, of the Associated Press; Arthur L. Sutton, photographer for The Washington Post; Richard Harding Davis, representing a newspaper syndicate, and Medill McCormick, representing The London Times and Harper's Weekly, went from Vera Cruz to the City of Mexico, where they were arrested by the Federal authorities on suspicion of being spies. Representations by the State Department brought their release, and they were returned to Vera Cruz.

Secretary Garrison explained to-day that but for the fact that these men had gone to the Mexican capital with the acquiescence of the military authorities at Vera Cruz and without full knowledge of the army regulations as to correspondents, he would have revoked all privileges and had them sent back to the United States. In order to make clear to all newspaper men attached to the military detachment at Vera Cruz what their status was and to avoid all possible misunderstanding hereafter, Secretary Garrison to-day sent to Gen. Funston the following dispatch:

"With respect to the accredited correspondents who left your command and went into the interior of Mexico, summon them before you and state that any similar conduct or any deviation whatever from the rules laid down in the field regulations will instantly result in their credentials being taken from them and in their being sent back to the United States. The only reason that I have for not so acting upon their present offense is because they seem to have acquainted you, or some of them seem to have done so, with their intention, and you did not stop them. This apparent acquiescence seems to make it improper for me under the circumstances to do that which I would otherwise have done. Make this perfectly plain to them.

"Bring before you all those who are acting as correspondents and say to them that if they wish to continue to have matter accepted by the censor for transmission they must do as herein provided. They must file with you their names, the papers they represent, and an agreement to abide by all of the provisions of the field service regulations which apply to accredited correspondents. They will thereupon receive passes or credentials similar to those issued to accredited correspondents. No one who fails to have such credentials may send matter by wire through the censor or otherwise.

"Inform them all that these modified conditions obtain only so long as the situation remains as it is at present. In case of an advance movement only those correspondents will be permitted to accompany the army who have fully complied with all the Field Service Regulations. I will, of course, waive the production of the person himself at the War Department if his employer takes it up here and otherwise complies. Make it perfectly plain to all correspondents that the Field Regulations mean exactly what they say and will be carried out to the letter, and that any violation will result in my immediately ordering you to send the violator back to the States or away from the forces at Vera Cruz."

Lieut. Maigne's case differs from that of the others in the fact that as a retired army officer he is subject to the regulations regarding officers and is liable to court-martial for the violation of the regulations, not only as to correspondents, but as to officers. Secretary Garrison was averse to allowing Lieut. Maigne to go to Vera Cruz in the first place. But he went under navy auspices on Rear Admiral Badger's flagship, the Arkansas, and when he left Norfolk the regulations in regard to war correspondents with the army had not been promulgated. There seem, therefore, to be extenuating circumstances in his case, although army officers here regard his adventure in going to Gen. Maass' headquarters as something indiscreet and improper in view of his status as a retired officer.

HUERTA'S LAST STAND.

Plans to Make It at Puebla, O'Shaughnessy Tells the President.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—That Gen. Huerta, preparing for a crisis in his dictatorship, has long been planning to leave Mexico City with his troops and make a last stand at Puebla, midway between Mexico City and Vera Cruz, was understood to-day to have been told to President Wilson last night by Nelson O'Shaughnessy, former Chargé of the American Embassy in the Mexican capital.

The President, it is said, was informed that Huerta had picked Puebla for his last refuge in case rebel assailants got too close to Mexico City, and that late developments in the revolution had caused him already to begin fortifying and provisioning Puebla.

Mr. O'Shaughnessy is said to have told the President that Huerta had no intention of resigning, but that the Mexican dictator realized that his regimé could not stand long. At Puebla, according to plans said to have been determined upon months ago, he would fight rather than consent to elimination.

Realizing that he eventually must be deposed, Huerta, it is said, desires to acquire as much glory as possible before the inevitable happens.

Mr. O'Shaughnessy is said further to have told the President that the number of troops which Huerta has at his command is greatly exaggerated, and that, as a matter of fact, they number only 4,000 to 6,000 men. That neither Zapata nor Villa would have any great difficulty in taking the city is understood to be the view Mr. O'Shaughnessy expressed.

His information is along the line of other reports reaching the Government within the last few weeks. Further information from these sources is that Huerta has been shipping gold abroad in contemplation of his ultimate exile.

'ON TO MEXICO CITY!' NOW THE REBEL CRY

Continued from Page 1.

elected, will pass a law providing for a special election for a Constitutional President and Vice President."

The Constitutionalists assert that they are opposed to joint American and Constitutionalist patrolling of the country. They assert that the Constitutionalists will be able to restore order without foreign aid, and that there can be "no calm in Mexico until Huerta gets out."

TORREON, Mexico, May 13.—"On to Saltillo, San Luis Potosi, and Mexico City!" is the constant cry heard everywhere here. In the streets, plazas, Government offices, cafés, and stores, the speedy advance is the thing they talk of. A note of impatience runs through the conversation and inquiry often brings the statement that Mexico is tired of war, and an expression of regret that the United States replaced the embargo on arms.

Every possible measure to insure success at Saltillo and points further south is being taken. Ammunition is being concentrated here and at Monterey, and the available food supplies are ample. The question of transporting the wounded has received special attention, and many vehicles have been remodeled for that purpose. Large stores of medical supplies have arrived and the staff of physicians has been increased from fifteen to twenty.

The horses are being given as much care as the men. Villa, it is said, has learned that mounted infantry is his most serviceable arm, and as many men as possible are being mounted. The greater mobility of such troops over the Federal infantry is said to be regarded as a most important factor in the campaign.

FOOD IN TONS FOR FLEET.

The Celtic, which sailed from here on April 14 with supplies for the fleet at Vera Cruz and Tampico, returned yesterday. Lieut. Commander Klemann said that the Celtic carried 500,000 pounds of meat and 500,000 pounds of vegetables and 200,000 pounds of dry stores to the troops and had come north to load again. The Colgoa is now on the way to Vera Cruz. The two vessels will maintain a regular service between this port and Vera Cruz.

ADVANCE OF REBELS A TRAIL OF ROBBERY

Villa's Army Held Together by License to Loot, Says American from Mexico.

$5,000,000 IN MONTEREY

Bank Records Used in Assessing Citizens Who Were Shot Down When They Refused to Pay.

The following story has reached the NEW YORK TIMES from a man, just returned from Mexico, who is favorable to the Federal cause and doubts the ability of the rebel commander to give adequate protection to the property and lives of the people in various cities occupied by the Constitutionalist forces:

"Villa's forces occupied Durango first; the Federals went out at night and they went in. Villa's men took everything they could get their hands on. They burned the biggest mercantile stores in town—two big German houses—and dynamited several buildings. The American Consulate was broken into and searched and everything taken out. The American Consul had three or four Mexican-Americans in there whom he was protecting. They went in there and paid no respect to the flag, searched the place and took what they wanted; they were out to loot.

"Villa has kept his forces together strictly on the promise that they get from eight to twenty hours' loot in every place they take. Without that he would not have had an army of 150 men to-day. When he got in there he put in his own set of bookkeepers in the banks and just made a statement of it, a statement of every man who had any money in the bank, and this man had to produce so much toward his war fund. This was done with the Banco Nacional and Bank of Durango. I am not sure that he did this with the Banco London and Mexican, which was an English corporation.

Got $1,000,000 at Durango.

"He made assessments on every depositor in the banks. He got in the neighborhood of $1,000,000 at Durango. He assessed all Huerta sympathizers on all the property he could find that they owned. The Durango investment was conducted by Cols. Contraras and Perrera. At Durango the reports are countless of attacks on women by Villa's officers and soldiers.

"When Villa took Torreon the town was assessed $3,000,000. A new government was started immediately and the officials that they put in were told that the assessment against the town was to be $3,000,000 and that was the amount that was paid by the people of Torreon. A committee was appointed by the new city officials to collect this money, which they proceeded to do. They would go to a man, demand that he pay, and, if he refused, they would shoot him. They shot two Spaniards because they refused to pay. At this place they also expelled all Spaniards. The money was paid in about a month to Villa, who was in Torreon in person. It was at Torreon that Villa confiscated all of the cotton from the big cotton growers. It was valued at probably $5,000,000, and Villa openly stated that he intended to sell this cotton when he could get a port to market it through.

"There were about twenty business houses looted in Torreon under Villa's personal command. Villa would go to a man's store with a valet and back wagons up and load in the plunder, giving the man a piece of paper as an order for his goods. These orders ran something like this:

"'Give to the bearer everything that is in the house. VILLA.'"

Taxed Monterey $5,000,000.

"He confined the loot mainly to supplies that were edible or wearable, but they cleaned out a big jewelry shop and took everything in the place. The jewelry business belonged to an Italian. Three or four large dry-goods houses were looted of everything. They had a list of every man, woman, and child who were Huerta sympathizers, and when thel took a town they simply submitted them to every indignity possible. Most of the prisoners at Durango and Torreon were executed. At Monterey they taxed the town $5,000,000.

"They held up the smelter at Valardena several times by requiring them to make a heavy cash payment. They looted all the stores in that town, among them a large grocery house belonging to Americans. Valardena is between Durango and Torreon. After the battle of Torreon and the new officials were appointed by Villa several Americans attempted to get back into the city, but the situation was so unsettled and food and money so scarce that they were forced to leave. There was no money in circulation in Torreon except the money that the Constitutionalists printed.

"This currency apparently has nothing back of it except the Constitutionalists' chance of winning, but it took the place of regular Mexican money. The Constitutionalists forced the people to take the fiat money in payment for anything they wanted. A great many of the ranches print their own money. No efforts have been made by the Villa civil Government to improve or better these conditions and trade and commerce is at an absolute standstill."

$6,363,932 FOR "WAR CHEST."

House Appropriation Committee Recommends It to Congress.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Representative John J. Fitzgerald of New York, Chairman of the House Appropriations Committee, to-day reported an additional Urgency Deficiency bill which will open the "war chest" of the Government to the extent of $6,368,932, that amount being necessary to pay expenses of the military establishment in connection with the Mexican trouble.

The caucus of House Democrats Tuesday night paved the way for quick action on the bill by adopting it as part of the legislative programme of the session. By unanimous agreement of the caucus it will have right of way over all other pending matters.

Of the total amount provided in the bill $2,429,445 is for transportation expenses of the troops, $1,825,663 is for pay of enlisted men and officers, $1,255,538 is for subsistence, $405,855 is for horses for the cavalry, and the rest is for various incidental purposes.

The bill, which carries a total of $6,770,632, includes $100,000 for the work of valuation of common carriers by the Interstate Commerce Commission; $100,000 for prevention of epidemic diseases from abroad; $350,000 for Alaska service of the Department of Commerce; $25,000 for the Providence, R. I., quarantine station, and a number of miscellaneous matters.

Meeting Temptation With Open Arms

WE want to make a DIRECT APPEAL to you to look at these clothes.

* *

We know they are better than they have been in any previous season.

* *

We are SELLING MORE OF THEM than we have in any previous season—in spite of the fact that this clothing business has progressed more rapidly than any other clothing business has ever done in the metropolis.

* *

It is easy for any man to resist temptation who never encounters it—but from the numbers and character of men who find pleasure in surrendering to the temptation of these suits and overcoats, we believe you miss something when you do not examine them.

$20 to $45.

* *

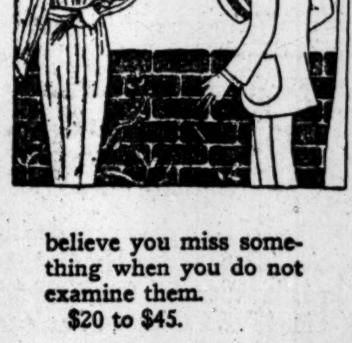
The new Weber and Heilbroner straw hats—$2 to $7—are proving quite as irresistible to the New Yorker who wants New York things.

While our 50 and 55 cent scarfs are playing havoc with young hearts and old.

Largest Distributors of Manhattan Shirts.

Weber and Heilbroner
Eleven Stores

241 Broadway 369 Broadway 757 Broadway 1185 Broadway 44th and Broadway
1363 Broadway 58 Nassau 150 Nassau 20 Cortlandt 27 New 42nd and Fifth Ave.
Clothes at 27 New, 241 Broadway, 1185 Broadway, 44th & Broadway, 42d & 5th Av.



These goods not on sale till Friday.

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue

"Young Men's Shop"
16 West 38th St.—Store Floor
Entirely Separate from Fifth Avenue Store

AN IMPORTANT SALE (To-morrow) FRIDAY
At Reduced Prices

English Sack Suits
FOR YOUNG MEN, 33 TO 42 CHEST

Three or four button soft roll front models, patch pockets, of navy serge, checked or pencil striped cassimeres, cheviots or tweeds.
Heretofore $21.50 to $24.50 16.50

Hand Tailored Suits
FOR YOUNG MEN, 33 TO 42 CHEST

In navy, black or gray pencil striped cassimere, checked worsted, homespun, vicuna or navy serge. Three or four button English sack models.
Heretofore $29.50 to $35.00 20.00

Men's White Flannel Trousers

Of white English tennis flannel, also white striped English serge, with belt straps and cuffs; 27 to 42 waist.
Regular price $6.50 3.75

IMPORTANT SALE (To-morrow) FRIDAY
Men's Tucked Shirts

Pin tucked shirts in single or two-toned colored stripes, in blue, pink, helio, green, tan or black and white stripes; French cuffs. 14 to 17 neck measure.

1.50 *Heretofore $2.50 and $3.00*

"Young Men's Shop"—16 West 38th St.

Saks Clothes are for Young Men

¶ In one respect Saks clothes are superior to youth—*no matter how old they get they never lose their shape.*

¶ They are so painstakingly tailored that you may wear the fabric to a thread but you will never mar the style.

¶ They are a lesson in keeping young—they never, never yield up the sprightliness of their lines.

¶ They are essentially young men's clothes—clean cut, lean looking, and just ebullient with snap and style.

¶ And for men of twenty, or thirty, or forty, or younger, Saks clothes are the clothes *par excellence*, to match the youth and spirit of the man who wears them, or to refresh the jaded spirit of him who hates to look a calendar in the eye.

Suits, $17.50 to $45
Overcoats, $15.00 to $38

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Saks-Hartmann Berth-high Trunks

are conceded to be the cleverest, most convenient, compact and capacious of any steamer wardrobe trunks on the market today; and by obviating the objectionable features of travel,

have made leaving home a positive pleasure!

¶ Has drawers, compartments and wardrobe hangers, and is so economically arranged that it will carry twice what you expect.

¶ Is 43 inches long and only 14 inches high, but proves in daily practice that you cannot judge a Berth-high by its inches any more than you can judge a man by his.

¶ It is almost uncanny to see what this trim little Berth-high will hold—and its greatest feature is that its contents can be removed while the trunk is under the berth, without moving the trunk itself.

$25 to $65

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

ROSE, UNSHAKEN, IS TO BE ACCUSED

Becker Defense, Failing to Upset His Story, Will Put Murder Plot Up to Him.

HIS WRITINGS ARE QUOTED

Printed Tales of East Side Gang Life to be Used to Show He Could Hire Assassins.

MAKES BECKER AVERT GAZE

Will Be Recalled To-day to Clear Up Minor Discrepancies Revealed in Long Cross-Examination.

After five hours of a grilling, grinding cross-examination in which all of his disreputable connections and the degraded manner of his life were laid bare before the jury that is trying ex-Lieut. Charles Becker for the murder of Herman Rosenthal, Jack Rose, who first disclosed the murder conspiracy to District Attorney Whitman, walked out of court last evening as fresh, serene, and as self-possessed as when he took the stand at 10:30 o'clock in the morning. What was more important to the prosecution, his story of the murder of Rosenthal was unshaken in any material part. Martin T. Manton, Becker's attorney, had not succeeded in breaking down the intricate story of crime which charges the former head of the Strong Arm Squad with having ordered and compelled the commission of the murder.

Manton gained admissions from Rose of his person misdeeds, but he could not weaken his direct testimony, and at the end it was still to be shown that the worst crime of his career—the murder of Rosenthal—was not committed at the command of Becker.

The courtroom was crowded all day, and public interest in the case seemed even greater, if possible, than at the first trial. But the crowd was disappointed. Instead of a high-pitched battle of words and startling new disclosures, they observed only a clever matching of wits and an orderly procedure, enlivened by no excitement, and culminating in no climax. The expected smashing of District Attorney Whitman's case did not arrive.

Two Points Made by Defense.

Mr. Manton did pick out many discrepancies in the testimony given by Rose at the two trials, and these flaws caused Rose some little embarrassment. Rose will be recalled this morning for redirect examination by Mr. Whitman, when these discrepancies may be explained away. Following him to the stand will come "Bridgie" Webber and Harry Vallon, the two other informers against the ex-Police Lieutenant.

Two discrepancies stood out above the others. The first was in the testimony relating to the "Harlem conference," where, the prosecution alleges, Becker brought "Bridgie" Webber into the murder plot. This meeting was referred to in the recent Court of Appeals decision as "the heart of the conspiracy." On this "Harlem conference," it was stated, the charge against Becker must stand or fall. At the first trial Rose swore that he met Becker at the Harlem conference and gave to him some money which he had collected. He said nothing about getting any money from Becker. On Tuesday Rose swore that Becker had given $500 to him. This money was to go to Jack Zelig, the east side gangster, who was to furnish the gunmen for the killing of Rosenthal.

Mr. Manton was elated when he brought this out, but District Attorney Whitman expects to show when Rose takes the stand again this morning that both statements are correct and not contradictory; that Rose at this meeting handed to Becker $900 which he had collected for Becker from gambling houses, and that Becker then gave $500 of the sum back to Rose for Zelig.

The other point was that at Becker's first trial Rose swore that he had daily conversations with Lieut. Becker in April, 1912, and that it was in that month that Becker made his "friendly" raid upon the gambling house of his partner, Rosenthal. On Tuesday, however, Rose swore that he was in Chicago in April, 1912. To-day, it is expected, Mr. Whitman will show that Rose merely got his dates mixed, and that he is able to prove that he was in this city in that month and year.

Becker Controlled His Conscience.

At the very end of the five hours' cross-examination Mr. Manton turned on the witness and said:

"When you were planning this murder did not your conscience prick you at all?"

"My conscience was under the entire control of Becker," he shot out, against the protests of Becker's counsel.

"Answer my question," roared the lawyer.

"At times it did," said Rose, meekly. "I proved it by trying to prevent it."

"Does it prick you now?"

"It does."

"Well, on the last trial you thought your conscience did not prick you when you were planning this murder, but on this trial your conscience does prick you, how do you explain that?" asked Mr. Manton.

"There is a reason for it," replied Rose.

"If your conscience were pricking you didn't you feel you were doing a terrible deed?"

"I felt that way, yes."

"And you didn't stop for a minute?"

"Many a time I stopped," said the witness, and that closed the cross-examination.

Much to the District Attorney's surprise the defense read into the record two very important letters. One of these letters was written by Jack Rose to Sam Schepps when Schepps was a fugitive from justice in Hot Springs, Ark. The other was Schepps's reply to Rose. In the first Rose told how "Becker was the first man to get from under" when the investigation of the murder was started. That was something that Mr. Whitman wanted the jury to know. He had feared that he would not be able to introduce it. In the second, Schepps sets forth facts which, the District Attorney contends, show that he was not an accomplice. This is another detail in support of the prosecutor's case, and very important to it.

Will Charge Crime to Rose.

It appeared from Mr. Manton's cross-examination that the defense was seeking in Rose's own story the motive for the murder of Rosenthal, and that that motive would be laid at the feet of Rose himself. This appeared to be the theory of the murder outlined in Mr. Manton's questions:

That Rose had an intimate acquaintance with the gansters of the east side; that these gangsters knew that he (Rose) had framed up Jack Zelig, their leader; that Rosenthal had spread the story that it was Rose who had framed up Zelig; that Rosenthal's motive in spreading these stories was to get the gunmen to kill Rose, his enemy, and, finally, that Rose turned the tables on Rosenthal when he got wind of the plot. This theory of the murder is an amplification of the old theory that Rosenthal was killed as the result of a gambler's war.

Mr. Manton, at the close of the examination, admitted that this theory was substantially the line of the defense.

"We will show that Becker is innocent and that he was framed-up by the guilty man, Rose. The proof lies in Rose's own story. We have laid the foundation for the proof to-day. One link only is missing and that link will be produced at the proper time. It will set Becker free."

Only once during his cross-examination did Rose look into Becker's eyes. They were separated by not more than twenty feet. For a brief period they stared at each other, Rose's face inscrutable, Becker's flushed, and then Becker turned away his face.

A surprise of the day was that Mr. Manton did not question Rose in detail as to the new story of Rosenthal's spying out graft for Becker which Rose told on the stand on Tuesday. Rose had stated in effect that Rosenthal was Becker's stool pigeon, the man who got evidence against the gambling houses which Becker wanted to raid when they couldn't be "shaken down." It was inferred that the defense considered this dangerous ground.

Rose Candid About Himself.

Rose looked as if he had enjoyed a good night's rest when he resumed his seat in the witness chair. He was fresh from the hands of the barber, was nattily attired as usual, and as calm and collected as if only taking his seat in a friendly game of poker. In one sweeping glance he took in all the details of the courtroom, and then he settled down to a study of the faces of the counsel for the defense, his manner suggesting a readiness to match wits with them without conveying a direct challenge and without bravado.

Mr. Manton started right in to assail his character. It soon developed that the lawyer had many new leads on the gambler's life and career. He mentioned scores of names known in the underworld, and by his many references to the newspaper writings of Rose it appeared that Rose himself had supplied him with the material for his attack. Mr. Manton apparently had listed every black reference to Rose that had come to his attention, and he rattled them off in a rapid-fire style that would have worried a man less accustomed to mastering and masking his emotions.

While Rose denied most of the accusations contained in the adroitly worded questions, he did not go out of his way to deny that he was a member of the criminal class. He admitted not only that he had once made a false affidavit to oblige Becker, but that he had assisted in planning a murder. His admissions were not whispered, not made with downcast head, but there was no spirit of boasting in them.

Once in Juvenile Asylum

The first half hour of the cross-examination was devoted solely to attacks upon Rose's character. Here is some of the early testimony:

Q.—Your right name is Rosenstein? A.—Yes.

Q.—How long have you been masquerading under the name of Jacob Rose?

Mr. Whitman—I object, if your Honor please.

The Court—Objection sustained.

Q.—How long have you used the name Jacob Rose? A.—Twenty-five years.

Q.—Where were you when you changed your name? A.—In the State of Connecticut.

Q.—Where were you born? A.—In a province of Russia.

Q.—How old were you when you came to this country? A.—Three years old.

Q.—Did you go to school? A.—I did.

Q.—Were you confined in a penal institution in your youth? A.—No.

Q.—Were you confined in any institution? A.—In the Juvenile Asylum.

Q.—What was that for? A.—For playing truant from school.

Q.—How long were you there? A.—About eleven months.

Q.—And in what State was that? A.—New York.

Q.—How old were you when you left school? A.—About 10.

Q.—What did you do then? A.—For ten months I was in this truant school, and then soon after went to work at some cigar factory, I think it was.

Q.—Did you ever work for a place called the Palm on Chrystie Street? A.—Never worked there.

Q.—Isn't it a fact you used to bring newsboys there at the Palm, between Chrystie Street—I should say on Chrystie street between Delancey and Broome? A.—Never did

Q.—And didn't you bring boys there and learn them how to gamble? A.—Never did.

Q.—Did you have a woman on the street known as "Black Mary"? A.—Never did.

Q.—Do you know "Black Mary"? A.—Never heard of such a person.

Q.—Were you at one time engaged in the occupation of what is called "stalling" in restaurants? A.—I don't know what you mean by that.

Q.—Were you engaged in petty larceny thefts at restaurants on the Bowery? A.—Never.

Says Boxing Is Not Prizefighting.

Rose next denied that he ever had engaged in the prizefighting business, but said that he had been a manager of boxing clubs.

Q.—You make a distinction, do you? A.—I do.

Q.—And where were your boxing clubs? A.—In the cities of Brdigeport, New Haven, Hartford, and Waterbury, in the State of Connecticut.

Q.—Did you have boxing matches in New York? A.—No.

Q.—Did you get newsboys in New York to go boxing in Connecticut and Massachusetts? A.—No.

Q.—And then cheated them out of the receipts, did you? A.—No.

Here Mr. Manton switched back to another phase of the gambler's life in the underworld. He asked:

Q.—Do you know a woman of the streets known as Boston Nell? A.—Never heard of her.

Q.—Did you ever live with her or keep her at 15 Stanton Street, Fred Miller's place? A.—Never heard of the place.

Q.—Did you also keep a place next to Fred Miller's place, where you ran a crooked card and dice game? A.—Never kept such a place.

Q.—Did you ever keep a place where poker or cards were played? A.—I have.

Q.—Where? A.—One place down at the corner of Delancey and Suffolk Streets.

His First Meeting With Webber.

Rose's willingness to supply details of his life, unknown even to Mr. Manton, was shown in his reply to another question:

Q.—Do you know of Mike Hushkin's place on Eighteenth Street and Second Avenue? A.—Never heard of it.

Q.—Never in your life? A.—Never in my life, but I can help you out on that.

"Never mind that," said Mr. Manton hurriedly, and asked the court to instruct the witness to answer questions directly, which was done.

Mr. Manton—Were you once known as a pinboy in Max Hushkin's? A.—I don't know the place.

Q.—Did you ever act as a steerer in Bridgie Webber's opium joint in Chinatown? A.—Never.

Q.—Did he ever have such a place? A.—I don't know.

Q.—Did you ever work for Bridgie Webber? A.—Never.

Q.—Did you ever bring in girls there who were ruined? A.—Never.

Q.—How old are you? A.—Thirty-nine.

Q.—How old is Webber, do you know? A.—I don't know.

Q.—Where did you meet Webber—in New York? A.—In New York.

Q.—Did you see him frequently after your first acquaintance? A.—Yes.

Q.—Where did he live then? A.—On Suffolk Street.

Q.—And where did you live? A.—On Division Street.

Q.—How long did you live on Division Street? A.—Until I left for Connecticut.

Q.—When did you leave for Connecticut? A.—Oh, when I was about 17 or 18.

Forgot Wife's Maiden Name.

Rose was halted by one question. It referred to his wife by her maiden name, and he explained his hesitation later by saying that he hadn't heard it for so long he had almost forgotten it.

Mr. Manton—Did you know a woman known as Hattie Green? A.—Hattie Green? (After a pause)—Yes.

Q.—Why, she is your wife now, isn't she? A.—Yes.

Q.—Why did you hesitate? Didn't you know her? A.—I didn't at first remember her maiden name.

Q.—Didn't remember your wife's maiden name? A.—I wasn't thinking.

Q.—Where did you meet Hattie Green first? A.—In New York.

Q.—Didn't you meet her at Hushkin's place first? A.—No.

Q.—Didn't she make her headquarters at Hushkin's place? A.—No.

Q.—Did she live at the Delavan Hotel, Tom O'Rourke's hotel? A.—She did.

Q.—Did you meet her there? A.—After I married her we lived there.

Q.—That was Tom O'Rourke's hotel? A.—I was Tom O'Rourke's partner at the time I was living there.

Q.—Didn't you hold up Tom O'Rourke for $1,500 in blackmail at that hotel? A.—No.

His Trips to Chicago.

Mr. Manton turned from east side "joints" to the underworld of Chicago and showed that Rose was well acquainted in the Western city also. While on the subject of his life in Chicago Mr. Manton brought out a point which the defense regarded as most important, namely, that Rose should have admitted that he was in Chicago at the very time when, according to his direct testimony, he was conferring daily with Becker and Rosenthal, and when the raid on Rosenthal's place was made.

Here is some of the testimony:

Mr. Manton—Did you know Mike Pike of Chicago? A.—I knew of him.

Q.—Weren't you in Chicago for a while? A.—Yes.

Q.—Weren't you engaged in business with him? A.—No.

Q.—In competition with him? A.—No.

Q.—Mike Pike had a disorderly house there? A.—I don't know.

Q.—Didn't he cause you to leave Chicago and come to New York? A.—He did not.

Q.—How long did you stay in Chicago? A.—Made three trips there.

Q.—You had a lady there named Chicago Maggie, didn't you? A.—I did not. I only lived in one place, the Stratford Hotel.

Q.—Didn't you live in the Hartford Flats, or did she? A.—No.

Got His Dates Mixed.

Q.—You lived in Chicago in April, 1912? A.—About that time.

Q.—And that is the time you have been telling us about conversations and raids in New York? A.—No. If I testified to raids in New York I was in New York, and if—

Q.—You swore to this jury that you were in Chicago in April, 1912, didn't you? A.—I did not.

Q.—Didn't you just tell that to the jury, yes or no, didn't you? A.—I did.

Q.—Now, the Rosenthal raid was supposed to have occurred in April, 1912? A.—That is the record.

Q.—Is that your recollection? A.—In the Spring of 1912.

Q.—Hadn't you sworn it was in April, 1912, yesterday, before this jury? A.—Yes.

Q.—Don't you remember it this morning? A.—I do, very distinctly.

Q.—Why didn't you tell me that when I asked you? A.—Why, I don't know. I am trying to tell you the truth, and if you will give me a chance—

Denies Thefts in the West.

Mr. Manton interrupted Rose, and then returned to his line of questioning about the Chicago Mike Pike.

Mr. Manton—When did you first hear of Mike Pike of Chicago? A.—At the time I was in Chicago.

Q.—Do you know the business which Mike Pike is engaged in? A.—Yes.

Q.—What is it? A—Selling self-playing pianolas.

Q.—Didn't you steal a diamond ring and a watch in a stuss game? A.—No.

Q.—Did you play in a stuss game with Mike Pike in Chicago? A.—No.

Q.—Did you know Chicago Maggie when she left Chicago and came to live in New York? A.—Never heard of such a person.

Q.—You mean that now? A.—Yes.

Q.—Didn't you live with her in a flat between Seventh and Eighth Avenues on Thirty-ninth Street in New York? A.—I never heard of the person.

Q.—When did you say you lived in Connecticut? A.—When I was 17 or 18 years of age.

Q.—When did you come back to live in New York? A.—About seven or eight years ago.

Q.—Did you live in New York continuously since? A.—On and off.

Q.—You have been a gambler ever since? A.—On and off.

Q.—Have you done anything else but gamble? A.—Yes.

Q.—What did you do? A.—I was in the theatrical business.

Q.—Since the last trial? A.—Oh, no.

Q.—Before the last trial? A.—Yes.

Rose Brings in Becker's Name.

Mr. Manton next hurried Rose through the twenty years he had known Herman Rosenthal. Rose's acquaintance with Rosenthal began in an insignificant gambling house on East Broadway, where the two went into partnership for the first time. Their associations continued until finally they were partners together in the "high-toned" gambling house on West Forty-fifth Street, the bankroll for which is alleged to have been provided by Becker. He brought out Rose's connection with the old Hesper Club on Second Avenue. Rosenthal was his partner in that, too. Rose denied that Rosenthal had put him out of the club because of blackmailing winners.

"When did you go into business with Rosenthal the last time?" Mr. Manton asked.

"On Forty-fifth Street, when Lieut. Becker sent me to him," Rose answered quickly. It was the first mention of Becker's name in the day's proceedings.

Mr. Manton suggested a new line of the defense when he asked Rose whether he had not taken $300 from Al Levy, an east side gambler, immediately after the Rosenthal murder. Rose denied it. Manton persisted, asking if Levy had not got the money from Sam Paul, head of the Sam Paul Association, but Rose insisted he knew nothing about that $300.

A large part of the cross-examination was devoted to disclosing many apparently trivial discrepancies between Rose's testimony of Tuesday and his testimony at the first Becker trial. This was a tedious task, but Mr. Manton undoubtedly thought it important to get it on the record. First he picked up one book of testimony and read from it, and then he picked up another, and another. His questions at times were long and involved, but always ended with an inquiry as to why Rose had changed his testimony.

Tricked Into a Misstatement.

Rose never became confused. He parried with the lawyer, but was always most courteous, even when Mr. Manton thundered at him. Once he was tricked into saying he had testified at the first trial as to his fear of Jack Zelig.

"You remember testifying about that?" asked Mr. Manton suavely.

"I do," replied the witness, less alert in mind than usual.

"Don't you know the fact is that you did not say a word about it at the first trial?" shouted Mr. Manton, approaching close to the witness.

"Then I meant to," came the quick reply, and although Mr. Manton protested, Justice Seabury would not rule out the answer.

"Didn't you know, sir," persisted Mr. Manton, "that you did not say a word about that at the first trial."

"I thought I did," Rose replied.

Rose had sworn on Tuesday that he had called Becker on the telephone on one occasion and had told him he was much worried. Becker wanted to know what it was about. Rose said that he didn't want to talk about it over the telephone, but finally he did say over the telephone that Sam Paul had stopped him and told him about Zelig's imprisonment in the Tombs on the framed-up gun carrying charge.

"Charlie," Rose had testified that he had said to Becker over the telephone, "Sam Paul told me that Officers White and Steinert of your Strong Arm Squad had framed Zelig up and that Zelig and his gang believe that I had something to do with it. You know what that means with fellows like Zelig. I am worried."

"Don't you know," shouted Mr. Manton, "that you put in this talk over the telephone to correct the fault pointed out in the Court of Appeals decision?"

Mr. Whitman objected and Justice Seabury sustained the objection. Disregarding the objections, Mr. Manton continued:

"Did you put the caution in that conversation because the Court of Appeals referred to these various telephone conversations of murder over the telephone as unlikely to be true?"

Can't Refer to Decision on Appeal.

Mr. Whitman repeated his objection, and Justice Seabury then made the important ruling of the day by instructing both sides not to make any reference to the Court of Appeals decision in the Becker case. Technically, he ruled, the defendant stands at the bar as a man who is being tried for the first time. Technically the jury must disregard the fact that he was tried once before, convicted, and then granted a new trial.

Just before the end of the morning session Mr. Manton got on the record the fact that Rose swore in 1912 that he drove to 124th Street and Seventh Avenue to meet Becker at the now famous "Harlem murder conference." On Tuesday Rose testified that he drove to 123d Street and Seventh Avenue, a block below, and that he went up with Vallon. On Tuesday, moreover, he named the chauffeur who took him up. It was Harry Cohen, also known as Moe Levy. Rose did not mention him at the first trial.

Moe Levy (or Cohen) will be a witness at the present trial. Mr. Whitman hopes to establish through him many details about the Harlem conference. Mr. Manton thought it was significant that Rose should have mentioned Cohen on Tuesday. He brought out that Rose had seen Cohen in the District Attorney's office three weeks ago, but Rose denied that he had conferred with Cohen there or elsewhere.

Mr. Manton pushed the witness hard on the "Harlem murder conference." It was in this connection that the apparent contradiction as to whether he gave money to Becker or whether Becker gave money to him came in. In this connection Rose also brought out the name of James Marshall, the colored boy, who will be another of the State's new witnesses.

His Literary Efforts Plague Him.

When Mr. Manton proceeded to pick to pieces Rose's stories of crime, as printed in a New York Sunday paper shortly after Becker's conviction at the first trial, Rose got into deeper water than at any other time during the day. His name was signed to the newspaper stories, and until yesterday he seemed eager to stand for everything that appeared in them. He had told at length in these articles of his association with the east side gangsters, and boasted of his influence with fifty of them, any one of whom, he had written, would do his bidding without pay. He mentioned "Spanish Louie" among others, and said he was the best shot in New York.

All of Mr. Manton's questions, of course, bore on the central theme that Rose knew the east side gangsters intimately; that it was Rose who hired the gangsters to do his bidding, and that it didn't require a Becker to engineer the plot.

Rose, when pressed, refused to stand by all that was written in the newspapers over his name. He said that his stories had been changed and that he was not responsible for them. Anyway, he said, he had written from heresay and not from direct knowledge.

Here is some of the testimony bearing on Rose's "literary efforts":

Mr. Manton—Did you write this: "While I was in the gambling business I knew hundreds of gamblers who at a word from me would have done my bidding, with or without pay, say, for a reasonable amount to make sure of their getaway or to pay expenses when they were trailing a victim"? A.—Yes.

Q.—Is it true? A.—No.

Q.—It is a lie? A.—Yes.

Q.—This was written after you had claimed to be reformed? A.—Yes.

Q.—Did you write this: "If one of the frequenters of my place wanted something of this sort done, he didn't have to go into particulars with him. He knew as well as I did which of the men in my place would best help him out, and he went direct to him. If he had any doubt, a question here or there judiciously put would set him on the right track." Did you write that? A.—Yes.

Q.—Is that a lie? A.—No.

Q.—Then you were engaged in employing gunmen to kill others? A.—No, it doesn't say that.

Q.—Didn't you have men that you knew who would do these kind of jobs and who didn't go into particulars with you? A.—Yes, that is it; didn't need to go into particulars with me. They were in the place—

Q., (interposing.)—Answer my question, Did you have gunmen in your employ who would do the killing at your bidding? A.—Not at my bidding.

Q.—Well, at your request for the purposes of somebody else? A.—Not at my request.

Q.—Did you write this: "When I was in the gambling business I knew hundreds of gangsters who at a word from me would have done my bidding, with or without pay, save for a reasonable amount to make sure of their getaway or to pay expenses when they were trailing the victim." Did you write that? A.—Yes.

When Mr. Manton inadvertently referred to incidents in Rose's writings which were not really in the writings Rose did not hesitate to check him up quickly. He was always at attention. The stenographer was never compelled to read questions over to him. Only once did Rose pause for an answer, and then the incident threw the courtroom into laughter. That was when he hesitated because he had for the moment forgotten his wife's maiden name.

Toward the end of the cross-examination Mr. Manton referred to the West Side Prison conferences between Vallon, Rose, Webber, and Schepps just before Becker's first trial. It was here, the defense alleges, that Rose's elaborate frame-up of Becker was concocted and rehearsed. Mr. Manton got little satisfaction from Rose as to this alleged concoction. Rose admitted that the informers did talk together, but he denied that they had rehearsed their stories, or that they had been coached by representatives of the District Attorney. He denied having said to his attorney, James M. Sullivan:

"Whitman wants Becker. I will deliver anybody Whitman wants."

CONFEREES' NIGHT SESSION.

Busily at Work Trying to Compromise Legislature's Differences.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 13.—With Speaker Sweet and Majority Leader Hinman still vigorously opposing recognition of the Department of Efficiency and Economy and the Fire Marshal's office, the Conference Committee of the Legislature was busily at work to-night in an effort to arrange a compromise. There is every likelihood that the extra session will drag over into next week. Messrs. Hinman and Sweet have granted permission to a great number of the Republican Assemblymen to return to their homes, and the prospect of getting them back for a wind-up session on Friday or Saturday is looked upon as dubious. The prediction at the Capitol this evening was that final adjournment would come next Tuesday or Wednesday.

The Conference Committee began its work with the bill which appropriates $1,775,000 for construction work at the State institutions. An agreement was reached on all except two items, which were held in abeyance.

It was said to-night that $25,000 probably would be inserted in the Supply bill to pay W. T. Jerome for his work as Special Deputy Attorney General in the Thaw case. The Republican leaders have turned a deaf ear to Mr. Jerome's application for $46,000 to pay him in full, and the compromise talk to-night is said to be due to representations made by Attorney General Carmody and backed by the Democratic leaders of the Senate.

The appropriation in the Supply bill for $18,000 for members of Sulzer's "kitchen Cabinet," $6,700 of which the ex-Governor says he spent personally in preparing for the impeachment trial, $10,000 of the remainder being for services rendered to Mr. Sulzer by the Burns Detective Agency, it was said to-night would be opposed by all the Democratic members and some of the Republicans on the Conference Committee and probably eliminated.

The Senate and Assembly, after brief sessions to-day, adjourned until to-morrow.

Ninth Death from Ship Explosion.

NORFOLK, Va., May 13.—Assistant Engineer H. B. Smith died to-day of injuries received in the explosion in the engine room of the Old Dominion steamer Jefferson off Cape Henry Monday night. His was the ninth death as a result of the explosion. Chief Engineer Portlock is in a critical condition.

M'REYNOLDS IN ROW TURNS BACK ON FOLK

Angered by New Haven Inquiry, Practically Orders Him and McChord Out of His Office.

INTERSTATE BOARD DEFIANT

Resenting Treatment of Counsel and Commissioner, Decides to Hear Mellen and Directors.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Charles C. McChord, a member of the Interstate Commerce Commission, and Joseph W. Folk, ex-Governor of Missouri and the commission's general counsel, were practically ordered out of the office of Attorney General McReynolds to-day by Mr. McReynolds himself. This incident was the culmination of the Attorney General's opposition to Mr. Folk's intention to call Charles S. Mellen, ex-President of the New Haven Railroad system, and other former and present Directors of the New Haven to give testimony under oath in the investigation into the New Haven's financial operations which the commission is conducting by direction of the Senate.

Mr. McReynolds was of the opinion that if Mr. Mellen and his former associates testified in the commission's inquiry they would receive immunity from criminal prosecution, which the Department of Justice may undertake against them. After their exit from the Attorney General's office Commissioner McChord and General Counsel Folk took their troubles to the commission, which unanimously sustained their position. As a result the investigation into the New Haven's financial operations will be resumed to-morrow, when Mr. Mellen, who is here, will be placed on the stand, according to Mr. Folk's present intentions. Other past and present Directors of the New Haven who were summoned for appearance to-morrow will not be wanted until next week.

Attorney McReynolds has made a full explanation of his position to President Wilson, and it is reported to-night that the President is considering the advisability of suggesting to the Senate that the resolution under which the commission is acting be withdrawn. In view of the fact that Mr. Mellen will go on the stand to-morrow, however, any such action will be too late to be effective in his case, and for that reason, and because the Attorney General has indicated in a formal statement that he will leave the matter to the commission to do as it pleases, the report is questioned.

It was also rumored to-night that further conferences probably would be held to-morrow with a view of having the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee pass upon the question of whether Mr. Mellen and the New Haven Directors should be placed on the stand. No definite statement was made, but it was indicated that Chief Counsel Folk might change his plans if the Attorney General would say that he contemplated criminal prosecutions against any of the witnesses subpoenaed by the commission.

Commission's Official Statement.

The only official statement made by the commission to-day was as follows:

"The hearing in the New Haven investigation will be resumed in the morning without any change in our original plans. This is unanimously concurred in by the commission."

This statement was made by Commissioner McChord.

When Mr. McChord and Mr. Folk went to the Attorney General's office to-day they were accompanied by Senator John W. Kern of Indiana, Democratic floor leader of the upper house, and Senator George W. Norris of Nebraska, Republican, who had introduced the resolution for an inquiry into the New Haven's affairs which the Interstate Commerce Commission is now conducting. This afternoon Mr. Folk was asked, in the presence of Senator Norris, why he had left the Attorney General's office almost immediately after arriving there.

"I won't answer," said Mr. Folk.

Turning to Mr. Folk, Senator Norris received the latter's permission to speak and answered the question in this way:

"He went out because the Attorney General practically requested him to do so."

Senator Norris admitted that this statement applied to Commissioner McChord also. Later Mr. Folk said, with reference to Attorney General McReynolds:

"His conduct was such that we did not care to remain or have anything to say to him."

To-day's session of the Interstate Commerce Commission lasted a few minutes only. Carl Gartner, an examiner of the commission, who was the sole representative of that body on the bench, announced that, with the exception of Mr. Mellen, all witnesses in the New Haven investigation would be excused until Monday. Service has been obtained on Lewis Cass Ledyard, George F. Baker, William Rockefeller, George MacCullough Miller, Samuel C. Morehouse, Charles F. Brooker, Edwin Millner, and Edward D. Robbins. Certificates were presented from physicians that Mr. Rockefeller was too ill to testify, and that Mr. Miller, who is 82 years old, was also ill, and his appearance as a witness in Washington might be fatal to him.

In a letter written to the commission yesterday, Attorney General McReynolds acknowledged that it was entirely within the commission's province to determine whether it should call Mr. Mellen and other New Haven men, but it was apparent from what he said that he did not regard it as wise to place them on the stand under oath on account of the danger that they would thus obtain immunity from any contemplated prosecution by the Department of Justice.

The Attorney General's Letter.

The letter was as follows:

May 12, 1914.

Interstate Commerce Commission, Washington, D. C.:

Gentlemen: On April 9 I wrote you as follows:

"I am advised that you have issued subpoenas for Messrs. Charles S. Mellen, E. D. Robbins, and perhaps others at some time connected with the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company. I assume that you have in mind the possibility of examining them concerning the affairs of that railroad. In view of these facts, it seems not inappropriate to suggest that you consider very carefully the effect of such an examination upon any criminal prosecution which the Government may desire hereafter to institute."

Two or three days ago I noticed in the public press that you summoned Messrs. Charles S. Mellen, William Rockefeller, George MacCulloch Miller, Charles F. Brooker, Edwin Millner, Lewis Cass Ledyard, George F. Baker, and Edward D. Robbins to testify before you concerning matters relating to the affairs of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company.

Being temporarily out of the city, I asked my assistants to call your attention to the possible unfortunate effects of an examination of these witnesses at this time. Returning to my office this morning, I am informed by them that they acted upon my instructions, and advised with you fully upon the subject.

Of course, I have no desire to interfere with or to urge any objection to the course you may deliberately decide upon, but it seems my duty to the Government again to suggest that you carefully consider, along with other factors, the effects which an examination at this time of the persons named above may have. Faithfully yours,

J. C. McREYNOLDS, Attorney General.

When Senators Kern and Norris, Commissioner McChord, and General Counsel Folk arrived at the Attorney General's office to-day to consider the objection raised to the appearance of these witnesses, Mr. McReynolds read to them his letter of yesterday and explained that he was content with whatever the commission would do in the matter.

Mr. McReynolds, however, did not conceal his anger over the position that had been taken by Commissioner McChord and Mr. Folk. He is understood to have said in effect that he did not care to have anything to say to "these gentlemen"—indicating Mr. McChord and Mr. Folk—but he would be glad to confer with Senator Kern and Senator Norris. It was this remark which is understood to have offended the two representatives of the Interstate Commerce Commission and caused them to leave the Attorney General's office. Mr. Folk showed considerable agitation when he went away.

Afterwards Mr. Folk declared that it was his present intention to put Mr. Mellen on the witness stand to-morrow. He then made the following statement:

Question of Suppression of Truth.

"It is not a question of immunity, but of whether the truth shall be suppressed. Mellen, as a witness, telling the truth would be a thousand times more valuable to the public than Mellen could possibly be as a defendant.

"The situation is now as it has been from the beginning. It is insisted that all witnesses having knowledge of the matters under investigation be placed on the stand, and they will be questioned without limitation as to the questions to be asked. The whole truth will be brought out if it is possible to do so, no matter whom it hits.

"The great question before the American people to-day is to secure honesty in the management of the railroad systems of the country. The revelations already brought to light in this investigation, and the further disclosures that Mr. Mellen and other witnesses can make, should be of immense value, and result in legislation that will cause it to be just as grave a crime to plunder the public through a corporation as it is now personally to rob an individual.

"Events are moving rapidly. We can not say at this moment what may happen a few hours or a day hence."

Attorney General McReynolds made a guarded statement which contained the text of his letter of yesterday to the commission. This letter, taken in connection with the statement, indicated that Mr. McReynolds had modified his opposition to having Mr. Mellen and the others called as witnesses.

In beginning his statement, the Attorney General announced that Senator Kern, Senator Norris, Commissioner McChord, and Mr. Folk had called to see him by appointment, and that he had read the letter to them. The statement concluded:

"He [the Attorney General] then stated that this letter expressed fully and clearly the position in reference to the examination of the witnesses in question which he had always maintained. Further, he said that the whole matter was within the control of the commission under a resolution of the Senate and that he was entirely content that it should determine and pursue whatever course it thought would best subserve the public interest."

$300,000 FILM FIRE IN COLONIAL HALL

Flames in Universal Company's Studio at 101st Street and Columbus Avenue.

5,000 WATCH SPECTACLE

Patrolman and Three Men He Arouses Felled by Explosion—Dog Fight a Feature.

A fire which started in the studios of the Universal Film Company on the fourth floor of Colonial Hall, a six-story loft building at Columbus Avenue and 101st Street at 11 o'clock last night destroyed thousands of feet of valuable film and threatened to destroy the structure.

The damage to the building was estimated at $20,000, but Julius Stern, General Manager of the film company, after he had made an inspection with Carl Laemmle, its President, said the films destroyed represented a loss of at least $300,000.

The original of the film entitled "Traffic in Souls" was burned. Reproductions of it are owned by the company. Two other valuable films were damaged but not destroyed. They were called "Neptune's Daughter" and "Lucille Love."

Patrolman Gus Scheurenbraun of the West 100th Street Police Station saw the flames and great volumes of dense black smoke coming from the windows. He ran to the fourth floor and shouted a warning to a dozen men who were at work for the Universal Company. There was a loud explosion, and the patrolman and three of the workmen were thrown to the floor. They escaped serious injury. Fireman Leahy of Hook and Ladder Company 22 was cut severely on the hands by broken glass.

Because of the clouds of smoke the fire was difficult to fight and three alarms were sent in. Chief Kenlon took charge and after forty minutes' work had the blaze under control. It was confined to the fourth floor, but other establishments were badly damaged by water. Buffs responded to the third alarm and helped the firemen. Among them were Robert S. Mainzer, Joseph J. O'Reilly, Col. N. B. Thurston, and Albert Cross. Defective insulation of an electric wire was supposed to have started the fire.

A crowd of 5,000 persons was attracted by the flames and while the elevated railway line was kept open, traffic on the surface lines was held up for nearly an hour. The police ordered the tenants of the apartment house at 104 West 101st Street to leave that building, and the order caused much excitement. Among the tenants were Henry Charles and Patrick Redding, and they dashed out of the building, Charles followed by a fox terrier and Redding by a bulldog. The dogs got into a fight, and in attempting to separate them Charles was bitten on the left leg. He was attended by Dr. Archer, surgeon of the Fire Department.

The stores on the first floor of the building fronting on Columbus Avenue were occupied by A. May & Co., dealers in shoes; F. W. Woolworth, and the Great Atlantic and Pacific Tea Company. The water poured into these stores but no estimate of the damage done was given. The second floor was occupied by the Ramo Film Company, and it was believed considerable damage was done to films stored there. Heinfand and Abell, manufacturers of muslin underwear, occupied the third floor, and the Dusal Chemical Company, the fifth. H. A. Carey, manager of the latter company, said that $25,000 worth of chemicals were in the rooms. The sixth floor was used as a dancing hall.

TESTS JUDGES' ELECTION.

Taxpayer Challenges Choice of Four on City Court Bench.

A suit to test the legality of the election of four City Court Judges—Messrs. Green, Delehanty, Lynch, and La Fetra—has been begun in the Supreme Court by John Trounstine, a taxpayer. Mr. Trounstine has made a motion for a writ of mandamus to prevent the custodians of the primary records and Chief Clerk Scully from certifying to a vacancy in the office of City Court Judge Joseph I. Green.

All of the four Judges were elected in even-numbered years. This would mean that their terms would expire and their successors be elected in even-numbered years despite the fact that the State Constitution, Mr. Trounstine said, provided for the election of city officers, including judicial officers of inferior local courts, in odd-numbered years only.

The test suit, it is understood, will be carried to the Appellate Division and to the Court of Appeals.

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READING and
BALTIMORE & OHIO RR'S.

Sundays, May 17, May 31, June 14.

Leave W. 23d St., 11:50 P. M.; Liberty St., 12:01 Midnight Saturdays. Returning leave Washington 4 P. M.

Tickets on sale one week prior to excursion at Liberty St., W. 23d St. and Jersey City Terminals, 245, 379, 1276, 1440, 2081 Broadway, 7 Cortlandt St., N. Y., 4 and 24 Court St., Brooklyn. Sale limited for each date.

For Girls who have Parents to bring up

and for parents who are looking for sons-in-law—and for all who enjoy love and laughter—there is a new book, called "The Marryers," by Irving Bacheller. There is Socrates Potter in it, and a young couple, and the path they follow is in clear air above the slime and the dust. "It's a ticklesome kind of book," says one reader, and another found that "a journey of about a thousand laughs will land one at the climax of the story a wiser and a better American." This new book is called "The Marryers."

TO-DAY

At Any Book-store

Harper & Brothers, N. Y.

Motormen, Conductors:

YOUR shoes must be specially made. A special shoe, and the best shoe, is the "Inspector." It has the stuff to wear in it, and is the easiest on the feet.

Made by Rice & Hutchins of Educator Shoe fame—the originators of comfort shoes for men, women and children.

The "Inspector" is not expensive—$4.50. Its longer wear means less expense in the long run.

R. & H. Shoes for men, women and children: Educators, All Americas, Signets, Mayfairs.

SIGNET SHOE CO

Bronx Store: 3d Ave. & 149th Street
Harlem: 112 West 125th St.
Brooklyn: 557 Fulton St.

The best "bad" man in fiction.

North of Fifty-Three

By BERTRAND W. SINCLAIR

"Roaring Bill" Wagstaff, the hero, was a bad man from Bitter Creek—"the higher you go the tougher they are, and he was from the head-waters"—who practically kidnapped Hazel Weir, a conventional city girl, and led her to his cabin in the unpeopled Northwest—north of parallel 53.

Third Printing $1.30 net

Little, Brown & Co., Publishers, Boston

(RUBINAT) LLORACH

Look for the Yellow Label

Natural Aperient Water From Spain

Approved by Academy of Medicine, Paris.

Indispensable for all who lead a sedentary life.

Small quantity suffices. Wineglassful only.

ASK YOUR PHYSICIAN

Sold by all Druggists.

LUYTIES BROS., N. Y.
Sole Agents, U. S. & Canada.

A quick, palatable sustaining lunch—
Grape-Nuts
and Cream

DAILY CABLE DISPATCHES TO THE TIMES

DECLARES WOMEN BEST NEWS FEATURE

Dr. Shaw Says Papers Devote More Space to Suffrage Than to Any Other Question.

GIVES ADDRESS AT ROME

Distinguished Audience Hears American Suffragist—International Council Resolution.

ROME, May 13.—The Rev. Dr. Anna Howard Shaw of New York to-day delivered a striking address on woman suffrage at the fourth public meeting under the auspices of the International Council of Women. A distinguished audience was present.

Dr. Shaw said the first duty of patriotic women was to bring the practical life of Governments into harmony with the fundamental principle of justice, which demanded that the laws governing the people give equal privileges and equal opportunities to all regardless of sex.

During the past five years, she said, women's suffrage had grown from an academic to a practical question, and all political parties had realized that it was one with which Governments must speedily deal. She declared that the growth of the suffrage movement had been proved in several ways. These were:

First—The changed attitude of the people, in that woman suffrage had become the most frequent subject of conversation everywhere, while the press gave more space to it in its news and editorial columns than to any other political or moral reform.

Second—Political parties reflecting the popular mind vied with each other in seeking the support of women by inserting woman suffrage planks in their programmes, as they knew that no party could be successful when women organized against it.

Third—During the past two years the subject of woman suffrage had been before every Parliament in every nation except Turkey, while in the United States it had been one of the most important questions of debate, and for the first time in American history favorable reports had been made by both the Senate and House committees, and it had become a national question.

Fourth—More nations and States had granted the vote to women during the past five years than in any previous five years in history.

Dr. Shaw concluded amid applause. After her address a resolution was passed by the meeting in the following words:

"Realizing the rapidly changing character of the problems that must now be considered by Governments, and seeing that these problems increasingly affect the moral, educational, and industrial life of the people, women recognize their responsibility in the national life, and the International Council of Women therefore reaffirms its earnest belief that the right to vote at Parliamentary and local elections should be given to women in all countries where representative government exists."

DR. SHAW INTERESTS ROME.

Obtains a Triumph by Her Address to the Council of Women

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, May 13.—The Rev. Dr. Anna Shaw is attracting a great deal of interest among Italians, especially Romans, for several qualities which seem strange to the average inhabitant of the Eternal City, especially the circumstance that she is an ordained minister.

Dr. Shaw will preach next Sunday at the Methodist Church here. Her eloquence attracts large audiences whenever she speaks, and she obtained a triumph to-day by her address on woman suffrage to the International Council of Women.

AUSTRIA TO EXHIBIT.

But Only $125,000 Granted for Representation at San Francisco.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, May 14.—A telegram to The Times from Vienna says it is stated that the Austrian Governmen has decided, after considerable hesitation, to take part officially in the Panama-Pacific Exhibition.

The subsidy will not, however, exceed $125,000, and the erection of a national pavilion is not intended.

Sorbonne Gives Degree to Woman.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 13.—Mlle. Jeanne Duportal has gained the degree of Doctor of Literature at the Sarbonne here, being the first woman to do so. She to-day delivered a thesis on the history of art before a jury, creating a deep impression.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

BERLIN, May 13.—Ambassador Gerard on behalf of the American Geographical Society to-day presented to Prof. Albrecht Penck, Director of the Geographical Institute here, the Society's Daly Medal in recognition of his distinguished services in the promotion of geographical science.

ROME, May 13.—Cardinal O'Connell, Archbishop of Boston, who arrived here last night, was received in audience by the Pope to-day.

PREPARING CANAL SERVICE.

Royal Mail and Pacific Steam Navigation Companies' Deal.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 13.—One of the first public signs that British steamship companies are preparing for the altered conditions which will follow the opening of the Panama Canal was made by an announcement by Sir Owen Philipps at a meeting of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company to-day.

He said steamers of the company had been running to Colon, on the Atlantic side of the Isthmus, for nearly three-quarters of a century, while vessels of the Pacific Steam Navigation Company had kept up a service with Panama, on the Pacific side. When the canal was opened the companies would rearrange joint services to meet the altered conditions, and the first actual step had already been taken.

The steamship Orcoma, which would sail from Liverpool to-morrow, said Sir Owen, would be the first Royal Mail steamer to go direct from England to Panama.

OTTO MAGNUS DIES ABROAD.

New Yorker Collapses While Writing a Cablegram at Liverpool.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 13.—A painful sensation was caused on the Liverpool Cotton Exchange shortly after noon to-day by the sudden death of Otto Magnus, a New York cotton operator, who was paying a visit to the Exchange. He collapsed while writing a cablegram and was dead before a doctor arrived.

Subsequently, at a meeting of the Cotton Association Committee, it was decided to close the Exchange between the hours of 1 and 2 out of respect to Mr. Magnus, and a cablegram was dispatched to the New York Cotton Exchange informing it of his death.

Otto Magnus was 64 years old and was a member of the New York Cotton Exchange 1882 to 1902. He was born in Brooklyn and was educated in the German schools. He began his career in the cotton business as an office boy, with Bierweth and Rocholl of this city. In 1887 he went to St. Louis and, after being in business for himself for a time, he formed a partnership with John R. Calendar of Liverpool, who represented the firm in England. Mr. Magnus returned to New York in 1882.

Mr. Magnus was a member of the New York Yacht Club, the New York Club, and the Long Island Fishing Club.

FOULC LIBRARY SOLD BY MORGAN

Continued from Page 1.

century. This is the greatest number of pieces—they amount in all to 1,276—of the master ever brought together, and some of them are unique. They are divided into 52 lots. In the first are shown, among other designs, the façade of the famous Chartreuse de Paire, called the Little Chartreuse; façades of houses in the style of Francis I, the French monarch who built the Louvre and brought Leonardo da Vinci to France; monumental gateways and doorways, &c. In other lots are designs for chimney pieces, tables, and bedsteads in the style of Francis I, and Henry II, and designs for smaller decorative objects such as picture frames and lamps, panels, and even vases, and baptismal fonts.

Another treasure is the only copy known to be in existence of Pierre Woeiriot's "Libro d'Anella Dorefici de l'inventione di Piero Woerioto di Oreno" (Lyons, 1561), a precious work on gold ornamentation. The title is stamped in a medallion vignette representing two satyrs, and contains the autograph of the artist. It is printed in Italian, and its plates reveal some of the most beautiful representations of the goldsmith's art of the age. The binding is in the style of Clovis Eve.

Possibly the most celebrated set of its kind of the eighteenth century is to be found in one which leads some works by Watteau. This consists of four folio volumes of an edition consisting of only 100 copies, printed in 1740 at the expense of the Marquis de Julienne. Only thirty copies are known to have survived. The Foule copy is the only one which ever crossed the ocean. The last copy to be placed on sale was that of the Mongormont collection. It brought $9,000.

One of the fullest departments of drawings and paintings consisting of 110 lots is "The Little Masters of the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Centuries." Here are assembled some 1,147 plates, many of them proofs of the first order by French, German, Dutch, and Italian artists, who although rarely heard of to-day, were among the most distinguished of their time although their productivity was not large—Frenchmen like Carteron, Christollien, Gandin, and Hedouyns; the Germans, Aldegrever and Renbage; the Dutchmen Bein and Collaert; and the Italian, Costanctinus.

Aside from the volumes and portfolios dealing with architectural ornamentation and furnishings there are several rare books in the collection, which, although interesting in text and valuable in binding, are chiefly important for their wood engravings. There is a St. Bonaventure devotional book (Venice, 1847.) depicting "The Raising of Lazarus," "The Entrance into Jerusalem," "The Arrest of Jesus," "Christ Before Pilate," &c.

A large assortment of anonymous plates is also included in the collection. These plates reveal nearly everything covered by the others in the way of ornamental objects, and also designs for arms and armor.

ROOSEVELT STICKS TO HIS DISCOVERY

He Says Sir Clements Markham Has Unconsciously Paid Him a Tribute.

KNOWS ABOUT THE MAPS

Says the Mountains Shown on Them Are Mostly Imaginary—River That He Descended Not Mapped.

BRIDGETOWN, Barbados, May 13.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt to-day replied to the criticism by Sir Clements Markham, ex-President of the Royal Geographical Society of England, of his discovery of an unknown river in Brazil, by saying that the British geographer had unconsciously paid the greatest possible tribute to what he had done.

Col. Roosevelt declared that the best existing maps were utterly wrong in regard to all that part of South America, and said that they made mistakes as to the courses of the Gyparana and Juruena affluents.

The mountains given on the maps were, according to the Colonel, mostly imaginary. His party embarked at a point indicated on the maps as a mountain.

The lower part of the river he had explored, said the Colonel, had long been known to rubber gatherers under the name of the Arponan, and the upper part as the Castanho, but it had not been mapped, while the existence of the river he had descended was not hinted at in Bartholomew's map.

TALK OF UPRISING IN CUBA.

Negroes Said to be Planning Revolt on May 20—Precautions Taken.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, May 13.—Secretary of Government Hevia, replying to inquiries in regard to rumors that another negro uprising had been planned for May 20, said he had heard the same reports, and while not attaching much importance to them, the Government had taken every precaution against any surprise.

He knows the negroes have been meeting secretly in Matanzas, Oriente and Santa Clara provinces, but believes their movements to be purely politcal. They feel they are not sufficiently represented in the Government.

"GRUMPY" IN LONDON.

Seen for the First Time There and Is Enthusiastically Received.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 13.—"Grumpy" was produced for the first time in London to-night at the New Theatre. The critics regard the play as an adroit piece of stagecraft, offering to Cyril Maude as Grumpy an opportunity of giving an admirable character study.

The play had an enthusiastic reception, as enthusiastic in the opinion of many, as New York gave it.

In a little speech after the curtain fell, Mr. Maude spoke gratefully of the "wonderful kindness" shown to him and his company in New York, a statement which evoked enthusiastic applause.

He is said to have made the biggest deal with the ticket agents since "The Little Minister."

HIGH PRICES FOR CHINA.

Chelsea Vase and Cover Brings $2,045 at a Sale at Christie's.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 13.—Porcelain and decorative furniture, the property of an unnamed nobleman, and old English and other furniture from various sources were sold at Christie's to-day.

A Chelsea vase and cover, one side finely painted with Cupid and Psyche on a large panel enclosed by gilt flowers, brought $2,045.

A pair of Chelsea vases with compressed uniform bodies and spirally fluted necks, and painted oval panels, sold for $1,785.

A pair of large Nanking uniform vases, decorated with flowers and foliage, went for $1,000.

A pair of figures of green Kylins on rockwood plinths, mounted on Ormolu candelabra of Louis XV. design, with branches for five lights each, realized $890.

TWO ENGLISH SHIPS SUNK.

17 Men Drowned—Captain Rescued After Being in Water for Hours.

LONDON, May 13.—The steam collier Turret Hill has sunk, owing to the shifting of her cargo, off Southwold, in the North Sea.

The chief engineer, who was picked up by a passing steamer, said that the vessel turned turtle, heeling over so rapidly that there was no chance to launch the boats.

The Captain of the Turret Hill was picked up by another steamer after he had clung for several hours to a life buoy. The rest of the crew, numbering twelve, are believed to have been drowned.

A steam pilot cutter was sunk to-day by a steamer in the Bristol Channel. Five men were drowned and sixteen were saved.

ROBBERY IN BUILDING WHERE MAYOR LIVES

While Detectives Guard Mr. Mitchel, Thieves Work at the Peter Stuyvesant.

GET JEWELS WORTH $1,000

Mrs. H. H. Zellner Discovers Loss After Showing Home to Men Posing as Apartment Seekers.

By the arrest last night of Wesley Essex, an embalmer, of 308 West 113th Street, when he attempted to pawn a diamond clasp in a shop at 801 Columbus Avenue, it became known that thieves entered the Peter Stuyvesant apartments at Ninety-eighth Street and Riverside Drive and, despite the presence of detectives stationed there to guard the home of Mayor Mitchel, stole jewels worth $1,000 from the apartment of H. H. Zellner on the twelfth floor. The jewelry was recovered by Detectives Donnelly and Quinn of the West 100th Street Station.

Mrs. Zellner advertised in the newspapers on Monday that she wanted to sublet the apartment for four months. At 3:30 o'clock on Tuesday afternoon two young men appeared as applicants. They gave their names as George Evans and E. White. "Evans" said he was in the mercantile business at 300 Broadway. They were well dressed and after a brief conversation Mrs. Zellner consented to show them the apartment.

Mrs. Zellner had been standing by the front window with "White" for several minutes, talking about the excellent view of the Hudson, when she noticed that Evans had left the room.

"He's looking around," said White.

"White" then saw that Mrs. Zellner was becoming suspicious and called to his companion. Evans stepped from her bedroom and made a remark about being "perfectly satisfied with everything."

"Yes, and the place is perfectly safe," said Mrs. Zellner with a smile. "They have had a lot of detectives guarding the apartment of Mayor Mitchel, a few flights below us, ever since an attempt was made to kill him."

Afterward Mrs. Zellner recalled that the men acted a bit queerly when she made the remark. The men hurried away a few minutes later, saying that they would return at 8 o'clock to close the bargain.

When Mr. Zellner returned an hour later Mrs. Zellner told him about the men and he at once became suspicious. An inventory of Mrs. Zellner's jewelry disclosed that a necklace of twenty-one pearls with a diamond clasp, a pearl breastpin, and a pin set with twenty-two pearls, all valued at $1,000, were missing. The thieves overlooked other jewelry worth about $2,000 and money kept in another drawer of the bureau.

The only clue the detectives found was a finger print left by one of the thieves on the glass top of a table in the parlor. An effort had been made to rub it out with cigarette ashes. Mrs. Zellner supplied a minute description of the men.

On making a round of the pawnshops in that part of the city Detectives Donnelly and Quinn learned that one of the thieves had gone to the shop at 801 Columbus Avenue, immediately after the robbery, and pawned the necklace and one of the pins. The pawnbroker also looked at the diamond clasp, and told the man to return at 8 o'clock last night and he would place a valuation on it. At 8 the man known as White entered the shop. He was identified by Mrs. Zellner. At the police station he said he was Wesley Essex, but he would not give the name and address of his companion. A charge of grand larceny was made against Essex. He will be arraigned in the West Side Court to-day.

INCOMES TWICE TAXED.

Americans in Paris Meet to Discuss the New French Law.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 13.—The American Chamber of Commerce in Paris to-night considered the grave situation caused by the new French income tax, which strikes incomes of foreign origin, taxing them 5 per cent.

Views were strongly expressed against the hardship of being twice taxed on the same income.

While it would not be difficult to evade income declarations, the speakers held that it would be better either to observe the law of the country or quit it.

DOMINGO BLOCKADES PORTS

Government Moves Against Two Held by the Revolutionists.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The Dominican Government has proclaimed a blockade of Puerta Plata and Monte Christi, two northern Dominican ports now held by the revolutionary forces, according to a report received at the Navy Department to-day from the commanding officer of the gunboat Wheeling, who also said that the Government forces had taken Valverde.

Commander Biefer of the Wheeling added that slight disturbances were reported from various interior places, but that in each instance the revolutionists had been routed by Government forces. He added that the Dominican gunboat Independencia would sail immediately for Puerto Plata with additional troops.

Daughter Born to Edwin Mende.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 13.—Mrs. Edwin Mende, daughter of Gen. Horace Porter, ex-United States Ambassador in Paris, gave birth to a daughter to-day.

IS YOUR MORTGAGE DUE? CONSULT US

LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO
RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital & Surplus $8,750,000
59 Liberty Street, Manhattan
184 Montague Street, Brooklyn

TO TEST "FLYING TRAIN."

Railway Directors May Give Permission for Experimental Line.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 13.—Engineers of the Great Central Railway who inspected M. Bachelet's "flying train" suggested the construction of an experimental line from London to Harrow. M. Bachelet has accordingly applied to the Directors of the company for permission to construct an experimental railway at the side of their line.

The matter is being considered by the board.

SIX MONTHS FOR MILITANT.

Woman Who Slashed a Picture in the Royal Academy Sentenced.

LONDON, May 13.—Mary Ansell, the militant suffragette who yesterday at the Royal Academy exhibition slashed with a hatchet the portrait of the Duke of Wellington by the late Sir Hubert von Herkomer, R. A., was to-day sentenced at the London Sessions to six months' imprisonment.

FOUNDED 1856

BROKAW BROTHERS
MEN'S & BOYS' CLOTHING, HATS & FURNISHINGS

STRAW HATS
Are in Season

Our showing includes all the newest shapes in English and American blocks.

Sennits, Milans, Splits, Mackinaws, Reverse Braids, Bankoks, Leghorns, Panamas, and the new "Seiki Crusher," from the Isle of Guam.

These "Crushers" are made from an unbreakable and non-creasing native fibre simulating the Panama braid and are the last word in hat making.

We will replace without charge any "Crusher" showing a break in a season's wear.

Astor Place & Fourth Avenue
ONE BLOCK FROM BROADWAY — SUBWAY AT DOOR

Arnold. Constable & Co.

Special for To-Day

English and French Cretonnes

Exquisite New Designs, Introducing the Latest Ideas for Summer Furnishing.

31 inches wide, yard 25c 35c 50c
50 inches wide, yard 1.45 2.50 3.00

Summer Curtains

A special lot of Scrim and Net Curtains in a variety of the newest styles at the very special prices, per pair 1.25 1.45 1.95

Union Suits

For Women and Misses.

IMPORTED SWISS RIBBED UNION SUITS of fine soft Sea Island Cotton. Regularly $2.00 1.50

IMPORTED SWISS RIBBED UNION SUITS of fine Lisle Thread, tight or lace trimmed knee. Regularly $2.25 1.75

FINE RIBBED GAUZE UNION SUITS—Low neck and sleeveless; reinforced. Regularly 75c 45c

FINE RIBBED GAUZE UNION SUITS—Low neck, sleeveless, French band top. Regularly 60c 39c

Fashionable Girdles

CRUSHED SOFT SILK—Roman stripe; also the season's best plain colors. Regularly $2.25 1.75

Foreign Serges

Exceptionally Attractive Prices.

FRENCH SERGES—50 inches wide; fine imported, all wool grade; soft finish. Light, medium and midnight blues and black. Regularly $1.50 yard 95c

ENGLISH SERGE—54 inches wide; navy blue only; made in Bradford, England; specially adapted for tailored garments. Regularly $2.00 yard 1.15

CREAM SERGE—54 inches wide; 1,000 yards; unusual value. Fine quality, all wool; cream shade only. Regularly $2.00 yard 95c

Chiffon Broadcloth

BLACK ONLY, 54 inches wide, of fine Austrian make, sponged, shrunk and ready for use—the new chiffon-charmeuse finish. Regularly $2.50 yard 1.45

Washable Corduroy

An ideal fabric for Summer Suits, Coats or Separate Skirts, in narrow and medium size Cords—28 inches wide. Regularly 60c yard 45c
Regularly $1.10 yard 75c

Tailor Suitings

PLAIN AND FANCY SUITINGS of finest grades; stripes, checks and mixtures, latest spring colorings; 44 to 54 inches wide. Formerly $2.00 to $3.00 yard 95c & 1.35

Figured Challies

A limited quantity of fine all wool Challies in a variety of desirable floral patterns, suitable for kimonos, house gowns, &c. Formerly 50c and 65c yard 30c

Ribbons

MOIRE TAFFETA—6 inches wide, in a number of the most desirable colors; a very excellent quality. Value 35c yard 28c

UNDERWEAR RIBBONS—A superior grade washable Ribbon in pin dot pattern; pink, blue, white and lavender.

No. 1.	1½	2	3	5	piece of 10 yards.
18c	22c	35c	45c	60c	

Unmade Robes

FINE WHITE BRUSSELS NET, French hand embroidery and French Cotton Crepe. All are this season's smartest models; tunic effects. Value $45.00 24.50

FINE FRENCH MULL AND LINEN — a limited quantity, elaborately embroidered in appenzel work: also a number suitable for young girls' dresses in linen. Value $25.00 9.75

IRISH LINEN ROBES—Medium weight, beautifully hand-embroidered in effective designs. Value $18.50 11.50

Women's Glace Gloves

GLACE BIARRITZ—8 button length, white only. Value $1.50 pair 95c

GLACE P. K.—1 clasp, white and white with black stitching. Value $1.50 pair 95c

Chamois Lisle Gloves

For Women and Misses.

16 BUTTON LENGTH—also in 2 clasp, in white only. Special, pair 45c

16 BUTTON LENGTH—also 2 clasp, finest quality, in white, pongee and grey. Value $1.25 pair 85c

Doeskin Gloves

12 BUTTON LENGTH—extra quality, in white only. Value $2.25 pair 1.75

1 CLASP AND 1 BUTTON—in white only. Value $1.25 pair 85c

Kimonos & Negligees

KIMONOS—of dotted muslin and dimity, a limited quantity. Regularly $2.50 to $3.25 1.95

KIMONOS—of dimity, dotted Swiss and figured muslins, white and colors. Regularly $4.50 to $5.50 3.95

NEGLIGEES AND KIMONOS—a sample line, variety of styles in batiste, voile and fine embroidery. Regularly $15.00 to $65.00 9.85 to 45.00

Men's Summer Sleeping Garments

Extra Fine Grades and Most Desirable Styles and Fabrics.

FINE TAILORED PAJAMAS—From silk mixtures, silk striped madras, best quality crepes, highly mercerized materials and light weight flannels; made V neck. Usual values, $2.95 and $3.50 1.95

PAJAMAS FROM FINE SHIRTINGS—fancy crepes, mercerized madras, striped Sea Island cotton—all neat stripes and silk loops; materials as used in our fine soft shirts; made V neck. Usual values $1.95 and $2.50 1.35

SPECIAL V NECK PAJAMAS—most unusual values, all from our fine mercerized soft shirtings, neat colored stripes on white grounds, silk loops and ocean pearl buttons. Actual values $1.65 and $2.00 1.10

PLAIN MERCERIZED PAJAMAS —Usual $1.50 grade 95c

SHEER NAINSOOK NIGHT SHIRTS—Usual $1.50 grade 1.00

FINE CAMBRIC NIGHT SHIRTS —Usual $1.00 grade 75c

SPECIAL TERRY BATH ROBE—fine all-over designs in blue and white, pink and white, tan and white and gray and white; full sizes; well tailored. Usual value $4.50 2.95

Men's Soft Shirts

Newest Mushroom Tucking—For Dress or Business Wear.

PLAIN WHITE MERCERIZED PONGEE — raised tucking and requires no ironing, soft and lustrous-like silk. Real value $2.50

FANCY STYLES FOR DAY WEAR—bodies and fronts of same material, cross or vertical neat stripes on white grounds; also plain colors.

IMPORTED FRENCH SOFT FRONTS—two tone mushroom tucking of blue, oxford, gray and tan with white madras bodies and pique double cuffs.

} 1.45

Silk Petticoats

For Women and Misses.

Made of the genuine "Pussy Willow" taffeta silk, the new and beautiful soft finish fabric, in taupe, bridal blue, wistaria, Copenhagen, Humber, black and white. Regular value $6.25 4.95

Neckwear

For Women and Misses

TURNOVER SETS—Fine organdie, trimmed with net pleating, also suitable for mourning. Regularly $1.45 1.00

MARABOUT BOAS—5 strands, 2 yards long; natural and black. Regularly $5.00 3.95

Broadway & 19th Street

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564, 566, 568 Fifth Avenue at 46th Street

Semi-Annual Clearance
Now in Progress

A Gidding Event which well dressed women are learning to anticipate more and more each season.

Included are the most fashionable models of the present season from Paquin—Callot—Doucet—Premet—Cheruit—Drecoll—Beer and other noted Parisian couturiers.

AT REDUCTIONS OF ONE-THIRD TO ONE-HALF THE FORMER PRICES

Rich two and three-piece Costume Suits, including imported models—
Formerly $135 to $350—$95 to $145.

Smart Tailleur and Demi-tailleur Suits of imported Materials—
Formerly $55 to $145—$35 to $75

Evening Gowns—Dinner Gowns and Dance Frocks, an essemblage of beautiful styles, including models from the noted Parisian makers—
Formerly $75 to $350—$55 to $145

Afternoon and Street Dresses of silk, chiffon, lace, and novelty crepes.
Formerly $58 to $85—$35 to $55
Including serge and cloth Frocks.

Silk Wraps—Coatees—Manteaux and Capes suitable for afternoon, evening and porch wear.
Formerly $45 to $95—$35 to $55

Fashionable Capes and Coats for outing—steamer wear—motoring—traveling and utility.
Formerly $45 to $65—$25 & $35

MILLINERY CLEARANCE
Formerly $25 to $65; at—$8, $12, $20

BOUCK WHITE SENT TO THE WORKHOUSE

Six Months' Sentence for Him and Milo Woolman, Church Disturbers.

COURT'S SEVERE LECTURE

Magistrate Says Question at Issue Isn't Free Speech, but the Maintenance of Law and Order.

Magistrate Campbell, in the West Side Court yesterday afternoon, read to Bouck White, who stood before him in clerical garb, with bowed head and folded arms, a severe lecture upon the right of church congregations to worship God in peace. At the close of the lecture, which was replete with references to ecclesiastical customs as well as to the law of the land, the Magistrate announed his conclusion that White was a disorderly person and sentenced him to six months in the Workhouse.

Two of White's seven followers who went with him to the Calvary Baptist Church last Sunday and were convicted with him of disorderly conduct, were sentenced after White had been led back to a cell in the prison attached to the court.

Milo Woolman, who was recognized by Magistrate Campbell as a witness who appeared before him in behalf of the Tannenbaum church raiders, got six months in the Workhouse. Emanuel Lopez, identified as a man who jumped up and down in front of Calvary Church in an effort, as he testified, "to shake the dust of this church from my feet," got ten days in the Workhouse. The five remaining prisoners were placed on probation for six months, with an injunction not to go near any church of which they were not regular members.

On behalf of Bouck White, Bertha Rembaugh, his lawyer, announced that an appeal would be taken. White himself said a woman who had been a member of the Calvary Baptist Church for fifteen years had applied for membership in his Church of the Social Revolution as a result of what she saw when White arose to speak last Sunday.

"All fear and trembling about my long sentence has gone," said White. "I trembled all that was necessary before I decided to visit Dr. Woelfkin's church. I plan to appeal merely to have the case tried. Magistrate Campbell did not hold a trial. He merely went through the motions so that he could announce a sentence determined upon in advance. Had he permitted the letter which I wrote to Dr. Woelfkin to figure in the case as evidence he never could have decided as he did. For that reason we are having thousands of copies made of the letter and will send the copies to all Christian ministers in the city and to all our friends. Without writng in advance to ask for a hearing I never would have gone to Dr. Woelfkin's church. It was an unusual visit made because the times are unusual, and not as an interrupter.

"No, the Magistrate did not squelch me, although he and those back of him no doubt think they did. I have been preaching for years in an effort to inculcate the spirit of reverence into the great unchurched mob. I could not have gone in any unreverent spirit to see Dr. Woelfkin. The murder of forty-five women and children was laid at the door of the Calvary Baptist Church. If such a thing should occur again I would go again to such a church to publicly inquire of the pastor what was wrong with his religion.

"We have forty-seven new members since I was put in jail. That is the way Magistrate Campbell has taken the gimp out of us. Services will go on as usual while I am in jail, and when I come out I will rededicate myself to the service of the unchurched masses."

In addressing White, Magistrate Campbell said:

"This is a peculiarly flagrant case. In my judgment indictments for unlawful assembly and for disturbing religious meetings would undoubtedly lie against this defendant. A case in many respects similar was recently decided against an agitator, not as dangerous to the community as this defendant, and he was sentenced to the penitentiary for a period of one year, and to pay a fine of $500. He was an alien and ignorant; this defendant is a native, and highly educated.

"Instead of coming into court in a spirit of humility and acknowledging his wrong, the defendant is defiant and attempts to justify his actions by talking foolishly and egotistically about the 'right of free speech.' As a university graduate and an ordained minister of the Gospel his actions and conduct, all things considered, are simply incomprehensible. Still, in my judgment, he should not be sent to the psychopathic ward for observation. None knows better than he the customs and usages of religious bodies; the forms and conventions connected with public worship; the sanctity of our churches. He knew perfectly well he would not be 'welcomed' by the pastor and congregation of Calvary Baptist Church. He of all men should have been the last to foul and profane the house of worship and to use it as a means of advertising himself and his views.

"The question is not whether the defendant is 'an ungracious pastor and recks not his own rede,' whether he and his followers have real or fancied grievances against the church or some of its members, or to what extent a long-suffering public should tolerate, to the disturbance of business and general comfort, the exploitation of 'the right of free speech.' The question involved the far-reaching and vital principle of the maintenance of law and order in this community. If law and order cannot be maintained in the house of God, the source of all law and order, it cannot be maintained in or about the courts of justice.

"'To be of no church is dangerous.' To overlook or palliate such conduct on the part of a minister or any church would be monstrous. His 'sacred office' makes his offending all the more heinous. Counsel for the defendant has made all the defense possible under the circumstances, but he is without excuse. It was the painful duty of this court to sentence recently a woman for similar disorderly conduct in another church in this city. Conduct of this character must not be permitted. It is subversive of all respect for the law and the rights of the community.

"The opinion and finding of the court are that the conduct of the defendant was disorderly, that it tended to a breach of the peace, and that he is a disorderly person."

Reports of probation officers were to the effect that Milo Woolman, who got a six months' sentence, "made trouble in Harvard by advocating 'The New Religion.'" Magistrate Campbell reprimanded him sharply for his attitude in court.

"You were lucky enough to get out of the Tannenbaum party before you were arrested," the Magistrate said, "but you came into court for your self glorification as a witness for those men. You thought it was smart to invade the Calvary Baptist Church, and you do not work. You live off your wife, who went to the Calvary Church merely because she was your wife and you took her there."

Those placed on probation were Charles C. Morrison, an artist; Mrs. Milo Woolman, a waitress, who supports her husband and mother; Robert Loan, an invalid, who was taking treatment for locomotor ataxia at the Rockefeller Institute; Edward A. Ames, a barber, who was said by probation officers to be very fond of Socialistic literature, and Daniel Crocker, upon whom the Court took mercy because probation officers said he had a wife with a young baby to care for.

REGISTERED LETTER 'REFUSED'

Mother Jones Shows Unopened Envelope Sent to 26 Broadway.

Mother Jones, the eighty-two-year-old Socialist agitator, who came here several days ago from Trinidad, Col., to make an effort to interview John D. Rockefeller, Jr., exhibited to friends in her room at the Union Square Hotel yesterday an unopened registered letter which she had sent to Mr. Rockefeller at 26 Broadway. Across the face of the envelope was written the word "Refused."

"Of course," said Mother Jones, as she passed the unopened letter around, "I could hardly hope that John D. Rockefeller, Jr., would listen to a woman in her eighty-third year, who has given her whole life to the interests of the people he is exploiting, when he had already turned down the President of the United States through his representative, Congressman Foster.

"I personally knew many of the miners' wives living in the tent colonies in Colorado, and having been intimately acquainted with the exact conditions I had reason to think that Mr. Rockefeller would gladly avail himself of an opportunity to receive information from other sources than those upon whom he has heretofore relied. However, it seems that he has decided to cast his lot with his officials in Colorado, who have broken the State labor laws, and invited armed conflict by their invasions of the rights of man."

In her letter to Mr. Rockefeller Mother Jones notified him that she intended to lay her case before "representative societies," and that she wished to bring it to his personal attention before going to others with it "as a matter of fair play." She assured Mr. Rockefeller that she was not in sympathy with "invaders" of his office, and as a guarantee of good faith would bring two well-known Brooklyn residents with her if he should grant her an interview. She asked that an appointment be made for Wednesday morning at 11 o'clock.

DE SILVER LEFT $1,945,552.

Philanthropist Gave Bulk of Estate to Son and Widow.

The appraisal of the estate of Carll Harrison De Silver, the Brooklyn art connoisseur and philanthropist, who died on March 10, 1913, was filed yesterday in Brooklyn. The net value is $1,945,552, of which the widow, Mrs. Mary Henrietta B. De Silver, receives $1,131,349. This bequest includes paintings, porcelains, and ivory carvings in the home at 43 Pierrepont Street to the value of $29,000.

The only son, Albert De Silver, a lawyer, living at 10 Pierrepont Street, is to receive the income from $650,000, placed in two trust funds. Should he die after his mother, and without issue, this sum is to fall to the General Convention of the Swedenborgian Church of the New Jerusalem, on Brooklyn Heights, of which Mr. De Silver was a member. Should he have children, they will receive in addition to the $650,000 an additional $76,600. This fund, in case Albert De Silver dies childless, is to go to the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences, of which C. H. De Silver was a trustee and Vice President.

Albert De Silver is married but has no children. The sum of $50,000 is bequeathed to the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences, and $10,000 to the Church of the New Jerusalem. To each of the following $2,500 is left: The Brooklyn Children's Aid Society, the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, the Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children, the Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital, and the Hospital of St. Giles the Cripple.

FAIR ESTATE CONTEST.

Mrs. Vanderbilt and Mrs. Oelrichs Want Complaint Amplified.

Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., and Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs, who are fighting to retain their shares in the $10,000,000 estate of Charles L. Fair, their brother, asked Supreme Court Justice Blanchard yesterday, through John M. Bowers, their attorney, to compel those who are trying to have the probating of their brother's will set aside to make their complaint more specific.

Philip Carpenter, counsel for Theodore W. Lefler, George E. Lefler, and Mabel E. Towle, the plaintiffs, opposed the motion. He said that Mrs. Vanderbilt and Mrs. Oelrichs had used 500 pages in replying to the complaint and must, therefore, have had a pretty good idea of its nature. He then explained the complaint, saying that his clients were merely suing for a forty-second share each in Mr. Fair's estate, on the ground that Mr. Fair had died first in the automobile accident in which Mr. and Mrs. Fair lost their lives on Aug. 14, 1902. If Mr. Fair died first, the plaintiffs contend that by the will the estate passed to Mrs. Fair, and then to her relatives. Mrs. Towle was Mrs. Fair's sister, and Theodore and George Lefler her nephews.

Mrs. Vanderbilt and Mrs. Oelrichs contended that Mrs. Fair died first. The will was probated in California, the laws of which assume in such cases that the wife was survived by her husband. Mr. Bowers said yesterday that $400,000 had been paid by the Fair estate executors to Hannah A. Nelson, Mrs. Fair's next of kin, in settlement of the claims of Mrs. Fair's heirs-at-law. The plaintiffs say that they never received any money, although their guardians might have received it and signed receipts for it."

DR. SMITH HEADS SHRINERS.

Rochester Man Elected Imperial Potentate of the Order.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 13.—Dr. Frederick R. Smith of Damascus Temple, Rochester, N. Y., to-day was elected Imperial Potentate of the Imperial Council, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, at its annual convention here.

Other officers elected were:

J. Putnam Stevens, Portland, Me., Deputy Imperial Potentate; Henry F. Neidringhaus, Jr., St. Louis, Mo., Chief Rabban; William S. Brown, Pittsburgh, Penn., Treasurer; Benjamin W. Rowell, Boston, Mass., Recorder; Charles E. Ovenshire, Minneapolis, Minn., Assistant Rabban; Elias J. Jacoby, Indianapolis, Ind., High Priest and Prophet, and W. Freeland Kendrick, Philadelphia, Penn., Oriental Guard.

Seattle was chosen as the 1915 meeting place.

The Coward Shoe
REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.

Abraham Lincoln and the Tariff

Secretary Stanton once asked Abraham Lincoln what he thought of a Protective Tariff. Mr. Lincoln replied: "I don't know much about the Tariff, but I do know that if my wife buys her cloak in America, we get the money and the cloak, and that American labor is paid for producing it; if she buys her cloak abroad, we get only the cloak, the other country gets the money, and foreign labor receives the benefit."

Every part of Coward Shoes is produced from American materials. Home labor is paid for making them, by home capital, received from home people.

Coward Shoes:—Home made for Home People

JAMES S. COWARD 264-274 Greenwich St. (Near Warren St.) NEW YORK
Mail Orders Filled Sold Nowhere Else Send for Catalogue

TRYING GUARDSMEN ON MURDER CHARGE

Arson and Larceny Also Alleged Against 39 in Colorado Strike Court-Martial.

MAJOR HAMROCK ARRAIGNED

Militia Witnesses Exonerate Commander of Blame for Tent Horror—"Whitewash" Talk Heard.

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, May 13.—The death pit at the Ludlow tent colony, where the charred bodies of two women and eleven children were found on the morning following the battle of April 20, was described in minute detail to-day by witnesses before the court-martial assembled at the Rifle Range near Golden. While formal charges are pending against only thirty-nine officers and men, 100 members of the State militia are involved.

When the court-martial assembled this morning it was decided to try first Major Patrick J. Hamrock, First Infantry, Colorado National Guard. Hamrock was in charge of Troop A, which, it is alleged, deliberately fired the tent colony. The charges against him, as well as all of the others, are murder, arson, and larceny.

It is charged that the soldiers, at Hamrock's direction, after riddling the tent colony with bullets fired from machine guns, saturated the tents with kerosene, applied torches to them, and while the flames lighted up the colony looted the burning habitations of the strikers, taking everything of value they could find.

The military court is composed of three members of the State militia. Capt. Edward A. Smith is sitting as Judge Advocate.

Three witnesses were examined to-day. Two were at Ludlow the night of the battle. The third was called merely to explain charts and maps showing the positions of the combatants.

All of the witnesses thus far called have been members of the militia. The strike leaders have been asked to furnish witnesses, who will be heard after the militiamen shall have completed their testimony.

Talk of a "whitewash" was heard among the strike sympathizers to-day.

Lieut. Benedict testified as to his examination of the death pit on the day following the battle. His statements were contradictory to previous assertions of Major Hamrock that the timbers found in the pit were "merely smoked." Benedict testified that the timbers were "charred" and had been burnt to a considerable depth. He testified further that on the night of the battle he saw men running into the tents and women rushing out. The women were crying, "Dynamite! Dynamite!"

"Soon after I heard several severe explosions," Benedict said. "The fire rapidly spread. During the night I heard several explosions and at one time I saw a tent lifted twenty-five feet into the air, and there it caught fire. One third of the tent colony was burned to the ground before I left that vicinity."

Benedict said the first shot was fired by the strikers from the railroad cut and struck within fifty feet of the camp of the militia. He said Major Hamrock had given no orders, in his hearing, to burn the tent colony.

In a statement made public at the trial, Major Hamrock said he gave no orders for directing the fire into the tent colony, and further that the machine guns did not pour bullets into the colony. Labor leaders said to-night that the strikers would produce positive evidence that Hamrock ordered the machine guns turned on the colony, and later directed the men to apply torches to the canvas.

Both Lieut. Benedict and Lieut. S. J. Lamme, another officer of the National Guard, testified that Major Hamrock was not in the immediate vicinity of the tent colony when the fire started; that in their estimation the fire was started by the explosion of an overturned lamp and not by the State troops, and that in their opinion the two women and eleven children who lost their lives in the colony died of suffocation hours before the fire started.

Lieut. Lamme, who is a physician of Laveta, Col., and who acted as aid to Major Hamrock during the battle, testified that he carried orders from Major Hamrock to Capt. Edwin S. Carson when that officer with forty members of Troop A arrived from Trinidad late in the afternoon.

"The orders were," said the witness, "to advance down the tracks in the direction of the tent colony to the pump house, where the strikers were intrenched, and 'smoke 'em out.'"

"Did you understand that order to mean to set fire to the tents?" asked Col. Lingenfelter, a member of the court.

"Not at all," replied Lamme. "I construed it to mean that he should advance with a heavy fire and dislodge the strikers."

He declared he heard Major Hamrock issue orders to the machine gun operators to direct their fire at the pump house and the rifle pits at the rear of the tent colony. [illegible] even fire on the tents.

Members of the Progressive Party and their allies brought matters to a climax in the Legislature to-day. The Senate adopted the House resolution demanding that the Governor extend his call for the special session so as to give the way for a thorough investigation of the entire strike situation. It was the general talk at the Capitol that Gov. Ammons would ignore the resolution.

Senator W. C. Robinson of Colorado Springs served notice that to-morrow he would introduce a resolution declaring that Gov. Ammons resign. He would include in it a declaration that it was evident that the Governor was not capable of handling the affairs of the State. Robinson is a Progressive.

TRINIDAD, Col., May 13.—Firearms to-night are outlawed in Las Animas and Huerfano Counties. At 5 o'clock, the time limit set by the military authorities for the peaceable surrender of guns expired. With the expiration of the time limit the order of Col. James Lockett to confiscate all weapons in sight went into effect.

Throughtout the day, at the military camps scattered throughout the two counties, guns of every description were surrendered to the army officers.

The question of further drastic measures to compel complete compliance with the President's disarmament proclamation depends on the action of the authorities at Washington. No order has been received to search houses, tents, or mountain canyons for any weapons which the army officers might suspect had been concealed. Until further orders were received, it was intimated by Col. Lockett, the military would content itself with confiscation of any guns found in the possession of unauthorized persons.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Col. Lockett, at Trinidad, Col., reported to the War Department to-day that up to date 2,678 firearms had been surrendered to the military authorities in the Trinidad district. The arms were turned in as follows: From strikers, 552; operators, 745; other citizens, 1,381, and 6,000 rounds of ammunition. He also reported that 300 rifles and 60,000 rounds of ammunition were taken from the railroads in transit with the consent of the strikers, to whom they were consigned.

GALLUP, N. M., May 13.—Another troop of the Twelfth United States Cavalry on duty at Fort Wingate, as guard for Mexican prisoners, has been ordered to Colorado. This will leave one troop at Fort Wingate.

LINCOLN LETTER ON SALE.

The Rev. Dr. Slicer Sends Part of His Library to Auction.

The Rev. Dr. Thomas R. Slicer has found his library too large for the narrower quarters in which he purposes to bestow himself in order to be near his work, and he has sent about seven thousand volumes to the American Art Association which will auction them off in four sessions to-day and to-morrow. Among the many rare, valuable and interesting items is a letter written by Abraham Lincoln while he was serving his first and only term as a Whig member of the House of Representatives. It is dated Washington, June 1, 1848, and addressed to the Rev. Henry Slicer, then Chaplain of Congress, and who was Dr. Slicer's father. The letter acccompanies a pamphlet entitled "Addresses of the Congress of the United States and Funeral Solemnities of the Death of John Quincy Adams," octavo, original wrappers, Washington, D. C.

The Rev. Henry Slicer was a Methodist and appears to have been superseded in the duties attendant upon the obsequies of former President Adams by the Rev. A. R. Gurley, Chaplain of the House of Representatives, who was a Presbyterian. Mr. Slicer felt slighted and wrote to Lincoln about it. Lincoln's reply reads:

Washington, June 1, 1848.

Rev. Mr. Slicer, Dear Sir: Your letter of the 30th ult. was received last night. I very cheerfully comply with your request, so far as I am able. As I remember, the House ordered the raising of two committees, one of arrangements, number indefinite, the other thirty in number, to attend the remains of Mr. Adams to Massachusetts. By some mistake, as I understood, a committee of thirty was appointed by the Speaker as a Committee of Arrangements, of which I was a member. At our first meeting the mistake was discovered, and the committee, being much too numerous for convenience, we delegated our authority to a sub-committee of a smaller number of our own body, of which I was not a member. Whatever was done in the matter about which you inquire I presume was done by the sub-committee; at all event I have no knowledge of it whatever. Mr. Hudson was Chairman of both the general and the sub-committee, and who were the other members of the latter I do not certainly remember.

To your first special interrogatory, to wit, "Were you consulted in regard to my exclusion from the service?" I answer I was not—perhaps because the arrangement I have stated excluded me from consultation on all points.

To the second, to wit, "Was objection made to me, and, if so, on what ground was it placed?" I answer I knew nothing whatever on the point.

To the third, to wit, "Did my exclusion meet with your consent or approval?" I answer I knew nothing of the matter, and of course did not consent to or approve of it, and I may add that I knew nothing which should have justified me in any attempt to put a mark of disapproval upon you. So entirely ignorant was I in relation to your having been excluded from the funeral services of Mr. Adams that until I received your letter I should have given it as my recollection that you did actually participate in those services. Yours respectfully, A. LINCOLN.

There is also a letter of Robert Browning's, Aug. 28, 1882, expressing his disapproval of a plan to have a monument of Henry W. Longfellow in Westminster Abbey.

BLOW MADE HIM A THIEF.

Ex-Policeman Finds It Impossible to Refrain from Stealing.

CINCINNATI, May 13.—Alienists are puzzled over the case of Dwight Stebbins, a former policeman, who admits that he cannot control his impulses to steal, and an X-ray examination of his skull will be made before lunacy charges are pressed against him.

Several years ago, while he was on the police force, Stebbins was in the habit of stealing flowers in the suburban district when he was on duty.

For this he was discharged from the force. Since then at various times he has committed many purposeless thefts. He stole an anvil from a blacksmith shop and on one occasion a ponderous sand screen.

Stebbins believes that his uncontrollable desire to steal is caused by a blow on the head which was inflicted by a prisoner seven years ago.

TO RUN PENNY BANKS IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Board of Education Votes to Operate Depositories for Children's Savings.

NEW ATTENDANCE BUREAU

Tilt Over Resolution for Facilitating Dismissal of Inefficient Teachers.

Despite the protest of William Harkness of Brooklyn, one of its members, the Board of Education yesterday adopted the report of its special committee establishing savings banks in the public schools of this city.

"I am opposed," said Mr. Harkness, "to the idea of the Board of Education having anything to do with savings banks. It is not a part of our legitimate work. I have been more or less connected with savings banks the greater part of my life, and I speak, therefore, from experience. I am thoroughly acquainted with them. This will mean that the board accepts responsibility for the conduct of the banks. All of the savings banks people to whom I have spoken condemn this proposed action of the board."

"The Board of Education," said Vice President Greene, "is not indifferent to the encouragement of thrift among the public school children. It wants to make them thrifty as well as wise. It wants to remove the inducements to extravagance and to take care of the pennies of the pupils until the savings have reached an amount that will enable them to open individual accounts with the banks. At present their few pennies do not enable them to do this."

William G. Willcox, one of the members from Staten Island, caused a spirited discussion by offering a resolution requesting the Committee on By-Laws and Legislation to consider what action, if any, could be taken to facilitate the dismissal of inefficient teachers. It had been stated, he said, that about 5 per cent. of the teachers were inefficient.

The present system, he said, was inadequate, or there would not be one Principal who had to admit that he was compelled to keep in his school a teacher whose methods and personality were such that the attendance of pupils, because of her unpopularity, was falling off, and there would not be another Principal who had to admit that he could not get rid of a teacher, although that teacher frequently came to school under the influence of liquor. There was in the department, he said, no adequate provision for the removal of such persons.

Takes Issue With Willcox.

Morton Stein, Chairman of the Committee on By-Laws and Legislation, said that Mr. Willcox was entirely mistaken. The by-laws amply provided for the removal of such teachers. If inefficient teachers were retained in the department it was, he said, no fault of the Board of Superintendents.

Joseph E. Cosgrove charged that Mr. Willcox's resolution and remarks were unfair. "Mr. Willcox ought not to make such charges," he said, "against teachers, except upon knowledge, and if he had knowledge it was his duty to make the facts known to the proper officers."

Mr. Willcox then called upon City Superintendent Maxwell to say how many inefficient teachers had been dismissed in the past ten years. Dr. Maxwell said that he could only recall one dismissal for general inefficiency. The trouble was, he said, that the whole system of trial had broken down, and at present it was a most difficult matter to prove general inefficiency. He said that he had two suggestions to make: First, that the board put into the by-laws a definition of general inefficiency; second, that the By-Laws Committee ought to say what evidence was necessary to establish a charge of gross inefficiency.

Gen. George E. Wingate said that to dismiss for general inefficiency it required a majority vote of the board. The teacher, he went on, against whom this charge was made was usually a woman, and when it came to depriving her of her means of getting bread and butter a majority vote could not be obtained against her. The sympathy of the board went out to her because she was a woman.

"It's just like trying to obtain a conviction for poaching down on Long Island," said the General. "You may catch the culprit in the very act, with the game in his possession, but you can't get a conviction."

The matter was referred to the City Superintendent for consideration and report.

New Bureau of Attendance.

Another debate took place over the report of the Committee on Special Schools establishing a Bureau of Attendance in the place of the defunct Permanent Census Board, and providing for a Director at $6,000 a year and an Assistant Director at $4,500 a year. Robert L. Harrison moved that the salaries be, respectively, $5,000 and $3,500. John Martin seconded the motion. The committee's report, he said, made the Director's salary higher than that of a District Superintendent, and that of the Assistant Director higher than the salary of a Principal of a large school. Thirteen members voted for and twenty-one voted against the Harrison resolution. The committee's report was then adopted by the same vote.

Albert Shiels, who used to be District Superintendent in charge of evening schools at a salary of $5,000 a year, was yesterday appointed Director of the new division of Reference and Research for a term of six years at $6,500 a year.

The report of the special committee on ungraded classes was laid over until the next meeting.

Abraham Flexner's resolution that the Committee on Nominations be asked, in connection with filling the vacancy in the office of Associate City Superintendent, to consider the selection of a person specially qualified in vocational and industrial training, was adopted.

LOST HEIR IS DEFENDANT.

Mrs. H. H. Rogers's Bequest of $10,000 to H. E. Baremore Levied On.

A bequest of $10,000 made by Mrs. Emelie Augusta Randel Rogers, widow of Henry H. Rogers, to her second cousin, James E. Baremore, was attached yesterday in a proceeding begun in the Supreme Court by Terence S. O'Brien against Baremore for $10,000, said to have been loaned him in 1906 by Mary L. Gray.

Mrs. Rogers, who died on August 30, 1912, was the daughter of the senior member of the diamond firm of Randel, Baremore & Billings. She was on intimate terms with the Baremore family and she was especially fond of her cousin, the defendant in the present suit.

When the will of Mrs. Rogers was read Baremore was sent for. It was learned that on Jan. 5, 1907, he left the home of an aunt in Newark, N. J., saying he would return the next day. From that time all trace of him was lost.

A man in Kansas, who had seen an advertisement asking for Baremore, wrote that he was the man sought and would soon be home. Word that a man representing himself as Baremore was on his way here agitated the creditors of Baremore to the point of beginning legal proceedings to attach the legacy left him. Meantime Baremore's heirs began proceedings to show that he was really dead and that his estate should be divided up.

Baremore's wife died about the time of his disappearance. He was a manufacturer of leather goods and was considered to be fairly well off.

MRS. DUKE'S NAME OUT.

Stricken from the Records in Pence Divorce Case.

Supreme Court Justice Scudder of Brooklyn yesterday ordered the name of Mrs. Lillian M. Duke, former wife of James B. Duke, the tobacco merchant, stricken from the records of the divorce action of Mrs. Katherine S. Pence against her husband, ex-Congressman Lafayette Pence of New York and Washington. This was the second trial of the divorce action, and at its conclusion Justice Scudder awarded Mrs. Pence an interlocutory decree against her husband.

At the first trial Mrs. Duke was named as co-respondent. She protested that she did not have an opportunity to come in and defend her reputation, and the action was reopened for this purpose. Justice Scudder set aside the first judgment in favor of Mrs. Pence and the names of other women were mentioned as co-respondents. Mr. Pence testified yesterday. He admitted certain charges made against him by Mrs. Pence.

Mr. and Mrs. Pence were married in 1888. She was formerly Miss Katherine S. Soper, the daughter of Col. Robert Soper of Georgetown, Ky.

Fight Over Walker Children.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., May 13.—James W. G. Walker, the former naval engineer, has asked the court for a new ruling regarding the custody of his children. He asks to have the children in his custody from June 15 to Oct. 1 each year. The divorce troubles of the Walkers have been in the courts here for seven years.

CITY BREVITIES.

Fire Commissioner Robert Adamson will speak on "Municipal Fire Prevention" on Tuesday at the first day's session of the annual convention of the National Association of Manufacturers in the Waldorf-Astoria. Other speakers will be Curtis Guild, Manuel Gonzalez Z., Consul General for Costa Rico, and James A. Emery.

A reception and dinner will be given by the Chinese Society of America at Delmonico's on May 25 for Kai-Fah-Shah, Chinese Ambassador to the United States. The Committee of Invitation includes President Wilson, Mayor Mitchel, Chauncey M. Depew, Oscar S. Straus, George McAneny, James Speyer, Alton B. Parker, John Hays Hammond, Jacob H. Schiff, Andrew Carnegie, Isaac N. Seligman, and William A. Prendergast.

S. S. McClure, founder and editor of McClure's Magazine, will give an informal talk this afternoon at 2:30 in the clubrooms of the Craftsman Building, 6 East Thirty-ninth Street, on "A Few Personal Experiences and Opinions."

A KOH-I-NOOR Pencil outlasts six ordinary pencils. It would pay to use it even if its uniform quality didn't make it the smoothest writing. Your choice of 17 variations of lead; also Copying.—Adv.

Don't Help Make Junk of Your Car

Don't let that fatal jinx of the automobile—Friction—cut short the useful days of your car. Remember the moral of the ounce of prevention—get to friction before friction gets to your car. This is the answer—proper lubrication!

Dixon's Graphite Lubricants are the absolute remedy for friction ills, because graphite goes straight to the cause of friction, gets right down to the minute holes and microscopic snags that exist in the most highly polished bearings. Oil or grease only puts a thin film over this roughness. Pressure squeezes out the oil. Heat turns it thin. But Dixon's selected flake graphite completely fills up the tiny holes, smooths over the roughness, makes a hard, oily, veneer-like surface that completely eliminates the grinding of the microscopic rasp. Try out a can of

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and you'll quickly learn why winning speed kings, experienced road drivers, and men who drive simply for pleasure, use only Dixon Lubricants. Broken springs, burned-out bearings, broken gears, never bother the Dixon-lubricated car.

Heat or cold won't affect graphite. Pressure makes the graphite-lubricated surface smoother. The more it is used, the finer the surface becomes. And Dixon's selected flake graphite is the only graphite that will not pack or ball up, because this peculiar form of graphite *will not adhere to itself.*

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Dixon's Selected Flake Graphite always remains a thin, unctuous, flat flake under all conditions. It always slides, slides, slides over itself. It is the only graphite produced that will not adhere to itself and ball up and pack.

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Established in 1827

GEMS MYSTERIOUSLY LOST.

Shipper by Insured Post Says They Were in Settings When Mailed.

Upon the request of Irving M. Planick, a diamond dealer, 6 Maiden Lane, County Detective Galatian of Elizabeth, N. J., is investigating the disappearance of diamonds worth several hundred dollars from earring settings sent on approval by the dealer to Philip Cohen, a loan broker, 37 Broad Street, Elizabeth, and said to have been returned by him by insured parcel post.

Detective Galatian was informed by Mr. Planick that he sent the gems to Mr. Cohen last week for one of the latter's customers, with the understanding that they were to be returned not later than Monday. He received an insured parcel post package on that day, containing the settings only.

The package, to all appearances, had not been tampered with. Mr. Cohen said he insured the gems and mailed them on Saturday. The Elizabeth detectives expect to make arrests soon.

COMPILING a Bureau of Statistics of Factory Sites within a radius of 100 miles of New York as we have just finished, doesn't rightfully come under the work of an Insurance Business, but then TANENBAUM SERVICE stops at nothing that touches on Insurance, whether directly or remotely.

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Compare all other silk gloves by the "KAYSER" standard of *wear,* of *fit,* of *style* and the result will prove why more "KAYSER" Silk Gloves are sold than all other silk gloves in the world.

Look for "KAYSER" in the hem.
You will find it in the genuine.

A guarantee ticket with every pair that the tips outwear the gloves.

Short "KAYSER" Silk Gloves 50c to $1.25
Long "KAYSER" Silk Gloves 75c to $2.00
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Something New

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Dental Cream

Just as Dr. Lyon's Perfect Tooth Powder has been the *standard* tooth powder for three generations so does the Dental Cream take its place as the *standard* preparation of its kind.

Quickly soluble. Does not deposit sticky masses between the teeth to encourage decay.

Rinses thoroughly. *Complete cleanliness* of the mouth follows its use.

Valuable in preventing receding gums and loosening teeth.

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A dainty sample of either Dr. Lyon's Perfect Tooth Powder or Dr. Lyon's Perfect Dental Cream will be mailed upon receipt of two cents' postage. Address I. W. Lyon & Sons, 520 West 27th Street, New York City.

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Look for the coupon in each package that entitles you to a tooth brush free.

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SOCKS FOR TENNIS

Peck & Peck English Derby Rib White Wool Socks and Stockings for Tennis and Golf and Country Wear represent the highest in smart appearance and all that there is in softness and comfort for summer footwear.

Stockings, $2.00
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Peck & Peck

588 Fifth Ave., at 48th St.
448 Fifth Ave., at 39th St.

HELD FOR ATTACKING BRIDE

Special Prosecutor May Be Asked for to Try Hefferan and Scanlon.

It was reported in Queens County yesterday that an application would be made this week to Gov. Glynn for the appointment of a Special Deputy Attorney General to try James Hefferan and Harry Scanlon, who are under indictment, charged with having attacked Mrs. Clara Ellert, a 17-year-old bride, on the third floor of Joseph Cassidy's Democratic Club, in Court Square, Long Island City, on Dec. 18. Persons who aided in bringing Mrs. Ellert before the Grand Jury, despite the opposition manifested by District Attorney Matthew J. Smith, are behind the move. When Justice Garretson dismissed a motion made by District Attorney Smith on his own volition, requesting a dismissal of the two indictments, the court also directed that the two men be arrested forthwith.

Before the day was over, James Hefferan, who was named in the indictment as "Heffron," was taken and arraigned. He gave his age as 26 years, and said that he lived at 76 Eighth Street, Long Island City, and that he was an estimator by occupation. Scanlon, who was indicted under the name of "Scanton alias Scanlon," appeared in court yesterday. He gave his age as 24. He lives with his parents at 57 Prospect Street, Long Island City, and he was employed as a lawyer's clerk. Hefferan furnished $2,000 bail and Mrs. Scanlon furnished a similar bond for her son.

There is every probability that Justice Garretson will set the trial for an early date and it is expected that within the next few days a petition will be presented to Gov. Glynn in Albany asking for the appointment of a Special Deputy Attorney General for this case.

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Don't force a balky Liver with drastic purgatives. Use a gentle remedy and avoid irreparable injury. Take the Right Remedy which will satisfy your Liver and yourself. 1 or 2 Pills at night relieve constipation. Get a box of

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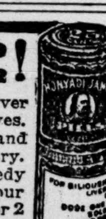

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Ask for our special English Cream for all kinds of shoes. It is not a mere polish, but an actual food for the leather.

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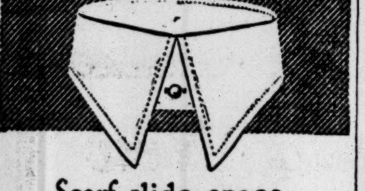

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ASKS M'ADOO FOR SUBWAY EASEMENT

W. J. Schieffelin Sends Secretary a Letter of Protest Against Further Delay.

NO HARM TO P. O. BUILDING

Mayor Suggests Another Conference Between Public Service Commission and Federal Official.

The delay in the construction of the important William Street subway caused by the refusal of Secretary McAdoo of the Treasury to approve the plans of the Public Service Commission with reference to an easement under the Post Office, has roused William J. Schieffelin, as Chairman of the Citizens' Union, to write a strong letter of protest to the Secretary. When this was brought yesterday to the attention of Mayor Mitchel, he said:

"It's about time that something was done to get that section of the subway built. I don't see why the Public Service Commission and the Secretary can't get together and discuss it. Usually better results can be obtained at close range than by communication by letter in such cases.

"I'm sure that Mr. McAdoo would do nothing intentionally to hold up our subway construction. I don't know the particulars, however, as Mr. McAneny has charge of subway matters in the Board of Estimate."

The application for the easement under the Post Office was filed with the Treasury Department in January, and it asked for only such an amount of space as the standard plans for the subway call for. After a few weeks delay a letter was received from the Secretary, saying that he was not satisfied with the plans and he wanted to appoint special counsel and engineers to be paid by the city to consider the effect of the suggested easement on the Post Office. To try to change the mind of Mr. McAdoo, Travis H. Whitney, Secretary; Leroy T. Harkness, Assistant counsel, and other officials of the commission went to Washington to discuss with the Secretary, as Mayor Mitchel has now suggested, the question at close range, but they failed to modify his position. Since then the commission has sent a formal protest to the Treasury Department on the matter.

In his letter to the Secretary, which was sent yesterday, Mr. Schieffelin writes:

May 13, 1914.

Hon. William G. McAdoo, Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, Treasury Building, Washington, D. C.:

Sir: On behalf of the Citizens' Union of the City of New York I write to urge you to approve the application of the City of New York for an easement to allow the construction of a subway underneath the Federal Building, located at City Hall Park, and to urge that a grant of such easement be promptly made to the City of New York.

This organization made a careful study of the proposed subject of additional rapid transit facilities for New York City and approved of the plan finally adopted by the City of New York. We, with other civic organizations and the citizens of New York City as a whole, have a keen interest in seeing the entire dual subway system completed and in operation at as early a date as possible. The welfare of the city demands this.

That portion of the new subway to be constructed at the point where this easement is sought is a connecting link between the Seventh Avenue route in the Borough of Manhattan and a route leading through two tunnels to the Borough of Brooklyn. All contracts for the construction of the Seventh Avenue route have been let. Contracts for the construction of the route to Brooklyn are advertised and will be let within a few weeks. It is imperative that the city proceed at once with the construction of the connecting link, if the time of beginning of operation of these important rapid transit lines is not to be indefinitely delayed. Such easement must first be secured.

An examination of the subject has convinced us that the Federal Government has no interests in the property sought by the city that do not permit a speedy settlement of this question. Such rights as it has can readily be protected. Unquestionably, the proposed construction where the easement is sought can be accomplished without damage to the existing building. We are convinced that the citizens of New York would never submit to the erection of another building on this site.

Proper city planning requires that the existing building be removed and that the land it occupies be included in City Hall Park. The Citizens' Union has indorsed this plan and proposes to earnestly work for its adoption. This phase of the situation should be considered at this time. Of course, the Federal Government has no interests in the property except as a site for a building to be occupied by a Post Office and the Federal courts.

We submit, that, in order to prevent unnecessary delay in the completion of a great public improvement, it is of vital importance to the City of New York that this question be promptly settled.

Respectfully,
WM. JAY SCHIEFFELIN, Chairman.

A speedy decision of this controversy is desired by the Public Service Commission, as on it depends the time at which one of the most important and useful links in the entire new subway system is completed. Already practically the entire Seventh Avenue line of the Interborough is under way, and on May 22 the bids will be opened for the construction of the Interborough tunnel under the East River from Old Slip to Clark Street, Brooklyn. That is to say, before the end of the month the work will be let out on either side of the section held up by the Treasury Department's attitude. The commission would regard it as exceedingly unfortunate, if the Federal Government, by refusing to meet the views of the city, should delay the full use of the new subway system.

INTERBOROUGH FIGURES HIGH.

Second Bids for Seventh Avenue Subway Section Opened.

For the second time yesterday the Rapid Transit Subway Construction Company, the subsidiary of the Interborough, failed by $46,947 in its attempt to be the lowest bidder on the construction of the short section of the Seventh Avenue Subway which will cover the connection with the existing subway in Times Square. This section will begin behind the Times Building, just north of Forty-second Street, and will end a little to the south of Forty-fifth Street.

When the section was first offered for bids the Oscar Daniels Company made the lowest offer of $304,316, with the Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins Corporation second with $472,766, and the Subway Construction Company third with $498,039. The Interborough then represented to the Public Service Commission that, considering there was involved in the job the alteration of the present subway structure, and that this work must be carried on without interfering with the operation of the regular subway service, the section should be awarded to it in spite of the fact that it was not the lowest bidder.

After a good deal of negotiation the commission decided to readvertise the section. The new bids were opened yesterday, with the result that according to the unofficial figures the lowest was the Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins Corporation with $421,091, the Subway Construction Company was second with $468,038, and Smith, Hauser & McIsaac came third with $761,852. The Oscar Daniels Company did not renew its bid.

It was considered notable at the office of the commission that neither the Subway Construction Company nor the Holbrook concern changed its figures on the cost of maintaining and safeguarding the old Subway during the construction of the new. The Interborough engineers reckoned that this would require the expenditure of $135,000, while the bid of the Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins Corporation under this head was only $33,000. In the protest which the Interborough made against any firm unconnected with it being intrusted with this particular section great stress was laid on this item. It was represented to the commission that if through any laxity of precaution an accident occurred on the present Subway the consequences might be so appalling that no sum of money would compensate for it.

The existence of this risk has been recognized by the commission in the amount of bonds which the successful bidder must put up. On a job for which he will receive considerably less than $500,000 he must give a bond to the Interborough of $500,000 and to the city of $400,000.

MISS DUTCHER IN COURT.

Case of College Street Speakers Goes Over Till To-day.

Those who went to the Yorkville Court yesterday morning to attend the hearing of Miss Elizabeth Dutcher, the Vassar graduate, social worker, and suffragist who was arrested on a charge of disorderly conduct while conducting a street meeting of department store workers on Tuesday evening, were disappointed when the case was postponed until to-day. Miss Dutcher and Paul Howard Douglas, a graduate student at Columbia, who was arrested on the charge of interfering with an officer when he attempted to arrest Miss Dutcher, were present and were represented by Miss Dutcher's brother, Burchard Dutcher, a lawyer of 40 Wall Street. Douglas took a final examination at Columbia yesterday afternoon.

The bail of $500 for each prisoner, given by Mrs. Warbasse, wife of Dr. James P. Warbasse, examiner for the Civil Service Commission, was continued. Mrs. Warbasse was in the automobile from which the speech was being made. Miss Dutcher yesterday expressed indignation at her arrest.

She was addressing employes of Stern Brothers store in West Forty-second Street in the interests of the Retail Clerks' Union and the Woman's Trade Union League, which has inaugurated a campaign to increase its membership, when she was told that she was blocking traffic and was arrested.

Mrs. Frank H. Cothren of Brooklyn, who is a lawyer and was also in Miss Dutcher's party on Tuesday evening, will assist Mr. Dutcher in defending the prisoners to-day. Mr. Douglas, the Columbia student, is from Salem, Mass. He is an ardent trades unionist.

NEW BIRDS AT WALDORF.

Flew in the Window and Are Not Classified Yet.

The sight of Assistant Manager McCusker walking about the lobby of the Waldorf carrying under his arm a pasteboard shoe box marked "live stock" attracted attention on Tuesday afternoon. Mr. McCusker declined to tell what the box contained. Yesterday it was learned that it held two small birds that he doesn't know what to do with.

The birds, of a golden brown coat, with deep yellow and brown stripes on their heads, flew into the window of Mrs. Reginald Thompson of Toledo on Monday night. She caught them and put them in the shoe box, under the impression, as they seemed tame, that they were somebody's pets. She brought them downstairs the next morning and left them at the office. Nobody calling for them, they were sent back to Mrs. Thompson's room. Later in the day she left for home, and turned the birds over to Mr. McCusker.

While he was pondering what to do with them the cover of the box became loose and one of the occupants flew out and took refuge on a ledge in his office, where it was easily caught. Then the two were put in a little vacant room near Paymaster Lee's office. Not even the chief ornithologist of the chef's department was able to tell the name of the birds, which, it was said yesterday, would be sent up to Mr. Boldt's place in the Thousand Islands if they were not claimed by this morning.

NEWLANDS BILL ATTACKED.

Board of Trade Sees Proposal to Limit Constitutional Rights.

The Newlands Interstate Trade Commission bill was attacked in a report submitted to the New York Board of Trade and Transportation at its regular monthly meeting yesterday. According to the report, prepared by the Executive Committee, the bill ignores principles laid down in the Federal Constitution. The proposed law, the report points out, denies the privileges and rights guaranteed even to criminals, when the subject of the investigation or proceeding contemplated by the bill is a business corporation or an officer of such concern.

The bill, it was charged, makes no discrimination between those known to be guilty, or under charges, and those who are innocent. The bill would class all business men alike and all would be investigated alike with all the severity that could be applied to the guilty. After some discussion, the report was formally adopted.

A resolution was also adopted commending Gov. Glynn for his proposal to submit new bills to the Legislature to promote the Brooklyn Marginal Railway.

The Conservation Commission and the Public Service Commission were urged to safeguard the Adirondack forest lands from fire. Frank L. Worrall was elected a managing director of the board in placed of his father, P. B. Worrall, resigned.

INQUIRES ABOUT STAMPS.

An Englishman Finds Fault with Red Cross Legends.

It was an Englishman who yesterday called attention to the legend on the Red Cross stamps that are sold with postage stamps by the mechanical vendors on the desk at the Wolcott.

"Relief Prevention," he read. "I say," he remarked to the clerk, "what's the sense in preventing relief?"

"I think," suggested the clerk, "it should be read, 'Relief, comma, or dash, Prevention.'"

"Then, why doesn't it? I would wager the machines lose many a tuppence ha'penny because people have to puzzle that motto out."

"I guess everybody is not so literal, or else doesn't read the motto," remarked the clerk later. "Those machines do a big business."

BRYAN NOT COMING HERE.

Peace Society Reception Postponed Because of Mexican Situation.

Because of the Mexican situation William J. Bryan, Secretary of State, and Mrs. Bryan will not be able to visit New York on Saturday and Sunday as was planned by Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Untermyer of Graystone-on-Hudson, whose guests they were to be. Yesterday morning Mr. Bryan called up Mr. Untermyer by long distance telephone and stated that after a conference with President Wilson he had decided that it would be necessary for him to remain in Washington over Saturday and Sunday.

The reception which the Peace Society of New York had planned to give the Secretary of State has to be postponed until some future date. Mrs. Samuel Untermyer is Chairman of the Reception Committee of the Peace Society.

GREEK STATUES IN SMOKE.

Fire Alarm at Metropolitan Art Museum, but No Damage.

Considerable excitement was caused in the neighborhood of the Metropolitan Museum of Art when a fire alarm was turned in shortly after 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon from one of the private boxes in Wing F. The wing was cleared by employés and police, and incoming visitors were halted at the doors while firemen under Deputy Chief Hayes made an investigation and found that the smoke which had poured into some of the passages and caused the sending of the alarm had come from the garbage incinerator, where a pile of shavings was being burned. The smoke had somehow got into the radiators, it was said later, and some of it had come in through the window.

The section is occupied by Greek, Roman, and Etruscan statuary, reliefs, and tablets, but the smoke was not heavy enough to do any damage.

Lightning Burns Old Mansion.

The old Kingsland mansion in Babylon burned early yesterday. The flames are believed to have been started by lightning. The house was built in 1884 by Walter S. Kingsland. Later it was bought by his brother, Cornelius, for [illegible]. The estate was purchased recently by [illegible] H. Van Allen and Daniel K. Morrell of Jamaica, who cut the grounds up into building lots.

JEROME A WITNESS FOR J. WASSERMAN

Says Policeman's Reputation in Bingham's Time Was First Class.

QUIZZED ABOUT A. A. RYAN

Of Old Charges of Highballs and Dice in Pontin's He Says Frankly: "I Was Indiscreet."

William Travers Jerome, ex-District Attorney, was on the stand yesterday at the trial of the $100,000 libel suit brought before Justice John J. Brady in the Supreme Court, Bronx County, by Joseph A. Wasserman, a retired policeman, against the Bronx Home News Publishing Company. Wasserman testified in the morning and flatly denied the charges made against him by witnesses for the defense.

Mr. Jerome backed up the policeman, who was a member of his graft investigating staff. Wasserman had told him, he said, that an attempt was being made to "frame him up," and that he was being trailed by officers under the direction of Commissioner Bingham. Asked about Wasserman's reputation, Mr. Jerome replied:

"First class for efficiency and integrity."

Mr. Jerome did not escape a stiff cross-examination during which his relation to the Thaw case and his associations with Allan A. Ryan, son of Thomas Fortune Ryan, were discussed. Mr. Jerome was asked if it was not true that Thomas F. Ryan paid him for his work. He replied:

"No, it is not true and I haven't been paid yet."

Then Mr. Jerome was asked if Commissioner Hand, appointed by Gov. Hughes to hear charges against him, had not found that he was indiscreet.

"Yes, and I was indiscreet," retorted the former District Attorney frankly.

It was brought out in this connection that Mr. Jerome had been accused of drinking highballs and throwing dice in Pontin's restaurant near the Criminal Court building with Allan A. Ryan. Mr. Jerome admitted that such a charge had been made against him. He said he had known Allan Ryan for several years.

Mr. Jerome said he had held several conferences with Commissioner Bingham concerning conditions in New York especially in reference to charges that the police were taking graft. It was decided, he said, that the best thing to do was to obtain evidence of the existing disorderly places and have the Inspectors and Captains brought up on charges. The Commissioner, he said, approved his suggestion that they obtain evidence against gambling houses in the vicinity of Rutgers Street and East Broadway and "break" the Inspector and Captain. Accordingly he directed one of his process servers, Eddie Reardon, to go with Wasserman and obtain the evidence. He had cautioned them to make as few arrests as possible, he said, as the purpose was to obtain evidence against the police officials.

A few days later, he said, his men reported that they were being trailed by uniformed policemen and Central Office detectives. Wasserman and Reardon, he said had asked him to relieve them of their duty or provide protection, as it looked as if the Police Department was trying to "frame them." Another complaint of this kind followed a few days later.

Then, said Mr. Jerome, he directed his secretary to investigate the complaints made by Wasserman and Reardon, and the secretary reported substantially that what the investigators alleged was true. Mr. Jerome called one of the policemen accused by his men, Galvin by name, to his office.

"Galvin told me he was doing it by instruction of the Commissioner or Deputy Commissioners," said Mr. Jerome. "I told him then that it had come to be a matter between the Commissioner and myself."

He then examined a number of persons who made affidavits against Wasserman and Reardon, charging them with being brutal, and took the matter before the Grand Jury. He afterward discharged Reardon, Jerome said, because "he had taken to drink and had become violent." He had found no instance, he said, where any one had been hit by a blackjack by any member of his squad. Asked if he knew Rosie Hertz, whose name has figured in the trial, Mr. Jerome replied:

"I know she kept one of the worst resorts in the City of New York."

Wasserman testified that he had not struck a man named Barney Marks with a blackjack, as charged, and said that none of the members of the "Jerome squad" carried blackjacks. He also denied that he had received money from Harry Vallon. He knew Jacob and Rosie Hertz, he said, but denied that he had received $600 and $500 from Hertz as the latter testified. The Hertzes, he said, were his bitterest enemies. They had asked him to "let up on them so that they could make a dollar." He denied that he protected the Dry Dock Hotel or that he told Lieut. McAuliffe that he was making $1,500 a week.

Lieut. Thomas McCullough, retired; Capt. John Barnes of the Fifth Avenue Police Station, Brooklyn, and Lieut. Gildea testified that Wasserman's character was excellent. Magistrate Daniel F. Murphy, an Assistant District Attorney under Jerome, also appeared as a character witness.

Robert S. Binkerd, Secretary of the City Club, said he knew Wasserman when he was a member of the Committee of One Hundred. He admitted that he heard rumors about Wasserman collecting graft from either Gen. Bingham or Mr. Hanson. He spoke of Wasserman's reputation as "good."

The case will be summed up to-day and then go to the jury.

NEW COURT HOUSE HEARING

City Planning Committee to Allow Full Discussion.

A public hearing on the proposed modification of the site purchased by the city for the new Court House will be held by the City Planning Committee of the Board of Estimate in the old Council Chamber of the City Hall next Tuesday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock.

The City Planning Committee consists of President McAneny of the Board of Aldermen and the five Borough Presidents. It is pledged not to report on the proposed modification of the plan until a full opportunity has been given for a discussion of the new scheme.

Names Smedley for Works Place.

Mason O. Smedley, an expert accountant, was yesterday appointed Deputy Commissioner of Public Works of Queens by Borough President Maurice E. Connolly. He took the place made vacant by the resignation of John R. Higgins, who was promoted to the place of Superintendent of the Bureau of Sewers, which had been left vacant since President Connolly took office for another term on the first of the year.

Money in Drowned Man's Pockets.

The body of a man about 55 years old was found yesterday in the Sound at Whitestone, L. I. There were two envelopes in the pockets, one empty and the other containing a $5 note. The name and address had been torn from each envelope. Three $1 notes were found in a trousers pocket.

The man had a gold watch and chain with a locket bearing the initials "C. S." His underclothing was of silk, and his shoes, trousers and vest were of good material. He wore no coat.

MODEL BABIES WIN PRIZES.

Final Examination Made in Contest at University Settlement.

Olga Cohen took the first prize at the final examination in the second annual "Better Baby Contest" at the University Settlement in Eldridge Street yesterday. She was one of fifty babies, ten sent from each of five milk stations in the neighborhood. The five babies who had the best points in the opening contest were taken to the settlement yesterday. Illness counted one baby out, and Olga was the best of the remaining four. The prize is $25, in a bank which she cannot touch until she is of age.

The prize winner is nine months old, weighs 21 pounds and 5 ounces, and has four teeth. She won the prize despite many disadvantages. She was in the throes of vaccination ills, the four teeth made her uncomfortable, and she missed her morning nap. It was no wonder that she wept bitterly, and Jeannette Shapiro, another of the model babies, kept her company, while the two little boys smiled amiably until their actual examination began, when four model babies wailed in chorus and tears ran down their faces.

Reubin Coughman was the second model baby, a dark-haired boy, the sixth baby in his family, and seven months old. Jeannette Shapiro, the third, was a beauty with a fair skin, cheeks so rosy they looked as though they were painted, and little round, gold earrings. Harold Schwinger, the last, had been ill and dropped a little below the standard of the others. He was a first baby and his pretty mother was only 21.

All four babies belonged to Jewish families. The mothers testified to the value of the milk stations and the good advice they got from the nurses.

SIEGEL DUE IN COURT TO-DAY

Will Be in Contempt Unless Creditors Grant Postponement.

Henry Siegel and Frank E. Vogel are due to appear for examination in bankruptcy at 10:30 this morning before United States Commissioner Alexander Gilchrist. Siegel, who is on the Olympic on his way to visit his daughter in London, may be adjudged in contempt if the petitioning creditors do not agree to another postponement.

Olcott, Gruber, Bonynge & McManus, counsel for three small creditors of Siegel and Vogel, already have examined them before Commissioner Gilchrist. Siegel and Vogel were cited then to appear before the Commissioner with their bankbooks, personal accounts, and additional papers demanded by the petitioners. The time for their examination has been postponed twice.

Commissioner Gilchrist said late yesterday that he had not received notice of a further postponement. Vogel was adjudged in contempt for failing to appear before Commissioner Gilchrist about two months ago, but he was purged upon presenting a doctor's certificate of illness a week later.

FEDERAL COURTS EXPAND.

Government Leases Space for Them in Woolworth Building.

District Attorney Marshall and Marshal Henkel yesterday signed a lease for five years for a part of the twelfth floor of the Woolworth Building for supplementary court rooms and judges' chambers. The space rented covers 9,270 square feet in the two rear wings.

The outer tier of offices will be used for the chambers of the four resident district judges. Three small court rooms will be fitted up for the hearing of equity and admiralty cases. No criminal cases will be heard in the Woolworth Building.

As soon as the Summer vacation begins the chambers of the district judges thus vacated in the Federal Building will be converted into four court rooms, and space will be found for the provision of extra jury rooms. The Woolworth Building lease will cost the Government $14,675 a year.

When these changes are complete District Attorney Marshall hopes he will be able to procure the services of judges from other districts to clear up the congested calendar quickly.

DR. HALE QUITS HYGIENISTS.

Leaves Clean Bath Promoters When Ousted as Secretary.

Dr. William Hale, Superintendent of the Public Baths in Brooklyn, became displeased and left the Council chambers in Newark yesterday where the third annual convention of the American Association for Promoting Hygiene and Public Baths is in session, when he learned that he was to be legislated out of the office of Secretary of the organization.

At an executive meeting on Tuesday, which Dr. Hale did not attend, it was decided to discontinue the office. It was said that the action was due to fact that Dr. Hale was usurping the duties of Dr. Simon Baruch, President of the association, and other officials.

Dr. Hale said yesterday that the action of the committee was not legal, and that the petition supposed to contain the names of twenty members did not comply with the constitution. Dr. Hale said the name of a relative of Dr. Baruch should not be recognized because it was the name of a non-member of the organization.

Dr. Baruch refused to discuss the dispute.

GAVE HIS BLOOD TO WOMAN.

Salvation Army Patient Is Improving in Hospital.

Special to The New York Times.

YONKERS, N. Y., May 13.—Mrs. Warren Powers, 35 years old, a private in the Yonkers Corps of the Salvation Army, is improving in the Lawrence Hospital at Bronxville after a transfusion operation, in which Adjutant Charles Wiseman, commander of the corps, gave a pint of blood in hope of saving her life.

Mrs. Powers, whose home is in Bronxville, has been seriously ill for some time, and physicians have decided that she must undergo an abdominal operation. She is so anaemic, however, that the surgeons considered it necessary to resort to transfusion of blood to get her in condition to go under the knife. Adjutant Wiseman volunteered, and Dr. Oliver L. Austin performed the transfusion operation.

BRIDE THANKS SENATORS.

Mrs. McAdoo Sends a Letter Acknowledging Their Wedding Gift.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Mrs. Eleanor Wilson McAdoo has written to Senator Martine thanking him and his colleagues for the bracelet given to her by the Senate on her wedding day. The letter was dated Cornish, N. H., and was as follows:

The perfectly charming bracelet which you and your colleagues in the Senate sent me on my wedding day gave me infinite pleasure, and the generous sentiment that inspired the beautiful gift gave me, if possible, more pleasure than the gift itself.

It will always remind me of the wonderful period through which we are now passing, and of my associations, indirectly, with the great men in and out of the Senate, who are making the history of to-day.

Will you not kindly express to the members of the Senate my very deep appreciation and grateful thanks?

Pass Bill for Butler Statue.

BOSTON, May 13.—Without debate or division the House to-day passed a bill appropriating $25,000 for the erection of a statue of Major General Benjamin F. Butler, civil war commander and ex-Governor, in or near the State House grounds. The measure was sent to the Senate for concurrent action. Supporters of the plan for a Butler statue have been before many Legislatures and always have met with opposition. Two committees reported against the bill this year, but the House overrode their reports.

FOUR CLUBWOMEN SUED BY MRS. NEELY

Treasurer of Knickerbocker Relief Says Fellow-Members Cast Slander Upon Her.

ASKS $10,000 FROM EACH

Complaint Alleges That Plaintiff Was Accused of Larceny and Social Faking.

Mrs. Ethel V. Southack Neely, wife of F. Tennyson Neely, filed suit in the Supreme Court yesterday against Kate Humphrey, Julia Hearn, Flora Hamilton, and Camile Birnbohm. Mrs. Neely alleges that the defendants have slandered her and asks for $10,000 reparation from each.

The trouble grows out of the activities of the Knickerbocker Relief Club, an unincorporated association of charitable women who collect money from sympathetic men and women and do what good they can with it.

Mrs. Neely took umbrage at things she heard a week ago that fellow-members of the club had said about her, and consulted Lawyer Louis Spiegel. The result was yesterday's action. Mrs. Neely is treasurer of the club, and she has been one of its most active workers. The club has no regular meeting place, but its members gather sometimes at the Arrowhead Inn, sometimes at the Woldarf, and sometimes at other equally prominent places. At these meetings the affairs of the club are talked over, finances are discussed, and methods for using the money collected for the poor are agreed upon. There was a meeting of the club at the Waldorf yesterday, just about the time the papers in Mrs. Neely's suits were filed with County Clerk Schneider.

In her complaint against Kate Humphrey, Mrs. Neely says that the club is composed entirely of women, and that its purpose is charitable relief work. As the Treasurer, regularly elected, she says she had charge of the funds, and that on May 6 Miss Humphrey said of her:

"She has collected, retained, and misappropriated moneys; she has never accounted for said moneys belonging to the club, which she has received as Treasurer, and has used the same for her own personal use. We have instructed our lawyer to prosecute her criminally for said larceny. She is a dead beat. We are going to put her out of the club."

Similar language, Mrs. Neely avers, was used by the other three defendants, and Flora Hamilton is accused of having also said:

"She is a social faker. We have notified numerous clubs in New York of what she has done. She is a fraud. We are going to show her up."

The defendant, Camile Birnbohm, is accused of saying of the plaintiff:

"We are going to expel her from the club and prosecute her criminally for larceny."

Mr. Spiegel declined last night to supplement the complaint in any way, on the ground that he would not discuss his client's business. He said that the club had been in existence for ten or twelve years, and that it was just what it appeared to be—an association of charitable women.

Mrs. Neely's address, as it appears in the telephone book, is 104 West Forty-third Street, but she has not lived there for a long time, and no information could be obtained concerning her new home.

Early in 1913 there was a row in the club and a number of its members seceded and organized another club that was called the Knickerbocker Charity Club. The Knickerbocker Relief Club got an injunction restraining the seceders from using the name and Supreme Court Justice Whitaker made the injunction permanent in an opinion in which he said:

"The association which the plaintiff (Camile Birnbohm) represents has been in existence for several years, and depends upon public favor, charity, and donations to continue its work, and it should not be deprived of any advantage which may flow to it from the long use of its name. Likewise, the persons donating to the plaintiff association are entitled to protection."

Mr. Neely, husband of the plaintiff in the slander suits, filed a petition in bankruptcy some years ago. His liabilities were placed at $359,531, and the assets at $414,739. Mr. Neely said he was obliged to take the action because he would not be able to meet some of the maturing obligations.

HAWTHORNE LETTERS SOLD

Eight Written When He Was Consul to Liverpool Bring $279.50.

Eight letters written by Nathaniel Hawthorne, when he was United States Consul at Liverpool, brought $279.50 at the sale by the American Art Association yesterday of the political correspondence of the late George N. Sanders, who was Confederate Commissioner to Europe during the civil war. All of the letters are addressed to Sanders, then United States Consul at London, and are long and interesting. In one of them Hawthorne refers to a Captain Marshall, to whom Sanders had advanced $100 on Hawthorne's account. Hawthorne wrote:

"It seems rather odd that a gentleman of means and of respectable connections should find himself, after a short residence in London, compelled to repeatedly apply to a personal stranger for pecuniary assistance. I have such constant experience at this Consulate of the disposition of people to relieve their own impecuniosity at my expense that after very considerable losses I have grown perhaps a little too suspicious."

A long political letter of John C. Calhoun, dated Washington, June 19, 1840, and giving his views on our system of Government, went to J. H. Sundbach for $20. A three-page duodecimo letter of Grover Cleveland's, dated Marion, Mass., June 18, 1890, was bought for $17 by Dr. F. N. Deerborn. A letter by Stephen A. Douglas, Chicago, July 12, 1851, to Mr. Sanders, saying: "I like your letters, for you do not flatter me, but write just what you think," sold for $30.

A long and important letter of Louis Kossuth, the Hungarian patriot, dated Pittsburgh, Jan. 27, 1852, and addressed to Sanders, was knocked down to J. H. Benton for $35. In it Kossuth says:

"I see in your communication a much more important point yet, an offer the greatest made to me since I came to the United States, which if realized would be sufficient in itself to make my visit in America entirely successful. You write that you shall be prepared, are in fact ready, to purchase the best and fastest going steamer in the United States mercantile marine and place her at my disposal, that you are prepared, too, to arm her, man her, fit her, and steam her," &c.

Dr. Deerborn paid $17.50 for a beautiful letter written by President Franklin Pierce, Concord, N. H., Jan. 18, 1853, shortly after the burial of his son, who was killed in a railroad accident.

"I came last evening," he wrote, "from Andover, where I have remained since the dark day that left me childless, to the home from which the centre of my earthly hopes and the light of my heart have departed forever."

The same bidder obtained for $13.50 an important letter by President Polk, April 25, 1844, regarding the annexation of Texas.

Duke's Son to Hunt Duck in Arctic.

SEATTLE, Wash., May 13.—William Percy, younger son of the Duke of Northumberland, left last night aboard the revenue cutter Bear for the Arctic Ocean, where he will hunt the stella elder, a rare specimen of duck, said to be found only in the Far North. "I will remain in the North until I get what I am after, but I expect to return on the Bear when she comes South next October," he said.

WOMEN PICKET LUNCHROOM

Waitresses Parade in Posters Demanding $5 a Week—Police Called.

Reserves were called yesterday from the East Twenty-second Street Station to keep spectators from blocking the sidewalk in front of a bakery and lunchroom, 864 Broadway, near Seventeenth Street, where five waitresses have been on strike since last Wednesday.

The waitresses, encased in oil cloth paraded up and down the block and, according to Leon Weinstock, owner of the restaurant, asked patrons to boycott the place.

They were assisted by women from the Women's Trade Union League, who distributed circulars urging the formation of a waitresses' union, Mr. Weinstock said.

"The five waitresses came to me from an employment agency three weeks ago," said Mr. Weinstock last night, "and were employed as 'lunch time waitresses.' I paid them $4 a week, the standard pay for the few hours work required, and gave them two meals. In addition they made from $1.50 to $2 in tips daily and some averaged $16 a week for three hours' work a day. At noon last Wednesday the five walked out after trying to get the rest of my thirty-one employes to join them. They have been picketing my place ever since and are damaging my business."

New Yiddish Newspaper.

The Day Publishing Company was incorporated yesterday in Albany by Herman Bernstein, J. L. Magnes, and Bernard Semel of this city, for the purpose of publishing a daily newspaper in Yiddish and English. The newspaper will appear in September. The editorial management will be under the direction of Herman Bernstein. It will present, in addition to the news, all vital Jewish as well as American problems. It will be free and independent.

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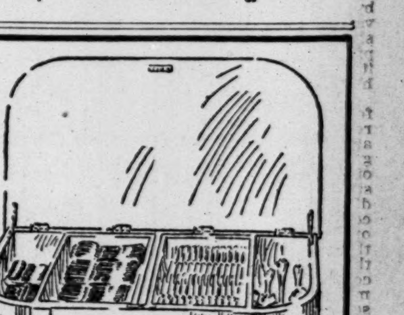

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SMOOT SAYS WILSON VIOLATES PLEDGES

Senator Denounces President's Stand on Repeal of Panama Tolls Exemption.

ENEMY COULD USE CANAL

Any Military Advantage for Us Would Be by Grace of Britain, He Asserts.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The economic aspects of the Panama Canal controversy were discussed in the Senate to-day by Mr. Smoot of Utah in a carefully prepared speech. Mr. Smoot paid little attention to the legal interpretation of the Hay-Pauncefote Treaty, contenting himself with quoting American, British, and German authorities in support of the contention that the exemption of American coastwise shipping from tolls did not constitute a violation of the treaty.

His chief reference to this phase of the dispute was his savage denunciation of President Wilson and Secretary of State Bryan for yielding to the British demands. With the British contention accepted, argued Mr. Smoot, it was only British magnanimity that would give the United States any military advantage from the canal in case of war.

"Under this British contention," said he, "if we should, for instance, become engaged in a war with Japan or any other nation we would have to pass one or more war vessels of that nation through the canal and then could not pass one or more of our own vessels to follow such foreign vessels until a period of twenty-four hours had elapsed. That would enable a foreign fleet to come through and attack any of our coast cities before our vessels, if in the Pacific Ocean, could reach them. Moreover, we would not be able to shelter any of our war vessels or other vessels within the canal region or within three leagues of the entrance of the canal. Hence, all of this supposed gain in doubling the strength of our navy in case of war would be lost to us.

"In fact, our $400,000,000 of expenditures for the canal, to say nothing of our interest in it in other ways, would be as much for the benefit of an enemy attacking this country as for our own good. That is all involved in the British contention as to the effect of the treaty in regard to the canal. But in her magnanimity Great Britian concedes us possible belligerent rights, and, strange to say, the President of the United States takes the British view of the case, and asks Congress to legislate to carry it into effect."

President Wilson, the Senator went on, was grossly violating the platform on which he had been elected, and one of its planks to which he had expressly given his approval when he was seeking votes in the campaign.

Mr. Smoot did not attempt to disguise the subsidy involved in the exemption of the coastwise shipping from tolls. He argued openly that a subsidy was necessary if the American vessels paying American wages to American seamen were to compete with the more cheaply operated ships of other nations. The nations of the world with which the United States would have to compete paid now about $46,000,000 a year in ship subsidies, he said. Nearly all of them subsidized their ships to the extent of the tolls through the Suez Canal, while Spain and Russia had already made a similar provision for the assistance of their shipping through the Panama Canal.

Mr. Smoot blamed the Democratic Administration particularly for granting more than the British Government asked. Sir Edward Grey, the British Foreign Minister, he said, told the United States that His Majesty's Government would be content to have the dispute arbitrated, but Mr. Wilson insisted on surrendering the American position without a struggle.

Doubt as to the ultimate position of Senator Thomas of Colorado, a Democrat, of the Committee on Interoceanic Canals, was ended to-day when he announced that he would stand by the Democratic platform and vote against the repealing measure. Mr. Thomas had voted in committee to send the bill to the Senate for final settlement, and his speech to-day was chiefly in favor of throwing the canal open to the ships of all nations free of tolls.

VINDICATED AFTER 31 YEARS

Major George A. Armes Promoted to Colonelcy on the Retired List.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The House Military Affairs Committee reported favorably to the House to-day a bill to promote Major George A. Armes, retired, of this city, to the rank of Colonel on the retired list. The bill, after pointing to the remarkable army career of Major Armes, who entered the army as a private and came out a Captain, says:

"It is the opinion of the committee that Major Armes was unjustly retired, as his conduct as a citizen and business man in Washington controversy any idea of his unfitness or lack of qualifications to perform the duties of an officer in the army."

Major Armes was retired Sept. 15, 1883.

Rewarded for Defending Post Office.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Paul V. Sauls was rewarded to-day for his heroic defense of the Tallahassee, Fla., post office against two burglars. The President issued an executive order authorizing his appointment to a clerical position in the classified civil service without examination. Sauls, who is 22 years old, will become a clerk in the Jacksonville post office. Four years ago, while substituting for his father as watchman in the Tallahassee Federal Building, Sauls fought off two safe blowers, fatally wounding both.

REPORT DESPITE PRESIDENT

Joint Sub-Committees Urge Passage of Rural Credits Bill.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—President Wilson's flat opposition to the Government aid to farmers provided in the joint sub-committee's draft of the Rural Credits bill has not yet ended the fight on that measure, in spite of the action of the Democratic caucus of the House last night in dropping the measure from the year's legislative programme. To-day Democrats of both the Senate and House wings of the joint sub-committee voted unanimously to report the offensive measure to their full committees and then do what they could to procure enactment.

The Senate sub-committee, composed of Mr. Hollis of New Hampshire and Mr. Lea of Tennessee, Democrats, and Mr. Crawford of South Dakota, Republican, reported to the full committee that a farm credit bill without Government aid would be worthless. Senator Owen of Oklahoma, Chairman of the Senate Committee on Banking, stands with the sub-committee.

On the House side, following the lead of Representative R. J. Buckley of Ohio, Chairman, the six Democratic members of the sub-committee voted to report the bill to the full Banking and Currency Committee exactly as introduced.

Speaker Clark joined the advocates of Government aid, saying that a farm credit bill without providing for it would not be worth the paper on which it was written.

Representative Glass of Virginia, Chairman of the Banking and Currency Committee, conferred with the President to-day and explained that, in his opinion, the Federal Reserve Bank act would extend credit aggregating $500,000,000 on farm lands, and that this, in a measure, would cover the ground for which the rural credits bill was designed.

SEAMEN'S UNION VICTORY.

Reservations to be Made to the Convention of London.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The International Seaman's Union won a victory in its fight for more liberal navigation laws to-day when the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations appointed a sub-committee to draft a clause that would prevent the Convention of London from restricting the powers of the United States to legislate on the subject.

Andrew J. Furuseth, who has represented the Seamen's Union in Washington for nearly twenty years, and who was a delegate to the London Conference on Safety at Sea, was afraid that the convention favored by the conference would limit legislation to the precise scope of the conference itself which extended other related treaties automatically for a term of five years.

The sub-committee to draft the reservation will consist of Mr. Shively of Indiana, who ordinarily acts as chairman of the full committee; Mr. O'Gorman of New York, and Mr. Burton. These three will draft a clause that will probably be appended to the resolution of ratification, explaining that the United States in assenting to the convention does so with certain stipulations. One of these, it is understood, will permit the United States to enact legislation protecting deserters from foreign merchant ships in American ports. This provision is intended to give foreign sailors an opportunity to strike for American wages on foreign ships with crews depleted by desertion.

The Seamen's bill embodying this provision as to desertion and other measures for the relief of sailors has passed the Senate.

ASSAIL ANTI-TRUST BILL.

Judiciary Committee Minority Call It Sop to Public Opinion.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Another minority report adverse to the Clayton Anti-Trust bill was presented to the House to-day by Republican members of the Judiciary Committee. The signers of this report were Representatives John M. Nelson of Wisconsin and A. J. Volstead of Minnesota, who were unable to agree with the views as expressed in a report which was presented in the House Tuesday by Representatives Graham of Pennsylvania, Danforth of New York, and Dyer of Missouri, these three also being minority members of the Judiciary Committee.

Messrs. Nelson and Volstead refer to the Clayton bill as "an assurance to big business and a sop to public opinion."

"During the hearings," they continue in their report, "no big trusts appeared to oppose the tentative bills, nor has the introduction of this final draft created any uneasiness or flurry in Wall Street. Like a Don Quixote, the committee sallied forth valiantly to overthrow the Giant Monopoly, but, under the pressure of political expediency, it turned aside to assail the windmills of little business."

NEW NIAGARA POWER BILL.

Garrison and House Committee Agree on Compromise Measure.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—A compromise bill to regulate the water power diversion rights at Niagara Falls was agreed upon at a conference to-day between Secretary Garrison and Representatives Harrison, Cline, and Cooper of the House Foreign Affairs Committee.

The bill empowers the Secretary of War to issue revocable permits for a daily diversion averaging 15,600 cubic feet per second on the American side and for the importation of 250,000 horsepower from the Canadian side. The control over the rates, tolls, and service would be left to the State of New York.

BRYAN'S SECRETARY IN A FIST FIGHT

War Waged by Bauskett and Ex-Consul Conner at Peace Advocate's Door.

BOTH CARRY MARKS OF IT

Quarrel Arose Over Dismissed Official's Failure to Get a Prompt Audience.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—War was declared, fought, and concluded in a jiffy to-day at the very threshold of the office of Secretary Bryan in the State Department. While the Secretary of State was busily engaged in signing an extradition treaty with the Minister of Salvador blows were being exchanged in an adjoining anteroom between Frank N. Bauskett, confidential clerk in Mr. Bryan's office, and Jacob Elon Conner, until recently American Consul in St. Petersburg. A few feathers from the dove of peace were picked from the floor afterward.

Some months ago Mr. Conner was recalled from his post in the Russian capital. To-day he went to the State Department for an interview with the Secretary of State. He was very anxious to ascertain something about the reasons for his recall. On his arrival in the anteroom he was met by Mr. Bauskett, who asked him to wait a few minutes, saying that Mr. Bryan was engaged.

Mr. Conner began to wait. Then Representative Richard Pearson Hobson of Alabama hove in sight and was ushered through the anteroom into the presence of Mr. Bryan. Several other Representatives were similarly treated. Mr. Conner became impatient. Mr. Bauskett stepped toward a door, and Mr. Conner interrupted him with a caloric remark, after unburdening himself of his conviction that he was not being fairly treated. Mr. Bauskett had tried to explain that the men who were being ushered into the Secretary's office were members of Congress.

As a result of the response that Mr. Conner made to this explanation blows were exchanged. Versions of the incident here differ. Mr. Conner's version is that he was struck first and responded in kind. Mr. Bauskett's account is that he struck Mr. Conner only after the latter had struck him. That blows were exchanged was evidenced by the damages inflicted, which were these: Upon Mr. Bauskett, a bruised nose; upon Mr. Conner, a black eye.

There was an eye-witness of the affair, but he could not say who struck the first blow. Mr. Bauskett went to his home to bathe his wounded nose, and Mr. Conner left the department a little later. No arrests were made.

Mr. Connor is a native of Wilmington, Ohio, a graduate of the Iowa State University, Yale, and the University of Chicago; taught for several years, reentered the University of Iowa, and obtained a degree as Doctor of Philosophy; was an instructor for two years in the University of Pennsylvania, a special agent under the Department of Commerce and Labor, and then became correspondent for The New York Journal of Commerce, and after serving as a special agent under the Interstate Commerce Commission was appointed Consul at Saigon in 1907, and transferred to St. Petersburg in 1909.

BRITISH M. P. IN CONGRESS.

Perturbs Doorkeeper by Taking Seat on Floor of the House.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Robert Hollis, a member of the British Parliament, who was a distinguished visitor at the Capitol, occupied a seat on the floor of the House during a few moments of to-day's session. During that short period he almost caused Joseph Sinnott, the punctilious doorkeeper, to throw up his hands in despair.

The House rules make no provision for visits from members of legislative bodies of other countries and when they come, unless a special resolution is adopted, they are expected to take a seat in the gallery like other visitors. Mr. Hollis had been permitted to sit in the Senate while that body was in session. He then came over to the House accompanied by Representative Walter Hensley of Missouri. Mr. Hensley brought his guest on to the floor.

Doorkeeper Sinnott sought out Mr. Hensley and the two held a whispered conversation. Then Mr. Hollis was taken to the Speaker's private gallery, where he remained for some time, an interested spectator. He was introduced to Speaker Clark and many other members of the lower body before he left.

Sign Salvador Arbitration Treaty.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Secretary Bryan and Don Carlos A. Meza, the Salvadorean Chargé, to-day signed a convention, renewing for another period of five years the treaty binding the United States and Salvador to submit to The Hague for arbitration all questions which cannot be settled by diplomacy, provided they do not involve the vital interests, independence or honor of the two countries or the interests of third parties.

AFTER ROOT'S SENATE SEAT

New York Democrats in Washington Discuss Available Candidates.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—New York State politics, with especial reference to a probable Democratic candidate to succeed to Senator Root's seat in the United States Senate were discussed in conference in Washington to-day between William C. Osborn, Chairman of the New York Democratic State Committee and members of the Democratic delegation in the House from New York. Mr. Osborn was the host at a luncheon at the Capitol, at which Senator O'Gorman was not one of the guests.

The State Chairman later had a long talk with President Wilson at the White House, and urged the advisability of giving consideration to organization men who are candidates for office in New York.

At the luncheon at the Capitol the subject was brought up as to Democratic material for a successor to Senator Root, whose term expires next March.

"We have two candidates for the place," suggested one member.

"Who are they?" asked Mr. Osborn.

"Congressmen Levy and Metz," was the reply.

Mr. Osborn remarked that he had no particular persons in mind as being available for the race, but that there was a likelihood of a candidate from up-State. He said the names of Gov. Glynn and Mr. Bissell, the latter of Buffalo, had been mentioned in this connection.

CONFERENCE TO BE ANNUAL.

Public Service as a Career Discussed By Educators.

The Conference on Universities as Related to Public Service, which started on Tuesday, was continued yesterday at the Merchants' Association and at the City Hall. Henry S. Pritchett, President of the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching, presided at the opening session. The first speaker was William Carpenter, Provost of Columbia University, who discussed the subject of "Public Service Activities of Universities—A Record of What is Being Done."

Edward A. Ross, of the University of Wisconsin, said that the expert must enjoy some security of tenure of office or otherwise he would shun public service, if he has to nurse political support for himself or perform party work, which, for a time, may be misconstrued by the public.

Herman Schneider, Dean of the University of Cincinnati, said that the successful completion of proper training should insure entrance into the public service, whether city, State, or national, at a grade to be determined, just as graduation from West Point guarantees admission into the army with a certain standing.

Herman C. James of the University of Texas, and Albert Shaw of the Review of Reviews took part in the discussion which followed. At the afternoon conference John H. Finley, President of the University of the State of New York presided. Elmer C. Brown, Chancellor of New York University, spoke on "The National University."

"I do not believe," he said, "that such an institution will exercise authority over the other institutions of our federation. The thing that is required is unified leadership."

Frederick C. Howe, Director of the People's Institute, in a discussion on the "National Institute," said that he hoped a national university would be established to work in harmony with all other universities, and that it should be a university of research.

Before the conference adjourned a resolution was passed that the Committee on Practical Training for Public Service should arrange for annual conferences so as to make possible a national clearing house for the experiences of all agencies devoted to the promotion of training for public service.

BOY, 15, FIVE YEARS A SAILOR

Vincent Murray, to See Country, Held Up at Ellis Island.

After serving two years on the training ship Ganges at Portsmouth, England, followed by three years at sea as an ordinary seaman in all parts of the world, and finishing with three months as trumpeter to the Royal Canadian Coast Artillery at Halifax, Vincent Murray arrived here yesterday on the Red Cross steamer Stephano to see the United States. So far Vincent has only been able to view New York from Ellis Island because the immigration authorities detained him on the ground that he is an orphan and under 16 years of age. He told the Inspectors that his father died ten years ago in Ireland and that his mother had been dead six years.

The boy has an uncle, John Geraghty, who lives at Harrison, N. J., and if he assures the immigration authorities that Vincent will not become a public charge the boy will be allowed to land. He is a bright, intelligent boy, and there is a possibility of Capt. John Wild giving him the berth of bugler on the United States revenue cutter Mohawk, which is now vacant.

INSPECT AUBURN PRISON.

Women Delegates, Including Miss Anne Morgan, Are Pleased.

AUBURN, N. Y., May 13.—A committee of women representing the Joint Committee of the New York and New Jersey Section of the Women's Department of the National Civic Federation visited Auburn Prison to-day to study the reforms introduced by the State Commission for Prison Reform. Among the delegates were Miss Anne Morgan, daughter of the late J. Pierpont Morgan, and Mrs. William Rand, Jr.

It was announced that the committee was not prepared to make any comment on conditions until it had completed a tour of prisons in various parts of the country. Mrs. Rand, however, said that so far as they had looked into conditions at Auburn they were well pleased with what they found.

ATTACK WILSON FOR HIS NEW DIPLOMATS

Civil Service Reformers See Depreciation in Foreign Service, Due to Politics.

STATE BOARD DENOUNCED

Commissioner Woods Presents Plan for Promoting Policemen for Good Service.

The annual report of the Executive Committee of the Civil Service Reform Association, presented last night at the annual meeting at the City Club, condemned the attitude of President Wilson toward tenure of office for American diplomats. Full credit was given for the President's efforts to keep the Consular Service on a high plane of efficiency.

The report also criticised the attempts of Congress to throw down the bars by means of riders on important bills.

But the New York State Civil Service Commission comes in for the most severe denunciation, and is declared to have made a record almost without a parallel.

Police Commissioner Arthur Woods repeated to the association his plan for promoting policemen on their individual records instead of by seniority, and said that Henry Moskowitz, Civil Service Commissioner, had promised to help along such a plan.

As to President Wilson and Congress, the committee's report says:

> In the Diplomatic Service up to and including secretaries of embassies and legations and in the Consular Service, the system of appointments and promotions established by President Roosevelt and President Taft has been adhered to almost without exception. In following the principles of the Taft and Roosevelt orders, the President also had to resist tremendous pressure either to repeal the orders outright or to modify their scope. His resistance to such pressure has won the deserved praise of the entire country, and will make it exceedingly difficult for a future President to let down the bars.
>
> The policy with reference to Ambassadors and Ministers has, on the other hand, been severely condemned. This criticism comes not so much from the fact that changes have been made as because of the dropping of many really trained diplomats to make places for politicians, often of obscure note at home. Such criticism is, we believe, proper, and should be welcomed as demonstrating that the people to-day are tired of the spoliation of the Diplomatic Service in this way, and that public sentiment will, before long, drive the spoils system out of the foreign service.
>
> The record of the last fourteen months has been marred by the hostile attitude of Congress. Since Congress convened in special session on April 7, 1913, it has sent to the President three great legislative measures, namely, the Tariff bill, the Currency bill, and the Urgent Deficiency Appropriation bill, each containing riders removing from the competitive classified service important positions (probably at least 2,000 in number) which should, by all means, have been kept under the merit system. The Tariff bill placed the entire force for the collection of the income tax, excepting the clerical force in Washington, outside the civil service law. The Currency bill provided that employes of the Federal Reserve Board should be appointed without examination. The Urgent Deficiency bill removed from the competitive service Deputy Collectors of Internal Revenue classified in 1907, and Deputy United States Marshals, classified in 1909.

The report severely scores the State Civil Service Commission, summing up thus:

> In these incidents in the hospital service the present State Civil Service Commission played a shameless part. We view the record of this commission in general, as one almost without parallel in this State for subserviency to outside influences, disregard of either consistency or plain duty, and complete lack of comprehension by the Commissioners of the dignity and judicial impartiality which their office demands.

The report says that only three years in the history of the State have equaled the record of last year in the exemption of positions from the civil service. It continues:

> The appointment of relatives by the commission includes the wife and two close relatives of Commissioner Wolff, a son of Commissioner Neu, and a brother of Commissioner Lavery. A law partner of Commissioner Neu was paid $150 for drafting a bill to give the Commissioners fixed terms, to prevent their removal except with the approval of the Senate, and to increase their salaries from $3,000 to $5,000. This payment was made out of an appropriation for the office expenses of the commission, in spite of the fact that the commission could have had the assistance of either the bill Drafting Department at Albany, or of the Attorney General's office, and in disregard of the commission's lack of legal authority to employ counsel.

Mr. Woods, addressing the association, made it clear that in his opinion the root of the trouble with the Police Department was that good work on the part of patrolmen did not lead to promotion.

He said that an ardent Civil Service reformer had called him a "heretic" on the subject of Civil Service reform. He said his experience in the Police Department had convinced him that the Civil Service is effective in sifting applicants for jobs on the force, but not in picking men for higher positions.

"What we need to do," he said, "is to hold out assurance that good work will result in promotion. At present good work and promotion are disconnected phenomena. There is no ambition in the policeman to do better work in the hope that he will be rewarded. On the other hand there are positive discouragements. For instance, policemen are often restrained from making arrests because they feel that their vigilance will not help them to promotion, and they know that the arrest will make it necessary for them to appear in court and give up time which they would otherwise have to themselves."

Mr. Woods said he had suggested to Civil Service Commissioner Henry Moskowitz the idea of keeping "efficiency records," which would give the history of every policeman and a basis for promotions. Commissioner Moskowitz had promised sympathetic consideration, he said.

Commissioner Moskowitz said that civil service had two sets of enemies, the spoilsmen and the impatient and ambitious "efficiency folks." He said:

> Mr. Harriman expressed their attitude when he said "Civil service is the substitution of incompetency for dishonesty." To meet this argument of these efficiency experts it is important to show that civil service exists not alone to bring about an immediate efficiency to last for four years, but to effect efficiency of Government for long stretches of time. To these so-called efficiency opponents of civil service I would like to teach the lesson of patience. They are so absorbed in the immediate results of their immediate jobs that they are sometimes willing to sacrifice an important principle to get quick results.

Mr. Moskowitz urged the training of public service employes in schools and colleges.

BOATS TOO BIG FOR CANAL.

Plans of New York and Buffalo Steamship Co. Must Be Modified.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 13.—It seems probable that the plans of the $3,500,000 New York and Buffalo Steamship Company will be greatly modified before its certificate of incorporation is filed with the Secretary of State. Certain requests made by the company to the Canal Board have been rejected as impractical. The company asked that there be set aside a certain portion of each canal terminal to be used exclusively for fast freight service.

It is held that this would virtually give the vessels of the steamship company the right of way. The company also asked the board to formulate a rule for vessels carrying fast freight. In a letter to Capt. M. L. Gilbert, Manager of the steamship company, Secretary E. S. Harris of the board said:

"The terminals are established and owned by the State, and no distinction can be made as to the uses. The sketch submitted shows that the design of the boat is entirely inadequate for the purposes intended in that neither the speed calculated upon nor the size they propose to build can be used in the canal. It is recommended that before they go into the matter of definitely deciding to build any boats they report to the office of the State Engineer and secure information which will lead them to design boats which will have a practical use."

The vessels which the sketch illustrated were to be 275 feet long, 40 feet beam, and 8 feet draught. The Canal Board decided that the boats could not be operated on the canal by reason of their width and draught, for the sloping walls of the canal would prevent their passing each other. The canal is only 75 feet wide at the bottom, while the width of two boats, as proposed, is 80 feet.

UNIONS FIGHT PROHIBITION.

Central Federation Urges That Pressure Be Put Upon Congress.

Under instructions from the Central Federated Union yesterday, Ernest Bohm, the Secretary, sent last evening to all unions in the American Federation of Labor a call for a general campaign against national prohibition.

The call says that such a law would be an attack on personal liberty and would invite laws prohibiting other branches of industry.

"Nation-wide prohibition," Bohm says, "would make idle about 2,000,000 workers."

The unions are asked to write to members of Congress urging them to vote and work against prohibition.

ROOSEVELT LAWYER IN RACE

Pound, of Libel Suit Fame, to Run for Governor in Michigan.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, May 13.—James Pound of this city, who was counsel for Col. Roosevelt in the libel suit against George E. Newell, publisher of Iron Ore of Ishpeming, is a candidate for the Progressive nomination for Governor of Michigan. Mr. Pound formerly was a Democrat, but joined the Progressives and made the race for Congress against Representative Doremus. It was through his participation in Col. Roosevelt's campaign trip through Michigan that he became acquainted with the Colonel and was engaged to handle the libel suit.

Hon. William H. Taft has written a series of five articles on "The Trusts" for The New York Times. These articles by a former President of the United States discuss frankly and intelligibly the entire problem of big business as affected by common and legislative law and as enforced by the courts.

The first article of the series will be published next Sunday.

"How can the average New York business man keep in good physical condition? How can he side-step the weaknesses of old age? Why is the average man of the rolltop desk not in high-class physical form, and what cardinal rules of health does he chiefly neglect?" These questions were put the other day by a Times interviewer in the boxing room of the New York Athletic Club to Mike Donovan, for thirty years boxing instructor of the club, the fisticuff mentor of Theodore Roosevelt at the White House, and former middleweight champion. Read his answers next Sunday.

The articles on Russia by Kurt Aram which begin in The New York Times next Sunday promise to be intensely interesting. Mr. Aram, a distinguished German author, after penetrating the mystery and red tape of Russian officialdom, has unearthed the underlying reasons for much of Russian unrest and persecution. He presents his analysis of Russian conditions with a clearness of statement which is not only convincing but more than ordinarily entertaining.

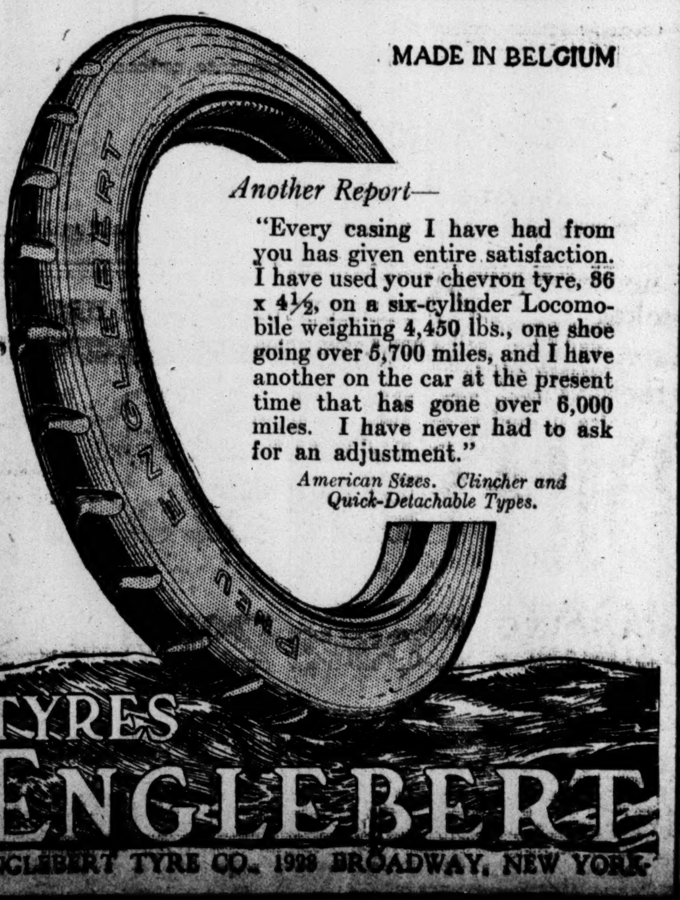
That the "fool-proof" aeroplane has been evolved and the problem of stability for the heavier-than-air machine solved is the verdict of Edgar Beecher Bronson, aeronaut, pioneer, author, and sportsman, who has had a prominent place in the world of the air for forty years, and for thirty years held a world's record for ballooning endurance. He tells about it in next Sunday's New York Times.

At the 1913 exhibition of the Royal Academy "The Firstborn" was the one picture which, perhaps, more than any other, attracted the attention of the visiting public. The artist, Frederick W. Elwell, has become deservedly popular abroad through his story-telling pictures. By special arrangement The New York Times is permitted to reproduce this beautiful picture. A copy in rotogravure will be presented to readers of The New York Times next Sunday.

Among the pages of beautiful photographs which will be published in the picture section of The New York Times next Sunday are two which stand out as most exceptional: one the carriage snap-shot of President Wilson and Mayor Mitchel (neither ever had a better likeness) and the other the "Vera Cruz" funeral procession crossing Manhattan Bridge, a most remarkable picture.

"What is the chief need of the American novel?" That was the question put recently on behalf of The New York Times to Rupert Hughes, novelist and playwright. Look for his answer next Sunday.

Order next Sunday's New York Times from your newsdealer to-day.



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Another Report—

"Every casing I have had from you has given entire satisfaction. I have used your chevron tyre, 36 x 4½, on a six-cylinder Locomobile weighing 4,450 lbs., one shoe going over 5,700 miles, and I have another on the car at the present time that has gone over 6,000 miles. I have never had to ask for an adjustment."

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Repeat orders show that Packard trucks produce dividends for their owners.

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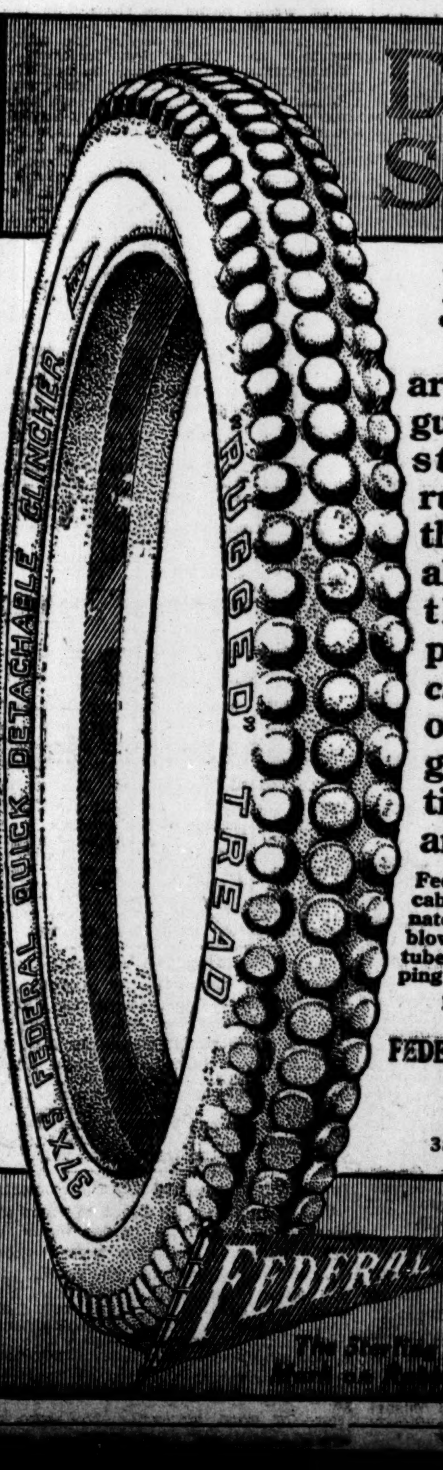
Ask the man who owns one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RUGGED TREADS are the surest safeguard. The big sturdy studs of rubber, broad and thick, set in parallel rows, grip the *slipperiest* pavement *tenaciously*. In mud or sand they give perfect traction and prevent any side slipping.

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ENGLISH POLO INVASION FOR CUP NOW ASSURED---BROOKLYN LOSES IN CHICAGO

CHEAPE TO PLAY ON BRITISH POLO TEAM

Will Come to America After Declining Three Invitations.

NO CHANGE IN PLANS NOW

Wimborne Declines American Offer to Have Meadow Brook Match Postponed to Assist His Team's Preparations.

LONDON, May 13.—Baron Wimborne, organizer of the British team which is to try to bring the international polo trophy back from the United States to England to-day emerged from the cloud of disappointments in which he had been enveloped, and by the acceptance of Captain Leslie St. C. Cheape was enabled to muster a team to fulfill the challenge sent to Meadowbrook by the Hurlingham Club. In the opinion of experts here the new combination is infinitely stronger than the one originally selected by Baron Wimborne.

Capt. Cheape, after thrice declining the invitation to join the team, finally agreed to step into the breach caused by the defection of Major Hunter, and England's team has thus secured the services of the finest player who has been seen in public on this side of the Atlantic this season. Capt. Cheape's driving power is greater than ever and he has acquired an accuracy of hitting which he did not possess when he previously visited Meadowbrook.

The new recruit to the British team will also bring with him additional ponies to join the string, as Mr. Buckmaster's team will assist in mounting him.

In saying that the British team, as now constituted, possesses a good sporting chance of regaining the treasured trophy, Mr. Buckmaster voices the general opinion among British experts.

American polo players say that the lukewarmness about this year's team is due to the jealousy between the governing bodies at Hurlingham, in the County Polo Association, and among the essentially military players, rather than to a lack of sporting spirit; a trouble they looked to the Duke of Westminster to settle amicably through his idea of making the international games something besides annual matches between the two countries, which, with annual challenges, he feared they would become.

The Duke's position has been that it would be better for the sport if international events were to be played once in two or three years, on the ground that such a lapse of time would enable both countries to develop ponies. Polo ponies of the highest class are now accidents, and his idea is to develop ponies as well as players, as the best thing for the sport. For that reason he was not favorable to a challenge this year, but Lord Wimborne and his friends felt differently and were anxious to get the cup back to England with a team of their selection. It is understood that the Duke did not believe this could be done and the tentative challenge for 1915 was the outcome of this belief. His team will therefore be in position of first in the field for 1915 in case the present effort to win back the cup is unsuccessful.

Walter S. Buckmaster was asked again to-day to take over the responsibility for the polo team by Baron Wimborne. In declining again, Mr. Buckmaster said he did not think it fair to ask a man on Monday if he would play and request him to sail on Friday, and that too with strange ponies. Besides he said he did not care to play in international polo.

Lord Wimborne's secretary said tonight that advantage would not be taken of the American Polo Association's sportsmanlike offer to postpone the contest for two weeks, as arrangements had already been made for the shipping of the ponies on the Minneapolis on Saturday next, and the sailing of the team on the Carmania May 23.

The decisive defeat of Lord Wimborne's team by Capt. Buckmaster's four to-day by 8 goals to 4 is attributed chiefly to the weakness displayed by Tomkinson and Bingham, who played in the forward positions positions they occupy in the international matches, and the result has shown the need of the challenging team getting as much practice as possible before sailing. Capt. Cheape played back for Baron Wimborne's four.

Three practice matches will be played, at Hurlingham on the 16th, Roehampton, 18th, and Ranleagh, 20th.

As the ponies will then be on shipboard, an appeal has been issued in which it is stated: "Too great importance cannot be attached to these matches in bringing the players together for practice, and the Hurlingham Club committee appeals to polo players to lend their ponies to mount the team for these three matches, and reminds them that by so doing they will not only render invaluable assistance to Lord Wimborne and his team, but their generosity will also contribute in great measure to our possible success in the international matches."

Commenting on the prospective polo contests for the international cup, The Daily Telegraph says:

"Even with the enlistment of a fine player like Capt. Cheape, the team cannot be called representative, except in one respect, that of the Englishman's sportsmanlike readiness to take a licking."

Proceeding to explain that Lord Wimborne, and not the Hurlingham Club, bears the whole expense of the enterprise, The Telegraph again urges a division of the receipts and asserts that the opinion of Americans in England is accumulating in favor of such division.

"Why it should be 'commercial' to accept 25 per cent. of the takings, while to keep 100 per cent. is not," says The Telegraph, "is outside the scope of an ordinary man's understanding."

The Telegraph regards the offer of a postponement for a fortnight somewhat in the light of "Greek gift," and expresses the hope that the Americans will show practical appreciation of British grit in embarking on an enterprise which the press considers a failure.

AMERICANS ARE PLEASED.

Polo Muddle Settled and British Team Is Now Stronger.

American polo players were gratified yesterday by the news that the international match of polo has been definitely decided on and that a withdrawal of the challenge is no longer a possibility. They were almost equally delighted to know that Capt. Cheape had at last consented to be a member of the team, even though that will be a means of materially strengthening their opponents. They seemed in earnest when they stated the stronger the British team the better they would like it, and were agreed that the make-up of the team was one that would make the American players hustle.

A commendable sporting spirit was shown by the Polo Association in view of the unsettled condition of affairs in England up to the time this cable was sent:

> Major Green, Manager Hurlingham Club: London, England:
>
> In view of the difficulties you are having in getting a team together we would be glad to postpone the dates two weeks if it would be of assistance to you. We consider any postponement longer than two weeks inadvisable.
>
> WILLIAM A. HAZARD,
> Secretary Polo Association.

The acceptance of this postponement, it was thought, might help the English players in getting more ponies, if that was thought advisable by the Hurlingham people, as well as to give further time to fill gaps in the team. The acceptance by Capt. Cheape of a place on the team was not known at the time the cable was sent.

It is indisputable that the doubt that existed as to the coming of a team has led to the players letting down a little in their practice matches, where carelessness in team play has begun to show itself. With doubt as to a game this Spring there has been some signs of slack team work that has not pleased the critics. This half-heartedness has been intensified, perhaps, by the knowledge that the situation in England might lead to abandonment of the challenge this year, because there had been tentative arrangements, at least, for a challenge by a team under the leadership of the Duke of Westminster, for the Spring of 1915. By that time the Duke hoped to be able to get together a string of ponies that could make a good showing against the string the Americans have at their disposal.

This matter has not been talked about except in the inner circles, where it was known that the dissatisfaction among English players over the challenge for this season has been pronounced, and its sending premature. It is supposed that the knowledge of the plans of the Duke of Westminster to bring over the strongest team that could be got together next year, had much to do with the declination of several players to accept Lord Wimborne's invitation to accept places on his team.

The team was selected at a meeting of the General Committee of the Hurlingham Club under the presidency of Lord Valentia. Walter S. Buckmaster and Baron Wimborne were both present.

The team will play in the following positions: Capt. Tomkinson, No. 1; Major Bingham, No. 2; Major Barrett, No. 3, and Capt. Cheape, back. Major Matthew Lannowe will go as a substitute player.

Polo Dates for Point Judith.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., May 13.—The preliminary schedule of Rhode Island polo under the auspices of the Polo Association for the Point Judith club at Narragansett Pier and for the Westchester Polo Club of Newport have been announced. The schedule follows:

Point Judith Polo Club—July 18, special matches; July 20 to 25, Polo Association senior championship, Army and Navy Cups, handicap event for teams not exceeding 10 goals. July 27 to Aug. 1, open championship, Rathborne Memorial Cup, handicap event for teams not exceeding 13 goals. Aug. 3 to 8, Polo Association junior championships, handicap for teams not exceeding 20 goals. Aug. 10 to 15, Atlantic Cups, handicap for teams not exceeding 16 goals. Aug. 17 to 22, one day handicaps, special matches.

Westchester Polo Club—July 25, 30; Aug. 1, 6, 8, 13, 22, 27, and 25. Special matches for the Newport championship and Thorn challenge Cup. Westchester and other cups will be played for on these and other days that may be arranged.

FEDERAL APPEAL FILED.

Chicago Club Wants Killifer Restrained from Playing with Phillies.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, May 13.—The appeal of the Chicago Federal League club from the decision of United States Judge Sessions at Grand Rapids in the case against the Philadelphia National League club relative to Catcher Killifer was filed here to-day in the United States Circuit Court of Appeals. This formal filing followed an announcement made by Judge Sessions last week that he had allowed the Chicago Federal League club an appeal from his court.

Catcher Killifer, a member of the Philadelphia National League club, signed a contract to play with the Chicago Federal League club, and afterward came back to the Philadelphia club. The Chicago club then asked for an injunction against Killifer playing with the Philadelphia club, and this injunction was denied, the court ruling that the Federal League club had not come into court "with clean hands."

The appeal to-day asks that the injunction be granted. The appeal will probably not be taken up until the Fall term of court.

No Protest of Giants-Boston Game.

Secretary John A. Heydler of the National League stated yesterday that the Boston club had not protested the game played with the Giants at the Polo Grounds on Saturday, which was won by the Giants, 2 to 0. Manager Stallings merely sent a letter to President Tener to the effect that Charley Rigler's umpiring was not what it ought to be. Stallings asserts that Rigler was wrong in not calling strikes on Chief Meyers just before he made the hit which drove in the two runs.

Young Tigers Go Sightseeing.

On the Detroit team are seven players who have never visited New York before, so yesterday morning Manager Hugh Jennings took them sight-seeing. When one of the players saw the Woolworth Building he remarked, "Some shanty." They visited the Stock Exchange, the Aquarium, the Atlantic Ocean, and all the places down where George Washington hitched his horse. When the party got back to their hotel they took an inventory, and not a watch was missing.

New Pitcher for Cleveland.

NEW ORLEANS, May 13.—Manager Dobbs of the New Orleans Southern League team today released Pitcher Evans to the Cleveland American League team and unconditionally released Harry McIntyre, veteran major leaguer.

International League.

At Rochester—Rochester-Jersey City game postponed; rain.

At Buffalo—Buffalo-Newark game postponed; rain.

At Toronto—Toronto-Baltimore game postponed; rain.

AT MONTREAL.

										R.	H.	E.
Providence	3	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	1	8	11	1
Montreal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	6	2

MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

New York State League.

At Elmira—Elmira-Albany game postponed; rain.

At Binghamton—Binghamton-Troy game postponed; wet grounds.

At Scranton—Utica, 4; Scranton, 3.

At Wilkes-Barre—Syracuse, 5; Wilkes-Barre, 4.

Tri-State League.

At Trenton—Trenton, 1; York, 0, (eleven innings.)

At Reading—Reading, 2; Harrisburg, 0.

At Allentown—Wilmington-Allentown game postponed; rain.

New England League.

All games postponed; rain.

Eastern Association.

All games postponed; rain.

Southern Association.

At Mobile—Nashville, 3; Mobile, 1.

At Birmingham—Chattanooga, 5; Birmingham, 3.

At Atlanta—Atlanta, 6; Montgomery, 0.

At New Orleans—New Orleans-Memphis game postponed; rain.

Virginia League.

At Roanoke—Roanoke, 4; Norfolk, 3.

At Portsmouth—Portsmouth, 10; Newport News, 9.

At Petersburg—Petersburg, 8; Richmond, 1.

American Association.

At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 5; Kansas City, 1.

Another Match for Reich.

Al Reich will be one of the stars Saturday night at the boxing show of the Fairmont A. C. against George McDermott. Reich is going good now, as was shown by his one-round victory over Jack Davies recently. The bout will develop the next opponent for Jim Coffey.

There's something about them you'll like—

Twenty for a Quarter

Herbert Tareyton London Cigarettes

CUBS BAT RUELBACH, FORMER PAL, HARD

Chicago Chalks Up Five Runs in the Four Innings in Which He Pitches.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 13.—Big Ed Ruelbach, pitching for Uncle Wilbert Robinson's Dodgers, set out this afternoon to humble his old team mates, the Cubs. This is the scene of some notable pitching feats by Ruelbach, but his homecoming was attended by a nervousness, which caused him to be very wild. Chicago won the game easily, by a score of 6 to 0. Ruelbach got a big hand from the west side crowd when he went to the pitching mound.

Five of the Cubs' runs were scored during the four innings in which Ruelbach was doing the hurling. His downfall was due to a combination of four passes, two errors, and four lusty hits. Tommy Leach drove out the hit in the fourth which sent two runs over the plate. This effort by old Mr. Leach was the signal for Ruelbach's exile, and Uncle Wilbert pushed "Bull" Wagner into the game to try to aid the fading chances of the Brooklyns.

Wagner was even wilder than Ruelbach and in the three innings he pitched he allowed only one hit but he issued five passes. In desperation, Uncle Wilbert looked over his array of pitchers in search of a man who could find the plate. His eye rested on one of his recruits named Schmutz, who was a big improvement, and in the eighth inning he struck out two of the three Cubs who faced him.

Larry Cheney pitched a good game for the Cubs and was in danger in only the second inning when the Brooklyns bunched three hits on him, but were prevented from scoring by a timely double play, which was neatly executed by the Cubs. He allowed only seven hits. Cheney did not issue a pass until the ninth, when he allowed Daubert to walk. He fanned seven of the Dodgers. The score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Leach, cf.	5	0	1	2	0	Dalton, cf.	4	0	0	2	0
Good, rf.	1	1	0	1	0	C'sh'w, 2b.	4	0	1	0	3
Saier, 1b.	4	1	1	10	0	D'bert, 1b.	3	0	1	7	0
Z'man, 3b.	3	0	0	0	1	Wheat, lf.	4	0	1	3	0
W'ms, lf.	3	1	0	3	0	Smith, 3b.	4	0	0	1	0
Sw'y, 2b.	2	0	0	2	5	St'gel, rf.	4	0	1	3	0
C'den, ss.	3	2	1	2	2	Egan, ss.	4	0	1	2	0
Br'han, c.	2	1	2	7	2	F'cher, c.	3	0	0	6	3
Cheney, p.	3	0	0	0	2	R'bach, p.	1	0	0	0	1
						*Riggert	1	0	0	0	0
Total	26	6	5	27	12	Wag'r, p.	0	0	0	0	1
						†Irwin	1	0	1	0	0
						Schm'z, p.	0	0	0	0	0
						Total	33	0	6	24	8

*Batted for Reulbach in fifth inning.
†Batted for Wagner in eighth inning.
Errors—Cutshaw, Fischer, Corriden.

Chicago ....2 1 0 2 1 0 0 0 ..—6
Brooklyn ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hits—Daubert, Leach. Hits—Off Reulbach, 4 in four innings; off Wagner, 1 in three innings; off Schmutz, 0 in one inning. Sacrifice hit—Bresnahan. Sacrifice flies—Zimmerman, Cheney. Stolen base—Good. Double play—Corriden, Cheney and Saier. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 7; Chicago, 8. First base on balls—Off Reulbach, 4; off Wagner, 5; off Cheney, 1. Struck out—By Reulbach, 3; by Cheney, 7; by Schmutz, 2. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minuates. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Emslie.

Herzog's Hit Beats Boston.

CINCINNATI, May 13.—A base on balls to Moran, the first man up in the first inning and a double by Herzog allowed Cincinnati to score one run here to-day, which eventually proved to be the winning one, Boston being shut out, 1 to 0. It was a pitchers battle from start to finish and with the exception of the inning, James pitched magnificent ball, allowing only one hit and giving one base on balls in the following seven innings. Ames, too, was on his mettle, and while he presented the visitors with six bases on balls, he kept the three hits that were made off him so well scattered that Boston was unable to score. The score:

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Moran, rf.	2	1	0	0	0	Evers, 2b.	3	0	1	1	4
H'rz'g, ss.	3	0	1	2	6	M'ville, ss.	3	0	1	4	1
Groh, 2b.	2	0	0	4	4	Con'ly, lf.	1	0	0	0	0
M'rs'ns, lf.	3	0	0	0	0	Gr'fith, rf.	4	0	0	1	0
Hob'z'l, 1b.	3	0	0	13	0	Sch'dt, 1b.	3	0	1	7	0
Bates, cf.	3	0	0	1	0	Deal, 3b.	2	0	0	3	1
N'h'ff, 3b.	3	0	0	0	5	Wh'l'g, c.	2	0	0	5	2
Clarke, c.	3	0	1	7	2	Mann, cf.	3	0	0	3	0
Ames, p.	3	0	0	0	1	James, p.	3	0	0	0	1
						*Dugey	0	0	0	0	0
Total	25	1	2	27	18	†Hess	1	0	0	0	0
						‡Murray	1	0	0	0	0
						Total	26	0	3	24	9

*—Ran for Schmidt in ninth inning.
†—Batted for Whaling in ninth inning.
‡—Batted for Mann in ninth inning.
Errors—Johns, Herzog, Clarke.

Cincinnati ....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ..—1
Boston ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hit—Herzog. Sacrifice hits—Maranville, Connolly, Deal. Double play—Groh and Hoblitzel. Left on bases—Boston, 8; Cincinnati, 2. First base on balls—Off James, 2; off Ames, 6. Struck out—By James, 1; by Ames, 6. Time of game—1:43. Umpires—Messrs. Eason and Quigley.

Phillies Throw Game Away.

ST. LOUIS, May 13.—Errors by Irelan and Marshall's wild pitch in the seventh inning gave St. Louis two runs and a victory, 5 to 3, in the opening game of the series with Philadelphia to-day. St. Louis scored its first runs in the fourth inning on a combination of hits and bases on balls. Errors figured in two of Philadelphia's runs, the other one coming as a result of clean hitting. The score:

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A	PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'g's, 2b.	2	1	1	2	4	Pask't, cf.	3	0	1	0	0
L. M'e, 1b.	2	0	0	12	1	Byrne, 2b.	4	1	1	3	1
Butler, ss.	3	1	1	0	5	Lob't, ss.	4	1	0	3	2
Wingo, rf.	4	0	1	1	0	S. M'e, lf.	4	0	1	1	0
Wilson, cf.	4	1	0	2	0	C'vath, rf.	4	0	1	2	0
Cruise, lf.	3	0	2	0	0	Lud's, 1b.	4	1	0	7	1
Snyder, c.	3	0	0	8	1	Irelan, 3b.	3	0	1	0	0
Beck, 3b.	3	1	0	1	5	Kil'fer, c.	3	0	1	7	5
Doak, p.	2	0	0	1	1	M'shall, p.	3	0	0	1	1
Cather, lf.	1	0	1	0	0	*Becker	1	0	1	0	0
‡Dolan	0	1	0	0	0	†Devore	1	0	0	0	0
Griner, p.	0	0	0	0	0						
						Total	34	3	7	24	10
Total	27	5	6	27	17						

Errors—Irelan, 2; Butler.
*Batted for Irelan in ninth inning.
†Batted for Killifer in ninth inning.
‡Ran for Cruise in seventh inning.

St. Louis ....0 0 0 3 0 0 2 0 ..—5
Philadelphia ....0 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 0—3

Two-base hits—Cruise, 2; Cravath. Hits—Off Doak, 6 in 7 innings; off Griner, 1 in 2 innings. Sacrifice hits—L. Magee, Huggins. Stolen bases—Wilson, Huggins, Byrne. Left on bases—St. Louis, 3; Philadelphia, 5. First base on balls—Off Doak, 1; off Marshall, 3. Struck out—By Marshall, 7; by Doak, 6; by Griner, 2. Wild pitches—Doak, Marshall. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Messrs. Orth and Byron.

Capt. Lord Quits White Sox.

CHICAGO, May 13.—Harry Lord, the veteran third baseman and Captain of the Chicago Americans, has quit baseball because "he felt himself slipping," according to a dispatch from Washington received here today. Leaving word with another player for Manager Callahan, saying that he was disgusted with his own poor playing, Lord left the team in Washington and boarded a train for his home in Maine to-day. Manager Callahan has decided to make Shortstop Weaver the Captain of the club, putting Alcock on third base and Blackburn back at second, according to the dispatch. Lord came to the Chicago Club from Boston in 1910.

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BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Detroit at New York.
(Postponed; wet grounds.)
Cleveland at Philadelphia.
(Postponed; cold weather.)
St. Louis at Boston.
(Postponed; wet grounds.)
Chicago, 9; Washington, 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Pittsburgh—Rain.
Chicago, 6; Brooklyn, 0.
St. Louis, 5; Philadelphia, 3.
Cincinnati, 1; Boston, 0.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Pittsburgh at Brooklyn.
(Postponed; cold weather.)
Baltimore at Buffalo—Rain.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Newark at Buffalo—Rain.
Jersey City at Rochester—Rain.
Baltimore at Toronto—Rain.
Providence, 8; Montreal, 2.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Detroit	17	7	.708
Philadelphia	10	8	.556
New York	10	9	.526
St. Louis	11	11	.500
Washington	10	11	.476
Chicago	11	14	.440
Boston	8	11	.421
Cleveland	8	14	.364

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Pittsburgh	15	4	.780
New York	9	6	.600
Brooklyn	9	7	.562
Philadelphia	9	7	.562
Cincinnati	11	11	.500
St. Louis	10	14	.417
Chicago	9	13	.409
Boston	3	13	.188

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Baltimore	12	5	.706
St. Louis	13	9	.591
Indianapolis	11	8	.579
Chicago	11	10	.524
Brooklyn	7	8	.467
Kansas City	9	14	.391
Buffalo	7	11	.389
Pittsburgh	7	12	.368

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Rochester	10	5	.667
Baltimore	10	8	.556
Newark	8	6	.571
Toronto	9	7	.562
Jersey City	7	9	.438
Buffalo	6	8	.429
Providence	8	9	.471
Montreal	6	12	.333

Where They Play To-day.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Detroit at New York.
Cleveland at Philadelphia.
Chicago at Washington.
St. Louis at Boston.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Pittsburgh.
Brooklyn at Chicago.
Philadelphia at St. Louis.
Boston at Cincinnati.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

St. Louis at Brooklyn.
Kansas City at Pittsburgh.
Chicago at Buffalo.
Indianapolis at Baltimore.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Newark at Buffalo—Two games.
Jersey City at Rochester.
Providence at Montreal.
Baltimore at Toronto.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

White Sox Get Off with Flying Start and Beat Senators 9 to 2.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Chicago scored six runs in less than four innings to-day, combining long drives off Shaw with the errors of Washington. Gallia and Bentley, who followed Shaw, were more effective, but the visitors added three more runs and won, 9 to 2. Chase got a triple, a double, and two singles in five times up. The White Sox stole eight bases, Blackburne getting credit for four. Kuhn's finger was hurt by a foul tip in the fourth inning and he was replaced by Schalk. The weather was very cold. The score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A	WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Dem't, lf.	4	0	0	0	0	M'ler, rf.	5	1	1	1	0
Berger, ss.	5	2	2	6	3	Foster, 3b.	4	0	1	0	2
Chase, 1b.	5	2	4	9	0	Milan, cf.	3	1	1	3	0
Collins, rf.	4	2	1	2	0	G'dil, 1b.	3	0	0	12	0
Bodie, cf.	4	0	2	0	0	Henry, c.	4	0	1	7	4
Alcock, 3b.	5	0	0	1	1	Shanks, lf.	4	0	0	0	0
B'kb'e, 2b.	2	1	0	3	3	M'gan, 2b.	4	0	3	1	5
Kuhn, c.	1	0	0	0	0	McB'e, ss.	4	0	0	3	3
Schalk, c.	2	1	0	6	0	Shaw, p.	1	0	0	0	1
R'sell, p.	5	1	2	0	3	Gallia, p.	1	0	0	0	1
						Bentley, p.	0	0	0	0	2
Total	37	9	11	27	10	*W'ms	0	0	0	0	0
						†Schaefer	1	0	1	0	0
						Total	34	2	8	27	18

*Batted for Gallia in the seventh inning.
†Batted for Bentley in the ninth inning.
Errors—Chase, Blackburn, Moeller, Foster (2,) Morgan, Shaw, Gallia (2.)

Chicago ....3 0 3 1 0 0 2 0 0—9
Washington ....1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—2

Two-base hits—Berger, Chase. Three-base hits—Berger, Chase, Russell. Hits—Off Shaw, 7 in 3 innings, none out in fourth; off Gallia, 2 in 4 innings; off Bentley, 2 in 2 innings. Sacrifice hits—Bodie, Milan. Stolen bases—Bodie, Alcock, Chase, Blackburn (4,) Schalk, Gandil, Milan (3.) Double plays—Blackburn, Berger, and Chase; Alcock, Blackburn, and Chase; Shaw, Henry, and McBride; Gallia, Morgan, and Gandil. Left on bases—Chicago, 10; Washington, 8. First base on balls—Off Russell, 2; off Shaw, 4; off Gallia, 3; off Bentley, 1. First base on errors—Chicago, 4; Washington, 2. Struck out—By Russell, 5; by Shaw, 2; by Gallia, 3; by Bentley, 1. Time of game—Two hours and twenty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Connolly and Dineen.

Buffalo Feds Release Three Players.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 13.—Manager Schlafly of the Buffalo Federal Baseball League announced to-day without comment the release of Pitchers Schlitzer and Purroy and Outfielder Pettigrew.

COLUMBIA WINS IN TWELFTH INNING

Pennsylvania Had Tied Score in Ninth, but Blew Up at Finish.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., May 13.—Pennsylvania lost to Columbia to-day in the most exciting and hardest fought baseball battle seen on Franklin Field this season by the score of 8 to 5. The score stood five to nothing in Columbia's favor up to the ninth inning, but then Pennsylvania took a brace and in a remarkable rally tied the score. From then to the twelfth inning neither side was able to put over the winning run, but in that session Columbia put all her strength to the test and tallied three runs. The score:

COLUMBIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A	PENNSYLVANIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Roseff, c.	4	2	2	8	2	Mann, 2b.	5	0	2	1	3
Watt, 2b.	5	1	0	4	4	Haley, rf.	5	0	0	1	0
Hann, 1b.	6	0	3	10	1	Irwin, lf.	3	0	0	2	0
Buncke, rf.	6	1	2	2	0	Minds, cf.	3	0	0	1	1
Page, lf.	6	1	0	4	0	Murd'h, cf.	0	0	0	2	0
Fried'h, ss.	6	0	0	2	3	Will's, 3b.	3	0	0	0	4
Gret'h, 3b.	5	2	2	1	2	White, 3b.	0	0	0	0	2
H'ran, cf.	4	1	0	3	1	Sch'f, 3b.	4	1	0	1	3
O'Neale, p.	4	0	0	2	3	Wall'e, 1b.	4	1	1	18	0
						Sch't, c.	5	1	1	9	1
Total	46	8	9	36	16	Valient, p.	2	0	1	0	3
						Weede, p.	0	0	0	1	0
						*Armst'g	1	0	0	0	0
						†Matchett	0	1	0	0	0
						‡Koons	1	1	1	0	0
						Eich'r, 2b.	1	0	0	0	0
						Mad'n, p.	1	0	0	0	2
						Total	38	5	6	36	19

*Batted for Valient in seventh inning.
†Batted for Minds in ninth inning.
‡Batted for Williams in ninth inning.
Errors—Watt (2,) Friedrich, Gretsch, O'Neale, Mann, Irwin, Williams, Schimpf (2,) Eichelberger.

Columbia ..0 1 0 0 0 1 1 2 0 0 0 3—8
Penna. ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5 0 0 0—5

Two-base hit—Koons. Three-base hits—Valient, Mann, Roseff. Sacrifice hits—Schimpf, Roseff, Watt, Madden, O'Neale. Double plays—Friedrich, Watt, and Mann; O'Neale, Gretsch, and Mann. Stolen bases—Irwin, Gretsch, Koons. Struck out—By O'Neale, 6; by Valient, 5; by Weede, 2; by Madden, 1. Bases on balls—Off O'Neale, 3; off Valient, 1; off Madden, 1.

Yale Wins on Wanamaker's Errors.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 13.—Three bases on balls resulted in all the runs made in to-day's Yale-Dartmouth game, which the Eli's won, 2 to 1. Misplays by Catcher Wanamaker gave Yale its two tallies. In the second inning he misjudged a throw and failed to tag Mudge at the plate. In the sixth he threw wildly to second base, allowing Blossom to score from third. Pitcher Willard's pass, Roland's sacrifice, and Mendall's single registered Dartmouth's only run. Remarkable catches by Cornish, Pumpelly, and Falsey prevented further scoring. The score:

YALE.	AB	R	H	PO	A	DARTMOUTH.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Falsey, lf.	4	0	0	2	0	Rol'd, 3b.	3	0	0	1	0
Bl'som, ss.	3	1	2	3	2	M'dall, cf.	3	0	1	1	0
Reilly, 3b.	3	0	0	1	2	L'don, lf.	3	0	1	1	0
H'ter, rf.	4	0	1	1	0	Low, ss.	4	0	0	2	2
C'nish, 2b.	2	0	1	4	4	W'm'r, c.	4	0	1	7	5
P'p'y, 1b.	2	0	0	12	3	Sul'van, rf.	3	0	1	1	1
Mudge, c.	2	1	0	3	1	Cook, 1b.	3	0	1	8	0
M'br'k, cf.	3	0	2	1	0	K'ball, 2b.	2	0	0	3	3
Way, p.	3	0	1	0	2	W'lard, p.	2	1	0	0	2
Total	26	2	7	27	14	Total	27	1	5	24	13

Errors—Reilly, Wanamaker, (2,) Cook.

Yale ....0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 ..—2
Dartmouth ....0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1

Double play—Pumpelly and Cornish. Stolen base—Mudge. Sacrifice hits—Roland, Loudon, Reilly, Cornish, Pumpelly. Struck out—By Way, 2; by Willard, 6. Bases on balls—Off Willard, 2; off Way, 1. Hit by pitcher—Middlebrook. Time of game—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpire—Mr. Stafford.

Princeton Loses on Errors.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., May 13.—Flagrant errors at critical times proved the undoing of the Princeton baseball team again this afternoon, Williams winning on the errors in the ninth inning by a score of 3 to 2 after the crowd had started to walk away, thinking Princeton's one-run lead was sufficient to win the game. The Tiger second baseman made an error when Micheler sent an easy bounder to him. Higginbotham followed with a clean single and Seibert doubled, scoring both Micheler and Higginbotham. Princeton had numerous opportunities to sew the game up, but could take advantage of none of them. In the second inning, with the bases full and none out, the Tigers muddled things by trying to work a squeeze play, ending with both Law and Rhoads standing on third base until Swain tagged Law out. The score:

WILLIAMS.	AB	R	H	PO	A	PRINCETON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Toolin, ss.	4	0	2	1	3	Hanks, lf.	3	1	1	0	1
Gil'te, rf.	4	0	1	0	0	Bolton, 2b.	3	0	1	4	3
Cutler, cf.	4	0	1	1	0	Cook, cf.	4	0	0	1	0
A'slie, 2b.	4	0	0	3	5	Greene, rf.	4	0	2	0	0
Swain, 3b.	4	0	0	2	3	Rh'ds, 1b.	3	1	1	13	3
M'heler, c.	2	1	0	8	4	Law, ss.	2	0	0	0	5
Hig'b'm, lf.	4	2	2	1	0	Gill, 3b.	4	0	1	2	1
Seib't, 1b.	4	0	1	11	2	Wall, c.	4	0	0	7	0
Hodge, p.	3	0	0	0	2	L'b'ton, p.	3	0	1	0	3
Total	33	3	7	27	19	Total	30	2	7	27	16

Errors—Bolton, Cook, Ainslie, Swain.

Williams ....0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 2—3
Princeton ....0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—2

Stolen bases—Cook, (2,) Toolin, Cutler. Sacrifice hit—Bolton. Two-base hit—Seibert. Double plays—Law, Bolton, and Rhoads; Bolton and Gill. Struck out—By Lamberton, 6; by Hodge, 4. Bases on balls—Off Lamberton, 1; off Hodge, 4. Passed ball—Wall. Hit by pitcher—By Lamberton, (Micheler.) Left on bases—Princeton, 6; Williams, 5. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Sternberg and Conahan.

Army Pitcher Pounded Hard.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., May 13.—Notre Dame buried the Army under an avalanche of hits here to-day and won in easy fashion, by a score of 9 to 3. Sheehan pitched gilt edge ball, and his batting was a feature. The score:

NOTRE DAME.	AB	R	H	PO	A	ARMY.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Lath'p, lf.	5	3	3	1	0	Gerh't, 3b.	4	0	1	1	1
Dug'n, cf.	5	0	1	0	0	Merr't, cf.	5	0	2	2	0
Farr'l, 1b.	5	0	1	12	1	Dun'n, 2b.	4	0	0	4	2
Mills, 2b.	4	1	2	4	2	Hobbs, rf.	4	2	2	2	0
N'ning, 3b.	4	1	2	1	4	Brit'n, 1b.	3	0	1	8	1
Myers, ss.	4	0	1	1	3	Milb'n, c.	3	1	0	5	3
Pliska, rf.	4	1	1	0	0	Brad'y, lf.	3	0	1	3	0
Kenney, c.	4	1	1	8	2	Neyl'd, ss.	4	0	0	1	1
Shee'n, p.	5	2	4	0	4	Butts, p.	3	0	0	1	5
†Berger	1	0	1	0	0	*Coffin	1	0	0	0	0
Total	41	9	17	27	16	Total	38	3	7	27	13

*Batted for Butts in ninth inning.
†Batted for Pliska in ninth inning.
Errors—Gerhardt, Dunigan, (3,) Neyland, Butts.

Notre Dame ....0 0 1 4 0 1 0 1 2—9
Army ....0 0 0 0 0 2 0 1 0—3

Stolen bases—Merrillat, Mills, Newning, Berger. Sacrifice hits—Duggan, Myers, Bradley, Dunigan, Milburn. Two-base hits—Lathrop, Sheehan. Three-base hits—Lathrop, Sheehan, Mills, Bradley. Double plays—Butts and Britton; Gerhardt, Dunigan, and Britton. Struck out—By Butts, 4; by Sheehan, 8. Bases on balls—Off Butts, 4; off Sheehan, 2. Passed ball—Kenney. Left on bases—Army, 8; Notre Dame, 11. Umpires—Messrs. Marshall and Wagner. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes.

Brooklyn—Washington Park.
St. Louis Feds vs. Brooklyn Feds 3 P.M. To-day—Adv.

N. Y. U. Loses to Wesleyan.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., May 13.—New York University lost a pitchers' battle on Andrus Field this afternoon to Wesleyan, the local collegians winning out by the score of 2 to 1. The atmosphere was raw, but both teams played good ball. To-day's victory was the first one of the season for Wesleyan. The score:

WESLEYAN.	AB	R	H	PO	A	N. Y. UNIVERSITY.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Lann'g, lf.	4	0	1	0	0	Woolf, lf.	4	0	0	1	0
Martin, cf.	4	1	0	0	1	Pfau, c.	3	1	2	12	3
G'dwin, rf.	3	0	0	1	0	Lynch, 3b.	3	0	1	0	2
M'kth'r, 1b.	3	0	0	9	0	Th'p'n, ss.	4	0	2	0	2
Win'r, 2b.	3	1	2	0	0	Burke, 2b.	4	0	0	2	2
B'man, 3b.	3	0	0	2	3	M'Int'e, 1b.	4	0	0	9	0
Kins'n, c.	2	0	0	8	2	Kran'd, rf.	4	0	1	0	0
Hayw'd, ss.	3	0	1	1	1	M'Cul'h, cf.	3	0	0	0	0
West't, p.	2	0	0	0	2	Patisch, p.	3	0	0	0	3
Chapin, c.	0	0	0	6	0						
Carmen, rf.	0	0	0	0	0	Total	32	1	6	24	12
Total	27	2	4	27	9						

Errors—McIntyre, Patisch.

Wesleyan ....1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 ..—2
N. Y. University ...1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hits—Pfau, Thompson, Winchester. Stolen bases—Pfau, Martin. First base on balls—Off Westcott, 2; off Patisch, 2. Left on bases—Wesleyan, 4; New York University, 6. Struck out—By Westcott, 15; by Patisch, 10. Double play—Patisch, Pfau, and McIntyre. Passed balls—Kinsman, Pfau. Umpire—Mr. Lawton.

NEW CATCHER FOR YANKS.

Nunamaker of Boston Purchased to Assist Ed Sweeney.

The New York Americans added some much-needed strength to its catching staff yesterday by the purchase of Leslie Nunamaker of the Boston Red Sox. Ed Sweeney has had to bear the brunt of the catching this season because of the serious injury to Gossett. While Sweeney is playing better than he has before in his career, the team has had no one in reserve in case of an injury to the big catcher.

Nunamaker is a valuable man behind the bat and a good hitter. It is understood that the Yankees paid a big price for the new backstop. With Manager Carrigan and Cady in good form the Red Sox had no need of another catcher.

Nunamaker comes from Aurora, Neb., and at different times has been drafted by the Cubs and Cleveland. He went to the Red Sox in 1911. He is 6 feet 2 inches tall and weighs about 190 pounds. He will report to the Yankees to-day.

Federal Hope in Johnson Verdict.

CHICAGO, May 13.—Hearing on the Federal League's motion to dissolve the Cincinnati National's injunction against Pitcher Johnson is set for the Superior Court tomorrow, and on its outcome, according to President Gilmore, depends the future of a number of ball players. Gilmore, who returned from the East to-day, said that if the court declines to uphold the Cincinnati-Johnson contract on the ground that the reserve rule or the ten-day clause were illegal, several ball players who have signed similar contracts would find their way clear to joining the "outlaw" league. Gilmore said he would settle the differences between the Pittsburgh Club and Catcher Roberts, and that the latter would be instructed to return to Pittsburgh.

No Sanction with Pros. in Game.

Chairman James E. Sullivan of the National Registration Committee of the A. A. U. announced yesterday that the National Registration Committee had voted against the proposed permission for the Scottish clans to hold a set of games, at which a series of events for professionals are proposed to follow the amateur events. The committee deems that it is abiding by the law as it now stands on the books of the association in making this decision.

At the same time Chairman Sullivan makes the recommendation that if home associations desire professionals and amateurs to compete at athletic meetings sanctioned by the A. A. U. the proper course to purpue is to send the secretary fifty days' notice before the annual meeting of the Governing body, which is held on the third day of November, when an amendment to strike from the books the present rule prohibiting professionals from competing at meetings sanctioned by the A. A. U. would have to be made.

St. Bartholomew's Stag.

The final stag of the season was held last night at the St. Bartholomew Club, in East Forty-second Street. Battling Levinsky boxed three rounds with John Gaddi. Tom Sharkey and Gunboat Smith refereed. Fred Thompson of the Bronx Church House stopped Joe Grimes of the St. Bartholomew Club in the second round of their bout.

Charles Mundt received the Miller Trophy for the most number of points scored in open competition during the last year. Frank Train got the Morrissy Trophy for winning the greatest number of points in club competition.

College and School Scores.

At Cambridge—Harvard-Fordham game canceled; wet grounds.

At Worcester—Seton Hall-Holy Cross game called off; rain.

At Providence—Brown, 8; Rhode Island State College, 0.

At South Bethlehem—Villanova, 4; Lehigh, 2.

At Princeton—Princeton freshmen, 8; Lawrenceville, 7.

At Princeton—Nassau 4; Kisminineta's School, 3.

At Tarrytown—Irving School, 19; Holbrook School, 1.

At Cornwall-on-Hudson—New York Military Academy, 7; Haverstraw High School, 4.

At Morristown—Morristown School third team, 11; Morristown Academy juniors, 10.

At Ossining—Mount Pleasant Academy, 8; Greenwich High School, 3.

At Essex Fells, N. J.—Kingsley School, 14; Hamilton Institute, 1.

At Wallingford, Conn.—MacKenzie School, 4; Choate School, 0.

At Recreation Park—De Witt Clinton High School, 10; Bryant High School, 8.

At Hackensack—Newman School, 8; Columbia Freshmen, 5.

At Summit—Carlton Academy, 4; Summit Academy, 2.

At Orono—Bates College, 6; University of Maine, 5.

At Hamilton—Colgate, 13; Union College, 0.

At Ann Arbor—Michigan, 3; Cornell, 0.

At Annapolis—Naval Academy, 18; Maryland Athletic Club, 5.

CITY COLLEGE LOSES TO STEVENS 'TECH'

Seven Points Separate Teams in Track and Field Contests at Hoboken.

The track team of Stevens "Tech" defeated the track team from the College of the City of New York yesterday in one of the most closely contested meets held at Castle Point, Hoboken, this season by the score of 54 to 47. Despite the fact that the track was in a very heavy condition the athletes displayed excellent form in the track events. The individual honors went to Hoinkis of Stevens with eleven points, notwithstanding the fact that he was disqualified in the 220-yard hurdles. Moonan was the highest point maker for the New Yorkers with ten points. Stretch of Stevens also broke the college record for the hammer throw by putting it a distance of 126 3-10 feet. The honors were about even until the broad jump and hurdles were run off then the "Tech" boys had the better of their opponents. The summaries:

100-Yard Dash.—Won by Moonan, C. C. N. Y.; second, Savale, Stevens. Time—0:10 3-5.

120-Yard Hurdles.—Won by Hoinkis, Stevens; second, disqualified. Time—0:17 3-5.

440-Yard Dash.—Won by Moonan, C. C. N. Y.; second, Boyd, Stevens. Time—0:54 4-5.

One-Mile Run.—Won by Frey, C. C. N. Y.; second, Schroeder, C. C. N. Y. Time—4:39 3-5.

220-Yard Hurdles.—Won by Smith, Stevens; second, Lehman, C. C. N. Y. Time—0:29.

Half-Mile Run.—Won by Frey, C. C. N. Y.; second, Hale, Stevens. Time—2:09 1-5.

Two-Mile Run.—Won by Hillman, Stevens; second, Scalata, C. C. N. Y. Time—10:48 2-5.

220-Yard Dash.—Won by Savale, Stevens; second, Greenbaum, C. C. N. Y. Time—0:25 1-5.

Broad Jump.—Won by Thompson, Stevens; second, Alpert, C. C. N. Y. Distance—19 feet 8½ inches.

Shotput.—Won by Grosso, Stevens; second, Weinthal, C. C. N. Y. Distance—33 feet 11⅛ inches.

Pole Vault.—Won by Drake, C. C. N. Y.; second, Hoinkis, Stevens. Height—8.6 feet.

Hammer Throw.—Won by Stretch, Stevens; second, Sacale, Stevens. Distance—126.3 feet.

High Jump.—Conrad, Stevens, and Hayes, C. C. N. Y., tied for first place. Height—5.2 feet.

XAVIER CHARGES FALL.

Registration Committee Decides It Has No Jurisdiction in Millrose Case.

The Registration Committee of the Metropolitan Association of the Amateur Athletic Union decided last night at a meeting held at the St. Bartholomew Club that the charges brought by the Xavier Club against the Millrose A. A. were too broad for a committee with its limited power to handle. It was decided to turn the whole matter, in which the Millrose A. A. was accused of inducing athletes to affiliate themselves with the organization, over to the Metropolitan Association for the association to deal with.

The recent perturbed state of amateur athletic affairs in New Haven, following the removal from office of Commissioner Hull, came in for a long discussion. Chairman Stumpf declared after the meeting that there really was nothing new in the matter, but reports from New Haven say there is more to the case. An organization to rival the A. A. U. has been formed by friends of "Doc" Hall, as the former Commissioner is known, but as yet has taken no hostile steps against the governing amateur body.

Failure to pay money due to the Metropolitan Association for registration cards for its members has put the Irish-American A. C. in danger of losing the sanction granted for its Memorial Day meet. The Irish club has only ten days to pay this bill, which is said to amount to a considerable sum, and has been due since September of last year. The Winged Fist organization must also produce point trophies coming to the Educational Alliance since June, 1912, and another cup which William J. Kramer, the Long Island A. C. star, should have received after winning the two-mile special race at the Irish club's games in Madison Square Garden last February.

Another matter turned back to the President was the charges made by the clerk of the course at the Evening Recreation Centre's championship meet two weeks ago that the Commerce team, which competed in the final of the relay race, was not the same squad as represented the centre in the preliminaries of the same event.

Robert Hales, one time champion distance runner of Ireland, was suspended for competing at the Monument games under an expired registration card.

A question of more or less great importance which was supposed to come before the committee, but which did not, was whether a professional coach can act as starter at amateur meets. It was reported yesterday that Patrick Callahan, one time a sprinter of the New York Athletic Club, and a starter himself, had lodged complaint with the committee that Lawson Robertson, being a professional coach of athletes, had no right to start the Princeton Amateur Athletic Union meet next Saturday. There is an Amateur Athletic Union rule which declares that professionals cannot officiate at amateur games, but men who receive money for their work have been starting amateur races for so many years that it is a puzzle whether starters are included as "officials."

McDermott to Swim Here.

CHICAGO, May 13.—Michael McDermott, considered one of the best all-around swimmers ever developed in the Middle West, will represent the Illinois Athletic Club in the first international long-distance swim, which will be held in New York on July 19.

BASEBALL TO-DAY, 3:30 P. M. N. Y. Americans vs. Detroit. Polo Grounds. Adm. 50c.—Adv.

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FIVE SHELLS LAPPED.

Princeton Crews in Close Race, Which First Freshmen Win.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., May 13.—A start of ten seconds was sufficient handicap to let the Princeton freshman first eight finish half a boat length ahead of the 'Varsity eight in an open handicap Henley distance race this afternoon on Lake Carnegie. No time was taken of the race. There were six crews entered, all with handicaps except the 'Varsity, which rowed from scratch. The race was one of the most thrilling seen on the lake in years, as five of the six crews were lapping at the finish.

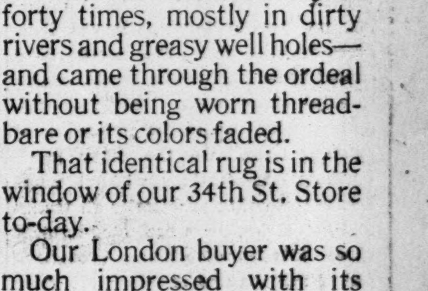
The real race of the afternoon was between the first freshman boat and the second 'Varsity, the two boats coming down the course bow with bow, first the freshmen gradually pulling ahead a length at the finish. The 'Varsity slipped in here and cut down the lead to half a length as the freshmen crossed the line. The boats finished in the following order: First—First freshmen, handicap of ten seconds; second—First 'Varsity, scratch; third—Second 'Varsity, ten seconds; fourth—Third 'Varsity, 37 seconds; fifth—Second freshmen, 22 seconds; sixth—Gentlemen's eight, 37 seconds.

The race was for a set of gold scarf pins set in the shape of oars.

Big Entry for Presentation Run.

More than 250 distance runners have sent in entry blanks for the Presentation Handicap, the five-and-a-half-mile road race which will be contested under the auspices of the Presentation Club of Brooklyn on Sunday afternoon. The race will start from the clubhouse at Rockaway Avenue and Bergen Street, Brooklyn, at 2:30 P. M. The race is sanctioned by the A. A. U. and a full list of A. A. U. officials will be on hand to see that it is truly run. Entries will close tonight with the Rev. L. H. Bracken, 1,061 St. Mark's Avenue, Brooklyn.

Other Sporting News See Page 12.



In the year 1899 an English army officer bought a steamer rug in London.

This rug was his constant companion through the long campaign in South Africa; he slept in it; used it as a table cloth; as a shelter tent to keep out the rain; it was tossed about in railway trucks and Cape carts all over South Africa; was washed thirty or forty times, mostly in dirty rivers and greasy well holes—and came through the ordeal without being worn threadbare or its colors faded.

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NEW YORK, THURSDAY, MAY 14, 1914.

THE PRESIDENT'S PROGRAMME.

It was a sad moment, it was a scene to touch the most unfeeling heart when Chairman Underwood, in announcing to the House the President's desire that Congress should now devote its time exclusively to anti-trust legislation, said that this would probably be the last request he should make of the members of the House as their leader. Nevertheless, we hope that no emotion of tenderness and sorrow will restrain the House from cheerfully and openly disregarding Mr. Underwood's and the President's wishes. Mr. Underwood's name will stand high upon the rôle of House leaders. He carried a tariff bill to enactment, and that is a great achievement. He has shown ability, tact, and energy in his difficult post, and the good wishes of the House and the country will go with him to the upper chamber. But the programme of legislation he announces is one which it is necessary to describe as bad. It is bad for the country, it is recklessly bad for the Democratic Party.

The President makes exception of the appropriation bills, of course, and of the Army Deficiency bill. With those exceptions it is his wish, and the Democratic caucus has so decreed, that nothing shall be considered save the Trade Commission bill, the Clayton Anti-Trust bill, and the Stock and Bond Issue bill. The country has declared by so many voices of authority that they must be considered representative that these bills ought not to pass. They ought not to pass, first because they are vicious and harmful, second because there is not the slightest need of them. It may be said that they are of subjective origin, that is, they correspond to no external condition or need, but originate in the minds of the lawmakers themselves. Benjamin F. Butler compared the Democratic Party to a man riding backward—it sees things only after it has gone past them. The Democrats in Congress are still in a wild rage about the trusts, they are still in full cry after the corporations long after the country has grown desperately weary of that costly form of the chase. These anti-trust bills reflect that belated state of mind. Men of sense and understanding long ago saw that the anti-trust law of 1890 is a complete statute, a full and adequate defense against restraints and monopolies in whatever form they may rear their scaly heads. But a beetle and wedge would not get that idea into the heads of the Democrats of the House and Senate.

In his desire for this legislation the President is not inspired by the people, no popular impulse moves Congress to that end. The people have ceased to talk about the trusts, ceased to think about them. They feel altogether secure under the protection of existing laws. On the other hand, business organizations without number, representing practically all trades and industries, have protested against these bills as embodying provisions full of menace and of mischief. They are as crude as the Currency bill was in its earlier form, and there is no time to subject them to the severe process of revision which made that measure acceptable. They are demagogues' bills, and the interest that supports them is not of the people, it is purely political.

If the Administration does not perceive in the present severe business depression and in a thousand indications of public sentiment portents of a coming vote of want of confidence in the Congressional elections it must be because it has been too much preoccupied to give its attention to weather signs. Persistence with these evil projects of legislation at a time when trade and industry are suffering acutely from ten years of that sort of persecution is one prominent cause of the withdrawal of confidence from the party in power. It appears to forget that it is a minority party, and apparently it has not taken note of the fact that all over the country the Progressives in great numbers have returned to the Republican camp. A reunion, even if only reasonably complete, of the Republicans and the Progressives would produce an opposition vote that, reinforced as it certainly will be through growing Democratic dissatisfaction, will elect a Republican majority in the next House. A first-rate way to make sure of a Republican majority would be persistence with the legislative programme announced by Mr. Underwood at the request of the President.

THE FALL OF TAMPICO.

The taking of Tampico by the Constitutionalist forces and its evacuation by the Federal garrison after having endured a terrific bombardment since Sunday last, is the most important development in the bitter struggle in Mexico since the fall of Torreon before the onslaught of Villa. Not only does it give the Constitutionalists a port through which they can bring in supplies of arms and ammunition, of which they are greatly in need, but it has probably cleared the northern provinces of the last force of Federalists capable of threatening the advancing armies of Carranza and Villa with serious resistance, thus opening the way to success of the rebel arms at Saltillo and San Luis Potosi. Resistance at these two centres is expected to be little more than perfunctory, and there is no other Federal force of importance intervening between the rebels and Mexico City itself.

Already, last night's dispatches say, the cry is being heard everywhere in Constitutionalist territory "On to Saltillo, San Luis Potosi, and Mexico "City!" Yesterday's victory measurably shortens the period before the Constitutionalist chieftains will face Huerta at the seat of such power as is left to him, and brings nearer by several weeks the real crisis in Mexican affairs.

RESPONSIBILITY CENTRED.

The exchange of letters between Dr. Butler of Columbia University and Secretary Gilbertson of the Short Ballot Organization on the advisability of making the short ballot the first reform to be considered by the New York Constitutional Convention in 1915 has done much to clear the air. So long as the Legislature is filled with scrambling politicians it will never consent to the short ballot. But if Gov. Glynn's plan to send to the convention prominent lawyers, educators, business men, and students of social and economic conditions irrespective of party should be adopted, there is great hope that that body will centre responsibility for the State's management in a few officials whom the voters can really choose.

Mr. Gilbertson thinks it would divide responsibility too much to have the Governor's appointments made with the advice and consent of the Senators. He points to political trading for appointments in the past. To this Mr. Butler makes reply that the trading was not due to the power of confirmation, but to "the sort of persons that you have had as Governors "and as Senators."

Quite possibly when the voters may concentrate their attention on a short ticket consisting of candidates for Governor and legislator only, they will choose better Governors and better Senators. Undoubtedly they will. But experience has shown that wherever responsibility is divided carelessness or selfish considerations creep in to prevent the best executive action. For some years to come, at any rate, the Senate will not be very trustworthy as a part of the appointing power. Even New Jersey's bad Governors have made uniformly good appointments of Judges, because their action in each case was sole and conspicuous. No considerable error could be made by fixing the responsibility for appointing State officers in the Governor alone. The duty would not often be discharged without the seeking of good counsel.

COLLEGIANS AND CIVICS.

In his little address to the Conference on Universities and their Relation to Public Service Mayor Mitchel brought out one point that may well be considered carefully by those responsible for the universities. By some of them, indeed, the study of it should be accompanied by fasting and prayer. He reported that in many cases that had come under his observation college men who had entered the public service temporarily, or with the intention to remain, were lacking in the ability to handle their work practically, getting on with it less satisfactorily than young men with fewer and poorer "advantages" than they. One of the objects which he held out for the consideration of the conference was co-operation to enable men who are in attendance at universities to get a practical knowledge of the workings of Government that will fit them to take part in it when they enter business life.

The suggestion is a pregnant one. In a lamentable degree it is true of the college teaching of civics that the practical side is neglected and undue stress is laid upon the theoretic side. This is not only true, but it is equally so that the theoretic side has too much to do with more or less abstract views as to the reforms that are assumed to be imperative in the organization of our public life. These views relate for the most part to what is called, in the vernacular, not to say the slang, of modern civics the "uplift" of society with especial regard to social changes. This pabulum is exceedingly stimulating to young minds, and it is by no means without nutritive value properly administered; but it needs, in order to be safe, to be accompanied by a substantial element of practical instruction. For one thing, it is highly expedient that students who are to be trained to reform existing institutions and methods should have an accurate and as nearly complete knowledge of what they are to try to reform as possible.

If we are to correct evils we must know as nearly as we can the nature and cause of these evils. This means that in training young men and young women in civics we should keep them as close as may be to concrete facts, and restrain them from arriving too soon at general principles and adopting tempting theories which are usually dangerous in the ratio that they are promising. These restraints are needed first by the minds of the young in their own interest, and, second, in the interest of the public. There is a distinct and peculiar risk in permitting, still more in inducing, the young to think that they have a mission for the bettering of the world before they have attained a knowledge of the world. That conception tends strongly to make them conceited, to transfer to their own credit the goodness of their intentions and to blind them to the truth about themselves and those with whom they have to deal. It puts into their minds much that has afterward to be got out by the stern processes of experience, which are often rude and cruel. In the meantime the public which these young enthusiasts are taught to believe they are serving loses a lot of good hard work which might be done if teaching were more properly adjusted to conditions.

Are we then to abandon the instruction in civics in our universities and banish therefrom the discussion of needed reforms? Certainly not. We must, however, recognize the extreme risks in theoretic teaching unless linked with thorough instruction in the concrete. That is more than a corrective, or safeguard against erratic speculation. It is a positive preparation for the world of life, and a discipline in the tasks that await the student. Nor is the process a difficult one. It can be aided by the conference that Mayor Mitchel welcomed to the city, and is, we understand, a part of its programme. The results may well be beneficial to all concerned, for it is in the field of the concrete that the universities, such as that of Wisconsin, have accomplished most. It is a constantly widening field and may well occupy energies that in the past have been too much devoted to the theoretic.

DR. HORNADAY'S VICTORY.

Wherever there is a lawless pot-hunter or game slaughterer there is a cordial hater of Dr. William T. Hornaday. The devotees of Spring shooting who are anxious to destroy the Federal migratory bird law by urging the Senators to withdraw the appropriation of $50,000 for its enforcement are blaming him and cursing him for their defeat on Monday by a vote of 45 to 17. Senator Reed of Missouri, who assiduously supported the hamstringing act, could not conceal his rage, and forgot his Senatorial dignity so far as to denounce the great zoological authority as a "common slanderer and a common scoundrel." Senator Reed's feelings will not be assuaged at learning that Mrs. Russell Sage sent yesterday to Dr. Hornaday her check for $10,000 as a subscription to the Permanent Wild Life Protection Fund that he has been raising, "for use on the firing line." That makes the subscription to the fund $25,000. Dr. Hornaday is out after $25,000 more, and he is pretty sure to get it.

His "scoundrelly" operations in behalf of wild life are as broadly extended as this continent. Not content with initiating in this State the movement for no-sale-of-game laws that have been passed by many Legislatures; with establishing State and National preserves for the vanishing bison; with providing game and bird refuges in widely scattered districts; with preventing the extinction of the fur seal by semi-legalized methods, and with stretching the Government arm above the interstate flights of birds, he is now at work in checking the game dealers and market shooters of California who have attacked the Flint-Carey law. That is a no-sale-of-game law. The game of the Pacific Coast congregates in that State in Winter and Spring, and the annihilation of species was approaching when the act was passed. Some of Mrs. Sage's money will be devoted to confounding the enemies of California's wild life.

NEEDED, A DIRECTOR OF VOCATIONAL SCHOOLS.

This city has spent over $6,000,000 for its "plant" of vocational schools, is spending over $200,000 a year to maintain it, but has in its Board of Superintendents nobody fit to deal with industrial training of the pupils. Therefore Dr. Abraham Flexner yesterday asked the Board of Education to bring into the system a Superintendent to fill the present vacancy who would be competent to direct vocational training and to fix the city's policy toward its future development.

The complexion of the Board of Superintendents needs changing with the changed needs of schooling. It has now seven associates, six of whom were Principals of elementary schools, and the seventh a Principal of a small high school and of a State normal school over thirty years ago; he has been an Associate Superintendent ever since. It is manifest that this board, to whom the Commissioners of Education must look for leadership and supervision throughout the entire educational field, practically represents only one part of that field, namely, elementary teaching. High schools and industrial schools have been overlooked. At least one high school man is needed on the board, but the situation as regards industrial training is the more urgent.

At this moment there is a tremendous pressure upon the authorities to provide vocational teaching. In the present state of public feeling the city would probably furnish the means for financing a carefully devised and carefully developed scheme. The appropriations for the vocational schools are rapidly increasing, but in the whole department there is no person who has the requisite qualifications for dealing intelligently, effectively, and broadly with the subject. None of the present Superintendents is familiar, even, with what is going on in this direction in other places.

No scheme can be propounded out of hand. The development must be gradual and thorough, with painstaking experimentation. The Board of Education is like the Directorate of a railroad—it cannot of itself form comprehensive and detailed plans, but, as opportunity arises, it can select agents, who, in co-operation with it, can do these things. That opportunity exists now.

THE GOVERNMENT AND THE UNION.

Cornelius Ford, Public Printer of the United States, addressing a union meeting the other day, said that the Government Printing Office is now "100 per cent. union." "Every em-"ployé knows there is a paid-up card "for each man in the front office and "he knows that if the card is not paid "up he will no longer work there." It would be hard to give a better example of the phrase "recognition of the union." So far as it means "collective bargaining," that is full and fair agreement between unionists and non-unionists, between employers and wage-earners, nobody objects to it. "Recognition of the union" is objectionable only when it means non-recognition of all others, as it in most cases does. In the case of the Government Printing Office it means that only an insignificant portion of citizens are eligible for employment in work to which there should be an equality of opportunity, and reward for merit which is not established by possession of a union card. Generally speaking, "recognition of the union" is objectionable because it closes the door of livelihood to more than it admits. This is the result not of the phrase but of the fact that the unionist will not work beside the non-unionist.

"Recognition of the union" and "collective bargaining" are so far from meaning the same thing that they mean exactly opposite. "Recognition of the union" means bargaining under duress, in disregard oftentimes of the laws of both God and man, and in cruel defiance of the brotherhood of man. "Collective bargaining," on the other hand, means free and fair meeting of minds, and keeping of fair bargains. It does not mean imposition of unfair terms either by legislation or by the bullet and the boycott. No non-unionist objects to collective bargaining, or is backward about sharing its benefits. The reason is that collective bargaining signifies the payment of the fair prevailing rate. Nobody opposes the professed aims of unions, but it is impossible to be blind to the practices which make the profession of such aims hypocrisy on the part of such unions and unionists as are guilty of them. The unions which stand for fair work for fair pay for all men are opposed by nobody.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Grievance Easily Remedied.

Though most of us know, or know of, a bookstore clerk or proprietor whose ability to give information about the books he sells is not limited to interpreting the price-mark penciled on the covers, yet with much that was said at the convention of the American Booksellers' Association about "the blank-faced salesman" there will be general and hearty agreement. What is difficult to understand, however, is why the booksellers should speak with such severity about their own employés and discuss their shortcomings in the tone of personal grievance.

Inquiry has failed to reveal the existence of any Federal or State law, or of any local ordinance, that forbids the employment in bookstores, or in the book department of stores, of clerks deeply learned and widely read, and not less willing than competent to put knowledge and literary taste at the service of customers. Both men and women of this sort or approaching it can be found without much search, and many of them, according to report, have ideas of a "living wage" that do not involve the keeping of steam yachts or even of automobiles. It is a pretty safe assumption that book salesmen, the country over, show in their work an interest and ability accurately adjusted to the size of their salaries. Presumably they are paid as much as they are "worth" to the employer, but the latter excites a smile when he complains that the clerks behind his counters are not as good as they ought to be.

It is obvious that the fault, if there be one, is entirely the employer's, and that without any help from anybody he can remedy it as soon as he chooses to do so. Whether or not it would pay him to hire for the selling of books people who are interested in, and more or less familiar with, the contents of what they handle is for him to decide. In the majority of cases his decision seems to have been that it would not. Possibly this is a mistake, and possibly the mistake is [illegible] due to the fact that the proprietor of the store himself views his stock with no more of affection than lights the grocer's eye when it runs over the "canned goods" which he sells, but never thinks of opening.

Book stores are still to be found—they are usually called "book shops," by the way, if this kind—where there are readers behind as well as in front of the counters, and it is to these places that buyers who appreciate sympathetic and helpful service most willingly resort. It cannot, alas! be said that such shops are always the most prosperous in the sense of doing the largest trade.

One Critic Makes a Concession.

Dr. Washington Gladden is the latest—at the moment of writing; probably there will have been others before the hour of going to press—to complain that in collecting and presenting current events it is too largely the habit of the newspapers to fix attention on the evils of the day, to keep the seamy side of life uppermost, and to exploit crime, vice, and scandal.

Doubtless because Dr. Gladden is both more amiable and more estimable than the common run of mortals, he prefaces this ancient and familiar arraignment of the press with the admission that not all newspapers are guilty as charged. Some of them, he admitted, are doing what they can, and much, to bring to earth a reign of good will, are disposed to discern the good and rejoice in it, and cultivate gracious speech and kindly judgment of their fellow-men.

That is a remarkable concession to come from a critic of the press—and most remarkable, perhaps, because of its rarity, it being the wont of our judges and advisers to talk as if there were no newspapers except the worst newspapers, or as if they confined their own reading of whatever paper they take to just the parts which they so severely condemn. For it is only by doing one or the other of these reprehensible and unfair things that anybody can fail to discover that not a small minority, but a very large majority, of present-day newspapers are the eager and efficient revealers of the better sides of life.

It is hardly becoming in clergymen to scold us for paying much heed to sins and sinners. We have the same justification for doing it that they have. And while it may be tiresome, it is apparently necessary, endlessly to repeat that the unusual, the disastrous, the criminal are not a bit more prominent in the columns of the better newspapers than they are in the everyday conversation even of people as worthy as Dr. Gladden. The paper that ignored them would be desperately dull; also it would soon and deservedly go bankrupt.

The legitimate task of the papers is to keep the public informed as to what is going on. It is not their fault if bad things happen, nor would the number of bad things be decreased—it would, on the contrary, be increased—if the first and greatest desire of their perpetrators, which is always to escape notice, were gratified.

Risks That Seem Unnecessary.

A second collision, with fatal results, of aeroplanes high in the air is reported, and so clearly do such accidents come under the classification of "avoidable" that one's sympathy for the victims is alloyed with a wonder not wholly free from reprehension. Aviators are not yet so numerous that they could not keep at a safe distance from each other if they would, and that they do not do so more than hints at a disregard for safety excessive even for them.

Care or caution, in the ordinary sense of those words, is not to be expected, of course, from practitioners of this new art. If they had either there would be no flying machines in use, since at best their margin of safety is probably narrower than that of any other human occupation habitually followed. Necessarily, as yet, its mortality rate is far higher than that of war, even in its most desperate forms.

But while the aviators must be bold close to the point of reckless disregard for life, they do not need to add to the inevitable dangers those which result from choosing the same pathways through the air. As most of them do just this, however, perhaps they cannot help themselves—perhaps "it is their nature to." If so, criticism and admonition, especially from people on the ground, are useless.

THE TIMES'S ART PICTURES.

Prof. Derendinger Says They Develop a Love of the Beautiful.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Permit me to congratulate you for the splendid rotogravure reproductions in your recent Sunday issues. You are certainly benefiting an art-loving public by these reproductions of good paintings. I venture to say that even if your paper would contain nothing save these prints it would still be an appreciated visitor to many a home.

Most people bring with them, as a natural gift, a vivid sense for "the beautiful"; this sense, however, needs training and developing. What could answer this purpose better—besides proper instruction—than to see, and to see again, good, worth-while pictures? But since originals are accessible only to few, and even copies are expensive, it is to be welcomed so much more that a prominent paper like yours meets the task of making real good pictures the common possession of every one who wishes them at practically no cost.

E. DERENDINGER.

Frederick, Md., May 12, 1914.

Native Bird Life.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It may interest many of your readers, and particularly E. S. Fisk of Long Beach, to know that in spite of the fact that the English starling is an insectivorous bird, it is a serious menace to native bird life. Nature has taken good care to provide our country with dozens of species of insectivorous birds; some kinds feed exclusively on worms, borers, and insect eggs that they find lodged in the bark of trees; others eat the eggs and worms that are to be found on the leaves and stems of plants; while still other species, such as the many varieties of fly catchers, swallows, martins, &c., feed on the wing, consuming thousands of mosquitoes, gnats, and flies. So why not protect and encourage these beautiful and helpful native birds, rather than those two cockney aliens, the sparrow and the starling?

Let us, by all means, provide food for hungry birds in Winter and water and nesting boxes in Summer, but let us do this intelligently, inviting and cherishing our native birds.

P. B. COLE.

Forest Hills Gardens, L. I., May 12, 1914.

Dissatisfied with Parcel Post.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I would like to put myself on record against enlarging the scope of the parcel post. It seems to me as if it would be better to improve what we now have. I have had several disastrous experiences with parcels arriving in a half ruined condition, and have been glad to go back to the much maligned express companies. It seems to me as if a few large mail order houses, and not the ordinary citizen, are getting all the benefit of the parcel post, if it is true, as is said, that the Government is conducting it at a loss.

DOROTHY R. WESTON.

Cranford, N. J., May 9, 1914.

"CLEOPATRA'S NEEDLE."

Central Park Obelisk Is More Than 3,000 Years Old.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your account of the scaling of the Central Park obelisk you state that this monument is "more than 2,000 years old." This monument was erected by Thothmes III. of the Eighteenth Dynasty of Egyptian Kings about the year 1400 B. C. It is therefore at least 3,300 years old. It was standing long before Moses and the Israelites lived in Egypt. It was erected, together with its companion obelisk now in London, England, to adorn the Temple of On, whose location is identical with the Heliopolis of later times. One obelisk erected by a much earlier monarch of the Twelfth Dynasty is still standing at its original site where the Temple of On was and is the only object remaining to mark the location of that temple.

In view of the decay of the Central Park Obelisk from the effects of our climate the uninformed might conclude that this ancient treasure would have been better preserved if left alone in its Egyptian environment. Nothing, however, could be more out of harmony with the facts than such an idea. The London obelisk had been lying prostrate in the sand and neglected for centuries prior to its removal, and our own obelisk was threatened with immediate destruction to make way for a modern apartment house or with the doubtful preservation as an ornament to the back-yard of said apartment house. Both obelisks had suffered from breakage of the corners and hieroglyphics by vandals and souvenir hunters. It was only a question of a short time before both of these august monuments would have suffered complete destruction.

The site at Alexandria from which they were removed to England and America was a palace of the Caesars. Augustus Caesar had caused both monuments to be transported from their original site at Heliopolis to ornament the fore court of this palace. How they came to be called Cleopatra's needles has not been satisfactorily explained. Cleopatra, the last of the Ptolemies, was dead before the transportation took place. Our obelisk is by far the oldest object known in North America, and the interesting facts of its history should be kept before the public as long as the monument survives.

ELI BENEDICT.

New York, May 12, 1914.

TOBACCO A POISON.

Especially Harmful to Those Who Inhale Its Smoke.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It would be surprising that a man of scientific mind like Mr. Edison should not avail himself of the real facts in his attack upon the cigarette, were it not so evident that such a course would weaken any defense of his own use of the weed.

A few years ago the writer had occasion to look up the available material—scientific and medical—on this question. The facts brought out are as follows:

> In the case of the cigarette, as in that of the cigar and the pipe, the question is chiefly one of tobacco, not of paper or drugs. The principal harmful element in each case is nicotine, which, as is well known, is one of the most powerful poisons known. Some of this is absorbed into the blood.
>
> A second element, one which becomes particularly harmful when tobacco smoke is inhaled, is carbon monoxide gas, (CO,) some of which is formed in the smoldering fire of cigarette, cigar, or pipe. This is very destructive to the red corpuscles of the blood; hence the pallor of the excessive smoker who inhales the smoke.
>
> The reason why cigarette smoking is more harmful than cigar or pipe smoking is the fact that most cigarette smokers inhale the smoke, and cigar and pipe smokers do not. In smoking without inhaling the smoke is exposed to the comparatively limited absorbing surface of the mouth and throat, whereas when the smoke is inhaled it is exposed to the something like six hundred square feet of capillary surface of the lungs. An enormously greater amount of nicotine and of carbon monoxide is absorbed.
>
> The use of tobacco, and especially in the form of cigarettes, is most harmful to the immature because the plastic tissues of the growing youth are much more sensitive to all deleterious influences.

M. J. EXNER.

New York, May 12, 1914.

The "Wild Women" of Colorado.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the Colorado news published in yesterday's papers was the following statement:

> Unless Gov. Ammons, within forty-eight hours, answers the request of a committee of women for action to their report on the Ludlow battle, charging the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company with responsibility, 5,000 suffragists will march to the Capitol, invade the special session of the Legislature, and camp on the Capitol grounds until the Governor does reply—so says Mrs. Alma V. Lafferty, ex-member of the Legislature.

What a striking evidence of the logic of putting women into politics! And wherein does it differ in principle from the antics and crimes of the so-called "Wild Women," the militants (or, rather, the malignants) in England? In both cases it is the determination of the women to have their own way regardless of right or reason—in the present instance by the intention to overwhelm the State Capitol with female hordes and force the Legislature to do their bidding.

And the question that naturally arises is: Who is looking after the boys and girls belonging to these 5,000 women who are ready to "camp on the Capitol grounds until the Governor does reply"?

W. C. C.

New York, May 12, 1914.

Telephone Courtesy.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I was particularly interested in your recent editorial article under the heading of "Hold the Wire," especially so as I have been a sufferer from this nuisance for a long time, and as yet have been unsuccessful in eliminating it. But I have now in mind a method which if practiced by everybody would, I believe, eventually reduce these cases to a minimum. It is this: If a voice over the telephone requests you to "hold the wire," courteously inform him that as soon as the party who wants you is actually ready to speak you will also be ready to engage in conversation. Then hang up the receiver and wait.

The "hold the wire" procedure generally arises in an office or large concern where a switchboard operator is employed, and becomes routine in order to economize time on the part of the calling party. It seems needless to say that all obligation as to suffering from delay and preliminary annoyance should be on the part of the party making the call, and that he has no right to economize his time in such a case at the expense of the party called.

J. W. G., Jr.

New York, May 12, 1914.

Lobos Island.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is said in an editorial of The Times of this date that Lobos Island cannot be made to serve as a base of military operations. This is an error, as you will recall it was made to serve as a base during the Mexican War.

Among a collection of old prints I have one of Lobos Island, showing Gen. Scott's army encamped there with four discharged transports and the sloop of war St. Mary's getting under way under full sail in the foreground.

The drawing and survey were made by Lieut. Barton, United States Navy. It is an interesting historical picture and may be of even greater interest in the near future.

DANIEL DELEHANTY,
Captain, United States Navy.

New York, May 12, 1914.

PERILOUS HIGHWAYS

Most Prolific Cause of Accidents If Not Broadened.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A question which is very often asked is, "What is the principal cause of automobile accidents?" and the answer most frequently given is, "reckless driving or incompetent operation of automobiles." To-day the States whose methods of government have been perfected have practically uniform regulations in the matter of the government of the automobile, yet practically no State in the Union has scientifically considered one of the great problems, the solution of which will contribute more largely to safe driving than possibly any other—namely, the construction of roads.

State Governments, in dealing with the automobile, are in the same position that a railroad company would be which had provided excellent rules for the operation of its road, had acquired high-class rolling stock, and had employed experienced trainmen, but had insisted on operating its main line on a single track, often faulty in construction and made of improper material.

Our State highways, in almost every State of the Union, are what might be called "single-track" roads. The crown of the road is improved. The sides of the road are either mud, loose sand, or treacherous clay. On such roads countless machines pass in opposite directions at the speed of express trains. Is it any wonder that the proportion of motor vehicle accidents is greater on the average country highway than on the city streets?

The improved road, after it has had a year or two of wear, as a general thing, frays at the side, and will not safely permit on its improved portion the passage of two machines going in opposite directions. What is the result when a traffic complication arises and more than two vehicles are compelled to find means of passing each other on a road so constructed? The reasons for the building of roads in this manner are apparent. In the first place, the States have not been able to derive a sufficient revenue to broaden the improved portion of our highways; and in the second place, the demand for the improvement of countless roads over which comparatively little traffic passes has become so great that the moneys which the States have to expend in this department are so greatly divided as to prevent the construction of really proper arteries of travel.

The reckless driver—the reckless driver cannot be eliminated on our country roads—is the cause of numerous accidents which would not occur if the system of main highways were scientifically constructed and planned to carry the traffic which now passes over them.

If road construction is to be reformed in a manner to prevent automobile accidents it will become necessary for us to build two classes of highways. The main highways connecting large centres of population upon which countless vehicles travel daily must be at least twice as broad as they are now built.

JOB H. LIPPINCOTT,
Commissioner of Motor Vehicles of New Jersey.

Trenton, N. J., May 12, 1914.

NATIVE ART TALENT.

Gen. Hawkins Condemns the Blunders of Ignorant Committees.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

We ought to be thankful to Carroll Beckwith for his recent letter in The Times. His timely castigation of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine authorities is deserved, and if possible should cause them to pause and consider. It may be asserted without the least fear of successful contradiction that our artists have produced the most artistic glass of our later times, both as to design and brilliancy of color. There are windows in the churches of this city, notably those of the Ascencion, that have no rivals from the later studios of Europe. In fact, the most of this work is very commonplace, uninteresting, academic, always needing explanation as to the meaning, the art of it usually standing for want of invention and not overartistic execution.

Our church, college, and public art affairs seem to be based upon the following rule of action: The appointment of a committee whose members are often respectable and wealthy members of society, but without knowledge of or experience in relation to things artistic. They call for bids, make contracts, and the thing is done. From the committee point of view the whole is a business affair in which the appropriate quality does not appear to have counted for very much.

Some few of our people, fashioned along the lines of the overconfident, when an official art commission, with power to confirm or reject, was appointed, ventured to hope that our out-of-door art, at least, would improve. But all to no purpose. They were destined to acute disappointment, for since the advent of this commission our sculptural images and groups, which are supposed to adorn in public places, are lower down in the scale of the artistic than ever before. Seemingly, however, we have arrived at the ultimate of the raw and horrible in the existence of the monument erected to the memory of the men who went down with the Maine. The bronze group on the top of an unattractive, meaningless pile of stone is surely as far away as possible from the artistic. It is a disgrace to the committee of citizens which accepted the design, and proves the absence of intelligence in relation to the artistic on the part of our official commission, which is destined to be a depressing eyesore to our people for many generations to come.

RUSH C. HAWKINS.

New York, May 12, 1914.

The Prolific Starlings.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have read with deep interest several letters about the English starling, and am only too glad to hear from others that they subsist on the farmers' enemies—worms, grubs, &c.—for therein they are my friends.

I had noticed what industrious parents they were, but was not sure whether they fed their young on fruit or worms. The robins use both. What startled me was the enormous increase made by the starlings in three years, and, while I shall not molest them this year in their breeding, I shall study carefully their habits.

A. C. WORTH.

New York, May 11, 1914.

THE TOILER'S CRY.

Oh, for some respite from daily grind—
A brief release from the hourly strain!
Relief to muscle and heart and mind—
The wear and tear on the hand and brain!

Oh, for the freedom that rich folks know
From wondering whence shall come daily bread!
An hour, a day, on old earth below
With naught of labor—just rest, instead!

Worn is the body, the tired nerves fagged;
Weak from the grind of the ceaseless mill;
Oh, to be free from the burden dragged—
Free to be master of self at will!

LURANA SHELDON.

DR. BUTLER WANTS SENATE TO CONFIRM

Writes That Trading with Governor Is Not Result of This Power.

COMES FROM PERSONALITY

Even the Constitution, He Says, Cannot Prevent the People from Choosing Incompetent Agents.

Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler has sent a reply to H. S. Gilbertson, Secretary of the Short Ballot Association, who submitted some ideas to Dr. Butler for a Republican programme in the Constitutional Convention. Dr. Butler tells why he would not take away the Senate power to confirm the Governor's appointments and discusses the present provisions for county government, which he says are very imperfect. He believes, however, that the people having been accustomed to the form for generations, are not likely to support a movement to overturn it all at once.

"The Anglo-Saxon mind does not like logical schemes of government," Dr. Butler writes. "It has to be led from one step to another by practical demonstration of the wisdom of each successive step."

Dr. Butler's letter is as follows:

May 12, 1914.

H. S. Gilbertson, Esq., Secretary, 383 Fourth Avenue, New York:

Dear Sir: I have your letter of the 11th and am interested in your several observations. The short ballot has been a matter of chief political interest with me for many years, as I was brought up in a State (New Jersey) where it has always prevailed, and where it was responsible for producing the best government that any State in the Union enjoyed for two generations.

In a great State like New York I should not be willing to advocate the appointment of the chief State officers by the Governor without confirmation by the Senate. The trading to which you refer is not the result of the power of confirmation; it is the result of the sort of persons that you have had as Governors and as Senators. There can be no legislative or constitutional protection against the choice by the people of incompetent agents.

My attitude toward the Controller's office is not uncertain, as you seem to think. I believe that the Controller should be appointed by the Governor. The proper check upon the financial administration of the State is not to be provided by an elective Controller, but by appropriate statutory provisions for the financial administration.

In the matter of county government, our existing provisions are relatively more imperfect than those for either State or municipal government. The existing county machinery is complicated, costly, and inefficient. At the same time the people have been accustomed to the present form of county government for generations, and they are not in the least likely to support a movement to overturn it completely all at once. I believe, however, that they might be persuaded to provide a single and separate head for the non-legal and non-judicial business of the county. As a matter of principle, it would be advisable to have such an officer chosen by the Board of Supervisors, but it would be better to secure such an officer, even if he were elected by the people of the county, than to continue the existing set of conditions undisturbed.

One is always justified in outlining two programmes of action—the first that which he would like to follow if he had his own way, and the second that which he is willing to follow, even at the expense of some concessions, in order to accomplish a forward step in government. The Anglo-Saxon mind does not like logical schemes of government. It has to be led on from one step to another by practical demonstration of the wisdom of each successive step.

Very truly yours,
NICHOLAS MURRAY BUTLER.

MAYOR PROMISES FREE ICE.

East Side Mothers Will Drop Agitation for Municipal Plant.

More than 200 east side mothers met yesterday afternoon at the headquarters of the East Side Protective Association, 1 Avenue B, to discuss the question of the continuation of the campaign for a municipal ice plant. A letter from Mayor Mitchel, who is a Director of the association, said that nothing had been done in the matter by the city authorities since Mayor Gaynor vetoed a resolution of the Board of Aldermen calling for the issue of $32,000 of special revenue bonds to be used by the office of the Borough President for the manufacture of ice.

The Mayor said, however, that in all probability the supply of free ice tickets to the Bureau of Child Hygiene would be continued this year in sufficient number to enable the Department of Health to see to it that every family under observation in the tenement house districts receives an adequate supply.

Mothers who heard this wept with joy, but some women who had had experience with the Health Department last year complained that there was too much red tape about the process, and that impostors were often able to get ice. Harry H. Schlacht, President of the Protective Association, says he has little confidence in these stories, but has nevertheless instructed one hundred girls of the senior police inspection service of the association to make a house-to-house canvass south of Fourteenth Street and east of the Bowery to see that no tickets are given out except in cases of genuine need. Mr. Schlacht said that it had been decided to drop the agitation for a municipal ice plant for the present.

TURKISH JOURNALIST HERE.

Collects Material for Articles on the United States.

Djelal Noury Bey, Turkish journalist, has arrived in New York to write articles depicting American interest in Turkish affairs. At the Turkish Consulate, 59 Pearl Street, he said that Turkey was progressing under the new Government and there was a movement to better the condition of women, started by the girls who had been educated in the American colleges in Turkey.

"After the many and unfortunate wars," Noury Bey said, "calm has been established in Turkey. The Government, in the hands of the 'Young Turks,' is firmly established and Said Halim, the Grand Vizier, is an aristocrat of true courage. We have concluded our negotiations for the loan of 800,000,000 francs. The question of the Archipelago alone remains in suspense.

"I have come to the United States to study your country, and I have already found it very interesting from more than one point of view. My own object is to make Turkey known to Americans and Americans known to Turkey."

Noury Bey was staying at the Hotel Astor for the next few days, he said. He is to return on the Vaterland on May 28.

'THE MIRACLE' FOR MADISON SQ. GARDEN

Transformation to a Cathedral for December Production of Reinhardt Play.

MUSIC BY HUMPERDINCK

Otto H. Kahn Among Subscribers to Bring Wordless Spectacle from Europe — 2,000 in Cast.

Through the efforts of Otto H. Kahn, who sailed yesterday for England on the Caronia, and other well-known New Yorkers who have subscribed more than $100,000 to make the undertaking possible, Karl Vollmoeller's wordless mystery spectacle, "The Miracle," will be presented in Madison Square Garden next December. Dr. Vollmoeller is now in New York. Max Reinhardt, the famous stage manager of Berlin, who made the original production of the piece, will come to America to stage the spectacle. More than 2,000 people will take part in the performance. Engelbert Humperdinck, composer of the operas of "Haensel und Gretel" and "Koenigskinder," wrote the music for "The Miracle," and it was due to this that Mr. Kahn and other Metropolitan Opera House Directors became interested in the production.

"The Miracle," which has been a sensation in Europe, has been considered as a possibility for America by almost every theatrical manager of prominence in New York, and at one time or another several have bought the rights to the spectacle, only to pass them up on account of the great expense involved in making the production. The play has, however, been done in moving pictures, and was exhibited here by A. H. Woods.

In London "The Miracle" is reported to have brought nearly $2,000,000 into the box office.

Among the subscribers to the fund to bring "The Miracle" to this country, in addition to Mr. Kahn, are Benjamin S. Guinness, Louis Boissevain, Daniel Guggenheim, Edward S. Harkness, Mrs. Annie Lemp Konta, Clarence H. Mackay, Hugo Reisinger, Walter T. Rosen, Richard Schuster, Joseph B. Thomas, M. M. Van Bueren, Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, and H. J. Whigham.

To house the mystery play the interior of Madison Square Garden is to be transformed into the nave of a Gothic cathedral. All the action of the spectacle takes place in the centre of the edifice. No curtain is used, but by an arrangement of lighting all his own Reinhardt effects the eight necessary changes of scene, showing for example, a soldiers' camp in Winter, or the banquet hall of a robber baron. The original production, including costumes and mechanical appliances and effects that were used by Reinhardt at the Olympia in London, will be brought to America. Scenery and costumes alone represent an outlay of $100,000.

The original cast of principals, including Maria Carmi, who achieved a great success in "The Miracle," will also come to this country. The orchestra and chorus, numbering 500, will be obtained here. Reinhardt will assemble the stage managers and assistants in Berlin. The American presentation of the pageant drama will also be under the personal direction of the author, Dr. Vollmoeller.

Originally presented in the Olympia in London in 1911, "The Miracle" has been given all over Europe. In Vienna it was acted in the Rotunda, the largest roofed amphitheatre in the world. In Berlin it is now running with capacity attendance at the big Circus Schumann. The average attendance during the long run in Vienna was more than 9,000 at each performance.

It was estimated by a newspaper in Berlin that on its journey from London to Vienna and then to Berlin the production was witnessed by no less than 2,500,000 persons.

Dr. Vollmoeller has been collaborating with Mr. Reinhardt since 1905. Reinhardt has produced six of his plays, all he has written since that time. It was the success they achieved with the "Orestes" of Aeschylus that led the two to produce the much bigger "Miracle."

Having lived in Athens for a long time, and carried on much investigation, Dr. Vollmoeller says that from the point of view of magnitude "The Miracle" outdoes anything ever presented at the famous theatre of the ancient Attic capital.

SOCIETY TO DANCE ON PIER.

Mayor to Attend Benefit To-night for Bellevue Service Bureau.

A large attendance is expected to-night at the dance which is to be given on the Recreation Pier at Fiftieth Street and North River, for the benefit of the Social Service Bureau at Bellevue Hospital. Omnibuses will be run to the pier from Lexington Avenue and Fiftieth Street every ten minutes, starting at 9:30 o'clock.

Among those who will give dinners before the dance are Mrs. Francis M. Scott, Mrs. H. Fairfield Osborn, Mrs. Arthur S. Burden, Mrs. Belmont Tiffany, Mrs. Linzee Blagden, Mrs. John W. Cross, Mrs. Benjamin Nicoll, and I. Wistar Kendall.

Exhibition dancing has been arranged by Mrs. E. Roscoe Mathews and Mrs. Belmont Tiffany. Evening dress is not required. Admission tickets may be had at the entrance to the pier.

Mrs. Courtlandt Nicoll, Mrs. Bladgen, Mrs. J. W. Fuller Potter, Mrs. Joseph R. Truesdale, and Miss Ruth Morgan are on the Entertainment Committee. Mayor and Mrs. Mitchel have promised to attend, and many prominent society women have taken boxes.

Theatre Party for Miss Gerken.

Miss Linda Stephenson gave a theatre party yesterday afternoon for Miss Florence Gerken and her attendants at her wedding on May 21 to Leopold Tschirky. The guests included the maid of honor, Miss Irene Gerken, Miss Loretta Carroll, who is to be the flower girl, the six bridesmaids, and the Misses Clover Tschirky, Lucie G. Elkin, Aimee L. Sullivan, Flora Autenreith, and Gladys Eustace, and Miss Stephenson. Mrs. S. W. Stephenson chaperoned the party and a tea at the Knickerbocker followed the play.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The management of Keith's Palace Theatre announces that for the week of May 18 Douglas Fairbanks will present for the first time in New York a new playlet by Alice Leal Pollock, in which he will be assisted by Patricia Collinge.

Olga Petrova, the Anglo-Polish tragedienne, who is acting in "Panthea," has written a love ballad, "Panthea's Dream," which will be introduced during the third act of this drama at the Booth Theatre next Monday evening.

Mae Murray, who is directing the nightly entertainment at the Folies Marigny, atop the Forty-fourth Street Theatre, will appear in several classical dances this afternoon at 4 o'clock at Public School 48, 124 West Twenty-eighth Street, for the entertainment of the school children in that district. No admission will be charged.

Through the courtesy of Annette Kellermann the cripple children's school at 157 Henry Street will be her guests at the matinee performance of "Neptune's Daughter" at the Globe Theatre this afternoon.

Frank Mandel yesterday delivered to Oliver Morosco in Los Angeles the completed manuscript of his three-act play, "The Lady We Love." It will be produced at the Burbank Theatre in that city. Mr. Mandel is a San Francisco writer who has been in New York placing several of his plays.

A. H. Woods announced yesterday the engagement of Pauline Frederick to create the rôle of Innocent in the play of that name, for which he recently obtained the American rights, and which he purposes producing in the Fall. "Innocent" is from the Hungarian of Arpad Pasztor. The English adaptation is to be made by George Broadhurst.

MISS LIVINGSTON ENGAGED.

Daughter of Mrs. Robert R. Livingston to Wed Howland S. Davis.

Mrs. Robert R. Livingston announces the engagement of her only daughter, Miss Laura Suffern Livingston, to Howland Shippen Davis. Miss Livingston was introduced to society four years ago and was President of the Junior League Sustaining Committee of 1910.

Her Summer home is at Northwood, Tivoli-on-Hudson, on a portion of the Manor of Livingston, granted to the family by Queen Anne. She is a sister of Robert E. Livingston, a granddaughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Tailer, of 11 Washington Square North; a niece of T. Suffern Tailer, E. de P. Livingston, and Goodhue Livingston, and a great great granddaughter of Chancellor Robert R. Livingston of Tremont, and of Philip Livingston, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence.

Mr. Davis is a nephew of Mrs. Hilborne Roosevelt and William Shippen. On the maternal side he is a member of the old Shippen family of Philadelphia, and on the paternal side he descends from the old Davis family of Plymouth, Mass., of Puritan stock.

The marriage will take place in the Autumn at the Livingston estate, Northwood.

MISS HAZARD'S WEDDING.

Attendants for Her Marriage to Courtlandt D. Moss on June 6.

The wedding of Miss Katharine Hazard, fourth daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Ayrault Hazard, of Cedarhurst, L. I., and Courtlandt Dixon Moss, will take place at 12 o'clock on Saturday, June 6, in St. John's Episcopal Church at Far Rockaway, L. I., and will be followed by a reception at Meadow Hall, the Hazard residence at Cedarhurst.

Miss Hazard will have her sister, Mrs. Charles Reginald Leonard, (Miss Jessie Ashley Hazard,) as matron of honor, and the bridesmaids will be the Misses Florence Burton, Caroline Lesley Fuller, Genevieve Leland Sanford, and Ruth Helene Moller. The flower girls will be Camilla Woodward Livingston, and Silvie Livingston, the daughters of Mr. Moss's sister, Mrs. Johnston, Livingston, Jr., and Laura Hazard Holmes, daughter of Mrs. Duncan A. Holmes.

Mr. Moss's best man will be his brother, Robert T. W. Moss, and the 14 ushers are to be Prescott Foster Hindekoper, Arthur Russell Jones, Francis A. Harding, John K. Hollins, Hugo G. de Fritsch, Johnston Livingston, Jr., William Fellowes Morgan, Jr., J. Henry Harper, Jr., Rene La Montagne, Harold W. Brooks, Nathaniel S. Simpkins, Jr., Gordon Ware, William A. Hazard, Jr., and W. Tilden P. Hazard. Master James Bogert Tailer, Jr., a nephew of the bridegroom, is to be the ribbon boy.

The engagement was announced last August. Mrs. Moss is a son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Courtlandt D. Moss and is a Harvard graduate, class of 1909.

MISS FRANCES BURR TO WED.

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Winthrop Burr Engaged to Alfred Ely, Jr.

The engagement of Miss Frances Burr, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Winthrop Burr (Miss Frances Page), of Lawrence, L. I., and New York, to Alfred Ely, Jr., the son of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Ely (Miss Helena Rutherfurd) of 125 East Fifty-seventh Street and Meadowburn Farm, New Milford, N. Y., is announced. Miss Burr is a sister of Mrs. Albert B. Kerr and a granddaughter of J. Tucker Burr of Boston and Joseph French Page of Philadelphia, and a niece of Mrs. Henry Winthrop Hardon of this city. Mr. Ely is a nephew of Livingston and Morris Rutherfurd. On his father's side he comes of old New England stock. He was graduated from Princeton in 1905 and later from the Harvard Law School, and practices law in New York.

Mrs. Ely is well known as an author, having written several books on gardening. Mr. Ely's sister, Miss Helena Rutherfurd Ely, married Richard Worsam Meade, a son of Rear Admiral Meade, some years ago.

The wedding will take place in the Autumn, probably at the Burr country place on Long Island, where Miss Rosamund Burr's marriage to Mr. Kerr took place last Fall. Mr. and Mrs. Burr and Miss Burr are leaving 28 East Thirty-ninth Street to-day for their country place at Lawrence.

MISS EDISON WEDS JUNE 17.

Plans for Marriage of Daughter of Thomas A. Edison to John Sloane.

The marriage of Miss Madeline Edison, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas A. Edison of Glenmont, Llewellyn Park, West Orange, and John Sloane, son of Dr. and Mrs. T. O'Conor Sloane of Montrose Avenue, will take place on Wednesday afternoon, June 17, at the home of the bride-elect's parents. The Rt. Rev. Monsignor James F. Mooney, President of Seton Hall College, South Orange, will officiate. When a young man Dr. Sloane was a professor at Seton Hall

Miss Edison will have as maids of honor her two cousins, Miss Margaret Miller of Akron, Ohio, and Miss Rachel Miller of New York. There will also be six bridesmaids, Miss Florence Walton and Miss Elmina Ambrose of East Orange, Miss Carol Douglas of Llewellyn Park, Miss Marie Cozzens of New York, formerly of East Orange; Miss Margaret Gregory of Montclair, and Miss Elsa Denison of Denver.

Littlejohn-Bogle Wedding To-night.

The wedding of Miss Caroline Bogle, a daughter of William Yates Bogle of Montclair, N. J., and Frank Stuart Littlejohn, a son of Mrs. Frank B. Littlejohn of that town, will take place this evening at the residence of the bride's father, 114 Upper Mountain Avenue, Montclair. The bride's only attendants will be her sister, Mrs. Johan Waldemar von Rehling-Qvistgaard. Miss Margaret Torrens, a cousin of the bride, will also attend her, and Charles Littlejohn will be his brother's best man. A small reception will follow the ceremony.

SOCIAL NOTES.

The wedding of Miss Alice Dix Wardell, daughter of Henry L. Wardell, and Harold Otis, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Harrison Otis, will take place to-day at the Church of the Holy Communion. None except the families have been invited.

Mrs. Hilborne L. Roosevelt has opened her country place, Merdlemouth, at Hightstown, N. J., for the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Wagstaff of 515 Madison Avenue will not open their country place, Tahlulah, at West Islip, L. I., until after the marriage, on June 4, of George Wagstaff and Miss Cumnock.

Miss Nona H. McAdoo, daughter of the Secretary of the Treasury William G. McAdoo, arrived here yesterday with Mr. and Mrs. Isaac E. Emerson of Baltimore, Md. They are staying at the Biltmore for several days.

Mrs. von Juch Wellman of 103 East Seventy-fifth Street will sail for England on May 21 on the President Lincoln.

Mr. and Mrs. Lyman Beecher Stowe, (Miss Hilda R. Smith,) who were married here on April 16, are spending the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. Hillister Sturgis at Philadelphia.

Miss Florence Rising has returned from a two months' visit with her sister, Mrs. Follett Bradley, at Fort Riley, Kan., and is with her mother, Mrs. Henry W. Rising, at their home in Greenwich, Conn.

Mrs. Newton B. Eustis and Mrs. Sydney T. Prescott have left for a few weeks' stay at the Virginia Hot Springs.

Passengers for Liverpool.

Some of those sailing to-day on the Adriatic for Liverpool are:

L. Ball, Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Barber, Mrs. W. H. Blake, Paul B. Boden, Lieut. C. K. Butler, A. H. Carpenter, Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Dingwall, Miss May Dowling, G. R. Dunn, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Eager, Mrs. H. B. Fisher, F. B. Francis, R. W. Fraser, A. E. Gay, C. N. Harding, Mr. and Mrs. J. Hope, Miss F. M. Howland, Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Lord, Charles Napier, Capt. L. Nicholas, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Orr, Capt. E. H. Rigg, Baron and Baroness de Stackelberg, Mrs. E. Walker, and J. G. Williams.

FINE CHIPPENDALE IN ART MUSEUM

Tables of Delicate Carving Are Among Bequests of the Late John L. Cadwalader.

RARE CHELSEA PORCELAIN

Collection Includes a Fanciful Pair of Candlesticks, a Chinese Romeo and Juliet—A Sienese Painting.

Among the most interesting recent accessions of the month announced at the Metropolitan Art Museum yesterday were articles presented to the Museum under the will of the late John L. Cadwalader. A comparatively few of these are now to be seen in the Recent Accessions Room, others, not yet on view will eventually, Director Robinson of the Museum, said yesterday, be placed in a room by themselves—XVIII. Century Room.

In his residence in East Fifty-sixth Street, Mr. Cadwalader had a delightful collection of English furniture of the XVIII century, Chelsea porcelains of the best period of that ware; silver and glass and Chinese bronzes of the period which went with the "Chinese" Chippendale tables of delicate and lovely design—everything in the house in keeping, and making it possible in the Museum to keep the collection together and at the same time have the different articles placed with chronological accuracy. The collections were presented outright to the Museum and of the furniture the Museum had the privilege of making such selections as might be thought advisable to use for Museum purposes.

Lovers of old Chippendale will be delighted with the examples now to be seen in the Recent Accessions Room—three tables of unusual charm even among fine examples of Chinese Chippendale. One of these, a round table with cabriole legs and ball and claw feet, and a lovely curtain, was evidently a pair of semi-round tables, the two now being riveted together. A tea table is of wonderful delicacy of carving. There is a cabinet in the room which is of later date and which will be used to hold some of the porcelains of the collection. A large mirror with a crystal frame is of exceedingly simple and unusual design and a particularly interesting and delightful piece. There are also pieces of English lacquer which are interesting.

The collection of old Chelsea porcelain will make that of the Museum second only to those of the British and South Kensington Museums. Among the most fanciful and elaborate of these pieces is a pair of candlesticks, a Chinese Romeo and Juliet, one on each of the candlesticks, in pagoda like bowers, encircled by flowers, a flower-like candle holder on either side. These are supposed to have been made after models by the French sculptor, Louis François Roubillac, who designed Handel's monument in Westminster Abbey. This artist made for many years designs for the finest statuettes which came from the Chelsea factory. There are elaborate pieces of mantel garniture, ornaments of birds and animals and elaborate vases also of the Chelsea ware.

Among other things from the Cadwalader bequest, not yet on exhibition, are porcelains of other factories, a clock by A. Giroust, London; a collection of 40 snuff boxes, in silver, silver-gilt, and tortoise-shell with silver mounts; a collection of 22 bronze figures, vases, wine vessels, Chinese; and 21 similar pieces, Japanese.

The furniture of the Cadwalader collection altogether consists of 13 tables, 5 arm-chairs, corner chair, two consoles, two stands, stool, bookcase, cupboard, washstand, candlestand, jardiniere, sofa, settee, and mirror, late XVII century to early XIX centuries, with the cabinet, copy of the Chippendale.

A marble bust of George Washington, which has long been in the museum, now comes to it, through Mr. Cadwalader's generosity, as a permanent possession. This is by Guiseppe Ceracchi, and is one of the few believed to have been made from life. There are also two fine bronze groups by Barye and the museum has also added to its collection another Barye bronze, one of the early, and it believes, the stronger work of the artist, with a brown patina. The two groups of the Cadwalader gift are "Theseus Fighting the Minotaur," and "Horse Surprised by Lion." "Stag and Hounds" is the purchase.

A charming old Sienese painting, a panel, ascribed on good authority to Sano di Pietro, an artist whose work from 1406 to 1481 was of great charm and interest, is a purchase and is now in the Recent Accessions Room. It is a representation of the visit of the Queen of Sheba to King Solomon and in one half of the panel shows the Queen and her attendants as they leave their own city and the palace of the Queen and in the second their arrival before Jerusalem and the palace of King Solomon and the Queen in the palace as she is received by the King. The length of the narrow panel suggests that it was the decoration of a marriage chest or settle. It has been a part of the Palmieri-Nuti collection at Sienna and was exhibited in the exhibition of old Sienese art in Sienna in 1904.

A gift from George F. Baker, also in the Recent Accessions Room, is the picture which attracted much attention in the exhibition at Knoedler's in March, "Leading the Life in the West," a portrait of himself by William Orpen, the Irish artist. The portrait is painted in a mirror and the life in the West as indicated is a thirsty one.

Charming miniatures, the work of American artists, are a purchase: "Mrs. Beckington," by Alice Beckington; the charming "Portrait of a Child," by Lucia Fairchild Fuller; "Alexander Petrim Kévitch," by Margaret F. Hawley; "Persis," by Laura Coombs Hills, and "Portrait of Mrs. Lewis P. Skidmore," by Helen M. Turner. A very lovely piece of old lace, apparently Italian, but actually French, of strong design and Italian influence, Louis XIV. period, the end of the seventeenth century, is a gift of Mrs. William H. Bliss.

Very interesting Egyptian antiquities are in the form of small gold pendants, flies, rams' heads, and heads of the Goddess Sekhmet, a gift of Edward S. Harkness.

Lovers of Japanese prints will see in Gallery 25 a part of a recent purchase of 200 prints from the collection of William and John T. Spaulding of Boston. This makes a worthy addition to the previously purchased prints, picked examples, rare, and of first quality, from the Francis Lathrop collection, which the Museum owns.

Klaw & Erlanger Lease the Tremont

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 13.—Klaw & Erlanger to-day leased the Tremont Theatre for a long term of years from John B. Schoeffel, who as a part owner and part manager has been identified with the theatre for the last thirty years. After July 1, Mr. Schoeffel, whose wife was the late Agnes Booth, will become manager of the theatre for Klaw & Erlanger. It will continue as a theatre for high-class attractions.

Harvard Commencement Speakers.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 13.—The commencement parts at Harvard were announced to-day. The men selected were Watson M. Washburn, '15, of New York City; Wallace Osgood Fenn of Cambridge, and Pitman B. Potter of Long Branch, N. J.

MUSIC NOTES.

The Zuro Opera Company presented "Cavalleria Rusticana" and "Pagliacci" last night. At this evening's performance Alice Gentle will be heard as the Page in "The Huguenots," and to-morrow night in "Carmen."

The Trenton Music Festival will be held Sunday, Monday, and Tuesday of next week in the Trenton Armory. Among those taking part will be the Trenton Festival Chorus, Otto Poleman, conductor; Mme. Ernestine Schumann-Heink, Mme. Louise Homer, Alma Gluck, Sophie Braslau, Evan Williams, Herbert Witherspoon, a chorus of German singers, and the Metropolitan Opera House orchestra, under Richard Hageman.

RARE OLD PRINTS SOLD.

New York View, "Federal Hall," Brings $47.50 at Auction.

Engravings and etchings of Taylor Hatfield of New York and others at the Anderson Galleries last evening brought returns of $878. Max Williams paid $41 for an early London caricature, "Bostonians in Distress," a rare print with margins showing a cage marked "Boston" hanging from the "Liberty Tree" filled with patriots, one of whom resembles Franklin, and who are being fed with raw fish. An old New York view, "Federal Hall," lithographed and printed in colors by C. Currier for Valentine's Manual, a scarce second issue, with the name Currier instead of Robinson, went to Mr. Williams for $47.50.

A rare etching of Commodore Conyngham, who commanded a privateer during the early years of the Revolution, a friend of Paul Jones and Franklin, full length on board a vessel, by Gustavus Conyngham, went to Robert Fridenberg for $34 and to the same buyer went a full length etching of Comte d'Estaing, pointing to his fleet, for $40, and a lithograph printed in colors, by C. Currier, "The Government House, New York," for Valentine's Manual, for $37.50.

PRIZES TO WOMAN ARTISTS.

Annual Show of School of Applied Design Opens.

The twenty-second annual exhibition of the New York School of Applied Design for Women was opened and prizes were awarded at the school building, Lexington Avenue and Thirtieth Street, yesterday.

The first prize for architecture, a $50 scholarship for 1914-15, given by Thomas B. Clarke, went to Arline Williamson, and the second prize of $25, given by Mrs. Charles W. Clinton, went to Harriet Klamroth.

In the antique class the first prize, a scholarship of $50, went to Ethel Miles.

For illustration a scholarship of $50, given by Mrs. Reeve Merritt, went to Eleanor Woodruffe.

The silk department scholarship, $50, went to Mary E. Thompson; wall paper department scholarship, given by Miss Frelinghuysen, $50, to Mabel Staehr, and elementary department prize, scholarship, $50, given by Mrs. Dunlop Hopkins, to Clara B. Nieller.

There were many other prizes for work in different departments. The exhibition will close on Sunday.

DR. KOEHNE ARRESTED.

Police Say He Took Money from Would-Be Masons.

A prosperous looking middle-aged man, who described himself as Dr. Herbert Koehne of 25 Manhattan Avenue, was arrested last night by Detectives Hughes and Hyams of the West 123d Street Police Station on the charge of grand larceny. According to the detectives Dr. Koehne, posing as an influential Mason, had visited merchants and promised, in return for sums ranging from $50 to $150, to "get them into the order."

The blow fell when four of the merchants who paid out their money learned that Dr. Koehne was not a member of Hope Lodge, F. and A. M., as he had told them. They made an arrangement to meet him at Lenox Avenue and 127th Street at 9:30 o'clock last night and promised to bring a lot of friends who wanted to become Masons. Then they told their story to the detectives. Several of the merchants promised to appear in the Harlem Court this morning as complainants.

The police say Dr. Koehne made several hundred dollars at his trade. Dr. Koehne refused to discuss the matter. He said he was graduated from the College of Physicians and Surgeons in 1896, and that he was a member of Naval Lodge, F. and A. M., of Washington, D. C. He was formerly known as Dr. Herbert Cohen, he said, and had his name changed a few years ago by the Supreme Court.

ASSAULTS PRINCIPAL.

Night School Student Gets Ten Days for Attack.

Because he did not get permission to leave the classroom, Joseph Bongiorno, a student at the De Witt Clinton High School, assaulted the Principal, Dr. Francis H. J. Paul, last evening. He struck Dr. Paul on the head with his fist several times before other students dragged him away. Bongiorno was arrested by Patrolman Green of the West Forty-seventh Street Station. He fought with the patrolman on the way to the station house. There he was handcuffed and put in a cell.

In the Men's Night Court he was sentenced to ten days in the workhouse.

F. C. KEENEY DIES SUDDENLY

Wealthy New York Business Man Succumbs at Santa Barbara.

Special to The New York Times.

SANTA BARBARA, Cal., May 13.—Fred C. Keeney, a wealthy New York business man, died here to-day from the grip. His death was unexpected. He was born in Brooklyn July 21, 1865. Mr. Keeney was a large stockholder in The Brooklyn Daily Eagle and the Prudential Insurance Company of New Jersey. He was also the President of a New Jersey elevator company.

Mr. Keeney left New York a year ago and came here to live. He is survived by a widow and two small children. He also left a brother, Seth A. Keeney of this city, and a sister, Mrs. H. Swegel, who lives in Brooklyn.

Rev. William Howell Taylor.

The Rev. William Howell Taylor, 80 years old, died suddenly in Richmond, Va., on Monday. He was born in this city and educated at New York University and Yale University. After graduation from Yale in 1855 he spent a year abroad and then entered Princeton Theological Seminary, from which he graduated in 1859. In 1860 he became pastor of the First Presbyterian Church at Clifton, S. I. When the civil war broke out he became Superintendent of the Christian Mission in the Department of the South. The Forty-eighth New York Volunteers, recruited in Brooklyn and known as "Perry's Saints," urged him to become their chaplain, and he remained with the regiment until the end of the war. In 1869 he joined the Greenpoint Presbyterian Church as pastor. In 1875 his health failed and he was forced to reside in the South. Mr. Taylor is survived by two daughters, Mrs. Alanson Trask Enos of this city and Mrs. A. D. P. Gilmour of Chester, S. C.

Capt. William Wilson, Jr.

Capt. William Wilson, Jr., a veteran soldier and a member of the Loyal Legion, died yesterday at his home in Mount Vernon in his seventy-fourth year. Capt. Wilson was an ex-member of the Police Board of Mount Vernon, and had been commander of Farnsworth Post, G. A. R. He was wounded at Fair Oaks during the civil war. Recently the Captain compiled his memoirs of the war, in which he served under Gen. Sherman. Capt. Wilson was a retired wholesale glass merchant of New York. He left a wife, son, and a daughter.

Memorial for Daniel De Leon.

A committee of the Socialist Labor Party met yesterday and arranged for a public meeting in memory of Daniel De Leon, founder of the party and of its official organ, who died at Mount Sinai Hospital last Monday evening. The memorial will take place on Sunday morning before the funeral in as large a hall as it will be possible to get. The funeral oration will be delivered by E. A. Reimer of Boston, candidate of the party for President in 1912. Dr. Julius Hammer will preside.

Miss Winifred Holt Ill.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, May 13.—Miss Winifred Holt, chief worker in the Lighthouse for the Blind in New York City, a sister of Mrs. Joseph Colt Bloodgood of this city, is seriously ill in the Union Protestant Infirmary here.

BARNARD SONGSTERS IN ANNUAL CONTEST

Sophomores Win Class Competition with the Seniors Second and Juniors Third.

COLUMBIA JUNIORS VICTORS

Carry Off Notes and Keys Cup for a Year in Inter-Class Tourney on Library Steps.

All the Barnard songsters marched gayly to the Brinckerhoff Theatre yesterday afternoon garbed in white and waving their class banners aloft. After they were safely packed in, the judges ascended the stage and took their places amid palms and flowers. In the annual competition in singing an old Barnard song was sung by each of the classes, and then the judges gathered about the centre table and plunged into calculations. The college singers voiced their excitement by firing songs at one another thick and fast. Sometimes two or three songs started at once, and it was with difficulty that the singers were silenced and tactfully started off again one at a time.

After long deliberation the judges arrived at a decision, and Dean Gildersleeve announced the division of points as follows: Sophomores, 16; seniors, 13; juniors, 6; freshmen, 2. Wild applause greeted this announcement and the "Evens" burst into:

They say that the Evens, they ain't got no style;
They've got style all the while, they've got style all the while.

There was waged a battle royal in the original songs. Here the sophomore class came out ahead, too, with 18 points. The seniors were a close second, with 17 points. With the announcement of the final score—Sophomores, 34; Seniors, 30 points—every class cheered '16, and '16 cheered itself. Miss Louise Talbot, the sophomore leader, was summoned to the stage to receive the Sing-Song shield. She was cheered to the echo. With shouts for the judges and for Miss Talbot, the party went to the undergrad. study to meet the judges. Seniors and sophomores paraded in the halls in intricate snake dances until they were forced to stop for refreshments.

The judges were: Dean Gildersleeve and Prof. Ogilvie, and former Cheer Leaders Jessie Houston, '07; Juliette Poyntz, '08; Julia Goldberg, '09; Lillian Egleston, '10; Christene Straiton, '12, and Madelina Hirsh, '11, and Naomi Harris, '13. The "old grads" enjoyed coming back to their Alma Mater and meeting the undergrads, and everybody declared that Sing-Song had been a huge success.

The committee comprised Louise Walker, '15, Chairman; Isabel Randolph, '14; Louise Talbot, '16; Amanda Schulte, '17.

The Juniors won the interclass song contest at Columbia, which was held on the steps of the Library according to custom. Their victory gave the 1915 men possession for one year of the cup donated by Notes and Keys, the honorary musical society of Columbia. John Sanford Peck of this city led the Juniors, both in the contest and in the practice sessions which the class had held for two weeks.

Although no award was made for second place it was generally conceded that the Freshman and Senior classes were close rivals to the victors. Edward I. Williams, leader of the University Glee Club, led the 1914 singers; Raymond L. Perkins the 1917 men, and Ruford Franklin the Sophomores. Prof. John Erskine, of the class of 1900, was Chairman of the judges and the "Marching Song," written by him, was one of the three songs sung by the victorious Juniors. In spite of the unfavorable weather five hundred friends of the undergraduates gathered to hear the singing.

MRS. ISABELLA F. MAYO DIES

Scottish Novelist Also Wrote Under Name of Edward Garrett.

Mrs. Isabella Fyvie Mayo, 71 years old, the Scottish novelist, died yesterday in London. Mrs. Mayo was born in London of Scottish parents, her maiden name being Isabella Fyvie. She was educated at private schools and in 1870 married John Ryall Mayo, a solicitor, who died seven years later.

Among her best known books are: "Occupations of a Retired Life," 1868; "The Crust of the Cake," 1869; "Seen and Heard," 1871; "Premiums Paid to Experience," 1872; "Crooked Places," 1873; "By Still Waters," 1874; "Doing and Dreaming," 1876; "Not by Bread Alone," 1890; "Her Day of Service," 1892; "A Black Diamond," 1893; "Rab Bethuene's Double," 1894; "A Daughter of the Klepts," 1897; "A Nine Days Wonder," and "Other People's Stairs," 1898; "Crystal Joyce," 1899; "Recollections of Fifty Years," 1910; "Old Stories and Sayings of Many Lands," in six volumes.

Mrs. Mayo also wrote under the penname of Edward Garrett. Of late years she revised and annotated many translations of the works of Leo Tolstoy.

Rev. P. J. Gilmartin Dies in Rome.

The Rev. Patrick J. Gilmartin, 40 years old, assistant to the Rev. Francis J. Sullivan, pastor of St. Aloysius Roman Catholic Church, at West 132d Street and Seventh Avenue, died on Tuesday in Rome, where he had gone to see the Pope. Father Gilmartin, after seeing the Pope, had intended going to his old home in Ireland to visit his mother, whom he had seen only twice in the last twenty years. Father Gilmartin was graduated from Manhattan College, and studied for the priesthood at Dunwoodie. He was ordained thirteen years ago. Two months ago he underwent a serious operation here. The Rev. James Gilmartin of the Corpus Christi Roman Catholic Church, in 121st Street, is his brother.

John Howe, Nutley Banker, Dead.

NUTLEY, N. J., May 13.—John Howe, President of the Bank of Nutley and Secretary of the paper manufacturing firm of George Lallonte & Son, died here to-day at the age of 68. He was born in Somerset, England, and came to this country in 1872. Mr. Howe was one of the organizers of the Kingsland Paper Mills, which specialized in safety paper for bank checks and similar documents, and which merged five years ago with the Lallonte Company, its only rival. Mr. Howe is survived by his second wife and two daughters. His death was due to illness contracted last Friday at the bankers' convention at Atlantic City.

Mrs. Caroline Wise Korsoski.

Mrs. Caroline Wise Korsoski, widow of John Korsoski, for many years of Peoria, Ill., died yesterday at the home of her son-in-law, Eli R. Wolfner, 207 West 110th Street, in the seventy-fifth year of her age. She was born in Stein Grübe, Bohemia, and was the youngest sister of the late Rev. Dr. I. M. Wise of Cincinnati. She is survived by a daughter, Mrs. Wolfner, four sons, and a sister, aged 81 years, living in Chicago. The funeral will take place at her former home, Peoria, Ill., on Friday next.

Obituary Notes.

JOHN A. JOHNSTON, a retired cable cord manufacturer, who was in business at 3 Lispenard Street, Manhattan, for many years, died at his home in Yonkers yesterday. He was born in Trenton, N. J., eighty-three years ago. He lived in New York the greater part of his life and was a member of Grace Church. Mr. Johnston is survived by three brothers.

GEORGE A. MATTHEWS, President and General Manager of a large atomobile company of Jackson, Miss., dropped dead in his office there yesterday. He was 61 years old and was born in Galion, Ohio.

HUGH GILMORE, 65 years old, 318 East Eighty-sixth Street, father of the Rev. Walter F. Gilmore of Holy Cross Church in West Forty-second Street, and ex-Alderman Edward Gilmore, died at his home yesterday. He was born in Ireland and came to this country when 15 years old. He is also survived by his widow and his sons, John and Hugh, Jr., and two daughters, Mrs. Christopher T. Riley, Jr., and Mrs. Martha Falk.

Sergeant SAMUEL P. DU BOIS, Jr., 43 years old, of the New York Police Department, who was retired a month ago after having been on sick leave nearly a year, died Tuesday. An operation was performed on his throat nearly a year ago, and until the time of his death he was able to breathe only through an artificial tube. He made his home in Richmond Hill, L. I., until he was taken ill, when he moved to 207 West Ninety-fifth Street, Manhattan. He is survived by his widow.

ALBERT E. MONTGOMERY, youngest son of the late George W. and Hester A. Montgomery, died yesterday in Chico, Cal., where he has been in business for the last eight years in connection with the orchards of the Bidwell estates. His home was in Berkeley. He was born in New York in 1881 and was graduated from the University of Virginia in 1903. A widow survives him.

Mrs. THOMAS BLACK, widow of Major Black of the Sixty-sixth Regiment, British Army, and mother of Harry S. Black, Chairman of the United States Realty and Improvement Company, died a Cobourg, Ontario, Canada, Tuesday night.

JOHN McLELLAN, a pioneer in the lithographing business, died suddenly of apoplexy yesterday at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Milton F. Duflocq, 68 Barclay Street, Flushing, L. I., aged 73 years. He was born in Edinburgh, Scotland, and came to the United States sixty-five years ago. Until last year, when he retired, he was a member of the firm of Donaldson Bros., lithographers. Mr. McLellan was a charter member of the Caledonian Club of New York.

JEREMIAH WOOD DIMICK of Rifton, Ulster County, New York., died yesterday at the Hotel McAlpin, where he was undergoing medical treatment. He was born in New York City in 1851, and had lived in Rifton for many years. He was President of the J. W. Dimick Company, manufacturers of carpets and rugs, but had not been in active business for several years, and was best known as a breeder of Holstein cattle at Woodcrest, his large farm near Rifton.

WILLIAM J. FRANK, for nineteen years estimator for the upholstery department of the Altman store, died at his home, 266 West 118th Street, Tuesday. Mr. Frank was born in New York and took much interest in amateur sports. He is survived by two brothers and two sisters.

Mrs. WILHELMINA WEINBERG ROSENTHAL, wife of Abraham Rosenthal of the banking firm of Rosenthal é hijas, Guatemala, died yesterday in her apartment at 135 Central Park West. She was 67 years old. Mrs. Rosenthal was born in Germany, and spent many years of her life in Central America with her husband. Her interests there and in this country, where she had lived for several years, were largely philanthropic.

Mrs. MARY LOUISA ROSS, wife of the Rev. Dr. G. A. Johnston Ross, Brown Professor of Homiletics at Union Theological Seminary, died yesterday morning at her home, 606 West 122d Street. She had been ill since last Friday, and her death was unexpected. Mr. Ross was at one time a member of the Bryn Mawr Faculty.

The Rev. HENRY PROTHEROE, 39 years old, pastor of the Wissahickon Baptist Church in Philadelphia, died in the Jefferson Hospital in that city, on Tuesday, of apoplexy. He was stricken a week ago at the meeting of the Baptist Ministers' Association. Dr. Protheroe was born in Scranton, Penn., and was graduated from the Crozer Seminary.

THOMAS HARRY THOMPSON, 78 years old, a pioneer merchant of Chester, Penn., died at his home in that city on Tuesday. He served in the United States Navy during the civil war and was assistant engineer on the steamer Verbena, which was used on the Potomac. Mr. Chester, for twenty-two years, was a member of the Chester School Board.

JOHN HUGHES, a relative of the late Archbishop Hughes of this city, died on Monday at his home, 4,815 Chester Avenue, Philadelphia. He was a wholesale and retail grocer in that city for the last forty-five years. Mr. Hughes was born in Ahatara, County Armagh, Ireland, and came to this country when a young man.

WILLIAM H. PATTERSON, 72 years old, died on Tuesday at his home, 617 Bramhall Avenue, Jersey City, of heart disease. He was born in Liverpool and came to this country at an early age. Until he retired twenty years ago, he was a well-known banker in Wall Street. He is survived by son and a daughter.

Sister ANN ALOYSIA, 73 years old, Assistant Superior of the New York Foundling Asylum and Hospital, died on Tuesday at that institution. Her family name was Tierney, and she was born in this city and had been connected with the Foundling Asylum since its establishment forty-five years ago. Last November she celebrated the golden jubilee of her entrance into the Order of the Sisters of Charity. In her early days she was a teacher in the College of Mount St. Vincent. At the age of 62, Sister Aloysia took the examination of the State Board of Pharmacy for those who compound medicines in hospitals, and passed with honors.

GEORGE S. BRUCE, builder of the Florida East Coast Railway, 62 years old, died on Tuesday at a hospital in Baltimore, Md. Mr. Bruce was well known as an engineer and railroad builder and was in the hospital being treated for an injured foot.

EDGAR WETTERGREEN, 58 years old, for forty years a resident of Brooklyn, is dead of pneumonia at his home, 354 Forty-seventh Street. He was a member of the Foresters of America and the Golden Cross Society.

Mrs. HANNAH L. QUINN, 69 years old, is dead at her residence, 350 Fifty-eighth Street, Brooklyn. Mrs. Quinn was born in Prince's Bay, Staten Island, and was a Past Grand Matron, O. E. S. Evangeline Chapter.

CLINTON WALWORTH STARKEY, who before his retirement seventeen years ago was President of the Oriental Bank of Manhattan, died on Tuesday from bronchitis at his home, 379 Washington Avenue, Brooklyn. Mr. Starkey was born in Essex, Conn., and was one of the original members of the Hanover Club. His widow and a daughter, Mrs. Addie L. Scholes, survive him.

Mrs. DELIA DOOLEY FOX, widow of James Fox, a liquor dealer, died from heart disease at her home, 342 Union Street, Brooklyn, on Tuesday, leaving a son, Edward J. Mullery, by a former marriage.

JOHN WYETH, 72 years old, a retired mason and builder, is dead at his home, 5,712 Seventeenth Avenue, Brooklyn. He was born in England. Mr. Wyeth was a member for forty years of the Eighteenth Street Church and for a long time a Steward. His widow, two sons, and two daughters survive him.

Mrs. MARY J. HENNESSY, widow of John Hennessy, who before his death two years ago was the manager of the Sailors' Home in Manhattan, died on Tuesday at her residence, 457 Fifty-second Street, Brooklyn, from paralysis, aged 61 years.

CHARLES RUSSELL KEARNS, the New York representative of several railroad supplies firms, died suddenly on Tuesday at his residence, 830 President Street, Brooklyn. Mr. Kearns was 61 years of age and was born in Virginia. He left a daughter, Elsie Herndon Kearns, who is the leading woman of the Ben Greet Company.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN KNAUSE, father of Dr. B. F. Knause of the Board of Health, died at 1,076 Bushwick Avenue, Brooklyn, on Tuesday, aged 71 years. He served in the Sixth Michigan Regiment during the civil war. He is survived by his widow, his son, and two daughters.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

DEATS.—May 11, Newark, N. J., to Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Deats, a daughter.

Engaged.

BRETT—HOFFMAN.—Mr. and Mrs. Alfred B. Watson of Hoboken, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter, Pauline Hoffman, to C. Leverich Brett of Belleville, N. J.

Married.

STANLEY—KNEELAND.—On Tuesday, May 12, 1914, in New York, by the Rev. S. Parkes Cadman, D. D., Helen Bouton Kneeland to Lucien Carpenter Stanley of Berkeley, Cal.

Died.

BARNSTEIN.—May 13th, Sophia, beloved mother of Agnes and John Barnstein, at her residence, 1,052 Lexington Av. Funeral services Thursday at 8 P. M. Funeral Friday at 10:30 o'clock.

BENSEL.—On Wednesday, May 13, Edwin B. Bensel, husband of Mary Aiken Bensel. Funeral at his late residence, 111 West 126th St., on Friday, May 15, at 11 A. M. Please omit flowers. Interment private.

CHAPPELL.—Suddenly, on Monday, May 11, 1914, at her late residence, 7 East 55th St., Louise Graves, wife of Dr. Walter F. Chappell, and daughter of the late Arthur B. and Jane Riker Graves, in her 49th year. Funeral will be held at the Church of the Incarnation, 35th St. and Madison Av., on Thursday, May 14, 1914, at 11 A.M.

CLEARY.—On May 13, 1914, Mary Cleary, widow of late Patrick Cleary. Funeral Friday, 8:30 A. M., from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. John J. Loftus, 520 West 160th St., thence to St. Catherine's Church. Interment Calvary.

CORNING.—At Westfield, N. J., May 12, 1914, Stuart Luqueer Corning, son of Jasper Corning, in the 26th year of his age. Funeral at residence of his father, 548 Lenox Av., Westfield, N. J., Thursday, May 14, at 11 A. M. Interment at Rye, N. Y., at 4:15 P. M.

DAY.—At Newark, N. J., on Tuesday, May 12, 1914, Mary Hyatt, wife of Stephen D. Day. Funeral services will be held at the Reformed Church, Ridgewood, N. J., on Friday, May 15, at 2:30 P. M., on arrival of train leaving Chamber St., Erie Railroad, 1:30 P. M.

DE LEON.—Daniel, aged 61. Remains lying in THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d, until Sunday noon.

DIMICK.—At Hotel McAlpin, New York City, May 13, 1914, Jeremiah Wood Dimick of Rifton, N. Y., in his 63d year. Funeral private.

Died.

DOERFLINGER.—At West Willington, Conn., May 13, 1914, George Doerflinger, in his 81st year. Funeral private.

DOWD.—On Wednesday, May 13, Michael Dowd, after lingering illness. Funeral at Cathedral, Fifth Ave., Friday morning, May 15, at 9 o'clock. Interment in Calvary Cemetery.

DOWLING.—Members of the Homoeopathic Medical Society, County of New York, are hereby notified of the death of Dr. John W. Dowling, '86. Funeral 241 West 23d Street, May 14, 2:30.
WALTER GRAY CRUMP, M. D., President.
REEVE TURNER, M. D., Secretary.

DU BOIS.—May 12, Samuel P. Du Bois, Jr., age 43, beloved husband of Rose L. Du Bois (nee Berry.) Funeral service Thursday, May 14, at 8 o'clock at his late residence, 207 West 95th St. Interment Lutheran Cemetery, Friday, 11 A. M.

FISHER.—At 70 West 49th St., New York, on Tuesday, May 12, 1914, John Worrell Fisher. Funeral services at the Church of the Heavenly Rest on Thursday, May 14, at 3 P. M. Philadelphia papers please copy.

FRANK.—William J., at his late residence, 266 West 118th St., son of the late Mary and Henry Frank. Funeral on Friday, at 9:30 o'clock, from the Church of St. Thomas the Apostle. Relatives and friends respectfully invited. Interment in Calvary.

FRINGANT.—Tuesday May 12, 1914, Max Fringant, in his 68th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 42 West 126th Street, New York City, Friday, May 15, at 9 A. M.

FROCK.—On Wednesday, May 13, Aaron David Frock. Funeral from his son's residence, 135 Rodney St., Brooklyn, at 1 P. M., Thursday, May 14. Interment Bay Side Cemetery.

GIBSON.—Suddenly, at White Plains, May 12, 1914, Amanda Read Gibson, daughter of the late Jacob Read of Yonkers, N. Y. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 4 Highland Av., White Plains, on Thursday at 2:30 P. M.

GILMORE.—On May 13, 1914, Hugh Gilmore, beloved husband of Ann (nee McEatee) and father of the Rev. Walter F. Gilmore. Funeral from his late residence, 318 East 86th St., Saturday, May 16th, at 10 A. M., thence to Church of Our Lady of Good Counsel, East 90th St., where a solemn mass of requium will be celebrated at 10:30 o'clock. Interment Calvary.

JALKUT.—On Tuesday, May 12, Temma Riva Jalkut, widow of the late Jacob Jalkut, in her 85th year. Funeral from her late residence, 2,094 5th Av., Thursday, May 14, at 10 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

JOHNSTON.—At Yonkers, N. Y., Wednesday, May 13, John A. Johnston, in his 84th year. Service 197 Burhans Av. Friday, 2 P. M. Train leaves 155th St., main line, Putnam Division, 1 o'clock, to Nepperhan Station. Trenton, N. J., papers please copy.

KEARNS.—Charles Russell, at his home, 830 President Street, Brooklyn, on Tuesday. Funeral notice hereafter.

KORSOSKI.—On Wednesday, May 13, 1914, Caroline Wise of 207 West 110th St., mother of Mrs. E. R. Wolfner and sister of the late Isaac M. Wise of Cincinnati, in her 75th year. Interment at Peoria, Ill. Chicago and Cincinnati papers please copy.

LASK.—Ellen, relict of Beuno Lask and beloved mother of Louis, Moe, Charles, Albert, Frederick, Lottie, and Beckie. Funeral from late residence, 2 West 88th St., Friday, 10 A. M.

LESPINASSE.—On Tuesday, May 12, 1914, at Paris, George S. Lespinasse, after a lingering illness.

LEVY.—Bernard, beloved husband of Lena Levy, father of Meyer, Larry, Willie Levy. Funeral Thursday, May 14, 1914, 10 A. M., from his late residence, 17 East 127th St. Services Temple Anshe Emeth, 144 West 131st St., at 10:30.

LOWENTHAL.—May 12, Carrie, beloved wife of Simon J. and mother of Pearl Rice. Funeral private from "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d, (Frank E. Campbell Building,) Thursday, 11 o'clock.

McDONALD.—May 13, George, Jr., beloved son of George and Belle Byrnes McDonald, at the residence of his parents, 315 West 90th. Funeral Friday, May 15, at 9:30 A. M., to Church of St. Gregory the Great, West 90th St. Mass at 10 o'clock.

McLELLAN.—Suddenly, on May 13, 1914, John McLellan, aged 73 years. Funeral service at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Milton F. Duflocq, 68 Barclay St., Flushing, L. I., on Friday, May 15, at 8 P. M. Train leaves Pennsylvania Terminal at 7:20 P. M. Interment private.

MONTEATH.—Suddenly, in Englewood, N. J., Monday, May 11, 1914, Sara J., daughter of the late Peter and Sara Woolverton Monteath of Albany, N. Y. Funeral services at the Madison Avenue Reformed Church, Albany, N. Y., Thursday, May 14, at 2:30 P. M.

MONTGOMERY.—Suddenly, on May 13, at Chico, Cal., Albert E. Montgomery, aged 32 years, youngest son of the late George W. and Hester A. Montgomery of this city.

PALMER.—May 13, of pneumonia, Kate Rhodes Palmer, mother of Mrs. Melville T. Marshall. Services at her late residence, 25 Fort Washington Av., at 11 o'clock Friday morning.

ROSENER.—Suddenly, on May 12, 1914, Solomon Rosener, beloved husband of Natalie J. Rosener and father of Edmond and Alfred Rosener. Funeral services Thursday morning, May 14, at 9:30 o'clock, from the Ansonia Hotel. Interment Louisville, Ky.

ROSENTHAL.—Mrs. [illegible]. Rosenthal, wife of Abraham Rosenthal of the well-known banking house of Rosenthal e hijas Guatemala. Very charitable and a member of number of the charitable institutions of the city. Born in Germany; spent many years of her life in Central America, where she was known for her philanthropic activties; in her 68th year.

ROSENTHAL.—On Wednesday, May 13, 1914, at her late residence, The Langham, 135 Central Park West, Wilhelmina, (nee Weinberg) beloved wife of Abraham Rosenthal, and mother of Ignatius L., Leon H., B. Arthur, Sylvan E., and Walter S., in her 68th year. Funeral private.

SAGE.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, May 13, at her residence, 324 West 103d St., Emily Seymour, eldest daughter of Emily A. Ostrom and the late Warren Bishop Sage. Funeral private.

SAMMIS.—At Melbourne, Fla., on Wednesday, May 13, 1914, John S. Sammis, in the 71st year of his age. Interment at convenience of family.

SANDFORD.—At Plainfield, N. J., on Monday, May 11, 1914, Frederick, husband of Ida Core Sandford, aged 48 years. Services at his late residence, 112 Sycamore Av., North Plainfield, on Thursday, May 14, at 10 A. M. Carriages will meet train leaving foot of Liberty St., New York City, (C. R. R. of N. J.,) at 8:45 o'clock. Interment private.

SCHIEFFELIN.—At Ansonia Hotel, Tuesday morning, May 12, Anna Marie, widow of the late Edgar Schieffelin and daughter of the late John Bant of London. Funeral services on Friday, May 15, at St. Paul's Church, East Chester, N. Y., at 11 o'clock. Carriages will be in waiting at Mount Vernon Depot upon arrival of the 10:05 New Haven train from Grand Central Station.

STORY.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, May 12, Jane, daughter of the late Samuel Story of Halifax, N. S. Interment in Greenwood on Thursday, May 14.

STURGES.—At Short Hills, N. J., on Wednesday, May 13, 1914, Lothrop Lewis Sturges, son of the late Theodore Sturges. Funeral service will be held at his late residence, Short Hills, N. J., on Saturday, May 16, at 10:15 A. M. Carriages will meet train leaving Hoboken at 9:15 A. M. Lackawanna Railroad.

TEPPER.—At his home, Wyoming, N. J., on May 13, 1914, Frederick W. Tepper, son of Frederick and Marianna Tepper, in his 43d year. Funeral at St. George's Church, Maplewood, N. J., Friday, May 15, at 3 o'clock, on arrival of Lackawanna train leaving Hoboken at 1:51 P. M.

TODD.—At 512 1st Av., Asbury Park, N. J., on May 11, 1914, Robert James Todd. Funeral at Greenwood Cemetery Chapel, Brooklyn, Thursday, May 14, 1914, at 11 A. M.

WAGNER.—At Rye, N. Y., on Wednesday, May 13, 1914, Augustus H., son of H. A. Wagner, aged 52 years. Funeral at his late residence, 172 Boston Post Road, Rye, N. Y., Saturday, May 16, 1914, at 3 P. M.

WARING.—On Wednesday, May 13, Reba Duff Waring, wife of George Dudley Waring, 158 West 58th St. Notice of funeral hereafter.

WESTERVELT.—On May 13, 1914, at Bloomfield, N. J., Madeline Mogia Westervelt, wife of John Westervelt, in her 82d year. Funeral services from the home of her son-in-law, John Newton, 455 Franklin St., on Friday, May 15, at 3:30 o'clock.

WILLIAMS.—May 12, 1914, Edward H. Williams, in his 89th year. Services at his late residence, 80 Hillyer St., East Orange, N. J., Thursday, May 14, at 3 P. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend.

WILSON.—At Mount Vernon, N. Y., May 13, 1914, Capt. William Wilson, Jr., Thirty-third Regiment New Jersey Volunteer Infantry, aged 73 years. Funeral services at the Church of the Ascension, Mount Vernon, Friday, May 15, at 3:40 P. M. Interment private.

BATEY.—Ellen, 341 East 139th St., May 12. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.
BROWN.—Joseph J., 136 East 28th St., May 11. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.
BUTERBY.—Elizabeth, 525 East 16th St., May 12, aged 62. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
COURTNEY.—Thomas F., 457 West 18th St., May 11. Funeral notice later.
CRONIN.—John P., 707 Columbus Av., May 11. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.
DECKER.—Harriet, 150 West 13th St., May 11, aged 81. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.
HAZLETT.—Mary, 149 East 50th St., May 11.
HURLEY.—Timothy P., 414 East 16th St., May 12. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.
KRAUS.—Maria, 123 West 71st St., May 11, aged 70. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

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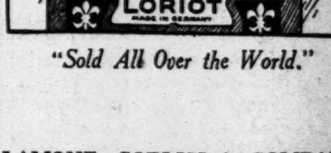

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Died.

LANDAU.—Fanny, 117 East 86th St., May 12. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.
LANG.—Anna, 203 East 69th St., May 11, aged 50. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.
LEVY.—Frederick, 415 West 115th St., May 11. Funeral private.
MAHONEY.—Michael, Bellevue Hospital, May 11. Funeral to-morrow.
MERTZ.—Mary, 232 8th Av., May 12. Funeral to-day, 9:45 A. M.
MULLIGAN.—Rose, 370 East 163d St., May 12. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.
NOLAN.—Benjamin, 212 East 90th St., May 13. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.
RAINSFORD.—William, May 11. Funeral 171 8th Av.
ROSS.—Mary L., 606 West 122d St., May 13.
SCHMIDT.—Marie, 370 East 158th St., May 11, aged 77. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.
STAFFIELD.—Annie, 431 West 154th St., May 12. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.
STEELE.—Mrs. George, 583 East 170th St., May 12. Funeral to-day.
STEELE.—Jacob, 200 West 64th St., May 11. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
SULLIVAN.—John, 557 West 148th St., May 11. Funeral to-day, 6:30 A. M.
TIERNEY.—Margaret, New York Foundling Asylum, May 12. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.
WERNER.—Emma, 597 East 138th St., May 11, aged 27. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

Brooklyn.

ADAMI.—Henry, 1,660 Atlantic Av., May 12. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.
APPLEBAUM.—Rebecca, 1,845 Park Place, May 12. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.
BYRNE.—James, 348 2d St., May 12. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.
COULTON.—Frederick G., 284 Penn St., May 11. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
CRUGER.—Frederick, Jr., 284 Penn St., May 12.
CUNNIFF.—Catherine, 668 Gates Av., May 12, aged 64. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.
FICKEISEN.—Martha C., 1,727 Shore Road, Sheepshead Bay, May 12. Funeral to-morrow.
FITZGERALD.—Patrick, 9 Henry St., May 12. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.
FOX.—Delia M., 342 Union St., May 12. Funeral to-day.
HAMMOND.—Thomas F., 1,201 68th St., May 12, aged 49.
HARKIN.—Robert J., 392 Pacific St., May 12. Funeral to-day.
HENNESSY.—Mary J., 457 52d St., May 12. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.
KENT.—Lovina, German Hospital, May 12, aged 54.
KERRIGAN.—William, St. Mary's Hospital, May 12. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.
KNAUSE.—Benjamin, 1,076 Bushwick Av., May 12, aged 71. Funeral private.
LANNAN.—Emily, 29 Broome St., May 13, aged 27. Funeral to-morrow, 1:30 P. M.
McCARTIN.—James, 112 Pioneer St., May 12. Funeral May 16.
MANHALTEI.—Edward N., 404 Avenue C West, May 12, aged 24. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.
MARTIN.—Charles, 250A Kingston Av., May 11, aged 49. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.
MEANY.—James A., 253 71st St., May 12. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.
MEYER.—Emma K., 252 Cumberland Av., May 11. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
MURPHY.—Joseph, 179 Russell St., May 13. Funeral May 16, 9 A. M.
NOLAN.—Cornelius, 201 5th Av., May 12, aged 42. Funeral May 16.
PIKE.—Cornelia E., 1,530 East 15th St., May 12, aged 55. Funeral to-morrow, 10:30 A. M.
PILGER.—Thekla, 298 Forest Av., May 11, aged 37. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.
QUINN.—Andrew, 186 Park Av., May 12, aged 48. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.
SANCHEZ.—Manuel, 919 Gates Av., May 12, aged 53. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
STARKEY.—Clinton W., 379 Washington Av., May 12. Funeral private.
WULFF.—John, 176 Bayard St., May 11, aged 56. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

BOLTON.—Harry S., 219 McWhorter St., Newark, May 13, aged 50. Funeral May 17.
CORBLIS.—Michael, East Newark, May 13, aged 9.
DOSCHER.—William, 208 Warren St., Jersey City, May 13.
FISCHER.—Irving, 523 Paterson Av., West Hoboken, May 11, aged 1.
HARBERS.—Julius, 314 Clinton St., Hoboken, May 11, aged 35.
HARRIS.—Emanuel, 357 5th St., Jersey City, May 13. Funeral service to-morrow.
HEWSON.—Catharine, 230 12th St., Jersey City, May 12, aged 4. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
JACOB.—Margareth, 68 Holland St., Newark, May 12, aged 46. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
JAEGER.—Bridget, 3 Willow Terrace, Hoboken, May 11. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.
LEMON.—John F., 146 Bidwell Av., Jersey City, May 11, aged 37.
McFEELY.—Mary, 109 Harrison St., Hoboken, May 11, aged 65.
MAHONEY.—John, 153 Sussex St., Jersey City, May 12. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.
MORAN.—Rose A., 53 Park St., Jersey City, May 12. Funeral to-morrow.
O'BRIEN.—Patrick, 489 Central Av., Jersey City, May 12.
O'MARA.—Elizabeth, Newark, May 13. Funeral notice later.
OELHKE.—Margaret E., 452 Pacific Av., Jersey City, May 12. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.
PATTERSON.—William H., 617 Bramhall Av., Jersey City, May 12, aged 73.
SLATER.—Rebecca J., 105 10th St., Hoboken, May 11, aged 67. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
WOODS.—Patrick, Newark, May 12, aged 75. Funeral to-day, 8 A. M.

Long Island.

BAUMGARTNER.—George, Maspeth, May 10, aged 28.
DANIELS.—Mary B., Flushing, May 11, aged 73.
DUANE.—Thomas F., Corona, May 10, aged 50.
DVORSKY.—John, 244 Potter Av., Astoria, May 13.
FURST.—Bernica R., Ridgewood, May 10, aged 3.
HARDENBURGH.—Eugene W., Maspeth, May 11, aged 22.
HARTMAN.—Katherine, Richmond Hill, May 11, aged 72.
HYLE.—Catherine, Maspeth, May 10, aged 56.
ISRAELSON.—Henry, Far Rockaway, May 10, aged 12.
KRONER.—Andrew, Evergreen, May 10, aged 35.
LARK.—Florence K., Whitestone, May 11, aged 4.
LA ROSE.—Thomas E., 23 Carver St., Long Island City, May 10.
LOOME.—John, Elmhurst, May 10, aged 68.
MARTIN.—Thomas F., Woodhaven, May 12.
MARTOCCI.—Leonarda, Far Rockaway, May 11, aged 27.
MATTHEWS.—Joseph C., Elmhurst, May 12, aged 54. Funeral to-morrow.
MULCAY.—Edward, Queens, May 10, Aged 1.
PILATE.—Tessie, Corona, May 11, aged 2.
RICHARD.—Caroline, Corona, May 12, aged 84. Funeral private.
ROBEY.—John E., Brooklyn Manor, May 11, aged 2.
SILVEY.—Ida B., Union Course, May 10, aged 7.
STONE.—Kearon A., 273 Jamaica Av., Astoria, May 11. Funeral to-day 2 P. M.
VON WERNE.—Ann, 711 9th Av., Astoria, May 10, aged 11.
WERNER.—Louis, Maspeth, May 10, aged 58.
WEYMAN.—Frederick W., Union Course, May 10, aged 17.
WOLFF.—Viola J., 517 Broadway, Astoria, May 11, aged 1.

Westchester County.

HOPKINS.—Willard F., White Plains, May 12. Funeral to-morrow, 3 P. M.

In Memoriam.

ATKINSON.—Mary, mass St. Edward's Church, Brooklyn, to-day, 9 A. M.
BOYLE.—John J., mass St. Joseph's Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.
BRANNICK.—Mary, mass St. Rose of Lima's Church, Newark, N. J., to-morrow, 8 A. M.
FLOOD.—Eliza C., mass Visitation Church, Brooklyn, to-day, 10 A. M.
McNERNEY.—Richard, mass Church of the Visitation, Brooklyn, to-day, 9 A. M.

CEMETERIES.

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AMERICANS FARE WELL IN GOLF DRAW

No Possibility of Hilton and Travers Being Opponents in Final—Both in Upper Half.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 13.—Charles W. Evans, Jr., played the chief part in making the draw for the British amateur golf championship to-day by shuffling the names and picking them out. As the entry totaled a record number of 232 it has been decided to devote a whole week to the competition, the final taking place Saturday, May 23. The draw was unfortunate for England in that Hilton and Robert Harris, two English favorites, will probably meet in the early stages of the competition.

There is no possibility of Hilton and Travers contesting as opponents in the final, as both are in the upper half of the draw. This caused considerable disappointment, as Travers has been playing splendid golf at Sandwich, and is regarded as the best of the American bunch. The final between him and Hilton would provide a sensational contest. Travers, however, could meet John Ball, winner of several championships, and it is possible that Travers and Ouimet, who is in the second half of the draw, would be left to fight each other for the championship laurels. Travers in his first match will have to meet a brilliant player in Charles Palmer.

If Travers survives he should not be troubled by his next few opponents. Evans, Ouimet, Harold, Weber, and Herreshoff are the second half of the draw. Ouimet in the first round meets G. C. MacGregor, who enters from Manila. If Ouimet gets through the first two rounds he will find himself among such cracks as H. E. Taylor, John Graham, H. E. Ellis, and H. D. Gillies, the last named being one of England's strongest hopes. Ouimet is hardly so well drawn as Travers.

Evans, Fraser, Hill, P. W. Inslee, H. A. Topping, E. S. Knapp, and F. Hill are all in upper half of the draw. Evans is not badly drawn, his most dangerous neighbors being C. B. McFarland, Gordon Lockhart, one of the strongest of the Scottish players, and Honorable Osmund Scott, who was the finalist nine years ago. Lockwood has drawn a bye, therefore does not play before the second round.

MACKIE DEFEATS SMITH.

Fox Hills Professional Golfer Evens Old Score with Wykagyl Pro.

Isaac Mackie, the professional of the Fox Hills Golf Club, after five years squared accounts with Alec Smith of Wykagyl, the metropolitan open champion, by defeating the latter 6 up and 5 to play in a special match at Fox Hills yesterday. On June 15, 1909, Smith took Mackie into camp over the same course by 1 up, each man going around in 66 in the afternoon. The distance was then a trifle more than 5,700 yards, as compared with 6,304 as at present. Both Smith and Mackie made 66 last year, and this is the best total ever made on the links at Clifton.

In the match yesterday, however, it was evident that neither was strictly up to midseason playing condition. This was true of Smith in particular, for the title holder was unable to approach with that fine accuracy to which he is accustomed, and when it came to putting there was something lacking. Good fortune was not with him, for on several occasions he rimmed the cup, and sometimes his putts from a little way would be just short enough to come to rest on the lip.

As a rule Mackie outdrove the champion anywhere from 15 to 25 yards, and he was generally able to get inside when it came to shots to the green. Both men had their brilliant spells, and each lapsed at times. Perhaps Mackie was the worst offender when it came to getting trapped, but some of his recoveries saved him holes.

The card follows:

MORNING.

Mackie, Out....	4	6	2	7	2	6	4	8	4—38			
Smith, Out......	5	4	4	4	2	6	4	4	5—38			
Mackie, In......	5	5	3	6	4	5	3	4	3—38—76			
Smith, In......	4	5	3	6	5	4	3	4	4—38—76			

AFTERNOON.

Mackie, Out....	4	4	3	5	3	5	4	3	4—35
Smith, Out.....	5	5	4	5	3	5	4	4	4—39
Mackie, In......	4	5	3	5	5	3	4	5	4—38—73—149
Smith, In........	5	4	3	5	4	4	4	4	4—37—76—152

Alfred B. Meacham, secretary and treasurer of the University Club Golf Association, announces that the twenty-sixth semi-annual tournament of that organization would be held over the links of the Piping Rock Club at Locust Valley, L. I., next Tuesday. The competition will be a thirty-six-hole medal play handicap. Prizes are offered for the first, second, and third best net scores for the day, as well as for the gross score. There also will be prizes for the best net and gross for eighteen holes. Following the day on the links dinner will be served at the University Club.

The Eastern Trade Golf Association will hold its Spring tournament at Dunwoodie next Tuesday.

The Metropolitan Golf Association distributed its year book to the various clubs yesterday. It contains the usual list of present and past officers, records of the championship tournaments, constitution, handicapping information, and the handicap list.

University Golf Club Tournament.

The twenty-sixth semi-annual tournament of the University Golf Club Association will be played over the golf course of the Piping Rock Club, Locust Valley, L. I., on Tuesday. Any member of the University Club who is not a member of the University Golf Club may enter the tournament upon payment of the entrance fee of $3, or he may become a member of the association by payment of the annual dues of $5, and be eligible to play in the Spring and Fall tournaments without other charge. Members of the club are requested to send their home club handicap and the name of their partner to Alfred B. Meacham, Secretary and Treasurer, 14 Wall Street.

Seek Links for Women's Golf.

CHICAGO, May 13.—Officials of the Women's Western Golf Association are looking for a course on which to hold the 1914 Women's Western Championship tournament. The Homewood Country Club was to have had the tournament on Aug. 24 to 28, but the destruction by fire of the Homewood clubhouse will make it impossible for that club to furnish the necessary accommodations. The officials announced to-day that so far no club has offered its course for the tournament.

Coroyra Beats King's Horse.

NEWMARKET, Eng., May 13.—Lord Londonderry's Coroyra to-day won the Newmarket Stakes for three-year-olds. King George's Brakespear was second and Sir E. Cassel's Hapsburg third. Five ran. The race is run over a course of a mile and a quarter and the stakes are valued at about $12,000.

Tigers Down Penn. at Golf.

PRINCETON, N. J., May 13.—The Princeton golf team defeated Pennsylvania here to-day, 5 matches to 1. Capt. Webster of Pennsylvania, with 76 strokes, made the best score for the eighteen holes, and was the

CLOSING OF DOG ENTRIES.

Lists Well Filled for Bench Shows in May and June.

Entries for both the Ladies' Kennel Association show at Mineola on June 3 and 4, and for the Boston Terriers Club show at the Albemarle-Hoffman, May 28, close to-day, and for the Long Island Kennel Club show at the Sheepshead Bay race track on May 30, close to-morrow. Preliminary entries promise a large entry in all three shows. Records will unquestionably be broken for the Ladies' Show, in which $6,000 in cash and $12,000 in cups are offered to contestants, the special prizes aggregating more than 400. The committee in charge, Miss Lucille Alger, Miss Bird and Miss Sands, have provided for 983 classes, so that any owner of a dog of merit of any breed stands an excellent chance of finding not only a place for his dog, but a likelihood of sharp competition. Three Englishmen with reputations earned abroad are among the judges, as well as some of the most expert in this country.

As Superintendent Purcell had received upward of 200 entries up to the closing of his office yesterday afternoon, there is a certainty that the Long Island Kennel Club show will not be far behind the Ladies' Show in quantity of entries, at least, as their premium list was an unusually attractive one. An unusual demand for the Boston terrier premium list, with its long list of special prizes, makes the managers believe they will have the best show in their seven years of existence.

A considerable number of fanciers from this city will be represented at the Bide-a-Wee show at the Riding Academy at East Orange, N. J., on Saturday, for which there has been an exceptionally good entry from dog lovers in the New Jersey towns adjacent to the Oranges. The show will be open from noon until 7 o'clock in the evening, with a buffet luncheon served the attendants. At both previous shows there has been a large attendance of society people and this year it is anticipated that it will be even more of a social event, as well as a superfine dog show.

Daniel P. Ritchey, of this city, Mrs. Anna Hungerford, of Bay Shore, L. I., and James Mortimer, of Hempstead, L. I., have agreed to act as judges at the annual show of the Ladies' Kennel Association of Massachusetts, which is to be held at Auburndale, in that State, on June 10.

The regular quarterly meeting of the American Kennel Club will be held at the offices of the club, 1 Liberty Street, on Tuesday of next week. Following the adjournment of the delegates' meeting the Board of Directors will have a session.

LAUNCHING OF YACHT.

Champagne Had Not Disappeared, but Dog Mascot Failed to Appear.

Some concern was felt all yesterday afternoon at the Waldorf as to the fate of a party of five men who had started out after luncheon for City Island. This was to have been a launching party, but Rudolph Waldner's dog Margaret, which was to have been the mascot of the occasion, did not reach the Waldorf in time to be taken along. However, during the evening assurance came that the event had passed off successfully, and that Fred D. Price's new yacht Valiant had taken the water like a duck after being named with a quart of champagne.

Mr. Price, whose home is in Chicago, had the Valiant, a 55-footer, built especially for the races near Toronto on August 15, and when he came on for the launching Mr. Waldner, Percy M. Bibas, William Mayno, and Ralph Underhill agreed to accompany him to City Island and go down the ways with him on the deck of the yacht. Assistant Manager Stewart said he had word from the shipyard a little before 2 o'clock that the champagne had disappeared on the way down to City Island, but this was denied later by members of the party.

Cochran May Launch Yacht To-day.

BOSTON, May 13.—The cup defense candidate, which has been building at the shipyards of the George Lawley & Sons Corporation for Alexander S. Cochran of New York, will probably be launched to-morrow. All three cup yachts will then be afloat. There was no official announcement to-night that the sloop would be sent into the water, but indications were to be found at the yard that the time for her maiden dip had nearly arrived. Mr. Cochran was at the yard to-day and inspected his candidate. High tide will be at 3 o'clock to-morrow afternoon, and it is expected that this will be the time chosen to send the vessel down the ways.

Seawanhaka Y. C. Rendezvous.

Commodore Harold S. Vanderbilt has issued general orders for the rendezvous of the Seawanhaka-Corinthian Yacht Club at Oyster Bay on Friday afternoon, May 29, for the May dinner of the club, which will be held at the clubhouse on that evening. On signal from the flagship Vagrant at 10 o'clock on Saturday, May 30, the club burgee will be half-masted on the club flagstaff and all vessels in the harbor will dress ship simultaneously. At 5 o'clock P. M. on the same day a reception will be held on board the flagship, to which all Captains, members, and their guests are invited. Divine service will be conducted by the fleet chaplain on board the flagship on Sunday, May 31. In observation of Memoral Day all ensigns will be half-masted.

GOES FAR ON A GALLON.

Six-Cylinder Auto Makes 24.3 Miles in Official Test.

In a test under the auspices of the Automobile Club of America's testing laboratory, milages on a gallon of gasoline of 23.3 and 24.3 miles were obtained yesterday in Central Park by a six-cylinder, water-cooled car. Contrary to the usual practice in economy runs, little coasting was done and the speed maintained was that of ordinary road driving. In the two runs made yesterday an average speed of a little more than 21 miles an hour was registered. The car which made the test was a stock model Chandler "six," equipped with a Rayfield carburetor and with Silvertown cord tires, 34 by 4 inches in measurement. The gasoline used was furnished by the club and was of 62 test. A course around the outer drives of the park was driven and the direction was reversed for the second test, the circuit being about 5½ miles long. The tire inflation was 80 pounds apiece. The car was driven by Eugene Kingsland, and Herbert Chase, laboratory chief of the A. C. A., was the official observer.

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A. L. Westgard left New Orleans yesterday on another pathfinding trip for the National Highways Association. His course will lie through the Middle West and Southwest and he expects to cover 18,000 miles. Last year he made a trip of 17,000 miles, leaving New York at the beginning of June, driving to San Francisco, and covering practically all the routes in the Far West proposed by the association as parts of the system of 50,000 miles of national highways which it is advocating. Mr. Westgard has done much other work as a road expert and transcontinental pathfinder.

To Protect Auto Race Starter.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., May 13.—Carl Fisher, President of the Indianapolis Motor Speedway, has built a bridge over the track from the judges' stand in order to protect the starter, whose duties constantly places him in jeopardy of his life. Last year Joe Dawson flecked the coat of Starter Fred Wagner, and so close was the call for Wagner that many of the spectators thought he had been killed or seriously injured. The hazard facing the starter heretofore has now been removed. Another innovation is the erection of flag poles all over the grounds to display the emblem of the nation that is ahead in the contest. As the cars change places their standards will be hauled into their respective positions.

Stevens Freshmen Defeats Sophs.

Yesterday afternoon at Castle Point field the freshman lacrosse team defeated the sophomores in the annual interclass game by the score of two to one. Neither team scored in the first half, as the playing was very even, but in the second period Barry and Schuyler of the freshmen scored one goal apiece, while Taylor made the tally for the sophomores.

Dartmouth Game in Boston.

BOSTON, May 13.—The Dartmouth-Syracuse football game will be played at Fenway Park, the grounds of the Boston Americans, on Nov. [illegible], according to arrangements announced to-night. It will be the first time that Dartmouth has played Syracuse and the first appearance of the Syracuse team in this

CALIFORNIA TENNIS STARS COMING EAST

McLoughlin to Compete in Davis Cup and Newport Matches.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 13.—California tennis experts are beginning to lay plans for this year's invasion of the East, and it is now certain that another formidable team will be sent across the Rocky Mountains.

National Champion Maurice E. McLoughlin, while he has not definitely outlined his course, will leave for the East toward the middle of June. It is his present intention to do little tournament work in advance of the Davis Cup international challenge match and the Newport championships. He believes that in previous years he had loaded himself with too much tournament play, with the result that he has not always been at his best in crucial matches.

Just what Thomas C. Bundy, joint holder with McLoughlin in the national doubles title, will do is problematical, but Bundy hopes so to shape his affairs as to defend that title at least, and he is looked on as a Davis Cup team possibility also.

Miss Mary Brown, national women's champion, will try to retain the laurels she has held for the last two years.

William M. Johnston, the 19-year-old holder of the Longwood and New York State titles, will defend his honors, but probably will compete in no other tournaments prior to the Newport meeting. He is likely, however, to enter the try-outs for a place on the Davis Cup team.

Johnston's doubles partner this year will be Clarence J. Griffin, who with R. Strachan holds second place in the national doubles ranking.

Strachan, the youthful American clay court champion, will be a notable absentee, having given up the game because of business considerations.

Inter-City Tennis at West Side.

Lawn tennis players who will figure in the selection of the team which will defend the Davis International Challenge Cup will be seen in action on the new courts of the West Side Tennis Club, Forest Hills, L. I., next Saturday and Sunday. With the exception of the Californians it will be the first time this season that the ranking men of this city and Boston have been brought together on the same courts. The competitions are the annual intercity matches between the Longwood Cricket Club of Boston and the West Siders of this city.

The nominations for the West Side team were announced yesterday by G. A. L. Dionne, Captain of the club, and the list includes four men who have previously played on international teams—Harold H. Hackett, the Captain of last year; F. B. Alexander, Raymond D. Little, and Karl H. Behr. There will also be W. M. Hall, T. R. Pell, George M. Church, Dean Mathey, F. C. Inman, and G. F. Touchard. R. Norris Williams, who with McLoughlin upheld the international singles last year, will head the Longwood invaders. Others on the team will be G. P. Gardner, Jr., Beals Wright, N. W. Niles, A. S. Dabney, Richard Bishop, and E. H. Whitney. The series will comprise six singles and three doubles, and Niles and Dabney will play against Little and Touchard, former national champions in doubles, on Saturday afternoon.

Pawling Boy Wins Tennis Final.

H. Beekman of Pawling School won the interscholastic tennis tournament at Columbia, the semi-finals and final of which were played yesterday on the South Field Courts. L. F. Shaw of Bayonne High School was Beekman's opponent in the final round, and, despite the heavy court, due to the recent rains, excellent form was displayed by both boys. The result of the match was largely due to Beekman's smashing serves and hard back court drives. The tournament started Saturday. The results:

Semi-finals.—H. Beekman, Pawling School, defeated Bodkin, Stuyvesant High School, 6—0, 6—0; L. F. Shaw, Bayonne High School, defeated R. Bowman, Mount Vernon High School, 6—1, 7—5.

Final.—H. Beekman, Pawling School, defeated L. F. Shaw, Bayonne High School, 6—2, 6—1, 6—2.

Johnson Defeats Pell at Tennis.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—By almost unerring accuracy in his placements Wallace Johnson of Philadelphia to-day defeated T. R. Pell of New York in the final round of the men's singles of the Chevy Chase annual open tennis tournament, 2—6, 6—0, 0—6, 6—2, 6—2. The match was one of the most brilliant ever witnessed in Washington.

Miss Pendleton of Cincinnati won the finals in the women's singles from Mrs. Sullivan of Richmond, Va., champion, 7—5, 6—0.

Johnson plays C. M. Bull, Jr., of New York to-morrow in the challenge round, and Miss Pendleton meets Miss Eva Baker of this city.

Montclair Academy Wins at Tennis.

The Montclair Academy tennis team defeated the Kingsley School team at Montclair yesterday by the score of 4 matches to 1. The Montclair boys have not lost a meet this season. Summary:

Doubles.—Rich and Baker of Montclair beat Barrios and Tremaine, 7—5, 6—4.

Singles.—Cameron of Montclair beat Fields, 8—6, 11—9; Tremaine of Kingsley beat Rich, 4—6, 6—2, 7—5; Baker of Montclair beat Barrios, 6—0, 6—2.

Trinity Wins at Tennis.

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, Conn., May 13.—Darkness hurried the final set of the tennis match between Trinity and Dartmouth on cold, soggy courts here this afternoon, and Trinity won, 4 to 2, after Dartmouth had won the toss for the serve in the third game of the last set of doubles.

Princeton Tennis Men Win.

PRINCETON, N. J., May 12.—Princeton tennis players made a clean sweep against the University of Pittsburgh here to-day, winning by the score of 6 to 0. Only one of the matches went into extra sets.

RUTGERS TRACK DEFEAT.

Lafayette Wins Chiefly Through Superior Strength in Field Events.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., May 13.—On a heavy track and in cold weather, Lafayette defeated Rutgers in a dual track and field meet here to-day by a score of 64 to 48.

Woodward starred for Lafayette, taking three firsts in the weights, notwithstanding that he was suffering with a weak ankle. Rutgers proved strong in the running events but allowed the Easterners to win all the field events, the hurdles and 100-yard dash.

Wettyen of Rutgers made the best time of the day when he captured the half mile in 2 minutes 1 4-5 seconds.

English Cricket Results.

LONDON, May 13.—Sussex opened their county cricket programme at Brighton against Essex and scored a splendid win. Going in first, they put together the big score of 401, to which Vine contributed a useful 93. Essex replied with only 154, and following on did much better at their second attempt, making 312, which left Sussex 65 to win. This they managed for the loss of only one batsman and enabled them to win in handsome style by 9 wickets. Both the universities made a start with their games. Cambridge entertained Hampshire at Cambridge and made a very bad showing, being dismissed for only 93, to which Hampshire responded with 178. The Light Blues made a splendid recovery and, clearing off the arrears, totaled 245, mainly due to R. B. Lagden, who knocked up a brilliant 106, leaving Hampshire 160 to win. Mead was again in fine form and, scoring 94, enabled Hants to win an exciting game by only two wickets. Oxford was at Home to Middlesex, and crumbled up badly, losing by 234 runs. The Scores: Middlesex, 197 and 315; Oxford, 155 and 128.

McCoy to Box Billy Murray.

Al McCoy will get his first real try-out since he won the so-called middleweight championship at the Stadium A. C. in the St. Nicholas Rink next Thursday night, when he boxes Billy Murray of California. McCoy knocked out George Chip in less than a round in Brooklyn recently, and some declared that it was only a "chance blow," that Chip had been careless and had held McCoy too cheaply. "Kid" McCoy's notable defeat at the hands of Jack McCormick was recalled and it was prophesied that the Brooklyn boxer would get a quick defeat at the hands of the next fairly good man he boxed.

Distance Plunge Championship.

The National Championship Committee of the Amateur Athletic Union yesterday awarded the national plunge-for-distance championship to the Brookline Gymnasium Athletic Association, which will be held at Brookline on May 23. Entry blanks can be obtained from D. S. [illegible] Av.

BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday..3½@4 per cent. for the best names
Tuesday....3½@4 per cent. " " " "
The quotation is for six months' paper.

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Nightgown in a Separate Box.

A leading manufacturer of women's underwear reports considerable success on a trade-marked nightgown which he placed neatly boxed on the market recently. The article is known as the Queen Mab Wondergown and is designed in very simple but effective style. A wishing knot decorates the garment at the throat. So far as is known this is the first article outside of holiday novelties to appear in a separate box.

⁂

A Cut in Gray Goods.

The local gray goods market acted peculiarly yesterday, when one source which up to the present had been very firm weakened and took an order for about 30,000 pieces of 38½-inch 64-60s, at 4 13-16 cents, which is 1-16 under what any goods were offered at. These goods went to printers. Goods 38½-inch 60-48s are still selling at 4 3-16 cents, large bids of 4⅛ cents having been turned down. Quite some business was placed on sateens and fine yarn lawns. Sheetings remained quiet, with low prices prevailing.

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Artificial Silk for Ties.

Tie silk manufacturers who handle both silk and artificial silk fabrics find that the major portion of the demand is for the latter goods. Persians and figured effects, principally the last named, have completely outdistanced striped materials for the Fall, and very little interest is shown in any but Roman stripes. These, however, are showing up very well and are offered in a variety of combinations. Printed warps are very active. For the early Autumn the demand centres on quieter patterns than hitherto, but for the holiday trade the brighter colors and designs will return.

⁂

Weather as a Factor.

The return, or rather the continuance, of the cold weather has been one of the strongest factors in curtailing business. This applies to both men's and women's wear of all descriptions from shoes to hats. While affecting the retailer primarily, it ultimately affects every one else up to the manufacturer or importer. As one gentleman, not in sympathy with the National Administration, put it yesterday: "I am prepared to concede that the weather has done more harm to business than the Tariff act and the apprehension of further legislation on business methods combined."

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Pantaleon Petticoat for Fall.

The revival of the petticoat as an article of feminine attire has been so sudden that some manufacturers are late in getting out their Fall lines. Those who already have their men on the road are showing a great variety of designs. The pantaleon petticoat introduced last season is expected to meet with an increased demand for Fall as circumstances then will be more adaptable to its use. The pantaloon cannot be worn very well during the Summer, since it shows rather awkwardly through the transparent wash skirts. With the heavier fabrics worn in Autumn, however, the novelty should prove quite popular.

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Woolen and Worsted Men Organize.

William Goldman, President of the National Association of Clothiers, was elected Chairman, and Richard A. Strong, President of the American Association of Woolen and Worsted Manufacturers, Vice Chairman of the Joint Committee of Woolen and Clothing Manufacturers at a meeting held yesterday at the Hotel Brevoort. A permanent arrangement was effected whereby the two will alternate in office, Mr. Goldman acting as Chairman for the ensuing year, and Mr. Strong following him in that position. The following were present: William Goldman, Harry D. Kohn, Louis Stern, Eli Selig, and William R. Corwine representing the clothiers; R. A. Strong, W. J. Batley, A. L. Gifford, and J. J. Nevins representing the woolen and worsted manufacturers.

⁂

Demand for Dress Goods.

Interest in the dress goods market at present is confined principally to staples, such as navy blue and black, mannish serges, for immediate delivery. These goods are required for use in manufacturing capes. In suitings a good immediate demand is being experienced for shepherd checks. The success attending the introduction of Roman stripes for the moment has overshadowed operations on plaids, but the demand for the latter is expected to pick up later on in the season because of their more general adaptability. Some fear is expressed in the market that the wholesale reproduction of the cape, tunic, and pleated effects in the cheaper grades of garments will mean a short run of popularity for the new styles. Against this, however, is the fact that the imitation of finer goods in cheaper fabrics has already been an evil the trade has had to contend with, and the styles should last as long as any others have.

⁂

Specializing in Infants' Wear.

An increased tendency is noted on the part of department stores to specialize in infants' wear. Formerly this class of merchandise received little or no display, and was sold over the counter wherever a little space could be spared for the purpose in some other department. The change from the multiplicity of undergarments to the simple combination or chemise for women is looked upon in many quarters as responsible for the interest now being shown in infants' wear. In all except the largest department stores the underwear buyer also includes infants' wear in his or her line. The desire to make up for the falling off in the sales of women's underwear, due to the style change noted above, has prompted these buyers to push their infants' wear department. Then, again, with the original and practical ideas offered by the manufacturers of these goods, the making up of these garments at home is unnecessary, since little is saved over the price of the ready-to-wear. The result has been that infants' wear and wash suits have been made a separate department, with displays that compare favorably with those of other lines.

Business Notices.

40 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

Wash skirts, $18 to $27 a dozen; the materials are thoroughly WATER SHRUNK before being made up; send for sample dozen. Torrey-Epstein Co., Dept. A, 109 Kingston St., Boston, Mass.

Our crepe and voile dress beats the market in price and style; $3 up; write for samples.
A. M. Wood & Co., 65 West Houston St.

JOBBER will look at Fall cloaks and suits on Thursday from 10 to 4. 4th floor, 15-17 West 18th.

Attention Buyers.—Three hundred assorted walking sticks; will sell cheap in lots to suit. Importers, 1,161 Broadway, Room 305.

We are looking at Fall suits; call afternoon, 7th floor. 158-160 West 29th St.

Waists and dresses, crepe de chine and cotton crepe, to close out at a reasonable offer. 107 West 25th St., top floor.

Contractors on children's junior serge and silk dresses; call with Fall samples. Ira Schreiber, 135 West 26th.

SALESMAN; long established house wants experienced [illegible] trade muslin nightgowns [illegible] established trade [illegible] basis only; [illegible] Address Box N [illegible]

Salesmen for city, [illegible] to handle about 1 dozen our best numbers of dresses, [illegible] up; splendid opportunity for hustlers; strictly commission basis; refer-

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Points in Decisions of Customs Cases on Appeal.

The Board of United States General Appraisers yesterday overruled a protest by Frank & Lambert regarding merchandise classified as "women's and children's dress goods and goods of a similar description and character." Duty was collected at 8 cents per square yard and 55 per cent. ad valorem. The merchandise was claimed to be properly dutiable as wool cloth at 44 cents a pound and 55 per cent. ad valorem.

Cremins & Roche imported laces made of cotton, silk, and metal threads returned as having been woven on the Gothrough or Lever machines. Duty was taken at 70 per cent. ad valorem under the old law, while the importers claimed a rate of 60 per cent. as not being woven on the machines mentioned. The board sustains the contention as to a part of the merchandise, the balance being held dutiable as assessed.

E. P. Stahel & Co. imported merchandise returned by the Appraiser as button cloth composed of wool, exceeding 3 inches in diamater. Duty was collected at 44 cents a pound and 55 per cent. ad valorem under the old act, as a manufacture of wool, and this was affirmed yesterday. The goods were claimed to be dutiable as button forms, exclusively used for that purpose, not more than 3 inches in diamater, at 10 per cent.

Park & Tilford lost in a contention for lower duty on unsweetened cocoa. It was taxed at 5 cents a pound under the provision in the old law for powdered, unsweetened cocoa, and was claimed dutiable at specific rates, according to value, as prepared cocoa. Another protest dealing with cocoa was filed by C. E. Griffin, New York, relating to cocoa liquor, prepared in 10-pound blocks, not sweetened or powdered. Duty was assessed at 50 per cent. under the old law. The importer alleged the product to be roasted and ground, and dutiable at 5 cents a pound as unsweetened. The board disagreed.

Passavant & Co. failed to make out a case complaining of the Collector's assessment of 45 cents a pound and 60 per cent. ad valorem under the old act, on galloons or trimmings composed in chief value of artificial silk.

Sample books inclosed in stiff cloth covers, imported by Hensel, Bruckmann & Lorbacher, New York, were taxed 5 cents a pound and 30 per cent. ad valorem under the old law, as manufactures of surface-coated paper. The claims were for duty at 25 per cent. as printed matter, or exemption from duty, as publication of individuals for gratuitous private circulation. The board declined to entertain the plea for free entry.

A. P. Warrington, Los Angeles, failed in a claim for free entry of books asserted to be imported for private gratuitous circulation among members of the Los Angeles Theosophical Society. The books were published in India, and as they are marked with the selling prices, the board held they were excluded from exemption. Duty at 25 per cent. as printed matter, under the old law, was affirmed.

Pfaltz & Bauer, New York, were given free entry on nutmeg oil, and a variety of other oils, as being unfit for food, and used only in mechanical operations. Duty was levied under the old law at 25 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 3 as oils.

RECEIVER FOR BERTHOUD.

Appointed for American Effects of Alleged Bankrupt Banker.

As the result of a petition of bankruptcy filed yesterday in the Federal District Court against Alfred Edward Berthoud, who carried on in London a foreign banking business as Coulon, Berthoud & Co., Judge Mayer appointed David Elder, an accountant of the firm of Mackay Irons & Co., of 64 Wall Street, receiver for the American effects of the alleged bankrupt. It was represented to the court that on Feb. 9 the banking house made in London an assignment to Arthur Francis Whinney showing liabilities of £188,617, assets of £156,655, and a deficiency of £31,962. Mr. Elder is the representative in this country of Mr. Whinney.

The object of the bankruptcy petition is to get possession of a deposit belonging to Coulon, Berthoud & Co., in the National Park Bank amounting to $43,500. This was attached by the Sheriff on Feb. 14 on a claim for $90,000, belonging to the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company. The only other assets in the United States of the banking house are some accounts of doubtful value in Florida, Alabama, and Louisiana.

The petition was filed by Carter, Ledyard & Milburn as attorneys for James F. Fargo, as Treasurer for the American Express Company, a creditor for $50,000, money advanced; Charles Francis Jacottet of London, who claims $20,000 for services, and Henry Robert John Apthorp of London, a creditor for $200.

SUES FOR $84,200 BONDS.

Benjamin R. Kittredge Says He Deposited Them with Brokers.

Benjamin R. Kittredge began suit in the Supreme Court yesterday against Arthur E. Grannis, Robert C. Lawrence and William C. Langley for $84,200 worth of railroad bonds which he says he deposited with the stock brokerage firm of Coster, Knapp & Co. in 1908 for safe keeping.

Mr. Kittredge says the latter firm without his knowledge pledged the bonds with the defendants as security for loans and that they never were returned to him. He says that for years Mr. Lawrence, one of the defendants, was the bookkeeper and manager of Coster, Knapp & Co. and that he must have known that the firm was insolvent when the bonds were pledged.

Chicago Meat Sales Fairly Active.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 13.—Swift & Co.'s gross sales and net earnings so far this fiscal year have kept up well and probably show comfortable increases in spite of the general business depression. There has been a reduction in employment at Packingtown of about 10 per cent. as compared with a year ago. Lately the meat industry has picked up somewhat and an early increase in the volume of killing is expected. Swift & Co. are the biggest cattle killers and Armour & Co. the biggest hog packers.

Wool Prices Strong in London.

LONDON, May 13.—There was strong competition for the 11,014 bales offered at the wool sales to-day. Firm prices were realized for all grades and especially in sorts suitable for America. The sales follow: New South Wales, 200 bales; scoured, 1s 2½d@1s 7½d; greasy, 7d@1s 1½d. Queensland, 700 bales; greasy, 8½d@1s 4½d. Victoria, 500 bales; scoured, 1s 4d@2s ½d; greasy, 7½d@1s 3d. South Australia, 200 bales, greasy, 7½d@1s 2½d. West Australia, 1,300 bales; greasy, 6½d@1s 3½d. New Zealand, 8,100 bales; scoured, 1s 3d@1s 9d; greasy, 8d@1s 2½d.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Forecast:

N. Car., S. Car., and Ga.—Cloudy and cooler Thur. Fri. fair; light to moderate variable winds.

Fla.—Fair Thur. and Fri.; cooler in n.; light to moderate variable winds.

Ala.—Fair Thur.; cooler in s. Fri. fair; moderate n. winds.

Miss., La., and East. Tex.—Fair Thur. and Fri.; moderate n. winds.

West. Texas and Utah.—Fair Thur. and Fri.

Okla., Mo., Ark., Tenn., Iowa, N. Dak., S. Dak., Neb., and Kan.—Fair Thur. and Fri.; warmer.

Ohio, Ill., and Ind.—Fair Thur. and Fri.; warmer, light variable winds.

Lower Mich., Upper Mich., Wis., and Minn.—Fair Thur. and Fri., light to moderate variable winds.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Post & Co., Herman Mahler & Brothers, and Hellman & Meister have been admitted to membership in the Cloak, Suit and Skirt Manufacturers' Protective Association.

The United States Bureau of Labor Statistics now has an agent investigating conditions in the cotton garment industry.

The Dry Goods Alliance will hold a carpet

WOOL TRADING ACTIVE.

Reports from the Cotton Goods Market Not So Satisfactory.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 13.—The American Wool and Cotton Reporter will say to-morrow:

"There has been a notable increase of activity in the wool market during the past week, the sales amounting to 3,260,000 pounds, being almost double the amount sold during the previous week. New wools are arriving from Utah, Arizona, and Nevada, the condition of all these being far superior to that of similar wools last year. The clean cost of fine and fine medium territory is in the neighborhood of 55 to 56 cents a pound. Prices in this market as a whole are somewhat less than those for similar wools abroad.

"In the cotton market, the feature of greatest interest during the week was the speculative trading in July options. In no sense could trading be termed active, the volume of business being comparatively light.

"Reports from the cotton goods market are not very satisfactory, the buying being of a hand-to-mouth character. There is a slight accumulation of goods at present, with every indication that the cotton goods trade will improve materially as soon as any attempt is made to stock up. The situation in fine and fancy goods is probably not quite so satisfactory as it has been previously.

"The woolen goods market is in fairly steady condition, though duplicates are not received in the volume anticipated by a number of selling houses.

"There is practically no change in the worsted and woolen yarn markets, though weaving yarns are in slightly better demand. There is no hope of a recession in value of domestic worsted yarns, and a few of the larger operators have been feeling out the market with view to placing contracts at present prices for at least a portion of their requirements for the light weight season. In cotton yarns, there is a slightly better feeling, and while prices are not quotably changed, they are on a more stable basis."

DUKE QUITS DELICATESSEN.

Business Started by Tobacco Man's Son on Leaving College Is Sold.

The Standard Pure Food Stores, Incorporated, which was organized about three years ago by Angier B. Duke, son of B. N. Duke, the tobacco man, has sold its business and stock to the Acker, Merrall & Condit Company. Shortly after leaving college young Mr. Duke concluded that a new method of providing the best of food in convenient form and at popular prices would meet a wide demand.

A manufactory was established at 3,253 and 3,255 Broadway, where the executive offices were situated, for the cooking and preparation of the various commodities sold at sixteen delicatessen stores in Manhattan. But expenses were heavy, competition was keen, and profits were small, and Mr. Duke and his associates decided to retire.

Arthur O. Jung was President of the corporation, with Angier B. Duke, Vice President, and Edward P. Goetz, Secretary. The corporation had a capital of $500,000. None of the officers would discuss the reasons for the sale. B. N. Duke was a stockholder in the enterprise.

Angier B. Duke, who was graduated at Trinity College in 1905, is a member of the Automobile Club of America, the Calumet, the Ardsley, and the Rumson and Sleepy Hollow Country Clubs. He lives with his father at 1,076 Fifth Avenue.

CHICKENS MUST PAY DUTY.

But Not the Boxes in Which They Were Packed.

The General Appraisers yesterday handed down a decision under the new tariff, likely to prove of wide benefit to importers of poultry, when a protest by H. Horsfield of this city, relating to so-called "immediate coverings," was sustained. The protestant brought in dead chickens packed in wooden boxes. Collector Malone returned the importations at 2 cents per pound under that part of paragraph 229, reading, "poultry, dead, or prepared in any manner, including the weight of the immediate coverings or containers."

It seems a sort of parchment or oil paper was placed around the chickens inside the boxes, to keep the flesh from the wood and exposure, as the boxes were not tight, but put together in a rather loose way, and entered in a frozen condition. The importer's contention was that when the law was framed, the term "immediate coverings" or "containers" was not intended to include wooden boxes such as those in which the merchandise in controversy was imported. It appeared that prepared poultry is usually entered in sealed tins.

Judge Waite, in his decision, says it is logical to assume that the law sought to cover the different methods of handling poultry shipments, as dead poultry might be imported in a rough way, even with the feathers and all of the other parts of the bird intact. At the same time, the paragraph provides for poultry which might be prepared to a considerable extent.

"In the first instance," says the decision, "the treatment would naturally be as in this case, the covering consisting of an inner paper and the outer board. If, however, it was a more careful preparation so as to necessitate hermetical sealing in tin cases, the immediate covering might well be considered the tin and be subject to duty, excluding from consideration the outer casing in which the tin containers would be packed. In view of the whole record we are of the opinion that it was not intended that duty should be paid at the rate of 2 cents per pound on these rough boxes. We, therefore, hold that the dutiable weight should be the weight of the poultry, including the weight of the paper and excluding the weight of the wooden boxes. The protest is sustained."

TIES UP $2,500,000 ESTATE.

Caveat Against Will of William McKenzie Filed by Son.

Special to The New York Times.

HACKENSACK, N. J., May 13.—A caveat has been filed against the will of William McKenzie, owner of the Standard Bleachery at Carlton Hill, who died on April 11, by James J. McKenzie, his oldest son. The estate is valued at $2,500,000.

It is said the will provides that one-third of the McKenzie estate shall go to the widow, and the remainder in equal shares to four sons and one daughter—Mrs. Rachel E. Pearson, of Boston, Mass., and James J. McKenzie, Bertram D. McKenzie, Kenneth M. McKenzie, and William McKenzie, of Rutherford. All the children were born to Mr. McKenzie's first wife.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; D. Rosenberg, silks; 33 W. 34th; Grand.
BALTIMORE—Joel Gutman & Co.; J. G. Nassauer, cloaks, suits; 200 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; J. J. Estabrook, books; 220 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; F. Quellmalz, dry goods; H. S. Messersmith, jobs piece goods; 354 4th Av.
BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; Miss F. A. Hahn, ladies' waists, knit goods; Prince George; F. J. Smith, jewelry, silverware, leather goods; 55 White.
BOSTON—Wm. Filene Sons' Co.; M. L. Jackson, waists; Miss Jones, infants' coats, kimonos; Miss Kaleski, ladies' neckwear; basement buyers; Mr. Child, millinery; 116 W. 32d.
BOSTON—Wolf's; P. C. Provandie, boys', children's clothing; Broadway Central.
BOSTON—M. C. Collins, cotton goods; Hoffman House.
BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; W. Libby, millinery; 55 White.
BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; H. S. Gibbs, furnishing goods; 60 West 33d.
BOSTON—R. H. Stearns & Co.; W. Finlayson, laces, gloves, hosiery, knit underwear; 45 E. 17th.
BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; K. G. Berger, books, stationery; 60 W. 33d.
BUFFALO—J. W. Adam & Co.; C. E. Stock, cloaks, suits, waists, dresses; 214 Church.
BUFFALO—Wm. Hengerer Co.; C. E. Brett, mdse. mgr.; 214 Church.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; D. C. Litt, carpets, rugs; 115 Worth.
CHICAGO—L. Klein; R. Reiff, carpets; 31 Union Square; Latham.
CHICAGO—Hart Bros.; J. Levi, furn. goods; Claridge.
CHICAGO—Montgomery Ward & Co.; A. J. Giron, clothing; 43 Leonard.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; C. S. McCoy, jewelry; K. B. Miller, dry goods; F. W. Pomeroy, furniture, rugs; F. O. Stevens, carpets, rugs; E. Garnsey, art goods, china; A. W. Vizents, representing; A. B. Riouffi, ladies' wear; 104 Worth.
CHICAGO—E. Elsinger Co.; E. Elsinger, dry goods, notions, furnishing goods, general mdse.; Room 426, 467 B'way.
CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; Miss B. Sternberg, notions, fancy goods; Miss Ball, leather goods; 15 E. 22d.
CINCINNATI—Reins & Weiss; I. Reins, notions, laces; 656 B'way.
CINCINNATI—G. W. McAlpin Co.; E. C. Denton, mdse. mgr.; 214 Church; McAlpin.
CINCINNATI—Burkhardt Brothers Co.; W. B. Burkhardt, furnishing goods; Hoffman House.
CLEVELAND—Wm. Taylor, Son & Co.; Mrs. Oram, suits; Mrs. Goehrig, juvenile ready to wear; 51 Leonard.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—Green-Joyce Co.; R. J. Hamer, carpets, upholstery goods; 43 Leonard.
DAYTON, Ohio—Elder & Johnston Co.; D. V. Davis, domestics, white goods, linens; 2 Walker.
DETROIT—Burnham, Stoepel & Co.; H. Barnby, carpets, rugs; 43 Leonard.
DUBOIS, Penn.—Klewans Department Store; H. Klewans, dry goods; Latham.
EL PASO—Everybody's Dept. Store; J. N. Northman, gen'l mdse.; 116 W. 32d.
GRAND RAPIDS—Spring D. G. Co.; J. A. Hengerer, gen'l mdse.; 214 Church.
GREENWOOD, S. C.—J. B. Wharton Co.; J. W. Duckett, dry goods; Aberdeen.
HARRISBURG—The Klein Co.; H. Bing, ready to wear; Claridge.
HARTFORD—Wise, Smith & Co.; D. Ellison, men's, boys' clothing; 116 W. 32d.
KANSAS CITY—Hirsch & Wolff Millinery Co.; J. Hirsch, ribbons, flowers, piece goods; 621 B'way.
KANSAS CITY—Frankel, Frank & Co.; J. Lyons, trimmings, millinery; Claridge.
LOWELL—Merrimac Clothing Co.; H. O. Sullivan, clothing, furn. goods, ready to wear; Grand.
MIDDLETOWN—J. H. Bunce Co.; Miss A. E. Long, laces, embroideries, neckwear, buttons; 75 Spring.
MILWAUKEE—E. Schuster & Co.; H. Koestner, carpets; 116 W. 32d.
MILWAUKEE—Kroeger Bros. Co.; F. L. Kroeger, carpets; Breztell.
NEW HAVEN—F. A. Corbin, woolens; Collingwood.
PHILADELPHIA—John Wanamaker; O. M. Gaiser, hosiery, underwear; B'way and 10th.
PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenberg & Co.; Mrs. C. Arnold, infants' wear; E. Chamberlain, gloves, umbrellas; 1,261 B'way.
PHILADELPHIA—L. Gross & Co.; L. Gross, coats, suits; Herald Square.
PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenberg & Co.; D. Southworth, carpets; 1,261 Broadway; Hoffman House.
PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Bros.; G. R. Dunn, art needlework; B'way and 32d.
PITTSBURGH—Groetzinger-Hoffman Co.; W. H. Hoffman, carpets; Hermitage.
PITTSBURGH—K. Solomon & Co.; J. A. Peters, domestics; 116 W. 32d.
PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Buhl; Miss M. Foley, art needlework; 37 W. 26th.
PITTSBURGH—McCreery & Co.; Miss J. Murray, laces, embroideries; 214 Church.
PORTLAND, Ore.; Meier & Frank Co.; O. C. Graves, men's clothing; T. A. Kindred, carpets, rugs; 31 Union Sq.
POTTSVILLE—J. Miehle & Son; N. H. Levee, gloves, jewelry, millinery; 15 East 26th.
POUGHKEEPSIE—Wallace Co.; R. A. Toomey, dry goods, ready to wear; 2 Walker.
PROVIDENCE—Tilden-Thurber Co.; J. Webster, leather goods; B. Thurber, jewelry; Breztell.
PROVIDENCE—Callender, McAuslan & Troup Co.; E. H. Tiffany, Mr. Rheades, notions, jewelry, toilet, leather goods; 2 Walker.
READING—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; D. C. Dresse, men's, boys' clothing; 2 Walker.
RICHMOND—Cohen Co.; W. Perlstein, carpets; 320 Church.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Switzer-Allen Co.; G. C. Switzer, millinery; Gerard.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Duffy-Powers Co.; Miss M. E. Kenny, waists, misses' suits, muslin underwear, corsets, infants' wear; 60 W. 33d.
SCRANTON—J. Long Sons; W. J. Martin, furn. goods; 315 4th Av.; Grand.
SCRANTON—J. Long Sons; W. J. Martin, furn. goods; 315 4th Av.
SPOKANE—Spokane D. G. Co.; C. C. Mecum, carpets; 225 4th Av.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Albert Steiger Co.; P. J. Donovan, dress goods, silks; 116 W. 32d; Wallick's.
SPRINGFIELD, Mo.—C. H. Heer D. G. Co.; F. Heer, carpets; 320 Church.
ST. LOUIS—Shield-Porter Millinery Co.; J. C. Huth, millinery; Claridge.
ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co.; F. A. Cramer, general mdse.; 31 Union Square; Biltmore.
ST. LOUIS—Montrose Cloak and Suit Co.; J. H. Goldman, cloaks, suits; Aberdeen.
ST. LOUIS—Ely & Walker D. G. Co.; W. J. Cardie, corsets, ladies' neckwear, notions, jewelry, ribbons, fancy goods; 256 Church.
SYRACUSE—Dey Bros. & Co.; J. F. Murphy, notions, jewelry; M. A. Sullivan, ladies', infants' wear, corsets; 220 5th Av.
TERRE HAUTE—A. Herz; E. Bauer, cloaks, suits, waists; 116 W. 32d; Latham.
TOLEDO—Lasalle & Koch Co.; F. M. Gray, furn. goods; Wallick's.
TOLEDO—Lamson Bros. Co.; H. J. Kaufman, furn. goods; 220 5th Av.; Park Av.
WASHINGTON—S. Kann, Sons & Co.; Miss S. H. Boxer, ribbons, veilings; 215 4th Av.
WILMINGTON, N. C.—G. Dannenbaum, flannelette gowns, children's dresses, Fall; 476 4th Av.
WORCESTER—Denholm & McKay Co.; Mrs. E. M. Whitford, infants' wear; 2 Walker.

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AUCTION SALES.

MERCHANDISE.

VAN PRAAG & CO., Auct'rs, will sell To-morrow, Friday, May 15, 10:30 A. M., at our Salesrooms, 15-17 Greene St., N. Y. C., removed for convenience of sale,
$10,000 Very Latest Design Rich
CUT GLASS
IN THE LATEST
FLOWER AND MITRE DESIGNS,
will be sold in large trade lots without reserve to the highest bidder; comprising elaborate modern design cut glass vases, trays, punch bowls, all sizes; finger bowls, ice tubs, compotes, candlesticks, cheese dishes, orange bowls, whiskey bottles, water bottles, fern dishes, fancy baskets, fruit dishes, celery dishes, sugar and creamers, nappies, jugs, lamps. Dealers, this is a good opportunity to purchase at public auction in trade lots beautiful modern design cut glass. Don't fail to attend.

VAN PRAAG & CO., Auctioneers,
Sell TO-DAY, THURSDAY, MAY 14, 1914,
AT 10:30 A. M., AT OUR SALESROOMS,
15-17 GREENE ST., N. Y. CITY,
HIGH-GRADE STOCK OF
DIAMONDS
WATCHES, GOLD JEWELRY,
STERLING SILVER,
removed for convenience of sale. Diamond Rings, Bracelets, Lavallieres, Scarfpins, Link Buttons, Studs, all mounted in latest settings; Beautiful 14-kt. Mesh Bag, studded with diamonds; fine assortment Platinum and Gold Mountings, Gold, Gold Filled, and Silver Watches, in Waltham and Elgin movements, 14 karat and 20-year high-grade cases; 14 and 18-kt. Wedding Rings, Gold Seal, and Fancy Rings, Gold Jewelry of every description, high-grade Gold Filled Jewelry, Rich Sterling Silverware, Sterling Silver Tea Sets, Demi-Tasse Sets, Vases, Dishes, Trays, Cups and Saucers, &c., in the latest designs. We sell strictly to the highest bidder.

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To Be Sold To-Day, Thursday, May 14, at 10:30 A. M., at 15 MERCER ST., N. Y. Greenwald & Co., Aucrs. Tel. 9093 Spring

FURNITURE—RUGS—ART.

ORIENTAL RUGS and CARPETS, also OFFICE FURNITURE and FIXTURES.
CHARLES SHONGOOD, Auctioneer,
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a large stock of the finest
ORIENTAL RUGS
in the market, such as
Persians, Afghanistans, Smyrnas, Kallistons, Babylonians, Saraks, Sarooks, and others too numerous to mention. Also office furniture and fixtures.
Dealers invited.
By order of a large manufacturer retiring from business.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

ANDREW S. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
Adrian H. Muller & Son will sell at auction on Thursday, May 14th, 1914, at 12:30 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14 and 16 Vesey Street, N. Y.:
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PAINTS NEW YORK AS MONEY CITADEL

Fancy Picture by John Skelton Williams of Our Walled City and Robber Barons.

RESERVE BANKS AS REMEDY

Addressing North Carolina Bankers, Controller Points Out How Money Supply Will Be Decentralized.

RALEIGH, N. C., May 13.—John Skelton Williams, Controller of the Currency, to-night addressed the North Carolina Bankers' Association in session here, on the new Federal Reserve Banking act. After pointing out that the main purpose of the new system was to effect a decentralization of the money supply, Mr. Williams said, in part:

"New York has become the commercial capital of the country, the great citadel of the money power, the reservoir of money supply. It is the walled city from which the barons have levied tribute on a territory and population vaster than any Lord or King of the Middle Ages dreamed of, yet sometimes using methods ruthless and savage as those of the fiercest of the robber nobles—forays and levies devastating by scientific, artful methods, pillaging under form of law, smiting with swords which bite deep, although we cannot see them, consuming with fire which comes invisible and unsuspected. The simile seems strong, but it is justified by facts.

"No sudden swoop by a feudal magnate on his peaceful neighbors was a more cruel or shameless plundering expedition than some of the transactions which have been brought to light by which the shareholders of railways and other great enterprises, established to build up the country and to promote the public interests, were despoiled. Their property and money were taken from them by the might of masses of money working stealthily. The raids had none of the attractions of the picturesque or the merit of courage. They were cold blooded, relentless seizure of other men's goods by plots, treachery and betrayal of trusts which should have been held sacred.

"Yet it would be foolish, unjust and wicked to hold New York as a community, or her leading citizens generally, among whom are men as high and honorable as any country contains, responsible for the misdeeds, treachery and lawlessness of certain conspicuous offenders.

"Without doubt, the overwhelming majority of the citizens of our great cities, as of our people generally, have viewed such violations of laws, legal and moral, with as great abhorrence as any of us, and have felt the blush of shame that such crimes are possible in this enlightened age and under the form of Government which has also produced our long procession of heroes, patriots and Statesmen.

New York's Generosity.

"Every thinking and patriotic American must exult in New York's splendid achievements, in the glories she has built, which have made her the wonder and admiration of the world. The people of the South would be ungrateful if they forgot the generosity of her people when trouble had come upon them from fire, earthquake, and pestilence, and her purse has been opened wide to every appeal from any part of the land.

"The purpose should be to change the relation of New York to the country generally from an attitude of dominating ownership to friendly partnership. Big as New York is, it is not big enough to direct the destinies of this continent. Fast as it has grown, it has not grown so fast as the United States has grown in wealth, capacity, population, thought, and aspiration.

"No one reservoir is wide or strong enough to hold and control the money supply for the inconceivably tremendous activities in which we are engaged, for our endless variety of industries and enterprises, our different climates, seasons, and products, our requirements sometimes crowding and conflicting with each other. No group of men at any centre, however broad in mental grasp or earnest in intent to seek the best results for all, can be intrusted safely with the unlimited and unrestrained control and direction of the flowing and recall of supplies of currency for the needs of the present, and the increasing needs that will come with the near future.

"As it is, the country bleeds and sweats to the big financial centres. Take the South as an instance—and the conditions with which you here in North Carolina are familiar exist everywhere in the country. Most of our railway systems are controlled, frequently throught the trust known as the voting trust—by men who are interested in the great banks in the three central reserve cities. So it happens that the large deposits of the railways, their collections from the Southern people, as also from the Western people, are sent on largely to those banks.

How the System Works.

"When North Carolina needs money to move the cotton crop her banks must call on New York for money which should be in their own vaults, for the return of money paid in here in freight bills, insurance premiums, and otherwise, and your banks sometimes think themselves lucky if they can be allowed the use of any part of it. As you know, there have been times when your banks were frightened or crippled because you could not get back from the banks which carried your reserves the money you had intrusted to them, at 2 per cent. interest, to keep for you."

MRS. CARL MARX'S SON ROBS

Lives on the Drive, but Needed Spending Money, he Said.

Melvin Dunham, 19 years old, who lives with his mother and stepfather, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Marx, at the Robert Fulton apartments at Alverside Drive and Ninety-fifth Street was arrested yesterday after he had robbed an apartment and left his raincoat with a pocket full of letters there. He is locked up in the West 100th Street Station, on a charge of burglary. The boy confessed that he stole because he didn't have a job and wanted spending money. He was caught in West Ninety-fifth Street while he was hurrying along with two suitcases and a traveling bag filled with loot. The complainants were John Stoughton and Arthur Raudenbausch, who have a bachelor apartment on the top floor of 100 West Ninety-fifth Street. Dunham admitted that he worked with a companion, who had instructed him. He rang the bell of the apartment, he said, and failing to get an answer opened the door with a jimmy. Then he searched the bureau drawers and closets, selecting the most valuable clothes, small pieces of jewelry, and a gold watch of the total value of $600.

The telephone boy saw Dunham leave the apartment house, and, becoming suspicious, notified Police Headquarters and followed him. He overtook Dunham a short distance from the apartment house and held him for the police. His mother went to the police station, and, after talking with the boy, had his dinner sent to him from a restaurant.

CHICAGO ROAD FINANCING.

Will Include Issue of Bonds and Notes to a Total of $30,000,000.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 13.—Plans for financing the Chicago Elevated Railways' $30,000,000 notes maturing July 1, it is understood, have been practically completed and will be made public early next week.

The plans include the issuance of $12,000,000 or $13,000,000 first mortgage bonds of the Northwestern Elevated Railways Company, a division of the remainder between issues of two-year notes and ten-year debentures of the Chicago Elevated Railways Company, and the holding of the balance of the $25,000,000 Northwestern Elevated Rail- [illegible]

TELLS OF GIANINI CAPTURE.

Boy Accused of Murder Expected Ten Years, Constable Testifies.

HERKIMER, N. Y., May 13.—The manner in which Lida Beecher, the Poland schoolmistress, was murdered and the behavior of Jean Gianini after his capture were described in testimony at Gianini's trial for the murder to-day. Two dozen wounds, bruises, and abrasions were found on the body of the girl by Dr. Fred Douglas of Utica, who performed the autopsy, he told the jury to-day. Death was caused, he said, by a slash in the throat, severing the carotid artery.

Frank Newman, the constable who placed Gianini under arrest, testified that when he told the boy that he was suspected of having had something to do with the murder, Jean responded: "Well, they can't give me more than ten years, can they?"

Gianini did not show any evidence of fear when told that he might be sentenced to death, Newman said. The sleigh containing Miss Beecher's body body drove past and Gianini gasped, the witness recalled.

Several companions of Gianini told of his threats to kill Miss Beecher.

THIS IS TAP DAY AT YALE.

First Election to University Societies Under Reform System.

NEW HAVEN, May 13.—The "Tap Day" ceremony at Yale, when forty-five juniors will be selected for membership in the three senior secret societies, will be held to-morrow afternoon on Berkeley Oval, instead of the old campus, as has been customary for many years. The ceremony will be more restricted than ever before because of the agitation for reforms in the society system. A fence has been erected to keep out the curious and none except members of the societies and juniors will be allowed on the oval.

Many of the leading undergraduates have been active in opposing the society system, but it is believed that the societies will ignore the attacks and elect many of those who fought for reforms.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

WHEAT.

Reports of damage by Hessian fly in Missouri were more numerous, and after an early decline of ⅝c to ½c the wheat market rallied and closed firm, with gains of ⅝c to 1⅛c from the bottom and net gains for the day of ⅝c to ⅝c.

In the local cash market No. 2 hard Winter wheat was quoted at $1.03, cost, insurance, and freight, New York; No. 2 red, $1.04, cost, insurance, and freight, to arrive; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.03⅛, free on board, afloat; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.03⅛, free on board, afloat.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	..	..	102⅝	102⅝	98⅝
July	94⅞	94 3-16	94 3-16	94 7-16	96 5-16
Sept	..	..	92⅝	92½	95¼

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	94⅛	94	94⅞	94⅛	88⅝
July	86⅝	85¼	86⅝	85⅝	87⅜
Sept	85⅝	84⅛	85⅝	84⅝	87⅝

CORN.

While the undertone was steady, price changes were narrow, the close being ⅛c net lower to ¼c higher.

In the local cash market No. 3 yellow corn was quoted at 78⅝c c. i. f. to arrive.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	67⅝	66⅝	67¼	67⅝	55¼
July	66⅛	65⅝	66	65⅝	55⅛
Sept	65⅛	64⅛	65	64⅝	56⅛

OATS.

Oats became firm in late dealings. The local cash market was steady, standard white being quoted at 44½ to 45c; No. 2, 43 to 45½c; No. 3, 44 to 44½c; No. 4, 43½ to 44c; ordinary clipped white, 45½ to 46c; fancy clipped white, 45 to 47½c, all elevator.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	39	38	38¾	38⅝	37
July	37½	37	37⅝	37⅛	35⅝
Sept	35½	35¼	35½	35½	34⅞

PROVISIONS.

The market for hog products was inactive with small price changes. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 23,000; estimated for Thursday, 21,000; Kansas City received 9,000 and Omaha 6,700.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
July	10.05	10.00	10.02	10.02	10.82
September	10.22	10.17	10.20	10.20	10.90
Ribs—					
July	11.15	11.10	11.12	11.12	11.05
September	11.27	11.22	11.27	11.25	11.92
Pork—					
July	19.77	19.67	19.75	19.72	19.40
September	19.87	19.75	19.85	19.82	19.20

COTTONSEED OIL.

The undertone was steady and at the close the near positions were firm, May being 5 points higher, while the later months were unchanged to 5 points lower.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	7.05@7.15	7.00
May	7.10	7.05	7.10@7.12	7.05
June	..	..	7.19@7.23	7.22
July	7.30	7.29	7.29@7.30	7.30
August	7.41	7.39	7.40@7.41	7.40
September	7.48	7.48	7.47@7.49	7.47
October	..	..	7.05@7.20	7.10
November	..	..	6.60@6.80	6.61
December	..	..	6.51@6.70	6.53

COTTON.

The cotton market turned easier after yesterday's early advance and closed barely steady at a net decline of 1 to 9 points.

Southern spot markets, as officially reported, were unchanged to ⅛c higher. The local market for spot cotton was quiet and unchanged at 13.20 for middling upland; sales nil.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May	12.79	12.63	12.63@12.66	12.72
June			12.50@12.55	12.56
July	12.46	12.34	12.35@12.36	12.40
August	12.29	12.19	12.19@12.20	12.26
September	11.94	11.89	11.85@11.87	11.88
October	11.80	11.72	11.72@11.73	11.75
December	11.80	11.73	11.74@11.75	11.76
January	11.70	11.66	11.66@11.67	11.67
March	11.78	11.73	11.71@11.73	11.72
April	11.99	11.99	11.95@11.96	11.96

COFFEE.

Coffee was heavy, closing at a net decline of 6 to 8 points. The European markets were without special feature, Havre being ¼ franc lower, while Hamburg was unchanged.

The local spot market was inactive and unchanged at 8⅝c for Rio 7's.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May	8.54	8.50	8.49@8.50	8.54
June			8.51@8.53	8.56
July	8.65	8.62	8.61@8.62	8.68
August			8.69@8.71	8.77
September	8.86	8.81	8.80@8.81	8.86
October			8.87@8.89	8.93
November			8.94@8.96	9.00
December	9.04	9.03	9.02@9.03	9.08
January			9.08@9.10	9.14
February			9.14@9.16	9.20
March			9.20@9.22	9.25
April			9.25@9.27	9.30

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 10,262 packages. Lighter demand. Creamery, extras, 26@26½c; firsts, 24@25½c; seconds, 22@23½c; thirds, 21@21½c; held, 18@23c; State dairy, finest, 25½@26c; good to prime, 23@25c; common to fair, 18@22c; process, extras, 20@21c; firsts, 18@19c; lower grades, 15@17c; imitation creamery, firsts, 18@19½c; ladles, current make, firsts, 18@18½c; seconds, 17½c; lower grades, 15@17c; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 16@17c; lower grades, 14@15½c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 40,057 cases. Imports, 221 120-dozen cases. Arrivals liberal. Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 22½@23c; storage packed firsts, 21½@22c; regular packed firsts, 20½@21½c; seconds, 20@20½c; thirds and poorer, 19½@19⅞c; No. 1 dirties, 19¼@19½c; No. 2 dirties, 18@19c; checks, good to prime, dry, 18½@19c; undergrades, 16½@18c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 23@24c; gathered whites, fine to finest, 23c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby, whites, fair to good, 21½@22½c; Western, gathered whites, 21@22c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby, hennery browns, 22½@23c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 21@22c; duck eggs, State and nearby, Indian Runner, 24@25c; Baltimore, selected, 20@23c; Western, 10@21c; Tennessee and other good Southern, 18@20c.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, May 13.—Charters filed to-day: Fischer Baking Co., Newark, $125,000. Margaret, Joseph, Frank, and George Fischer, Newark. Twentieth Century Concrete Block Co., Camden, $50,000. N. Ward, Albert Hammell, G. W. Lenroth, Camden. Broadway Real Estate Exchange, Newark, $100,000. J. S. Nugent, [illegible]

REDFIELD AGAINST THE STRENUOUS LIFE

In Most Cases It Is the Least Effective, He Tells Brown University Students.

HUSTLER A BACK NUMBER

Secretary Compares Our Losses in Mexico with the Numbers Slain in Our Industries.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 13.—"The strenuous life is in most cases the least effective and efficient," William C. Redfield, Secretary of Commerce, told the Brown University students to-day in an address on "Effectiveness."

"It is an infantile view of industry which measures its results by either the duration or the extent of effort," he said. "Both the hustler and the apostle of strenuousness have become back numbers in their methods. They are to-day in the same category with him who also ran.

"We deplore lives lost in war and have advocates of peace who are fluent in speech regarding the terrors of strife," he said, "yet, while one must sympathize with those who have lost dear ones in battle, are we as eloquent and active as respects the many that are slain in industry? We mourn the nineteen of Vera Cruz, but in the first three months of this year, there were slain several times that number in the industries without great public grief, and the yearly death list from automobiles in the streets of New York makes our occupation of Vera Cruz look relatively like a pleasure excursion."

TESTIFIES AGAINST GARGARE

Riley, Confessed Auto Thief, Says Defendant Hired Him to Steal.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKEWOOD, N. J., May 13.—A story of wholesale auto robbery in the streets of New York was told by Dan Riley, confessed thief, at the trial of John Gargare here to-day. Riley was the only important witness the State put on the stand during the day. The narrative included accusations that Gargare had hired him, together with Chandler and Travers, two friends, to steal a certain make of automobiles. These cars, he swore, Gargare would pick out as he walked the streets of New York and the other three would do the rest. After stealing the cars, Riley said, Gargare would always meet him at Weehawken and they would then drive to Lakewood.

The indictment under which Gargare was arraigned charged him with the receipt of a stolen car. This Riley testified he stole from in front of the Hotel Calumet, Manhattan, and delivered to Gargare, receiving $10 on account. A little while later Riley read that some cars had been found in Gargare's barn. Then he testified Gargare telephoned him and warned him to kepp away from the Knickerbocker Garage, where he was working, and also from Lakewood. Some time later Riley went to Lakewood to collect money from Gargare. He testified that the latter drove him from Lakwood to the shore after paying him a little on account, and that on the way over Gargare made a proposal to burn the car of Detective Shafto, who had been active in tracing stolen cars. Riley swore, too, that Gargare wanted to hire him to drive another car into the ocean so as to lose it completely.

Riley explained that his original agreement with Gargare called for the theft of cars, for each of which he was to receive $300. Ex-Senator George S. Silzer is associated with Prosecutor Newman for the State.

CRIME LESSONS FOR POLICE

Squad Teaches Novices the Expert Tricks of the Underworld.

Inspector Faurot and Detectives Cassassa, McKenna, Mugge, and Toner were selected yesterday by Second Deputy Police Commissioner Rubin to teach the young policemen how to work various confidence games, how to become an expert "dip," how to "make a getaway," how to identify and avoid a "bull," and perform a hundred and one tricks of the underworld. This is to enable them to overcome the skill of the criminal.

Every morning after "line up" the teachers will illustrate the methods employed by criminals. The first lesson yesterday was devoted to pocket picking, "lifting the leather," frisking, fob working, carrying tools and "stalling." The exhibition closed with a demonstration of the "pocketbook-dropping game," which is popular in West Street, where appear the newly arrived in the city.

So many complaints have been made to headquarters against beggars and their abusive methods that Commissioner Woods formed a mendicancy squad under Lieut. Oscar Himmel. Ten men in citizen's clothes will seek beggars.

Commissioner Woods also ordered a report from the police surgeons and the Bureau of Repairs and Supplies on the state of the cells in station houses. He heard that many cells were unfit for occupancy.

A PATRIOTIC "MOVIE."

County Clerk Schneider to Show Naturalization Bureau.

County Clerk William F. Schneider, who is much interested in the Naturalization Bureau under his charge and is daily grinding out American citizens, recently wrote a moving-picture play entitled "Making an American Citizen." He wanted the play to be mainly instructive, and for this reason interested the United States Government to the point of getting the authorities at Washington to sanction the proceeding.

Late yesterday afternoon a moving-picture-making outfit moved into the room set aside for the naturalization work and the machines were set up. A likely specimen of a man who wanted to be naturalized was chosen for the star rôle. Deputy County Clerk Selden walked with him into the room and approached the desk where the first application is made. The machines began clicking and then they broke down. So the work was stopped for the day.

The taking of the pictures from the first step to the last in the making of a citizen will be tried again. The play and the pictures are to be presented to those who care to show them, and the idea is to let those who operate moving-picture theatres in the thickly populated centres have them to show as a preliminary or as a climax to the regular performance.

"It is a work of patriotism and of pleasure," said Mr. Schneider.

COBB DEFENDS ADVERTISERS

Says They Help the Public to Intelligent Spending.

LAWRENCE, Kan., May 13.—"Sound advertising does not lead to the destruction of the saving instinct of the American people nor to the reckless spending of their money. It leads to intelligent and rational spending." This statement was made in a paper by Irvin S. Cobb, magazine writer, read at today's session of the National Newspaper Conference in progress this week at the University of Kansas. Mr. Cobb's paper was prepared in answer to the question, "Is Advertising Destroying the Thrift of the Nation?"

Mr. Cobb said that in his opinion no article, however widely advertised, could be forced upon the readers of newspapers and magazines unless it had merit. He said he did not believe newspapers made "subtle appeals" to their readers to [illegible]

GIRL WORKERS' MEETINGS.

500 Here for Convention of National League—Big Pageant.

The convention of the National League of Women Workers will open in this city to-day, with the first public board meeting in the concert hall of the Lord & Taylor store at 2:30 P. M. There are 500 girls, representing 15,000, from eight different States, who have taken vacations from offices, shops, and factories to take part in this tenth biennial meeting of their organization. The visit will be one of pleasure as well as business, and from their headquarters at the Broadway Central Hotel the girls will take many trips when not in convention.

Another meeting will be held in the assembly hall of the Metropolitan Life Building this evening at 8:15 o'clock Miss Susan Blow will speak on "The Woman of the Future," and Will Irwin on "What the Future Will Demand of Women." To-morrow evening at 8:15 o'clock in the assembly hall "The Romance of Work" will be given by the New York Association of Women Workers. Eight hundred girls will take part.

This afternoon the girls who do not attend the board meeting will take a boat trip around Manhattan Island, starting from the Battery at 2 P. M. There will be an all-day excursion to West Point and a visit to the Military Academy on Saturday, and a reception will be given the girls at the Zoological Gardens.

Mrs. Henry Ollesheimer is President of the league and Miss Jean Hamilton Executive Secretary. Miss Virginia Potter is President of the New York Association of Women Workers.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

UNION JEWELRY COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Union Jewelry Company of 49 Maiden Lane by these creditors: A. Jaffe & Son, $400; Abraham Suderov, $37, and C. & F. Mazza, $182. It was alleged that while insolvent the concern made preferential payments. Assets are $9,500 and liabilities about $14,000.

HARRY SAMUELS & BROS., INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Harry Samuels & Bros., Inc., wholesale dealers in millinery at 704 Broadway, by these creditors: Goodkind & Robinson, $306; Bronston Bros. & Co., Inc., $579, and Berlinger, Brown & Meyer, $115. The corporation made an assignment on Tuesday to Samuel H. Lummis.

BRENNER BROTHERS COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Brenner Brothers Company, manufacturers of silk waists and dresses, 146 West Twenty-fifth Street, by these creditors: Louis Hamburger & Co., $300; Taylor Textile Manufacturing Company, $50, and Khalizog Silk Company, $200. Liabilities are put at $13,000 and assets $5,000. The company succeeded Brenner Brothers.

HARRY L. TIGHE of 1,564 Broadway has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,802 and no assets.

SOLOMON BROTHERS.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Morris and Louis Solomon of 1,312 Amsterdam Avenue by these creditors: Francis H. Leggett & Co., $1,134; Austin, Nichols & Co., $225, and R. C. Williams & Co., $77, for groceries.

S. M. B. RUBBER COMPANY.—Schedules in bankruptcy of the S. M. B. Rubber Company, 160 Fifth Avenue, and at Keyport, N. J., show liabilities, $36,958, of which $20,699 is secured, and nominal assets, $41,414.

KIMBERLEY COMPANY.—Schedules in bankruptcy of the Kimberley Company, manufacturers of stained glass windows, of 1 East Fortieth Street, and 956 Lind Avenue, show liabilities, $50,468, and assets, $18,734, consisting of accounts, $18,280, insurance, $350; cash $4, and gas deposit, $100; also plant and stock, value unknown.

FERD. R. EIDEN, manufacturer of flowers and feathers at 64 East Eighth Street, has assigned to Gerson C. Young. A petition in bankruptcy was filed against him on Oct. 9, 1911, and he settled with creditors at 20 cents on the dollar.

SAULL BROTHERS & CO., composed of George Saull, Louis Saull, and Isidore Safferson, manufacturers of misses' and childrens' dresses at 120 West Twenty-seventh Street, have assigned to Henry M. Orenstein. Liabilities are $4,000 and a committee has been trying to arrange a settlement at 35 cents on the dollar.

THE SALINE PROCESSING COMPANY, manufacturers of chemical salts at 11 Cliff Street, with factory at 417 Hamilton Avenue, Brooklyn, has assigned to Henry Stanley Renaud. David J. T. Oldham is President and W. E. Jordan, Secretary.

COULON BERTHOUD & CO., LONDON.—A bankruptcy petition has been filed against Alfred Edward Berthoud, who did business as Coudon Berthoud & Co., foreign bankers in London, for these creditors: James F. Fargo, as Treasurer of the American Express Company, $50,000, money advanced; Charles Francis Jacottet of London, $20,000, for services, and Henry Robert John Apthorp of London, $200. It was alleged that Mr. Berthoud made an assignment on Feb. 9, in London. There are assets in this country consisting of a deposit of $43,500 in the National Park Bank, which was attached by the Sheriff on Feb. 14, on a claim of the Farmers Loan and Trust Company for $90,000, and some accounts in Florida, Alabama, and Louisiana of doubtful value. Judge Mayer appointed David Elder receiver, under a bond of $20,000, of 64 Wall Street.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

UTICA, N. Y.—Dr. Israel Herman; petition in bankruptcy filed; liabilities of $18,000; assets, none. Creditors are of New York City.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments were filed yesterday in New York County, the first name being that of the debtor:

Adams, Albert J.—J. C. Shilling, $110.
Applebaum, Jacob and Sarah—W. Aronstein, et al, $293.
Andrews, Champe S.—A. B. Gardiner, costs, $113.
Adlerstein, Isidor—Butler Bros., $131.
Baldwin, Harry S.—Rutherford Rubber Co., $446.
Bachman, Alfred C.—B. Tim, $10,018.
Black, William A.—G. E. Bartlett, $1,838.
Bensal, J. Pembroke—S. Masten, $143.
Blanch, Joseph C.—Flat Repairs Co., $624.
Cohen, Elias A.—E. Lewnthal, $173.
Catts, Robert M.—A. Sulka & Co., $119.
Coffin, David P.—City of N. Y., $259.
Coffin, Della, Martin James and Margaret Daunt, executors—Same, $501.
Dressler, William B.—Edward Thompson Co., $398.
Dreyfus, Samuel—H. Joseph, et al, $172.
Douglas, Samuel—City of N. Y., $501.
Downes, Anna M.—J. H. McCarthy, $2,376.
Duncan, Henry S.—Packard Motor Car Co. of N. Y., $104.
Duffy, Annia, adm.—City of N. Y., $702.
Dudley, Therese A.—H. Maguire, $156.
Epstein, Jerome—S. Cohen, et al, $118.
Fliashnick, Bernard—Edward Thompson Co., $246.
Figinolo, Pasquale—A. Geiger, $274.
Fuller, J. Ensign and James D. Pickard—North Beach Land and Improvement Co., Ltd., $890.
Goldberg, Louis F.—M. Matthews, $363.
Gilbride, Charles—A. Hecht, $100.
Guggenheim, Egbert—L. Sherry, $135.
Groshut, Julius C.—One Hundred & Sixty-eight Madison Avenue Co., $127.
Gilbride, Charles—A. Hecht, $100.
Gridley, Wm. T.—D. W. Armstrong, Jr., $800.
Holder, Frederick D.—B. Altman & Co., $445.
Harris, Aaron—P. A. Smith, $144.
House, A. L.—Lyman & Helenius, $217.
Haas, Rose B.—G. A. Sterns, $202.
Herman, Louis—J. Galchinsky et al., $107.
Hynes, James—Frigid Flued Co., $130.
Hadermann, Herman—H. Schuman, $106.
Harris, Nathan—E. Kaufman et al., $161.
Hammerstein, Oscar and Arthur—Metropolitan Opera Co., costs, $127.
Jacobs, John J., ex'r—City of N. Y., $259.
Jennings, Arthur B.—Barm Realty Co., $276.
Klein, Louis—I. J. Cohn, $1,069.
Kalish, Isaac—M. S. Scheinman, $262.
Kowalsky, Mary—City of N. Y., costs, $111.
Kowalsky, Morris—Same, costs, $111.
Klepper, Charles—G. P. Sherwood & Co., $192.
Linde, Henry J.—City of N. Y., $259.
Landan, Charles—A. Charwat, $138.
Lewin, Arnold—Preferred City Real Estate Co., $479.
Lebenson, Robert J.—E. D. Faulkner, $205.
Mennillo, Frank—L. Afeltra, $217.
Mari, Polo—M. Mari, costs, $108.
McAllister, James—City of N. Y., $622.
Menca, Attillio G.—De Ambri & Scozzari, $149.
Manning, Harry A.—W. O. Roses, $818.
Morevao, Vaclav—A. Charwet, $232.
McCall, Mary—C. H. Richardson, $487.
Munger, Alphonse—P. Merrill, $436.
Melton, Samuel—A. R. Martin, $128.
McAvoy, Thomas E.—Independent Pneumatic Tool Co., $222.
Mathey, Gustav S.—I. J. Mathey, $129.
Neilson, Elizabeth H.—V. M. Earle, $257.
Morris, Edwin V.—City of N. Y., $259.
Puritz, Max—S. Benner, $127.
Prior, Laureboe—F. H. Dodd et al., $154.
Perna, Martha—Piser & Co., Inc., $115.
Pupki, Charles—City of N. Y., $259.
Orr, Carol V.—I. Kaufman, $658.
Pleshet, Louis—Edward Thompson Co., $184.
Quinlan, John E.—City of N. Y., $259.
Reznikoff, Nathan, and Israel Wolwoff—W. E. Bloodgood, $1,729.
Romer, Max D.—Romer Cloak Co., $3,389.
Reich, Elizabeth—E. W. Bliss Building Inc., costs, $110.
Rowe, Francis A.—W. O. Ross, $1,204.
Rothschild, Hattie—J. Laemmle, $439.
Spencer, Clara—E. E. Francke, $343.
Stone, David—City of N. Y., $176.
Schneider, Davis—A. Bienstock et al., $199.
Schlueter, Louis C.—W. C. Scofield, Jr., $109.
Schlesinger, Adolph—Excelsior Savings Bank, $9,418.
Simon, Horace E., and Julius Wolff—North Beach Land and Improvement Co., Inc., $945.
Sladen, Philip and Harry—F. Rosenthal, $1,942.
Schechwirtz, Louis—Union Novelty Braid Works, $495.
Solomon, Alex.—G. Martin, $139.
Strand, Anton—J. S. Sutphen et al., $407.
Safferson, Isidore I.—Lowenstein et al., $233.
Terhune, Harold L.—A. C. Strickland et al., $586.
Von Waldig, John—American Motorist, $101.
Vetter, C. Ernest—H. J. Schmitt, $713.
Wittpen, B. Otto—J. H. Gloniger, $1,373.
Winters, William—W. A. Prendergast, costs, $102.
Whitney, Fred C.—Frank H. Graf Mfg. Co., $303.
Werle, John—Commercial Casualty Ins Co., $113.
Bedford Construction Co.—City of New York, $259.
First Preferred Realty Co.—H. Lieblich, $159.
Independent Order Ahawas Israel—L. Teich, $531.
Same—F. Peck, $530.
Kellogg Toasted Corn Flakes Co.—Mecca Realty Co., $1,400.
Lester Realty Co.—City of New York, $139.
Manhattan Steam Laundry Co.—City of New York, $139.
Nassau Casualty Co.—Same, $259.
Paul J. Exner Co.—T. Di Roma, $112.
R. G. Realty Corp.—M. Mayer, $178.
Roman Baths Co.—A. F. Colton, $2,179.
Same—F. E. Colton, $500.
663-665 Broadway—E. Higgins, $1,483.

In Bronx County

The first name is that of the debtor.

Broidy, Sam, and Joseph Safer—M. Broidy, $137.
Bachman, Alfred C.—B. Tim, $10,018.
Cameron, Mary—Pelham Park & City Island Railway Co., Inc., $139.
Cohn, Harris—Aron Bros., $139.
Ettenberg, Mine—C. H. Smith, $362.
Francis Keil Co.—P. Adelstein, $102.
Hill, Harry, and Bronx Taxicab Co.—J. Peterson, $500.
Johnson, John, and Harold B. Sherwin—Heinigke & Bowen, $143.
Minsker Realty Co., Inc., and Louis Minsky—Candee, Smith & Howland Co., $329.
Rappelt, Herman—Steinhardt Bros. & Co., $331.
Rice, Jacob—A. Wolpin, $266.
Sole Realty and Construction Co. and Valenti Vincent—North American Wall Paper Co., $113.
White, Edward M.—G. Roden, $100.

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date that when judgment was filed:

Andy Horn, Inc.—P. Melren, May 2, 1914, $700.
Reilly, Elmore T., and Herman Kraemer—American Radiator Co., Jan. 9, 1902, $184.
Tighe, Robert—George Ringler & Co., May 8, 1903, $878.
Mutsikerm, Wolf, and Barne Solomon—M. L. Saglowitz, May 4, 1914, $3,408.
Kornbluth, David—A. Haas et al., Jan. 20, 1913, $1,230.
Leblang, Joseph—C. F. Kehoe, May 4, 1914, $386.
Laskiewiez, Michael—B. Hoyenski, April 29, 1910, $193.
Howard, Michael—W. W. Farley, April 16, 1914, $1,820.
Ilg, Michael—Julius Kessler & Co., Sept. 19, 1913, $200.
Jarche Bros., Inc.—E. Smolka Plumbing Supply Co., March 26, 1914, (released,) $409.
Meyers, Charles and Jesse—C. Corn et al., April 21, 1914, (released,) $2,340.
Cohen, Elias A.—Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., Nov. 20, 1913, $742.
Independent Order of Ahawas Israel—A. Rosen, April 15, 1914, $489.

In Bronx County.

Johnson, George F., Sr.—M. Hughes, April 23, 1914, $165.

RESORTS.
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SUMMER HOMES
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—And the Fun of the Day Ends With Dancing

All day you fish in shady streams—canoe on mirror-like lakes rimmed with high mountains—croquet or tennis or tramp through fragrant woods. And all evening you dance or perhaps yield to the enchantment of the moonlight on the lake.

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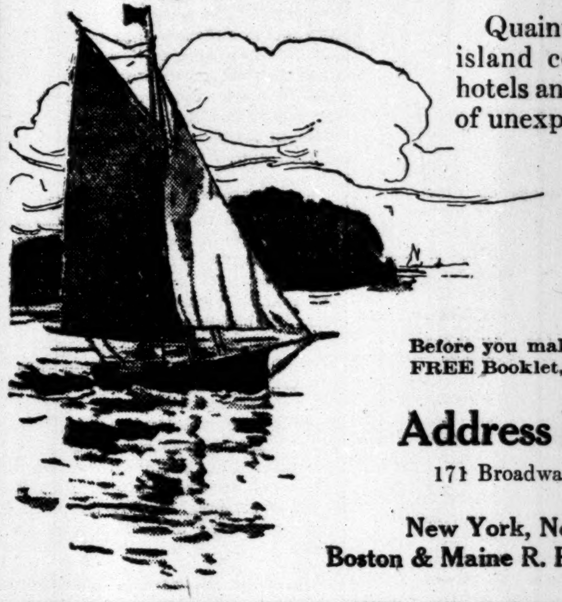

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Within commuting distance of New York. Private beach. No mosquitoes. Tennis, golf, boating, bathing, fishing. Large wing absolutely fireproof. Private baths. Opens June 18th. References. Tel. 256 Glen Cove.

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off New London, Conn.
OPENS IN MAY.
ALWAYS COOL
Seashore and Country.
SOUND and OCEAN Boating, bathing, fine roads; golf, tennis; orchestra; very accessible.
Large addition; many suites with bath.
EXCLUSIVE PATRONAGE.
A most desirable place to spend the Summer. Absolutely healthful; excellent water. We raise our own vegetables, milk, cream and poultry.
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Ninth season; 48 minutes of 42d St. on Harlem R. R.; 70 acres; park and lawns; 500 feet elevation; 10 minutes from station; capacity 150. Own dairy and vegetable garden; all outdoor and indoor sports; now open; Spring rates $8 and up; reservations rapidly being made for Summer. Phone 1165 White Plains. Booklet.

NEW YORK—Sharon Springs.

PAVILION HOTEL AND COTTAGES, Sharon Springs, N. Y., open June 24th. The White Sulphur Springs and bathing establishment opens May 12. Folders sent free. J. H. GARDNER & SON, W. H. CRAIG, Lessee.

NEW YORK—Cooperstown

O-TE-SA-GA
ON OTSEGO LAKE, Cooperstown, N. Y.
Booking office, The Dakota, 1 West 72d St., New York. See this column Sundays.

ALL THE PLAYS given newspaper notice up to April 1, 1914, are recorded in The New York Times Index, which locates by date and page in The New York Times all published particulars regarding each play. In the four volumes of The Index for 1913 every dramatic event of last year is summarized. The Index is strongly bound in cloth, and costs $8 per volume. It is a [illegible]

NEW YORK—Catskill Mountains.

"The World-Famed View"
CATSKILL MOUNTAIN HOUSE
OPENS JUNE 27. ALTITUDE 2,250 FT.
Electric lights, steam heat, modern plumbing, pure spring water.
Canoeing, Tennis, Garage, Orchestra, Dancing, Afternoon Teas.
Special weekly or season rates for guests arriving before July 4.
City Booking Office with Raymond & Whitcomb, 225 Fifth Ave., N. Y.
GEORGE H. BEACH, Manager.
AT CITY BOOKING OFFICE.

"Most Modern Equipped Hotel in the Catskills."
"New" GRAND HOTEL
CATSKILL MOUNTAINS, Altitude 2,500 ft.
Opens June 25. New Management.
15 to 20 degrees cooler than N. Y. City. Scenery unequalled. Hay fever and mosquitoes unknown. Perfect sanitary and hygienic conditions. Cuisine and service the standard of excellence. Superior grill and rathskeller. Reasonable prices. Magnificent Ball Room; perfect dancing floor. Symphony orchestra; dancing afternoon and evening; lady and gentlemen instructors. Free daily tea dansants; prizes awarded. Golf, tennis, billiard, pool, bowling tournaments. Special rates for families. Transients $4 a day and up.
HARRISON S. DOWNS, Prop. Tel. Col. 3320.
At Hotel Ansonia, Broadway & 73d St., N. Y.

NEW YORK—Lake Mahopac.

Dean House
LAKE MAHOPAC, PUTNAM CO., N. Y.,
OPENS JUNE 1ST.
Old-established Summer Resort, pleasantly located, commodious lawns, running to lake; fine shade trees.
Good Accommodations for Automobiles.
Booklet. A. H. DEAN, Proprietor.

NEW JERSEY—East Orange.

THE EDGEMERE
East Orange, N. J.
Thirty minutes from New York, on the Lackawanna R. R. A most up-to-date hotel, run in a high-class manner, at a very moderate cost. This house contains about
125 Rooms with 75 Private Baths
is refined, quiet, and free from noise of trains and street cars; has elevator, roof garden, gymnasium, sun parlors, telephones, and every modern equipment; in fact, it is the highest grade hotel in the State. Send for booklet.
W. H. CULBERT,
Owner and Manager.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

Hotel DENNIS
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Situated directly on the ocean front, and with its appointments and equipments make it an ideal Seaside Home. Capacity 600. Always Open.
WALTER J. BUZBY.

ALAMAC HOTEL
Ocean front, in the heart of Atlantic City. Absolutely fireproof. Family and Transient. American and European Plans. Hot and cold sea water baths. Capacity 400. Restaurant; grill; garage. MACK LATZ & CO.

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THE WILTSHIRE Virginia Av. and beach. Ocean view. Greatly improved and refurnished. Cap. 350. Private baths, running water in rooms; elevator, etc. Music. Special—$12.50 up weekly; $2.50 up daily. Open all year. Booklet. SAMUEL ELLIS.

Leading High-class Moderate Rate Hotel.
Albemarle Virginia Av., near Beach; elevator; private baths; French chefs; evening dinners. Special Spring rates—$2 up dly.; $9 up wkly. Booklet. J. P. COPE.

Marlborough-Blenheim
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY.

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Chatham, Morris Co., N. J.; over 7 acres in lawns and gardens; all amusements; capacity 150; reasonable terms; booklet. J. E. Beerbower.

NEW JERSEY—Spring Lake.

THE BREAKERS
SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.
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Secure accommodations for the coming season at the attractive
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Opens July 1st. Every modern comfort. ONE OF MAINE'S LEADING RESORTS. With seashore and country combined. Noted for Cuisine & Service. All out-of-door recreations available. GARAGE FACILITIES. Under personal direction of L. C. Prior. N. Y. Office, 1,180 B'way. Tel. Mad. Sq. 4748.

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NEW HAVEN, CONN.
Opposite Union Station.
One of the best appointed hotels and restaurants in New England.
Everything new. Comfortably and attractively furnished.
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200 Rooms with hot and cold running water. $1.50 day
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Reservations can be made in advance for June Commencement.
WM. F. INGOLD, Manager.

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Stockbridge, Mass.
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SEASON 1914.
ALLEN T. TREADWAY, Prop.

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OPEN JUNE 15 TO OCT. 15.
New York Office, "THE LORRAINE"
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Maplewood, N. H. Open June to Oct.
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PENNSYLVANIA—Shawnee-on-Delaware.

BUCKWOOD INN
Fireproof Home of the
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Address Shawnee-on-Delaware, Pa., or 243 Fifth Ave., New York. Tel. Mad. Sq. 9230.
OPENS JUNE 6.

PENNSYLVANIA.—Mount Pocono.

MOUNT PLEASANT HOUSE
MOUNT POCONO, PENNA.
Enlarged, modernized. Private baths, bells, gas, orchestra, dancing. FREE GARAGE. Opens June 20th. Booklet. For road map and rates address W. T. & H. M. LEECH.

PENNSYLVANIA—Canadensis.

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Yielding
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This issue has the following attractive features:

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INVESTMENT SECURITIES

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Prices Move Irregularly, Closing Lower—Trade Finds Ground for Hopefulness.

While the financial district, and particularly the stock market, remains idle some evidence is forthcoming that trade is beginning to reflect the more cheerful sentiment regarding the future which lately gained a foothold in financial circles. No very early expansion in activity is foreseen but the belief is speading that influences are already, or will soon be, at work which will bring about a more active and more profitable trade movement. Some little sign at least is being afforded by the iron trade that this fundamental industry is shaping itself for the better things which are foreseen for the time when the expected excellent crops will exert their large influence upon business and when other helpful factors will contribute to the revival of trade activity, the only doubt concerning which has to do with the precise time of its coming.

The Iron Age, summarizing the steel trade situation, says that expectation of improvement is now an influence in the market where a more hopeful feeling prevails regarding finished products, and where some actual increase in the business in pig iron is recorded. Even lower prices lately made for some products are accepted as a sign of increasing interest among buyers on the ground that these price reductions represent competition for the larger business which is now appearing. The Iron Trade Review says that not much betterment is expected before mid-year, although low stocks and soundness of fundamental conditions make an earlier upturn quite possible. The freight rate decision cannot now be many weeks distant and if the action soon to be taken by the Commerce Commission bears out present hopes and yields anything like the fruit expected of it, ground will be furnished for a considerable expansion in steel trade orders.

The stock market yesterday did very little. The balance of the net changes for the day showed a loss, but one too small to be regarded as significant of the underlying drift of prices. The Mexican news has been looked to almost daily to furnish some disagreeable surprise, but it has supplied none, and the mere passage of time lessens the acuteness if not the actual dimensions of the problem which affairs in that country present. An incident of the situation which is not without local interest is the building up here of large balances by Mexican banking institutions. This has been going on for some time as a natural result of the troubled conditions of that country, which has put Mexican institutions under incentive to safeguard their position by increasing the funds at their disposal in places of safety. Further additions were made yesterday to the sums held by New York banks to the credit of Mexican institutions.

The Missouri Pacific Railway made formal announcement yesterday of its proposal for the extension of its $25,000,000 notes which mature on June 1. The acceptance of the road's proposals by the noteholders will give the company the advantage of more time for working out its financial problem while the holders of the notes by way of inducement will obtain increased collateral and an advance in interest rate from 5 per cent. to 6 per cent. With this question of the maturity of June 1 notes out of the way it is believed that Kuhn, Loeb & Co., who recently had the question of financing the road's requirements under consideration, would be willing to take up the matter of formulating a comprehensive plan to fortify the road's financing. That is much needed and the advantage which would result would accrue to the railroad situation as a whole as well as to the Missouri Pacific itself.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ren'l.
On call	2	1¾	1¾	1¾
A year ago	3	2¾	2¾	2⅞
Since Jan. 1	10	1½	..	..
Same period 1913	7	2	..	..

	60 days.	4 mos.	6 mos.
On time	2¼@2¾	3¼	3@3¼
Commercial paper (prime bills)	.....	3¼@3¾	3½@4

	Exchanges.	Balances.
Clearings	$294,884,076	$15,286,825
Sub-Treasury debit balance	....	912,720
Banks lose since Friday	....	3,100,000

Rates Abroad.

	Discount.	Money.	Check on London.
Berlin	2¾	2½	20m49pf
Paris	3¾	..	25f.18½c.
London	2⅞	1½@1¾	......

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

The range for demand sterling was:

	High.	Low.	Last.
Yesterday	$4.8815	$4.88	$4.8815
A year ago	4.8640	4.8625	4.8635
Since Jan. 1	4.8815	4.8535	......
Same period 1913	4.8790	4.8570	......

Foreign exchange closing rates were:

	Demand.	Cable.
London	$4.8815	$4.8845
Paris	5.15⅝—3-64	5.15—5-64
Berlin	95 5-16	95⅜
Switzerland	5.16¼	5.15⅝—1.32
Holland	40.30	40.33
Belgium	5.18¾—1-16	5.18¾+1-32

Bankers' Time Bills.

	60 days.	90 days.
London	$4.85¼	$4.84¼
Paris	5.18⅛	5.19⅜
Berlin	94⅞	94¾

Bankers' Commercial Bills.

	60 days.	90 days.
London	$4.85	$4.83¾
Paris	5.18¾—1-16	5.20—1-32
Berlin	94¾—1-32	94½—1-32
Amsterdam	40.02	39.91

Domestic Rates.

Rates on New York were:

	Prem.		Prem.
Chicago	15c	San Francisco	20c
St. Louis	20c	Montreal	Par
Boston	Par	St. Paul	50c

BAR SILVER QUOTATIONS.

London, 26 15-16d. per ounce, up 1-16d.; New York, 56⅝c., up ⅛c.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha Con.	.01	Julia	.01
Andes	.02	Kentucky Con.	.02
Belcher	.32	Mexican	.81
Best & Belcher	.04	Occidental Con.	.68
Caledonia	.46	Ophir	.11
Challenge Con.	.08	Overman	.23
Confidence	.24	Potosi	.01
Con. Cal. & Va.	.07	Savage	.02
Con. Imperial	.01	Seg. Belcher	.06
Crown Point	.24	Sierra Nevada	.05
Gould & Curry	.02	Union Con.	.07
Hale & Norcross	.02	Yellow Jacket	.19

TONOPAH.		C. O. D.	.04
Jim Butler	.01	Comb. Fraction	.06
McNamara	.03	D'field Daisy	.05
Midway	.32	D'field Bl. B.	.03
Mizpah Exten.	.32	Florence	.52
Montana	.75	Goldfield Con.	1.40
North Star	.28	Goldfield Merger	.14
Rescue Eula	.17	Jumbo Exten.	.23
Tonopah Exten.	2.50	Lone Star	.01
Tonopah Merger	.57	Nevada Hills	.34
West End	.89	Silver Pick	.05
GOLDFIELD.		Round Mountain	.30
Atlanta	.20	MANHATTAN.	
Booth	.06	Man. Big Four	.07

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. J'pot	5	6¼	Jackpot	6	6¼
Elkton	44¼	44¾	McKinney	45	50
El Paso	185	200	Gold Dol.	1	1¼
Findlay	1	2½	Portland	105	107½
Gold Dol.	3½	[illegible]	Vindicator	92	94
Isabella	11½	[illegible]	R. H. H.	[illegible]	[illegible]

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

St. Paul Not Buying C. & E. I.

It was denied yesterday that the plan for selling the Chicago & Eastern Illinois to the St. Paul had been revived. As to the business outlook President Jackson voiced a wish common to most railroads to-day. "All we want now is more business; our May car loading is off from 10 to 12 per cent," he said. When the Frisco was still solvent, but getting nearer trouble each day, a proposition was made by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul to buy a half interest in the Chicago & Eastern Illinois, but while the negotiations were dragging along the Frisco ran into a receivership. It seemed at one time that the consummation of the deal with the St. Paul would supply the Frisco with money to carry it over its maturities. A member of the bondholders' protective committee said that no serious attempt to find a buyer for the C. & E. I. would be made until the reorganization had been effected.

⁂

Asks U. P. Pfd. Stockholders to Aid.

Attorneys for Joseph T. McCaddon and others, who are suing the Union Pacific Railroad to compel a distribution to preferred stockholders equivalent to that proposed for the common stockholders, have sent a communication to other shareholders asking their cooperation in the suit. Mr. McCaddon originally started the opposition to the proposed extra dividend, and was followed quickly by the Equitable Trust Company. The Trust Company pushed its case to a decision on points of law, and has now appealed from an adverse finding. Mr. McCaddon says that his case is not affected by the decision of the Appelate Court, and will be carried through regardless of the final outcome of that suit.

⁂

Dullness in New Haven.

Liquidation in New Haven shares apparently having come to an end and the company's prospects offering little opportunity for speculation, interest in the road's stock has almost ceased to exist in brokerage circles. In yesterday's session on the New York Stock Exchange the total dealings in New Haven consisted of one sale of four shares. As an odd lot is not recorded on the tape it remained for the Consolidated Exchange to establish a quotation for the day, which it did with a sale of 100 shares. There is plenty of New Haven news developing day by day, but it is not of a kind on which markets are built.

⁂

U. S. Express Limits Its Business.

In preparation for its total cessation of business on June 30 over the railroads leading into New York, the United States Express Company is gradually restricting its operations in this city. The company is still covering its routes as thoroughly as before the decision was made to quit the field, but some of its traffic is being delivered to and received from trains in Jersey City by one of its old competitors. From this arrangement evidently came a rumor yesterday that the American Express Company had already succeeded the United States in handling business over the Central of New Jersey. Wagons of the American were seen on the wharves across the Hudson where formerly only those of the United States Express Company were in evidence. Inquiry yesterday brought out the information that the American had been asked to assist the United States Express in handling packages, although this did not mean that the American would assume all of the business of the United States Company at the end of next month. The American expects to take over the Lehigh Valley contract, but the papers have not yet been signed. Wells Fargo & Co. have not, as was reported yesterday, taken the contract with the Baltimore & Ohio.

⁂

A Hurry Call to Washington.

Considerable excitement developed among leaders of the Stock Exchange yesterday when a dispatch from Washington appeared in the Street saying that the Senate Committee on Banking and Currency had approved the Owen bill to regulate stock exchanges. As action of the sort was entirely unexpected at this time, a long-distance inquiry was immediately made at the seat of national legislation to find out what really had happened. A member of the board, after the reply came, calmed his colleagues with a recitation of what he had heard over the wire. A member of the Senate committee was quoted as saying that a favorable vote was taken on hearing Senator Owen's report on the bill, without action on the bill itself.

⁂

Extra Oil Dividend Omitted.

By declaring a semi-annual dividend of $10 a share the directors of the Standard Oil Company of Nebraska returned to the dividend basis prevailing before the capital was increased from $600,000 to $800,000 in April, 1912. The two payments made last year included $5 extra per share on each occasion, the first being on the $800,000 capital and the other on a capital of $1,000,000, as a stock dividend of 25 per cent. last June had added $200,000 to the outstanding shares.

⁂

General Motors Buys Its Notes.

By buying $2,000,000 of its 6 per cent. first lien gold notes, the General Motors Company has anticipated by several months its obligation for the year to the sinking fund to mature on Oct. 1, 1915, behind the issue. The notes put out four years ago aggregated $15,000,000, and the sinking fund requirements called for the retirement of $7,000,000 by October of this year. A prosperous business has enabled the company to exceed the demands of the indenture of the notes, and more than the required amount have been purchased.

ASPHALT EARNINGS GROW.

Business Hampered by Poor Municipal Security Market.

Gross sales of the General Asphalt Company in the year ended on April 30 were $15,279,351, a gain over 1913 of $284,028. After meeting expenses a net profit of $1,343,698 remained, compared with $1,303,754 in the preceding year. The prodction of crude oil amounted to 362,684 barrels, against 247,208 barrels in the preceding year, and about 90,000 barrels more were destroyed by fire.

President A. W. Sewall says in the annual report that there was a heavy demand for asphalt products early in the year which fell off toward the close. The recession of buying was caused largely by the inability of municipalities to market securities. The report says that the removal of duties on asphalt under the new tariff will help the company's business.

More Time for C. & O. Stock Sale.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, May 13.—The Chesapeake & Ohio Railway Company is to have until Oct. 15 to sell its holdings in the Kanawha & Michigan Railway Company. The original time set for disposing of these holdings expired to-day. The extension was obtained through an appeal to the Supreme Court of a part of the order of United States Circuit Judges, directing the dissolution of the alleged soft coal trust.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Dull Market Partly Relieved by Sharp Gains in Some of the Oil Stocks.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 59,673 shares of stocks and $105,000 of bonds. The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 15,330; oils, 2,518, and mining, 41,825. The range of prices in all issues in which transactions were reported was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Shares.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
100	Houston Oil	14	14	14	14
70	Marconi of Am.	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
1,500	Max. Motors	9⅝	10⅝	9⅝	10½
800	Max. M. 1st pf	42½	43	42¼	43
2,500	Max. M. 2d pf	16⅝	17⅝	16⅝	17⅝
450	Nat. C. &S.pf.	97½	97½	97½	97½
520	Puebla S. & R.	2¼	2¼	2⅜	2½
1,000	Riker & H.	9⅜	9½	9⅜	9½
300	Ster. Gum, wi	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
8,000	Un. Prof.Sh.C.	5	5⅛	5	5⅛
10	Way. O. & G.	6	6	6	6
70	Willys Over.	65	65	65	65

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
700	Anglo-A. Oil	16⅞	16⅝	16¾	..
9	Atlantic Ref.	617	615	615	−1
50	Buck. Pipe L.	142	140	142	+2
85	Contin'tal Oil	221	218	221	+1
10	Cumb. Pipe L.	55	55	55	−1
5	Galena-S. Oil	180	180	180	+1
6	N. Y. Transit	271	270	271	−1
425	Ohio Oil	175	169	175	+6
10	Pierce Oil	76	75	76	−2
55	Prairie O.& G.	455	448	452	+2
5	Solar Ref.	302	302	302	−1
5	‡So. Pipe L.	223	223	223	−2
305	So. Penn. Oil	267	247	260	+10
5	S. W. Penn. Pipe Line	140	140	140	−5
250	S. Oil of Cal.	312	309	310	+1
50	S. Oil of Ind.	460	450	455	..
15	S. Oil of Kan.	435	425	430	..
8	S. Oil of Ky.	270	266	266	−4
45	S. Oil of N. J.	412	409	411	..
425	S. Oil of N. Y.	222	218	219	+½
50	Vacuum Oil	220	219	219	..

MISCELLANEOUS RIGHTS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
4,000	Con. G. rts.	3 5-16	3 7-16	3¼	3 5-16
400	U. Pac. rts.	29	29	29	29

MINING STOCKS.

		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,000	*Atlanta	21	21	20½	20½
500	Boston Mont.	8⅞	9⅛	8⅞	9⅛
1,600	Braden Cop.	8	8	7⅞	8
100	Butte & Sup.	38½	38½	38½	38½
300	C. C. C.,w.i.	2 7-16	2 7-16	2 7-16	2 7-16
4,000	*Diam. Daisy.	7½	7½	7	7
200	1st Nat. Cop.	1 13-16	1 13-16	1 13-16	1 13-16
450	*Florence	53	55	53	55
1,700	Gold Hill	9-16	⅝	9-16	⅝
350	Goldf'd Con.	1 7-16	1 7-16	1⅜	1 7-16
15	Gr.-Cananea	33	33	33	33
1,500	*Greenwater	7½	7½	7	7
500	*Gypsy Queen	4	4	4	4
200	Iron Blossom.	1.35	1.35	1.35	1.35
300	Kerr Lake	4 9-16	4 9-16	4½	4 9-16
500	*McK.-Darr.	64	64	63	64
900	Mines of A.	3	3⅛	3	3⅛
200	Nip. Mines	6⅛	6⅛	6	6
500	Nevada Hills.	33	33	33	33
500	North Star	29½	29½	29½	29½
2,500	*Oro	12	12	11½	12
5,600	*Peterson L.	45	45	44	44
300	Stand. Sil. Ld.	1¾	1 13-16	1¾	1 13-16
1,500	Stewart	1¼	†1¼	1⅛	1 3-16
100	Stewart min. tr. ctfs.	1 3-16	1 3-16	1 3-16	1 3-16
500	*Temiskaming	17	17	17	17
300	Ton. Belm't.	7 3-16	7 3-16	7 3-16	7 3-16
850	Ton. Ext.	2 17-32	2 9-16	2½	2½
700	Ton. Jim B.	1.03	1.03	1.00	1.00
2,500	*Ton. Merger	57	57	56	56
100	*Ton. Mont.	79	79	79	79
100	Ton. of Nev.	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
1,000	*Ton. Res. Eula.	19	19	19	19
360	Tuolumne C.	9-16	9-16	½	½
7,600	W. E. Con.	87	91	87	90
1,500	*W. E. Ext.	4	4	4	4

BONDS.

$2,000	Auto. Gum & Choc. 6s	65	65	65	65
3,000	Can. Pac. 6 p. c. notes	103¾	103¾	103¾	103¾
100,000	Consol. Gas conv. 6s	113¼	113⅝	113¼	113½

*Sell cents per share. †Odd lot. ‡Ex div.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil	16½	17	16½	17
Atlantic Refining	610	620	610	620
Borne-Scrymser	270	280	270	280
Buckeye Pipe Line	140	143	140	143
Chesebrough Mfg.	660	670	660	670
Colonial Oil	95	105	95	105
Continental Oil	215	220	217	222
Crescent Pipe Line	50	53	48	53
Cumberland Pipe Line	52	56	53	58
Eureka Pipe Line	260	265	260	270
Galena-Signal Oil	178	182	178	182
Galena-Signal Oil pf.	143	146	143	146
Indiana Pipe Lines	136	139	137	140
National Transit	39	41	38	40
New York Transit	265	275	265	275
Northern Pipe Line	113	117	114	117
Ohio Oil	174	176	169	171
Prairie Oil & Gas	450	455	445	450
Solar Refining	300	310	300	310
Southern Pipe Line	220	225	226	229
South Penn. Oil	258	263	247	252
S. W. Penn. Pipe L.	142	147	142	147
Standard Oil, (Cal.)	309	311	308	310
Standard Oil, (Ind.)	450	453	453	458
Standard Oil, (Kan.)	430	440	425	435
Standard Oil, (Ky.)	265	270	265	270
Standard Oil, (Neb.)	360	370	375	385
Standard Oil, (N. J.)	410	413	409	412
Standard Oil, (N. Y.)	219	221	217	220
Standard Oil, (Ohio)	400	410	400	410
Swan & Finch	190	200	190	200
Union Tank Line	85	87	85	87
Vacuum Oil	218	221	218	221
Washington Oil	45	50	45	50
Waters-Pierce Oil	3,200	..	3,200	..

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	May 13. Bid.	May 13. Asked.	May 12. Bid.	May 12. Asked.
American Cigar	136	140	136	140
American Cigar pf.	99	100	99	100
Am. Mach. & Fdy.	84	89	84	89
British-Am., new	22¼	22½	22⅜	22⅝
Conley Foil	275	295	275	295
Johnson Tin & M.	125	175	125	175
J. S. Young	130	135	130	135
MacA. & Forbes	185	190	185	190
MacA. & Forbes pf.	98½	100	98½	100
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	247	254	247	254
P. R.-Am. 6% scrip	130	136	130	136
R. J. Reynolds	265	275	265	275
R. J. Reyn. 6% scrip	101	103	101	103
Tobacco Products pf.	84½	86	85	86
United Cigar Stores	86¼	87¼	86¼	87¼
Un. Cigar Stores pf.	110	115	110	115
Un. Prof. Sharing Co.	4⅞	5	5	5⅛

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday trading was dull. Copper was unchanged and tin was firm at an improvement of ¼c. Other commodities were unchanged.

Closing prices for copper and other metals were:

Copper—	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Spot	13.50	14.00	Spelter	5.10	5.20
May	13.50	14.00	Lead	3.85	3.95
June	13.50	14.00	Antimo'y	7.25	7.37½

Copper market in London yesterday was quiet. Spot receded 1s. 3d. to £63 2s. 6d., and futures were 2s. 6d. lower at £63 12s. 6d. Tin finished the day easy, spot advancing 5s. to £153 5s., and futures at £155 2s. 6d. were up 2s. 6d. Spanish pig lead, £18 7s. 6d., unchanged. Spelter, £21 7s. 6d., unchanged. Cleveland warrants, 51s. 4½d., unchanged.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Edward Werner and Harry S. McDermott, both formerly with Werner & Brown, have formed a co-partnership for the transaction of a general business in securities at 30 Broad Street.

The City of Rochester has awarded to Salomon Brothers & Hutzler $200,000 City of Rochester notes due Jan. 15, 1915, on a 3.40 per cent. interest basis.

Charles E. Miller has resigned as an officer of the Mechanics and Metals National Bank to become Treasurer of the J. F. Lucey Company at 50 Church Street.

H. Hobart Porter was yesterday elected President, Stuart H. Patterson, Vice President and Treasurer; J. H. Purdy as Assistant to the President and Harry E. Towle, Secretary of the American Water Works and Electric Company. This new company was formed under plan of reorganization to take over some of the properties of the American Water Works and Guarantee Company, which went into the hands of receivers last Summer.

Directors of the Manhattan Life Insurance Company have re-elected the officers to serve another year.

Kuhn, Loeb & Co. announced yesterday that the $8,000,000 Chicago & Northwestern Railway general mortgage 4 per cent. bonds bought by them a few days ago had been resold.

The committee, of which Henry E. Cooper is Chairman, announced yesterday that 85 per cent. of the two-year 6 per cent. gold notes of the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad Company, due on Sep. 1, had been deposited to date. It is necessary that holders of notes who have not deposited them should do so at once, according to the committee, if they desire to share in the value of the collateral or any disposition of it subsequent to its reduction to possession. The Equitable Trust Company is the depository.

N. D. Alling, former Vice President of the National Nassau Bank, and former Cashier A. W. Gilbart, have been appointed Assistant Cashiers of the Irving National Bank.

C. B. Heiserman has been appointed general counsel of the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company to succeed the late J. J. Brooks. E. H. Seneff, general solicitor, succeeds Mr. Heiserman.

The [illegible] and Cotton Exchange firm of C. K. [illegible] & Co. has been dissolved by mutual [illegible] of partners. Lewis H. [illegible] Exchange member of the [illegible] partnership with [illegible] name of L. H. [illegible]

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
40	Bank of Commerce	33¾	33¾	33¾
265	Con. Power	105	104½	105
40	Con. Power pf.	113	112½	113
525	Elkhorn Fuel	20¼	20	20¼
45	Fairmont Gas	32½	32½	32½
30	Fairmont Gas pf.	47	47	47
220	United Rys. & Elec.	26¾	26⅝	26¾
10	Wash. B. & Ann. pf.	33	33	33

BONDS.

$11,000	Balt. S. Pt. &C.4½s	96½	96¼	96½
4,000	Chicago Rys. 1st 5s	98¾	98½	98½
6,000	Con. Coal 6s	100½	100⅜	100½
5,000	Elkhorn Fuel 5s	94⅝	94½	94⅝
2,000	G. B. S. B. 4s stm	28¼	28¼	28¼
1,000	G. B. S. B. inc. 5s	3	3	3
3,000	Maryland Elec. 5s	98¾	98¾	98¾
2,000	Mt. V.-W.Cot. D.5s	32	32	32
5,000	Norf. & Ports.T.5s	87¼	87¼	87¼
4,000	Un. Rys. &El.1st4s	83¾	83¾	83¾
1,000	Un. Rys.&El.inc.4s	65¼	65¼	65¼
400	Un. Rys.&El.fdg 5s	87⅛	87	87

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Adventure	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
3	Ahmeek	270	270	270
50	Algomah	99c	99c	99c
10	Allouez	39½	39½	39½
100	Arizona Com.	4½	4½	4½
250	Butte-Bal.	3¼	3	3
8,255	Butte & Superior	38⅝	37½	38¼
89	Calumet & Arizona	65	64¾	64⅞
40	Copper Range	36	36	36
210	East Butte	10¼	10¼	10¼
155	Franklin	5⅛	4¾	5⅛
85	Granby	82	80⅛	81
5	Indiana	4	4	4
150	Isle Royale	19⅞	19⅝	19⅞
80	Keweenaw	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
160	Lake	6¼	6⅛	6¼
50	Mayflower	4½	4½	4½
5	Michigan	80c	80c	80c
325	New Arcadian	6¼	6	6¼
205	North Butte	26	25⅞	26
30	Old Colony	4	4	4
11	Old Dominion	47½	47½	47½
20	Osceola	75	74	74
1,740	Pond Creek	18⅛	18	18⅛
100	South Utah	15c	15c	15c
10	St. Mary's Land	33½	33½	33½
515	Superior & Boston	1⅞	1¾	1⅞
30	Superior Copper	28⅜	28⅜	28⅜
25	Tamarack	35½	35½	35½
10	U. S. Smelting	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝
60	U. S. Smelting pf.	44⅝	44⅝	44⅝
75	Utah Con.	10½	10½	10½

RAILROADS.

1	Boston & Lowell	160	160	160
30	Boston & Maine	44	44	44
20	Mass Electric pf.	59½	59½	59½
4	Vermont & Mass.	130	130	130
40	West End St. Ry.	67	67	67

MISCELLANEOUS.

20	Am. Agri. Chem. pf.	94⅝	94⅛	94⅝
15	Amoskeag	61	61	61
25	Am. Pneu. Service	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
13	Mass Gas	87	86½	87
20	Mass Gas pf.	92½	92½	92½
22	Mexican Tel.	2¼	2¼	2¼
10	Mexican Tel. pf.	5½	5½	5¼
20	Miss. River Power	20¼	20¼	20¼
4	New England Tel.	135	135	135
2	Swift & Co.	105¼	105¼	105¼
30	Torrington pf.	27½	27½	27½
1,378	United Fruit	156	152	155
240	Un. Shoe Machine	56½	56½	56½

BONDS.

$1,000	A., G. & W. I. 5s	65	65	65
5,000	Chi. & W. Mich. 5s	72	72	72
1,000	Mass Gas 4½s, '29	96¼	96¼	96¼
12,000	Mass Gas 4½s, '31	95¼	95¼	95¼
1,000	Miss. River Power 5s	81½	81½	81½
5,000	N. E. Tel. 5s, 1932	101	101	101
11,000	Shan.-Arizona 6s	95	95	95
4,000	Western Tel. 5s	97½	97⅝	97½

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Am. Shop	36	36	36
393	Chicago Rys., Ser. 1	98	98	98
855	Chicago Rys., Ser. 2	33¾	33	33
20	Chicago Title & Tr.	212	212	212
50	Diamond Match	95¾	95¾	95¾
40	Swift & Co.	105½	105½	105½

BONDS.

$15,000	Chi. Rys., 1st 5s	98⅜	98⅜	98⅜
38,000	Chi. Rys. 5s, B	79¼	79	79
10,000	Chi. Ry. inc. 4s	48	47½	48
4,000	Chi. City Ry. 5s	100⅛	100	100
12,000	Com. Edison 5s	102	101⅞	102
2,000	Met. ext. 4s	79¼	79¼	79¼
2,000	Met. gold 4s	83½	83½	83½
2,000	So. Side El. 4½s	94⅛	94⅛	94⅛
5,000	Union El. Ry. 5s	78	78	78

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
80	Am. Gas	102½	102½	102½
5	Catawissa 1st pf.	53	53	53
2	Fourth St. Bank	289¾	289¾	289¾
5	Gen. Asphalt pf.	76	76	76
50	Ins. Co. of N. A.	22⅛	22	22⅛
60	Keystone Tel.	11	11	11
40	Keystone Tel. pf.	56½	55½	56½
80	Lehigh Nav. t. c.	78	78	78
25	L. V. Transit	17½	17½	17½
75	L. V. Transit pf.	30½	30½	30½
10	Norristown	140	140	140
575	Phila. R. T. t. c.	17¼	16⅞	17
13	Penn. Salt Mfg.	103	103	103
100	Phila. Co.	39¼	39¼	39¼
10	Ph. Co. 6% cum.pf.	42½	42½	42½
2	Phila. Traction	80½	80½	80½
164	Phila. Electric	25⅝	25½	25½
296	Union Traction	44½	44⅛	44⅛
31	United Gas Imp.	83½	83	83

BONDS.

$500	City 4s, 1940	101¼	101¼	101¼
500	City 4s, 1941	101¼	101¼	101¼
4,000	Easton & Am. 5s	103¾	103¾	103¾
1,000	Elec. & Peo. 4s	82	82	82
500	Elec. & Peo. 4s	81¾	81¾	81¾
1,000	Equit. Ill. Gas 5s	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝
3,000	Harwood Elec. 6s	102⅝	102½	102½
11,000	L. N. con. 4½s, t.c.	99¼	99	99
1,000	Phila. Elec. 4s	80⅝	80⅝	80⅝
7,000	Phila. Elec. 5s	102	101⅞	102
10,000	W.N.Y. & P. g.m.4s	76	76	76

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
30	Am. Sewer Pipe	17½	17½	17½
70	Am. Window Glass pf.	98½	98	98½
100	Columbia Gas & E.	10½	10½	10½
65	Crucible Steel pf.	90¾	90¾	90¾
35	Harbison-Walker pf.	98½	98½	98½
147	Indpt. Brew.	4¼	4¼	4¼
50	Indpt. Brew. pf.	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞
51	Mfrs. Light	50¼	50¼	50¼
110	Natl. Fireproof	7¾	7¾	7¾
105	Natl. Fireproof pf.	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝
100	Ohio Fuel Supply	43½	43½	43½
30	Ohio Fuel Oil	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝
15	Osage & Oklahoma	58	58	58
10	Pitts. Brewing	10¼	10¼	10¼
525	Pure Oil	18¾	18⅝	18¾
353	Union Switch	109¼	108½	109¼
135	Westinghouse A. B.	126¼	126	126¼

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Light & Traction	340	345
American Light & Traction pf.	107	109
Adirondack Electric Power	14	17
Adirondack Electric Power pf.	45	48
*American Gas & Electric	80	82
*American Gas & Electric pf (ex)	47	49
American Power & Light	60	62
American Power & Light pf.	82	83
American Public Utilities	45	50
American Public Utilities pf.	72	75
Am. Water Works & Electric	3	5
Am. Water Wks. & El. partic. pf.	73	75
Am. Water Works & El. 1st pf.	19	21½
Appalachian Power Co.	4	6
Appalachian Power Co. pf.	15	20
Arizona Power Co.	5½	10
Arizona Power Co. pf.	32	40
Arizona Power Co. 1st 6s, '33	80	85
Cities Service	87	89
Cities Service pf.	72	74
Colorado Power Co.	15	17
Colorado Power Co. pf.	85	90
Commonwealth P. R. & L.	59	61
Commonwealth P. R. & L. pf.	80	82
Denver Gas & Electric gen. 5s	91	93
Electric Bond & Share Co. pf.	98½	100
Electric Bond Deposit pf.	67	70
Empire District Electric 5s	75	80
Empire District Electric pf.	75	78
Federal Light & Traction	19	22
Federal Light & Traction pf.	68	71
Gas Electric Securities	110	125
Gas & Electric Securities pf.	84	88
Gen. Gas & Electric	3	8
Gen. Gas & Electric pf.	55	60
Great Western P. 1st 5s, '46	81	83
Lincoln Gas & Electric	30	34
Mobile Elec. 1st 5s, '46	86½	90
Northern Ontario Light & Power	18	22
Northern Ontario Light & P. pf.	60	64
Northern States Power	17	18
Northern States Power pf.	74	76
Ozark Power & Water	30	35
Pacific Gas & Electric	40	41
Pacific Gas & Electric pf.	80	82
Republic Ry. & Light Co.	16	18
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf.	69	71
Southern California Edison	82	85
Southern California Edison pf.	95	97
*Standard Gas & Electric	6	7½
*Standard Gas & Electric pf.	22	24
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power	14	15
Tennessee Ry., Light & P. pf.	68	70
United Light & Rys.	73	75
United Light & Rys 1st pf.	74	77
United Light & Rys. 2d pf.	69	71
United Utilities	25	30
United Utilities pf.	97½	101
Utah Securities	18¾	19¾
Western Power	16	17
Western Power pf.	57½	59

*Par value $50.

Kansas Seeks to Dissolve M., K. & T.

INDEPENDENCE, Kan., May 13.—A suit to annul the charter of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Company was filed in the District Court here to-day by the State of Kansas through Charles D. Ise, Montgomery County Attorney. The action seeks to dissolve the company and have a receiver appointed, alleging that the company has violated its charter agreement by withdrawing its general offices from the State. The general offices are now in St. Louis.

Mobile & Ohio Plans Big Bond Issue.

Stockholders of the Mobile & Ohio Railroad Company have been asked to meet on July 14 to approve an increase in bonded indebtedness of an amount not to exceed $50,000,000, and to approve an issue of $3,000,000 of three-year gold notes. Of the bonds $3,000,000 will be reserved to provide for the notes.

BOURSES OF EUROPE

London Market Is Again Anxious in Regard to the Outcome of the Settlement.

LONDON, May 13.—The stock market was quieter to-day. The less cheerful Ulster outlook and further realizing weakened gilt-edged securities, home rails, and Argentine issues. Consols recovered in the afternoon and Brazilian and rubber shares improved, but the market finished uncertain and somewhat anxious regarding the outcome of the settlement.

American securities were quiet and featureless during the forenoon. In the late dealings prices hardened a fraction on New York buying, and the market finished quietly steady.

Money and discount rates were dearer.

PARIS, May 13.—The Bourse opened firm but closed weak to-day.

Three per cent rentes 86 francs 72½ centimes for the account.

BERLIN, May 13.—The Boerse opened steady to-day.

Later the market became weak on a rumor of a big failure in London.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols money	74¾	..	..	..
Consols acct.	74⅞	..	..	..
Amalgamated	74⅞	73⅛	72½	+⅝
Atchison	97⅝	95	95¼	−¼
Balt. & Ohio	92¾	90⅝	90¾	−⅛
Can. Pacific	196½	191⅞	191⅞	..
Ches. & Ohio	52½	51¼	50⅞	+⅜
Chi. Gt. West.	12	11¾	..	..
St. Paul	101	98⅝	98⅝	..
Denver	12	11¾	..	..
Erie	29	28¼	28⅜	−⅛
Erie 1st pf.	43¾	42⅝	43	−⅜
Illinois Central	113	110½	110¼	+¼
Louis. & Nash.	138	134¾	..	..
Kan. & Texas	16⅝	16	16⅜	−⅜
N. Y. Central	95¼	93	93⅜	−⅝
Norf. & West.	106	103¼	..	..
Ont. & West.	26	25⅜	..	..
Pennsylvania	56⅜	110⅝	110	−⅜
Reading	84⅝	165⅝	165⅝	..
So. Railway	24⅝	24⅛	..	..
So. Pacific	93⅝	91½	91⅜	+⅛
Union Pacific	159⅞	156⅛	156	+⅛
U. S. Steel	60⅝	59⅛	59¼	−⅛
Wabash	1	1	1	..

Exchange 4.8810.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Amal. Copper	5	Mar.15,'15	100⅝	100⅞	4.00
Am. Locom.	5	July, 1915	100	100¼	4.60
Am. T. & T.s	5	Apr., 1916	99⅞	100⅛	4.95
Austrian Gov.	4½	July,'14-15	100⅛	100⅜	3.30
Balt. & Ohio	5	July, 1914	100¼	100½	1.50
Boston & M.	6	June 2,'14	89	93	92.00
B'klyn R. T.	5	July, 1918	99⅞	100	5.00
Can. Pacific	6	Mar. 2,'24	103½	103⅞	5.40
Ches. & Ohio	5	June, 1919	96½	97	5.70
Chi. & W. I.	5	Sep., 1915	99¾	100	5.00
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July, 1914	99¼	99¾	6.55
Erie R. R.	5½	Apr., 1917	99½	99¾	5.55
Erie R. R.	5	Oct., 1914	100¼	100⅜	3.25
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1915	99⅞	100	5.00
Federal Sug.	5	Nov. 1,'14	99	100	5.00
Gen. Motors	6	Oct., 1915	100½	101⅜	4.80
Gen. Rubber	4½	July, 1915	99¼	99⅝	4.95
Harlem Riv.	5	May, 1915	98⅝	99	6.00
Hock. Valley	5	Nov., 1914	100⅜	100⅞	3.20
Ill. Central	4½	July, 1914	100⅛	100⅜	2.20
Int. & G. N.	5	Aug., 1914	90	93	37.00
Int. Harv.	5	Feb.15,'15	100¼	100¾	3.90
Lack. Steel	5	Mar., 1915	96½	98	6.35
Mich. Cent.	4½	Mar. 2,'15	100⅛	100½	3.90
Minn. & St. L.	6	Feb., 1916	94	96	7.70
Mo., K. & T.	5	May, 1915	92	94	11.25
Mo. Pacific	5	June, 1914	92	94	90.00
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1915	99½	100¼	5.40
N. Eng. Nav.	6	May, 1917	99¼	99¾	6.15
N.Y.C.& H.R.	5	Sep. 15,'14	100⅝	100⅞	2.75
N.Y.C.&H.R.	5	Nov. 5,'14	100⅜	100⅞	3.20
N.Y.C.& H.R.	4½	May, 1915	100¼	100½	3.95
N.Y.,N.H.&H.	5	May, 1915	98⅝	99	6.00
Nor. Pacific	6	July 9,'14	100⅜	100¾	1.50
Pac.Gas & El.	5	Mar.25,'15	99½	100	5.00
P. S.Corp.,N.J.	5	Mar., 1916	99	99¼	5.40
Seab. A. L.	5	Mar., 1916	99¾	100	5.00
So. Pacific	5	Jun.15,'14	100⅛	100⅜	1.50
So. Railway	5	Feb., 1916	99⅝	99⅞	5.05
Southern Ry.	5	Mar., 1917	99⅝	99⅞	5.10
State of Tenn.	5	July, 1914	100⅛	100¼	2.00
Sulz. & Sons	6	June, 1916	100	100½	5.80
U.S.S.R.&M.	5	Aug., 1914	100	100¼	3.50
Union Typew.	5	Jan. 15,'16	97⅞	98½	5.80
United Fruit	6	May, 1917	102¼	102⅝	5.05
Utah Co.	6	Apr., 1917	100¼	100⅝	5.80
W. El. & M.	6	Aug., 1915	101⅞	102¼	4.20
Western Md.	5	July, 1915	95	97½	7.30
C. P. (Minn.)	6	May, 1917	96	98	6.65
Chat. Ry. & L.	5	June, 1917	97½	99	5.50
West. Power	6	July, 1915	98½	100	6.00

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
At. Coast Line	1914-21	4 @4½	4.55	4.40
Balt. & Ohio	1914-23	4½	4.45	4.40
Buf., Roch. & P.	1914-30	4½@5	4.55	4.40
Ches. & Ohio	1914-17	4	4.85	4.60
Chi. & N. W.	1914-23	4½	4.50	4.40
Chi., Ind. & L.	1914-23	4½	4.80	4.60
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	4.50	4.40
Erie Railroad	1914-23	4½@5	4.80	4.60
Hocking Valley	1914-23	4 @5	4.80	4.60
Illinois Central	1914-23	4½@5	4.50	4.40
Int. Great North.	1914-23	5	6.00	5.25
Louis. & Nash.	1914-23	5	4.50	4.40
Mo., Kan. & T.	1914-23	5	5.20	5.00
Missouri Pacific	1914-22	5	5.90	5.10
N. Y. Cent. Lines	1914-28	4½@5	4.65	4.55
Norfolk & West.	1915-24	4½	4.45	4.35
Penn. Gen. Freight	1914-23	4 @4½	4.40	4.30
St. L. & I. Mt. S.	1914-24	5	5.25	4.80
Seaboard Air Line	1914-23	5	4.75	4.60
Southern Railway	1914-24	4½@5	4.50	4.40
Southern Pacific	1914-23	4½	4.50	4.40
Virginian Ry	1914-19	5	5.00	4.70
Wabash	1914-21	5	6.25	5.25

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

ALBANY, May 13.—Incorporated to-day: Sea Leaf Emulsion Co., chemicals, &c.; $100,000; M. and Jacob Rosenberg, Jos. Landes, 11 1 Av.

Scaramelli & Co., food products; $100,000; Henry, Alfred, and L. J. Scaramelli, 159 Montrose Av., Rutherford, N. J.

Auto-Projectoscope Co., advertising, $150,000; Alfred Edgecumbe, J. J. Boyd, Miriam Levy, 50 Pine St.

Schultz, Kellner & Co., accounting; $5,000,000; Ernest Schultz, Minna and G. F. Kellner, 420 W. 121 St.

New York Mineral Flooring Co., Quogue; $10,000; S. V. Dowling, F. B. Knowlton, E. J. Forhan, 154 Nassau St., N. Y. C.

Amo. Manufacturing Co., N. Y. C., electric novelties; $5,000; Herman Frieder, H. G. Wear, F. W. Schmidt, 159 Jewett Av., Jersey City.

A. & A. J. Realty Co.; $5,000; Ben. Weinstein, Abr. and Aaron Jacobson, 117 Leonard St., B'klyn.

Sanitary Paper Dish Co.; $5,000; Earnet, Philip, and Solomon Weinstein, 1,149 Stebbins Av.

Greek Catholic Church Foundation, Buffalo; $5,000; John Wolosotuk, Nicholas Dukaty, Bazyli Foroscij.

Henlien & Greentree, commission, clothing; $5,000; Abe Rosenfeld, Julius Schwartz, B. E. Greentree, 228 W. 78 St.

F. & C. Manufacturing Co., Troy, spinners, carders, weavers, collars, cuffs; $10,000; A. W. Britton, J. J. Jansen, Jr., W. H. Powell.

P. Gerard, Inc., meat market, $5,000; J. F. Seney, Philip and P. F. Gerard, 1,127 Clay Av.

Traub-Schoenbach Amusement Co., $5,000; Meyer Blumberg, Herman Schoenbach, H. A. Traub, 922 B'way, B'klyn.

Lillian Russell's Own Toilet Preparations, $25,000; L. S. Posner, A. P. Moore, Lillian Russell Moore, 2,160 B'way.

Syracuse City Dairy Co., Syracuse, $15,000; E. L. Wildman, B. M. Mitchell, S. N. Vines, Buffalo.

Enterprise Paper Box Factory, Cohoes; $5,000. A. K. Dixon, Jr., Matilda McMahon, H. B. North, Bennington, Vt.

Bader-Scheidlauer Co., 103 Bleecker St., N. Y. C., millinery, $5,000. H. M. Peyser, Jos. Scheidlauer, B. G. Bader, 5,415 New Utrecht Av., B'klyn.

The M. Stone Packing Box Co., $5,000; Simon Israel, M. E. Klinkenstein, Barney Bernstein, 124 Jefferson St., B'klyn.

Victor Drellich & Bro., boys' suits and blouses; $10,000; Fannie, V. L. and S. H. Drellich, 503 W. 158 St.

Kutch Realty Co., Queens Plaza Court Bldg., Queens, $5,000; J. H. Pease, E. E. Rathgber, F. T. Harbach.

Clemens & Grell, vehicles, boats, automobile tops, $5,000; J. E. Smith, Otto Grell, Joseph Clemens, 1,078 Tiffany St.

Raub Restaurant Co., B'klyn, $5,000; Ruth Hoffer, Joe Oxenberg, Arthur Abrams, 604 W. 112 St.

S. L. Y. Manufacturing Co., hats, caps, $5,000; Jacob Yanlow, Samuel Stein, David Lippin, 918 Sutter Av., B'klyn.

Capital Increases.—Greves & Hodges Co., N. Y., $25,000 to $40,000.

Capital Reductions.—Superior Colliery Co., N. Y., $1,930,000 to $1,000,000; Tennessee Packing & Stock Yards Corpn., N. Y., $1,250,000 to $50,000.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.
4¼s..March, 1964	101¾	101⅞	101¾	101⅞
4½s..March, 1963	107	107⅛	106⅞	107
4½s..May, 1957	106¾	107	106¾	107
4½s..Nov., 1957	106¾	107	106¾	107
4½s..May, 1917	101½	101⅞	101½	101⅞
4½s..Nov., 1917	101½	102	101½	102
4¼s..Mar., 1930-60	101¼	101⅝	101¼	101⅝
4¼s..March, 1962	101⅝	101⅞	101⅝	101⅞
4¼s..Sept., 1960	101⅝	101⅞	101⅝	101⅞
4s..May, 1959	98¼	98½	98½	98¾
4s..Nov., 1958	98¼	98½	98⅛	98⅝
4s..May, 1957	98¼	98½	98⅛	98⅝
4s..Nov., 1956	97¼	97¾	97⅜	97¾
4s..Nov., 1955	97¼	97¾	97⅜	97⅝
4s..Nov., 1936	97½	98½	97½	98½
4s..1918-1919	99⅝	100	99⅝	100
3½s..Nov., 1954-55	87¾	88	87¾	88
3½s..May, 1954	87¾	88	87¾	88
[illegible]	87	88	87	88

GOULD OFFERED MO. P. CONTROL TO BANKERS

Was Willing to Yield It if They Would Undertake to Finance the Road's Needs.

NOTICE OF NOTE EXTENSION

Holders of $25,000,000 5 Per Cent. Issue Asked to Deposit Them for New 6 Per Cents.

It has developed in connection with the efforts still being made to interest Kuhn, Loeb & Co. in the future financing of the Missouri Pacific system that George J. Gould offered voluntarily to give up any voice in the management of the property and expressed his willingness to let the new banking interests name their own Board of Directors. At the same time Speyer & Co. offered to relinquish their interest in Missouri Pacific.

The letter written by Kuhn, Loeb & Co. in which they said that arrangements should be made for refunding and other purposes, calling for a total of $85,000,000 in the next seven years, was in reply to a request that they take care of the $25,000,000 of notes maturing next month. The Board expressed its willingness to give the bankers an absolutely free hand in the matter to carry out any plan which they might have in mind.

A considerable number of the maturing notes are held abroad, and efforts will be made to have the holders deposit them with European branches of American houses. If substantially all of the notes are turned in to the bankers, the Missouri Pacific Board will have a year of grace in which to work out a plan for coming years' refunding and other needs.

A director of the Missouri Pacific said yesterday that with the deposit of another $3,000,000 of the St. Louis & Iron Mountain first and refunding 6s, making a total of $25,000,000 of this issue, behind the notes, the collateral was worth well above the amount of notes outstanding, and for that reason the management expected little difficulty in getting the desired extension. The Iron Mountain is earning interest on these bonds, and the interest is just equivalent to that called for on the Missouri Pacific notes after the proposed increase in the rate is made effective.

A notice sent out yesterday by the Missouri Pacific to its noteholders asks for the deposit of notes by May 25. The notice says in part:

"The Missouri Pacific Company officially announces that it has arranged with holders of a large amount of these 5 per cent. notes for the extension of time for their payment for one year from June 1 next. Other noteholders who desire to avail themselves of the extension agreement must deposit their notes with coupons due June 1, 1914, with the Union Trust Company of New York. The depositary will issue temporary receipts for notes without charge to noteholders.

"On the extension agreement becoming definitive the railway company will pay to holders of receipts on or after June 1 the installment of interest payable on the notes on that date, the payment to be noted on the receipts. The receipts will be exchangeable for an equivalent amount of extended notes when the same are ready for delivery, or, in the event that the extension agreement shall not become definitive, the notes, with the coupon payable June 1, 1914, attached, will be returned on the surrender of the receipts."

The company adds that noteholders should deposit their notes on or before May 25. The company has reserved the right to rescind the extension agreement if its Board of Directors shall determine on or before June 1 that holders of a sufficient amount of the notes have not agreed to it.

ROCK ISLAND'S FINANCING.

$30,000,000 May Be Raised by Assessing Both Bonds and Stock.

The W. A. Read committee representing stockholders of the Rock Island Company expects to have completed before the end of this week a tentative plan for reorganizing the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway. This plan will be submitted to the James N. Wallace committee representing the C., R. I. & P. Railroad collateral trust bondholders, and if an agreement between the two committees is reached efforts will be made to put the plan into effect.

The stockholders' committee has decided that to put the railway upon a basis where it will be able to pay its way it will be necessary to raise at the outset $30,000,000. It has been suggested that to provide this money an assessment of $10 a share on Rock Island Company common and preferred stock and of 20 per cent., or $200 a bond, on the collateral trust bonds should be levied, making the amount of money to be supplied by each class of security holders the same. Interests connected with the reorganization would not discuss these figures yesterday.

STEEL PRICES ARE LOWER.

But There Is a More Hopeful Feeling That Trade Will Expand.

Some price reductions were noted in the steel and iron trades this week, and buying remains quiet. The Iron Age says:

> Anticipation of better things is now a factor in the steel market. In finished lines it has caused a more hopeful feeling, though little expansion in buying as yet, and in pig iron it is responsible for more inquiries and for some increase in actual business. There is no improvement in prices; rather they are lower both for pig iron and finished steel.
>
> The fact that the end of a good many contracts was but a few weeks off has been of late the basis of predictions of a new buying movement that has not appeared. Now the imminence of the rate decision is added to the argument of depleted stocks.
>
> Lower prices, particularly in plates, bars, wire, and sheets, are themselves a sign of increasing interest by buyers; for some weeks not enough business has offered to bring out serious competition.
>
> Steel works are running at practically the same rate of ingot production as in the past two weeks, indicating that the basis reached is mainly that of upkeep throughout the country.

The Iron Trade Review says:

> Whatever better sentiment there is in the iron and steel market, and there has been more evidence of it the past week, still lacks a broadened volume of actual bookings to make it conclusive. Where the more cheerful view is held it arises from the better promises that are thought to be held out by the future market rather than by the present day-to-day developments. With the second quarter now practically half gone, makers generally are not expecting much betterment before midyear, although liquidated stocks and the soundness of fundamental conditions makes an earlier turn quite possible.

Paris Bank's Failure.

PARIS, May 13.—The liquidation of the banking concern of De Neufville & Co., which closed its doors on May 4, was ordered to-day py a court here. The amounts of the assets and liabilities are not known.

Portland Railway Co. Earnings.

The Portland (O. B.) Railway, Light & Power Co. earned a gross income of $6,723,742 in the year ended on Dec. 31, a gain of $81,434 over the preceding year. Net income of $3,425,432 was $112,035 higher than in 1912.

Mining Co. to Borrow $3,000,000.

Stockholders of the Granby Consolidated Mining Company, at the annual meeting yesterday, approved a plan of the Directors to borrow $3,000,000 on short-term notes.

We Will Buy
10 Auto Sales Gum & Choc. 6s
5 Acker, Merrall & Condit 6s
10 Guanajuato Reduc. & Mines 6s
5 Hocking Valley Products 5s
10 New Orleans, Texas & Mex. 5s
50 National Sugar Stock
100 New York & Richm. Gas Stock
5 Ontario Power 5s
5 Park & Tilford 6s
10 Richmond Light & R. R. 4s
3 Sen Sen Chiclet 6s
50 St. Lawrence Sugar Ref. Stock
We Will Sell
50 American Graphophone Stock
100 Art Metals Construction Stock
50 American Cons. & Trad. Stock
100 Continental Lumb. & Coal Stock
100 Eisner-Mendelsohn Stock
50 Federal Sugar Common Stock
100 Internat. Postal Supply Stock
50 J. K. Dunham 1st Pfd. Stock
10 New York Motion Picture Stock
100 Tidewater Oil Stock
10 Thompson-Star. Com., No.2 Ctfs.
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50 S. O. of New York	50 Vacuum Oil

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, MAY 13, 1914.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales May 13, 1914	155,952
Same day last year	180,234
Total year to date	31,871,944
Same period last year	33,777,005
Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net change	68.24 —.07
Same day last year	70.23 —.29

	High.		Low.	
This year's range	73.30	Jan. 31	65.24	Apr. 25
Same period last year	79.10	Jan. 9	64.95	May 1
Range year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
27⅛	27⅜	1,200	Alaska Gold Mines	27¼	27½	27¼	27¼	...
41	41¾	100	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	41¾	41¾	41¾	41¾	— ⅛
72⅝	72¾	11,600	Amalgamated Cop	72⅝	73⅛	72⅝	72⅝	+ ⅞
21	21½	56	Am. Beet Sugar	21½	21½	21½	21½	...
26⅞	27	900	Am. Can	27	27	26½	26⅞	— ⅝
89½	90¾	100	Am. Can pf	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝	...
49¼	49⅜	400	Am. Car & Fdry	49⅝	49⅝	49⅝	49⅝	...
40	40½	100	Am. Cotton Oil	40	40	40	40	— ½
103	104	200	Am. Express	104	104	104	104	+2¼
30	30⅝	400	Am. Ice Securities	31	31	30½	30½	— ½
31⅞	32	300	Am. Locomotive	31⅞	32	31⅞	32	+ ⅛
62¼	62⅝	740	Am. Smelt. & Ref	62½	62½	62	62½	+ ⅝
101	101½	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	+ ⅞
122½	122⅝	100	Am. Teleph. & Tel	122⅝	122⅝	122⅝	122⅝	...
75⅝	76¾	100	Am. Woolen pf	77	77	77	77	+ ½
12	13	100	Am. Writing P. pf	12½	12½	12½	12½	...
31⅞	32	600	Anaconda Cop. Co	32	32	31⅞	32	+ ⅛
95¼	95½	400	Atch., Top. & S. F	95¼	95½	95¼	95¼	...
100¼	100½	100	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	...
121	122	100	Atlantic Coast Line	122	122	122	122	+1⅝
90⅝	90⅞	700	Baltimore & Ohio	90⅝	90¾	90⅝	90⅝	— ⅛
81	81½	100	Baltimore & O. pf	81½	81½	81½	81½	+ ⅛
41⅛	42	400	Bethlehem Steel	41	41	41	41	— ½
91⅝	91⅞	700	Bklyn Rapid Tran	92⅛	92⅛	91⅝	91⅝	— ⅝
20⅝	20⅞	800	California Petrol'm	20⅞	21½	20⅝	20⅝	— ⅛
55¼	56¼	300	California Pet. pf	56	56	55¾	55¾	+ ¼
190⅞	191	12,000	Canadian Pacific	192	192	189⅞	191	— ⅞
35¼	35½	400	Central Leather Co	35¼	35⅝	35¼	35¼	— ¼
99⅞	100½	215	Cent. Leather Co. pf	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	...
51¼	51½	2,300	Chesapeake & Ohio	50⅞	51½	50⅞	51¼	+ ⅜
12	12½	100	Chi. Gt. Western	12½	12½	12½	12½	+ ⅝
98	98½	1,200	Chi., Mil. & St. P	98½	98¾	98¼	98¼	— ⅜
41¼	41⅜	3,700	Chino Copper	41	41⅞	40¾	41⅝	...
...	...	200	Consolidated Gas	129⅞	130	129⅞	130	...
128⅜	128⅝	800	Consolidated Gas pf	128⅞	128⅞	128¼	128½	— ¼
9	9¼	200	Corn Products Ref	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	...
94½	95	100	Deere & Co. pf	94¾	94¾	94¾	94⅞	+ ¼
28¼	28⅜	1,800	Erie	28½	28⅝	28½	28¼	— ⅛
43	43½	100	Erie 1st pf	43¼	43¼	43¼	43¼	+ ¼
35½	35⅞	200	Erie 2d pf	36	36	35⅞	35⅞	...
32½	35	100	Federal M. & S. pf	33	33	33	33	+1½
81½	82½	600	General Motors	81½	82½	81½	82½	+1¼
26	26⅜	10	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	26	26	26	26	...
89⅞	90	100	Goodrich pf	90	90	90	90	...
122¾	123	600	Great Northern pf	123	123	123	123	...
53¼	53¾	1,700	Guggenheim Explor	53¾	54	53½	53½	+ ¼
110	110½	600	Illinois Central	110¼	110¼	110¼	110¼	...
16¾	17	500	Inspiration Copper	16¾	17	16¾	16⅞	+ ⅜
14⅝	15	300	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	14⅞	— ⅛
62¼	62½	800	Inter.-Met. pf	62¾	62¾	62¼	62¼	— ⅜
107	107¾	600	Int. Harvester, N. J	108¾	108¾	107½	107½	— ½
103	105½	900	Int. Harvester Corp	106⅞	106⅛	105⅝	106	+ ½
36	36½	170	Int. Paper pf	36½	36½	36½	36½	— ½
26	26½	100	Kan. City Southern	26	26	26	26	— ¼
93	98½	100	Kresge (S. S.) Co	95	95	95	95	+1
138¼	138½	2,200	Lehigh Valley	139¼	139½	138⅛	138⅜	—1⅛
...	103	100	Loose-W. B. 1st pf	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞	+ ⅜
131	131¾	100	Manhattan Elev	131¼	131½	131¼	131¼	+ ¼
8	10	100	Mer. Marine pf	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾	— ¼
55½	57½	100	Mexican Petroleum	56	56	56	56	+ ½
21⅝	21⅞	300	Miami Copper	21¾	21¾	21⅝	21⅝	+ ⅛
12	15	100	Minn. & St. Louis	12½	12½	12½	12½	...
17½	17⅝	13,500	Missouri Pacific	16⅞	17¾	16¾	17⅝	+ ¾
46¾	47	700	Montana Power	46¾	46¾	46¾	46¾	...
102	102½	20	Mont. Power pf	102½	102½	102½	102½	...
14⅛	14¼	1,720	Nevada Con. Cop	14¼	14¼	14⅛	14¼	+ ¼
93	93¼	805	N. Y. Central	93	93⅜	93	93	— ⅜
68⅛	68⅞	4	N. Y., N. H. & H	69	69	69	69	...
103⅞	104	400	Norfolk & Western	104	104	103⅝	104	+ ⅜
89	91⅛	252	Norfolk & West. pf	89½	89½	89½	89½	...
76	77	100	North American	76½	76½	76½	76½	— ½
109½	109¾	900	Northern Pacific	109⅝	109⅞	109½	109⅝	— ⅛
23½	24	100	Pacific Mail	23½	23½	23½	23½	— ¾
111	111⅛	1,860	Penn. R. R	110⅞	111⅛	110⅞	111	...
87	88½	300	Pitts. Coal pf	88	88	88	88	— ¼
1¼	1½	100	Quicksilver	1½	1½	1½	1½	— ¼
28	28½	100	Railway Steel Sp	28½	28½	28½	28½	+ ½
21½	21⅝	3,300	Ray Con. Copper	21⅛	21⅝	21⅛	21½	...
164¾	164⅞	22,800	Reading	165⅝	165¾	164⅝	164¾	— ⅝
22¼	22½	100	Rep. Iron & Steel	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜	...
85	85¾	100	Rep. Iron & S. pf	85⅝	85⅝	85⅝	85⅝	— ⅛
4⅞	5¼	1,000	Rock Island Co. pf	5¼	5¼	5	5	— ⅛
4	5	10	St. L. & S. F., C. & E Ill. st.cfs.,eq.tr.cfs	4½	4½	4½	4½	— ¾
19¾	20	100	Seab. Air Line	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾	...
53⅜	54¼	400	Seab. Air Line pf	53¾	53⅜	53½	53⅜	+ ¼
123½	125	300	Sears, R. & Co. pf	124½	124½	124½	124½	...
86	87	100	S.-S. S. & I. Co. pf	86½	86½	86½	86½	— ½
91	91⅛	5,500	Southern Pacific	91⅝	91¾	91	91	— ⅜
24⅜	24⅝	900	So. Railway ext	24½	24½	24¼	24⅜	+ ⅛
38¾	39⅜	100	Standard Milling	39	39	39	39	+ ⅛
32⅜	33½	100	Studebaker Co	33½	33½	33½	33½	...
88½	89½	50	Studebaker Co. pf	88½	88½	88½	88½	...
34⅝	34⅞	4,100	Tennessee Copper	34¾	35	34¾	34¾	+ ⅛
15	17	300	Texas & Pacific	14½	15	14½	15	...
155½	155⅝	10,600	Union Pacific	155⅞	156⅜	155⅝	155⅝	— ⅜
9⅝	10⅜	100	U. S. C. I. P. & F	10	10	10	10	+ ¾
57⅞	58½	400	U. S. Rubber	58	58⅛	57⅞	57⅞	+ ⅜
59⅛	59¼	13,400	U. S. Steel	59	59½	59	59⅛	— ⅛
108¼	108⅝	100	U. S. Steel pf	108¾	108¾	108¾	108¾	...
56⅝	56¾	14,110	Utah Copper	55½	56¾	55⅝	56⅝	+1⅛
27	27⅝	300	Va.-Car. Chemical	27¼	27½	27¼	27½	+1
98	101	100	Va.-Car. Chem. pf	98	98	98	98	+2
41	51	30	Va. Iron, C. & C	45	45	45	45	...
⅞	1	800	Wabash	1	1	1	1	...
86½	89	100	Wells-Fargo Exp	87	87	87	87	...
22	22¼	1,100	Western Maryland	20	22¼	20	22¼	...
61½	62	800	Western Union Tel	61⅝	61⅝	61½	61½	+ ⅛
74	74½	700	Westingh. E. & M	74	74⅜	74	74	...

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	96	97
2s, c, 1930	96¼	98
3s, r, 1918	101	101¾
3s, c, 1918	101	102
4s, r, 1925	109	110½
4s, c, 1925	109½	..
Pan 2s r, 1936	96¼	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	96¼	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	100	101¼
Pan 3s, c, 1961	100	102

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex	101	104
Allis-Ch	10	11
Am Ag C	53	55
Do pf	93½	96
A B S pf	65	70
A B S & Fdy	86	90
Do pf	133	138
A C & F pf	117¼	118
Am Cities	29	..
Do pf	61⅞	65½
Am Coal	83	100
Am C Pr	84	86
Do pf	103	105
A C O pf	96½	98
A H & L	4	4½
Do pf	20	20¾
Am Lin	9⅝	10
Do pf	26	30
Am L pf	98¼	100
Am Malt	6½	8
Do pf	42	46
A S pf, B	80½	82
Am Snuff	157¾	165
Do pf	103	106
Am St Fd	29½	30½
Am S Ref	104	105
Do pf	111	113
A T & C	57⅞	60
Am Tob	227	229
Do pf	106	106½
Am Wool	15	17¼
Assets R	15	20
Bald Loc	46	48½
Do pf	107½	109
Batop M	⅝	⅞
Beth S pf	83½	85
Br Sh Co	45	50
Do pf	90¼	91
B Un Gas	125½	127½
Bruns Ter	6½	7½
B R & P	108⅜	113½
Do pf	116¼	135
But'k Co	27	28
Canada So	57	60
Case (J I) pf	82	86¼
C R R of N J	300	325
C & S A Tel	105½	107
Chi & Alt	..	9½
Do pf	12	15
Chi Gt W	32½	33
C, I & L pf	50	80
C, M & St Paul pf	136	136¾
C & N W	131	133
Do pf	170	180
Chi, St P, M & Om	125	130
Do pf	133	140
C, C, C & St L	22	35
Do pf	51¼	60
Cluett-P	66	69
Do pf	100½	101½
Col F & I	27	27½
Do pf	126	180
Col & So	22½	23½
Do 1st pf	40	42
Do 2d pf	31	35
Corn P R pf	65	65¾
Crex Carp	70	80
Cub-Am S	..	30
Do pf	..	84
Del & H	149¾	151
D, L & W	392½	400½
D & R G	11	13
Do pf	19	22
D M & Ft D	3	..
Det Ed	112	114
Det & M	85	..
Do pf	85	..
Det U Ry	..	71
Dist Secur	14¼	15½
D S S & A	4	5
Do pf	8	11
F M & S	7	15
Gen Ch	162	171
Do pf	108½	110
Gen Elec	145½	147
Gen M pf	90	92
Gt Nor pf ctfs, 40 p c paid	120	122
Gt Nor Ore ctfs	31¼	32⅝
Helme (G W) Co	150	165
Do pf	108½	117
Hock Val	[illegible]	128
Homest'ke	114	120
Inger-R	110	..
Do pf	92	..
Int Agric	5	8½
Do pf	13	25
Int H pf	116¼	120
Int H Cor pf	112½	..
Int Paper	9	9¼
Int St P	6	7½
Do pf	19	20
Iowa Cent	6	7
Do pf	13	19
K C, Ft S & M pf	73	76½
Kan C So pf	60	61
Kayser (J) & Co	89	91
Do 1st pf	107	109
K & D M	4	8
Do pf	38	..
Kresge(SS) Co pf	102	105
Lack Steel	31	36
Lacl Gas	95	97
L E & W	5	8
Do pf	15	20
Ligg & M	218	221
Do pf	115	117½
Long Isl'd	28	32
L-W Bis	30	32½
Do 2d pf	..	92½
Lorill Co	170	175
Do pf	113	..
Louis & N	133⅞	134½
M'kay Cos	79	85¼
Do pf	68	69
M Dep Sts	59	60½
Do pf	96½	100
Mer Mar	2	2¾
Mex P pf	66	73
Mich Cent	..	190
M & St L pf	28	32
M, St P & S S M	122½	124½
Do pf	140	..
Do l l	79	82
M, K & T	16	16⅝
Do pf	38½	41
M P 1st pf	103	..
M Wd pf	108	116
N, C & St L	135	140½
Nat Bis	128	130
Do pf	123½	126
Nat Enam	10¼	11¼
Do pf	75	86
Nat Lead	44	47½
Do pf	108	109
Nat Rys of M 1st pf	26	34
Do 2d pf	10	10⅝
N O, M & C pf	..	25
N Y A Br	65	68
N Y, C & St L	35	45
Do 1st pf	92	100
Do 2d pf	66	75
N Y Dock	5	20
Do pf	..	26
N Y, O & West	25½	26½
Norf So	26⅜	35
N O T & Light	60	66
Ont Min	2½	3
Pabst B pf	98	102
Pac Coast	75	90
Do 1st pf	80	95
Do 2d pf	80	90
P T & T	27½	29
Do pf	88¼	90½
Peo G, C	120	121½
Peo & E	5	10
Pett-Mull	20	27
Do 1st pf	..	99
Phelps-D	179	..
Phila Co	78	82
Do 6 p c pf	84	90
P, C, C & St L	78	88
Do pf	95	105
Pitts Coal	19½	20½
Pitts S pf	83	86
Pr St Car	42	48
Do pf	101	102¼
Pub Serv	111	113½
Phila Co	154	155
Quicksilver pf	2½	3⅝
R R Sec I C stk c	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ry St Spr pf	93	98½
Rdg 1st pf	88	88¼
Do 2d pf	88½	90
Rock Isl'd	3¼	3⅜
Rumely (M) Co	9	10
Do pf	27	29
St L & S Fran	2	2½
Do 1st pf	7	10
Do 2d pf	3¾	5
St L S W	21½	22
Do pf	..	59
Sears-R	183	187½
S-S S & I	27	28
So P R S	20	..
Do pf	80	100
So Ry pf	78¼	79¼
So R, M & Ohio cts	71	85
St'd M pf	65	65⅝
Texas Co	138⅛	141
T P L Tr	98	105
Third Av	41	41¼
T, St L & West	7	10
Do pf	12¼	16
T C R T	104⅞	106
Do pf	125¼	..
Und Type	75	80½
Do pf	108	112
U B & P	5¼	5½
Do pf	20	22½
Un P pf	83	84
Un Cig M	46	47
Do pf	102	103
Un Dr G	80	86¼
Do pf	93	98
U Rys In	15	17
Do pf	42	42⅝
U S C I P pf	37	40
U S Exp	71	76
U S Ind A	15	30
Do pf	82	85
U S R & I	58	61
U S R 1st pf	102½	102⅞
Vand R R	..	85
Va R & P	..	53
Do pf	94	..
Vulcan Det	5	11
Do pf	20½	35
Wabash pf	3½	3¾
W Md pf	..	56
W E & M 1st pf	120	123
Weym-B	215	300
Do pf	110	120
W & L E	3½	4¼
Do 1st pf	13	15
Do 2d pf	5	7
Wis Cent	41	44
W'w'th (F W)	97½	98
Do pf	116	117⅝

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues yesterday and of these two groups of stocks combined, with comparisons:

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Railroads	78.18	77.81	77.92	—.11
Industrials	58.74	58.45	58.57	—.03
COMBINED AVERAGE.				
May 5	68.71	68.24	68.45	—.21
May 6	68.48	68.18	68.32	—.13
May 7	68.60	68.08	68.16	—.16
May 8	68.10	67.62	67.74	—.42
May 9	67.90	67.48	67.87	+.13
May 11	68.42	67.93	68.24	+.37
May 12	68.45	68.18	68.31	+.07
May 13	68.46	68.13	68.24	—.07

Range of Fifty Stocks.

	High.		Low.		Last.
May to date	68.95	May 4	67.48	May 9	68.24
May, 1913	71.25	May 26	69.45	May 1	69.69
May, 1912	83.17	May 2	80.08	May 31	80.19
May, 1911	82.78	May 22	79.40	May 11	81.81
Yr. to date	73.80	Jan. 31	65.24	Apr. 25	68.24
Year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10	68.04
Year 1912	85.82	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1	78.20
Year 1911	84.41	Jan. 26	69.57	Sep. 25	77.60

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The railroads reporting so far for the first week of May show these aggregated changes in gross earnings, those reporting gains and those reporting losses being stated separately:

Three roads	$1,066,231	+$5,843
Seventeen roads	7,724,713	—1,018,839
Twenty roads	8,790,944	—1,012,996

Miscellaneous Earnings.

KEYSTONE TELEPHONE for April—

	1914.	1913.	Increase.
Gross	$110,351	$103,880	$6,471
Net	56,652	50,778	5,874
Surplus	31,141	25,492	5,649
Gross, 4 mos	433,997	414,243	19,754
Net	219,766	202,989	16,977
Surplus	115,907	101,566	14,341

OMAHA & COUNCIL BLUFFS STREET RAILWAY for three months ended March 31—

Gross earnings	701,222	700,863	359
Net before dep	362,455	375,013	*12,558
Surp. aft. chgs	89,348	107,747	*18,399

PORTLAND RAILWAY, LIGHT & POWER for the fiscal year ended Dec. 31—

Gross earnings	6,723,742	6,642,308	81,434
Op. exp. & tax	3,298,310	3,328,911	*30,601
Net earnings	3,425,432	3,313,397	112,035
Int. charges	2,008,601	1,760,991	247,610
Surplus	†1,416,831	1,552,406	*135,575

*Decrease. †Deficit.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Receipts and expenditures:

	May 12.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$562,246	$7,613,131	$253,387,638
Int. rev., ord	741,938	9,206,309	265,854,398
Corp. and inc. tax	70,088	801,968	[illegible]
Miscellaneous	112,810	1,795,870	7,408,404
Total rects	1,487,082	[illegible]	[illegible]
Expenditures	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Deficit	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

FEDERAL RESERVE'S CERTIFICATE HERE

Unsigned Charter Held at Clearing House Pending Action on It by the Banks.

SIX DIRECTORS TO BE NAMED

478 Separate Institutions in the State Have a Voice in Their Choice—Conference To-day.

William Sherer, Manager of the Clearing House, received yesterday from the Reserve Bank Organization Committee in Washington the certificate of incorporation of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York that is to be executed by officers of the five banks designated for that purpose. These banks are the National Park and Irving National of this city, the First National of Syracuse, the Marine National of Buffalo, and the National Commercial of Albany.

Mr. Sherer was requested by the Organization Committee to keep the unsigned charter in his custody until the representatives of the five banks should meet and execute it, which it was stated would be in the near future, after which it is to be returned to Washington for filing in the archives of the Controller of the Currency.

The meeting of the incorporators is to be held at the Clearing House, and it is expected that the time for the meeting will be set by the Organization Committee within a day or two.

The certificate of incorporation contains the names of all the national banks in the State, all of which will be members of the Federal Reserve Bank at the outset, and the amount of stock subscribed by each, amounting to 6 per cent. of the aggregate of their capital and surplus. None of the capital will be paid in until called for by the Organization Committee or the Federal Reserve Board.

No definite action was taken yesterday by the banks in this city for a conference to consider what persons shall be nominated or elected to the six directorates that are to be filled by vote of the member banks through electors to be chosen by the respective Boards of Directors of the member banks, but it is likely that such action will be taken to-day.

The tentative plan is to call a conference of the 160 banks in the first group, which consists of those having individual capital and surplus of $190,000 or more. This group embraces all the national banks in this city, which, however, constitute only about one-sixth of the total number. Two Directors—one banker and one business man—are to be elected by this group.

The expectation is that similar conferences will be held by each of the other groups into which the member banks have been divided by the Organization Committee. One of these consists of banks having individual capital and surplus of more than $70,000, but less than $190,000, of which there are 159. The other group, also numbering 159, consists of those each having capital and surplus of $70,000 or less. Each of these groups is to elect two Directors. To the six thus chosen will be added three, to be appointed by the Federal Reserve Board.

This plan, if carried out, will differ from those adopted in several of the other Federal reserve districts, where general conferences have been held without regard to the grouping of the members into large, medium, and small banks. Word came from Richmond yesterday that such a general conference was to be held in that district.

The call has been sent out by the member banks in Richmond, which are the First National, Planters' National, National State and City, American National, Central National, Savings Bank of Richmond, and Manchester National. The conference is to be held at the Jefferson Hotel in Richmond next Monday, and it is suggested in the call that the member banks arrange to hold meetings of their respective Boards of Directors on the following Friday, in order that the persons agreed upon may be formally put in nomination by the banks, as provided in the Federal Reserve act.

The banks of Richmond, and to a lesser extent those of Atlanta, are profiting through their recent designation as reserve cities under the National Bank act, as shown by a bulletin just issued by the Controller of the Currency. Neither place was a reserve city at the time of its selection as a home for one of the twelve Federal reserve banks, but subsequently both were so designated by the Controller of the Currency. The bulletin referred to shows that since April 28 Richmond banks have been approved as reserve agents for 303 banks in Southern and Western States.

TONTINE COFFEE HOUSE DAY

President Wilson Expected to Attend Exercises on May 23.

President H. G. S. Noble of the Stock Exchange appointed a committee of members yesterday to represent the Exchange in the celebration on May 23 to commemorate the founding of the old Tontine Coffee House where the Stock Exchange had its first home. The exercises will be conducted by the Lower Wall Street Business Men's Association, and President Wilson is expected to attend. The committee of the Stock Exchange is made up of Charles M. Newcombe, Vice President of the board; Henry C. Swords, W. W. Heaton, Rudolph Keppler, and Winthrop Burr.

The Governing Committee at a meeting yesterday passed a vote of thanks for the services rendered the Exchange by Secretary George W. Ely, who rounded out this week his fortieth year as an officer. In 1874 he became Assistant Secretary and has served as Secretary for more than thirty years, except for a brief period when he was President of the Bankers' Trust Company.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales May 13, 1914	$1,599,500
Same day last year	1,272,500
Total year to date	295,093,500
Same period last year	215,201,500
Average closing price 40 bonds, with day's net change	87.36 ..
Same day last year	88.93 —.03

	High.		Low.	
This year's range to date	89.42	Feb. 4	86.40	Jan. 3
Same period last year	92.31	Jan. 10	88.70	Apr. 30
Range year 1913	92.31	Jan. 10	85.45	Dec. 18

U S 2s, reg	5,000	97
Argentine Gov 5s	1,000	95½
	5,000	95¼
Chinese Ry 5s	1,000	88
Jap Gov 4½s, ster l	2,000	86½
	2,000	86¼
	500	86¼
	3,000	86
N Y State 4½s	10,000	109
Va 6s, def, Brown Bros & Co ctfs	1,000	61
N Y City 4¼s, 1960	2,000	101½
	32,000	101⅝
4½s, May, 1917	1,000	102
4½s, May, 1957	1,000	107
4½s, 1963	44,000	107
Am Ag Ch cv 5s	1,000	99⅝
Am Cotton Oil 5s	1,000	94
Am Sm Secur 6s	2,000s20f	103⅛
Am T & T col 4s	6,000	89¼
	1,000	89
conv 4½s	1,000	99½
	14,000	99¼
Am Tobacco 6s	1,000	121½
Am Wr Paper 5s	2,000	68¾
Armour & Co 4½s	1,000	92⅞
A, T & S F gen 4s	1,000	95¾
	500	95¾
	6,000	95⅞
	1,000 c	96
	4,000	95⅞
	1,000	95¾
adj 4s, stpd	500	87
At, T & S Fe 5s	3,000s20f	100⅜
Trans S L 4s	1,000	90½
Atl Coast Line, L & N col 4s	4,000	90¼
B & O pr lien 3½s	1,000	91¼
	3,000	91½
gold 4s	6,000	94⅝
conv 4½s	26,000	91⅞
P, Lake E & W Va 4s	9,000	88
	6,000s20f	88
Beth Steel ext 5s	5,000	99½
	3,000	99¼
1st & ref 5s	10,000	87
B R T 5s, 1918	1,000	100
ref conv 4s	25,000	90⅝
	1,000	90⅝
Bklyn Un Gas 5s	1,000	105⅝
Bush Term Bldgs gtd 5s	1,000	86¾
Cal G & Elec 5s	5,000	92⅝
Cent Leather 5s	7,000	99⅛
Cent Pac gtd 4s	3,000s20f	94
	1,000	94
	20,000	94⅛
	6,000s20f	94⅛
	2,000	94⅛
C & O gen 4½s	10,000	98¼
conv 4½s	10,000	81
con 5s	1,000	106⅞
Chi & Alton 3½s	2,000	44½
C, B & Q gen 4s	6,000	93¼
	1,000	93⅜
	4,000	93¼
joint 4s	16,000	97⅛
	5,000s20f	97⅛
	5,000	97¼
Denver Div 4s	2,000	99⅜
Ill Div 3½s	1,000	85½
C & Erie 1st 5s	1,000	106⅜
Chi Gr Westn 4s	4,000	73⅛
Chi, Mil & St P 4s, 1934	5,000	92¼
gen 4½s	14,000	103¼
conv 4½s	25,000	102
	29,000	102¼
	1,000	102¼
	3,000	102⅛
Terminal 5s	3,000	100⅛
Chi, Rock Isl & P Ry ref 4s	1,000	75¾
	1,000	75½
deb 5s	2,000	71¾
	17,000	71⅞
	20,000	71⅝
	10,000	71
C, R I & P R R 4s	14,000	36
	25,000	35⅞
	21,000	36
	50,000	35⅞
	13,000	35¾
	20,000	35⅝
	41,000	35½
	5,000	35¼
	1,000	35⅜
	11,000	35⅛
C, C, C & St L gen 4s	2,000	78
Clev & Mar 4½s	1,000	98
Clev Sh Line 4½s	1,000	96¼
Col & So 1st 4s	2,000	90¼
ref & ext 4½s	1,000	89½
Corn Prod Ref S F 5s, 1934	2,000	95¼
Del & Hud deb 4s, 1916	2,000	98⅞
	1,000	99
Det Edison 5s	2,000	102¾
Erie 1st gen 4s	6,000s20f	73
Erie cv 4s, Series B	15,000	71¾
Gen Elec 3½s	1,000	80
Granby Cons cv 6s, Ser A	2,000	102
Hudson & Man 1st & ref 5s, Series A	2,000	83½
Ill Cent ref 4s	8,000	92⅜
	2,000s20f	92⅜
	5,000	92½
Ill Steel 4½s	4,000	87⅞
	2,000	87⅝
Indiana Steel 5s	1,000	101⅞
Insp Con Copper conv 6s	6,000	99¼
Inter-Met 4½s	10,000	77½
	79,000	77⅝
	58,000	77¾
	15,000	77⅝
	10,000	77½
Int Rap Transit 1st & ref 5s	2,000	98⅞
	41,000	99
	5,000s10f	98⅞
Int St P 5s	3,000s20f	58
Iowa Cent ref 4s	1,000	47⅞
	6,000	47
Kan City So 5s	1,000	95
	1,000	96
Lack Stl 5s, 1915	21,000	96¾
	5,000	96⅞
1923	10,000	91
L S & M So 3½s	5,000	86
L S & M So 4s, 1928	2,000	92⅞
	1,000	93
1931	1,000	92¼
Louis & N unif 4s	5,000	95⅛
	5,000	95¼
Louis & N, S & N Ala 5s, 1963	5,000	104¼
Mer Mar col trust 4½s	3,000	48½
	1,000	48¾
Milw Gas 4s	4,000	90⅛
Minn & St L 1st & ref 4s	3,000	50½
Mo, K & T 1st 4s	5,000	87
Mo Pac cv 5s	1,000	66
Mo Pac 4s	500	56¼
Mo Pac 5s, 1917	1,000	96
	5,000	95½
Mob & O new 6s	1,000	116
Mon Power 5s, Series A	1,000	93½
	12,000	93¼
N Y Cent gen 3½s	5,000	83¾
registered	9,000	82½
L S col 3½s	13,000	80
registered	5,000	78½
M C col 3½s	1,000	76⅛
N Y, Chi & St L 1st 4s	5,000	94½
N Y G, E L, H & P col tr 5s	23,000	104⅛
pur money 4s	1,000	87
N Y Rys adj 5s	14,000	56
	15,000	55⅝
N Y Rys ref 4s	2,000	77¼
N Y Tel 4½s	500	97¼
	5,000	97⅜
Norf & W div 4s	10,000	90
North Pac 4s	7,000	94⅞
North Pac 3s	5,000	67¼
Ohio Riv gen 5s	5,000	104⅜
Ontario Power Co 1st s f 5s	15,000	94½
	5,000	95
Oregon Short Line 1st con 5s	1,000	107⅞
Ore S L 1st 6s	2,000	110½
Pac T & T 5s	3,000	98
	5,000	97⅞
Penn cv 3½s	21,000	98⅛
Peo G & C of Chi ref 5s	1,000	100½
	9,000	100⅝
Peo & E 1st 4s	3,000	72
Pere Mar ref 4s	2,000	25
Ry Steel Spring, Int-Ocean 1st 5s	1,000	92
Ray Cons 1st 6s	1,000	113¼
	2,000	113½
Rdg gen 4s	2,000	94⅞
	5,000	95
Rome, W & O con 5s	4,000	104⅝
St L, Ir Mt & So gen 5s	1,000s6f	102½
unify & ref 4s	2,000	75
River & G 4s	2,000s20f	75
St L & San Fran R R gen 5s	5,000	47
ref 4s	1,000	76¼
	7,000	76⅛
St L & San Fran Ry gen 5s	3,000	102¾
St L S W con 4s	1,000	71⅝
Seab Air L adj 5s	1,000	75⅛
	2,000	75
	30,000	75¼
S Bell T & T 1st 5s	5,000	98¼
So Pac conv 4s	20,000	86¼
	32,000	86⅜
cv 5s, sub rcts, 1st inst pd	1,000	101
full paid	1,500	101
	500	101
	4,500	101⅛
	23,000	101⅛
	8,000	101
	2,000	101⅛
1st ref 4s	6,000	92⅜
Southn Ry 1st 5s	1,000	105½
gen 4s	3,000	73½
	14,000	73⅝
Tex Co conv 6s	3,000	102⅝
	5,000	102½
Third Av ref 4s	500	84¼
	2,000	83⅞
Tol, St L & W 4s	2,000	54
Un Pac 1st 4s	2,000	97
	5,000	97⅛
	6,000	97
conv 4s	3,000s20f	91⅝
	3,000s10f	91⅝
1st & ref 4s	2,000s5f	94½
U S Rubber 6s	1,000	103⅛
U S Steel C s f 5s	6,000	103
	3,000	102⅞
	2,000s20f	102⅞
	4,000	102⅞
	12,000	103
registered	1,000	102⅝
Va-Car Ch 1st 5s	1,000s10f	96
Virgn Ry 1st 5s	2,000	99
	1,000	99⅛
Wabash 1st 5s	1,000	103⅝
Wab P Ter 1st 4s	9,000	7½
Cent Tr ctfs	2,000	7¾
	1,000	7½
Westn Electric 5s	1,000	102
W U Tel col tr 5s	2,000	97½
West Shore 4s	4,000	93
registered	15,000	90¾
Westingh El & M 1st cv s f 5s	1,000	94⅝
	4,000	94¼
	4,000	94½
	2,000	94½
Wis Cent gen 4s	1,000	88

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Trading in New York, New Haven & Hartford was a feature of the market on the Consolidated Exchange. Odd lots of these stocks changed hands at 69 and 68⅞ and a hundred shares at 68¾, the latter the only quotation for a full lot made in Wall Street during the day. There were also dealings in Colorado Fuel, Third Avenue, and Great Northern Ore, no trades in which were elsewhere reported. The general market displayed a firm undertone, but no change appeared in its waiting character.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,700	Amal. Cop	72⅝	73⅛	72⅝	72⅝
100	Am. Can	27⅛	27⅛	26⅞	26⅞
110	Am. C. & F	49½	49½	49½	49½
20	Am. Ice Sec	30½	30½	30½	30½
60	Am. Smelt	62⅛	62⅝	62⅛	62½
10	Anacond Cop	32	32	32	32
20	Balt. & Ohio	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝
100	Beth. Steel	41⅛	41⅛	41⅛	41⅛
250	B'klyn R. T	92¼	92⅛	91⅞	91⅞
10	Calif. Petrol	21	21	21	21
1,440	Can. Pacific	192¼	192¼	190	191
130	Cent. Leather	35⅜	35⅝	35⅜	35½
580	Ches. & Ohio	50⅞	51½	50½	51½
70	C., M. & S. P	98⅛	98⅜	98⅛	98⅜
20	Chino Copper	41⅜	41⅜	41⅛	41⅛
10	Col. F. & I	28⅜	28⅜	28⅜	28⅜
50	Corn Prod	9	9	9	9
60	Erie	28¼	28½	28¼	28¼
[illegible]	Gen. Motors	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	Gt. Nor. pf	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	Gt. N. Ore ctfs	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
50	Int.-Met. pf	62¼	62¼	62¼	62¼
120	Lehigh Val	139¼	139¼	138	138
100	L. W. 1st pf	103	103	103	103
10	Mex. Petrol	56	56	56	56
1,070	Mo. Pacific	17	17⅜	16⅝	17⅛
30	N. Y. Central	93⅛	93⅜	93⅛	93⅜
130	N.Y.,N.H.&H	68⅞	69	68¾	68⅞
10	Norf. & W	104	104	104	104
80	Nor. Pacific	109⅞	109⅞	109½	109½
40	Pennsylvania	110⅞	111	110⅞	111
40	Ray Copper	21¼	21½	21¼	21½
9,320	Reading	165½	165⅞	164⅞	165
70	Rock Island	3⅝	3⅝	3½	3½
280	So. Pacific	91⅝	91⅝	90⅞	91⅛
30	So. Railway	24½	24½	24½	24½
180	Tenn. Copper	34⅝	34⅞	34⅝	34⅝
10	Third Av	40½	40½	40½	40½
3,280	Union Pacific	155⅞	156⅛	155⅝	155⅝
30	U. S. Rubber	58	58	58	58
3,330	U. S. Steel	59⅛	59½	59	59¼
160	Utah Copper	56	56⅞	56	56½
10	Va.-Car. Ch	27	27	27	27
20	Western Md	20	22	20	22
100	Westing. El	74⅛	74⅛	74⅛	74⅛
23,400					

MINING STOCKS.

500	Atlanta	.21	.21	.21	.21
500	Diam. B. B	.03	.03	.03	.03
700	Jim Butler	1.05	1.05	1.02½	1.02½
300	Jumbo Ext	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
10	Mexican	.87½	.87½	.87½	.87½
600	Silver Pick	.06½	.06½	.06½	.06½
800	Tono. Ext	2.50	2.55	2.50	2.55
600	Tono. Merger	.57	.57	.57	.57
1,550	West End	.91	.91	.91	.91
[illegible]					

Investment Perplexities

With the approach of summer and before leaving town, owners of investment securities may desire to go over their holdings in order to assure themselves so far as possible that their investments will require no attention until their return in the Fall.

The services of our Bond Department, including an expert statistical force, are at your disposal for this purpose, and should you desire to submit a list of your holdings, we will be very glad to review them for you without charge.

Guaranty Trust Company of New York
140 Broadway
Fifth Avenue Branch
5th Ave. & 43d St.
London Office
33 Lombard St., E. C.

TO THE HOLDERS OF
Three Year Five Per Cent. Secured Gold Notes, Due June 1, 1914,
OF
The Missouri Pacific Railway Company.

The Missouri Pacific Railway Company has arranged with holders of a large amount of the above notes that they will extend the time for the payment of the principal thereof **for one year,** viz.: **until June 1, 1915,** with interest from and after June 1, 1914, at the rate of **six per cent.** instead of five per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually on December 1 and June 1, principal and interest payable in gold coin, and has executed an Extension Agreement dated May 11, 1914, with the Union Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, and deposited and pledged thereunder **$3,000,000** face value of **St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern Railway Company First and Refunding Mortgage Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds, Series "A," due July 1, 1952, as additional security** for the payment of said extended notes.

Noteholders may become parties to said Extension Agreement and avail themselves of the benefit and additional security thereof by depositing their notes with coupons due June 1, 1914, with **Union Trust Company of New York,** as **Depositary,** at its office, No. 80 Broadway, New York City, or with any other Depositary designated by it.

The Depositary will issue temporary receipts for deposited notes without charge to noteholders. On the Extension Agreement becoming definitive, as therein provided, the Railway Company will pay to holders of receipts on presentation thereof, on or after June 1, 1914, at the office of the Depositary named therein, the instalment of interest payable on said notes on said date, said payment to be noted on the receipts. The receipts will be exchangeable for an equivalent amount of extended notes, with additional coupon sheets annexed, when such notes and coupon sheets are ready for delivery; or in the event that the Extension Agreement shall not become definitive, holders of receipts will be entitled to the return of notes of equal face amount, with the coupon payable June 1, 1914, attached, on surrender of such receipts to the depositary.

The Extension Agreement further provides that any or all of the notes so extended shall be redeemable at 101 with accrued interest at any time on sixty days' notice.

Copies of the Extension Agreement may be obtained at the office of the Company or of any Depositary.

Noteholders should deposit their notes on or before May 25, 1914, as provided in the Extension Agreement. The Railway Company has reserved the right to rescind the Extension Agreement if its Board of Directors shall determine on or before June 1, 1914, that holders of a sufficient amount of said notes have not agreed to extend the same.

New York, May 13, 1914.

THE MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.
By
B. F. BUSH,
President.

NOTICE
To the Holders of Preferred Stock
Union Pacific Railroad Company

The suit begun by me and others in January to enjoin the distribution by the Union Pacific Railroad Company of a part of its assets among common stockholders to the exclusion of the preferred, is not affected by the decision of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court in the suit begun by the Equitable Assurance Company, as the complaint in the Equitable suit does not charge all the facts as I understand them to exist. As this suit was brought for the benefit of the holders of the preferred stock who might wish to join, and as we are now actively preparing the suit for trial by an examination of the officers of the Union Pacific Railroad Company and an investigation of its books under order of the Court, and intend to push this suit vigorously, I shall be glad to hear from all holders of preferred stock who are opposed to this unfair distribution of the assets.

Please address me in care of our attorneys, Holmes, Rogers & Carpenter, No. 20 Broad Street, New York City.

JOSEPH T. McCADDON.

ST. LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO RAILROAD CO.
Two-Year Six Per Cent. Gold Notes, Due September 1, 1914.
FINAL CALL

Eighty-five Per Cent. of the above notes having already been deposited with the Committee, it is imperative that holders of the notes who have not heretofore deposited, and who wish to share in the value of the collateral on any disposition of the same subsequent to its reduction to possession, should deposit their notes at once with the Depositary. **JUNE 15, 1914,** is set as the **FINAL DATE** for the receipt of the notes. On all notes received after that date and before the date of the reduction of the collateral to possession a penalty of $10 per note will be imposed.

HENRY E. COOPER, Chairman,
C. J. RHOADS,
W. W. LANAHAN,
Committee.
MURRAY, PRENTICE & HOWLAND, Counsel.
WILLIAM J. ECK, Secretary.

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Depositary.

Sinking Fund Purchase of
INTERNATIONAL AGRICULTURAL CORPORATION
First Mortgage and Collateral Trust Gold Bonds.

Notice is hereby given that Bankers Trust Company, corporate Trustee under the First Mortgage of International Agricultural Corporation, dated May 1, 1912, to Bankers Trust Company and Frank N. B. Close, as Trustees, securing the First Mortgage and Collateral Trust Five Per Cent. Twenty-Year Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of said International Agricultural Corporation, will purchase for the sinking fund, bonds issued under said mortgage to an amount sufficient as nearly as may be to exhaust the sum of $325,000 now held by said corporate Trustee in said sinking fund, and said corporate Trustee hereby invites sealed offers to be submitted to it on or before 3 o'clock P. M., May 14, 1914, at its office, 16 Wall Street, Manhattan, New York City, for the sale to it of such bonds, at prices to be stated in such offers, which offers shall be for all or any part of the bonds so offered, provided, however, that no offers will be accepted which shall be for a sum in excess of One hundred and three per centum (103%) of the principal amount of such bonds, and accrued interest. Notices of acceptance of offers will be mailed on May 15, 1914, to the makers of such thereof as are accepted, at the addresses designated by them, respectively. Delivery of bonds accepted, with all unmatured coupons attached, should be made at the office of said corporate Trustee on or before 3 o'clock P. M. May 18th, 1914, after which date interest on accepted bonds will cease.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY,
Corporate Trustee.
H. F. WILSON, JR.,
Assistant Secretary.

Dated May 1st, 1914.

Bids for Mississippi State Bonds.

Under authority of Chapter 107, Laws 1914, the State of Mississippi will issue and sell $1,250,000 of 4½% bonds, and sealed bids will be received at the Governor's Office in Jackson, Mississippi, until noon, May 20, 1914.

For further information write Governor Earl Brewer, or State Treasurer P. S. Stovall, Jackson, Miss.

POCAHONTAS CONSOLIDATED COLLIERIES COMPANY, INCORPORATED, FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the mortgage dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned as Trustee will receive sealed proposals up to 3 P. M. on the 5th day of June, 1914, for the sale to it of bonds as above described, sufficient to use the sum of $26,[illegible]. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By H. W. MORSE, [illegible]
New York, [illegible], 1914.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE NEW YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY.
New York, N. Y., April 29, 1914.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Eighty-fourth Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of THE NEW YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY, for the election of Directors, and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, in Grand Central Terminal, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, the 19th day of May, 1914. The poll will open at 12 o'clock noon, and continue open for two hours thereafter. The transfer books will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on Wednesday, the 29th day of April, 1914, and reopened on the morning of Wednesday, the 20th day of May, 1914.

DWIGHT W. PARDEE, Secretary.

THE RAYBOURNE COMPANY, INC.
NOTICE OF MEETING.
To the Stockholders:

You are hereby notified by direction of the President of the Raybourne Company, Inc., that a special meeting of the stockholders to authorize the increase of the capital stock of the corporation in the amount of $30,000 from $20,000 to $50,000, such increase to be divided into 300 shares of the par value of $100 each, has been called and will be held at the office of the Company, No. 111 Fifth Avenue, New York, upon Thursday, May 21, 1914, at 7:30 o'clock P. M., by order of the President.

GEORGE M. DEXTER, President.
RALPH NEILSON, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Union Brass Bed Manufacturing Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 1,805 First Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on May 21, 1914, at 3 P. M., at which meeting a Board of Directors will be elected, and such other business will be transacted as may lawfully come before said meeting.

Dated New York, May 6, 1914.
JACOB FEINBERG, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Standard Oil Company of New York will be held at the office of the Company at 26 Broadway, New York City, on the 28th day of May, 1914, at 9:30 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing nine directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

R. C. VEIT, Secretary.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of Riker & Hegeman Co. for the election of Directors and such other business as may properly come before the meeting will be held at the office of the company, 340 West 4th St., New York, N. Y., Thursday, May 21, 1914, at 2:30 o'clock P. M.

W. B. GLENN, Secretary.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE FIRST LIEN REFUNDING FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS OF THE
KANSAS CITY RAILWAY AND LIGHT COMPANY
DUE MAY 15, 1913,
AND
TO THE HOLDERS OF CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT REPRESENTING SUCH BONDS:

The Committee representing the holders of the Bonds deposited under the agreement dated April 3, 1913, announces that it has arranged for the payment on May 15, 1914, at the office of THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, 26 Broad Street, New York City, of interest on said Bonds from November 15, 1913, to May 15, 1914, at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum. The interest received by the Committee on the deposited Bonds will be paid at said time and place to the holders of Certificates of Deposit representing such Bonds. THE BONDS AND CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT MUST BE PRESENTED FOR ENDORSEMENT THEREON OF SUCH PAYMENT AND MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY THE CERTIFICATES REQUIRED BY THE REGULATIONS OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE DEPARTMENT UNDER THE FEDERAL INCOME TAX LAW.

Dated May 12, 1914.

JOHN B. DENNIS,
ACOSTA NICHOLS,
JAMES J. STORROW,
PAUL M. WARBURG,
Committee.
C. M. TRAVIS, Secretary,
24 Broad Street, New York.
BYRNE & CUTCHEON, 24 Broad Street, New York;
ROPES, GRAY, BOYDEN & PERKINS, 60 State Street, Boston, Counsel.

Chicago, Burlington & Quincy R. R. Co.
WANTED FOR SINKING FUND
C. B. & Q. Nebraska Extension
FOUR PER CENT. BONDS

As provided in the Trust Mortgage of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company, dated May 2, 1887, the sum of

$294,410

Two Hundred and Ninety-four Thousand Four Hundred and Ten Dollars has been set apart for the purchase for sinking fund purposes of **Chicago, Burlington & Quincy R. R. Co.'s Nebraska Extension 4 per cent. bonds, due May 1, 1927,** at the lowest price not to exceed 110 per cent. and accrued interest.

Sealed proposals to sell said Bonds, indorsed **"Proposals of C., B. & Q. Nebraska Extension Bonds,"** will be received by **The New England Trust Company, Trustee,** 135 Devonshire St., Boston, Mass., until **Tuesday, May 19, 1914,** at 12 o'clock M., when the bids will be opened and the accepted bids will be declared.

Accepted bonds are to be delivered to and paid for by the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad Co., at its office, Sears Building, Boston, Mass., and interest on such bonds will cease May 20, 1914.

E. B. O'CONNOR,
Cashier.
Boston, May 1, 1914.

TO THE HOLDERS OF FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS OF
UTAH FUEL COMPANY.
Sinking Fund Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, as provided in Article XII. of the Mortgage of the Utah Fuel Company and Pleasant Valley Coal Company, dated March 1, 1901, that written proposals will be received by the undersigned at its office, No. 140 Broadway, New York, until 10 o'clock A. M. Wednesday, May 20, 1914, for the sale to it as Trustee, at the lowest price at which such bonds shall be offered, not exceeding 110% and accrued interest to that date, of sufficient of the above bonds to exhaust the sum of $16,291.23. The Trustee reserves the right to reject any or all proposals in whole or in part. All proposals, which must designate the bonds offered by their serial numbers and state the Post Office address of the party making the proposals, should be inclosed in sealed envelopes, and indorsed "Proposals for sale of Utah Fuel Company bonds to Sinking Fund," and addressed to the **TRUST DEPARTMENT.**

Persons desiring to make offers of bonds to the Sinking Fund, whose responsibility is not known to the Trustee, should accompany their offer by a sufficient letter of introduction or guarantee of good faith by a bank, banker, or others whose responsibility is established.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee.
By A. J. HEMPHILL, President.
Dated, New York, April 28, 1914.

To the Holders of
The New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company 6% Notes dated November 18th, 1913.

On and after May 18th, 1914, the above-mentioned notes will be paid at the option of the holder on presentation at the temporary office of J. P. Morgan & Co., at 15 Broad Street, New York, or at the office of the Old Colony Trust Company, at 17 Court Street, Boston, Mass.

THE NEW YORK, NEW HAVEN AND HARTFORD RAILROAD COMPANY.
A. S. MAY, Treasurer.
New Haven, Conn., May 13, 1914.

DIVIDENDS.

UNITED CIGAR STORES COMPANY OF AMERICA.
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 7.

A regular quarterly dividend of One Dollar and Seventy-five Cents ($1.75) has this day been declared upon each share of Preferred Stock issued and outstanding, payable June 15th, 1914, to stockholders of record June 1st, 1914. The Preferred Stock Transfer Books will be closed at the close of business June 1st, 1914, and will remain closed until the opening of business June 16th, 1914.

GEORGE WATTLEY, Treasurer.
Dated May 13th, 1914.

The Peoples Gas Light & Coke Company

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of Two Per Cent., being the quarterly dividend at the rate of Eight Per Cent. per annum, has been declared on the capital stock of the company, payable May 25th, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business on May 2d, 1914.

Chicago, April 15th, 1914.
L. A. WILEY, Secretary.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY
65th PREFERRED DIVIDEND

The Board of Directors have declared the sixty-fifth consecutive quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters (1¾) per cent on the Preferred Capital Stock of the Company, payable May 29th, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business, May 15th, 1914. Transfer books will not be closed.

F. E. BUGBEE, Treasurer.

SOUTHWESTERN POWER & LIGHT CO.
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND.

The regular quarterly dividend of One and Three-quarters Per Cent. (1¾%) on the Preferred Stock of the Southwestern Power & Light Company has been declared, payable June 1, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business May 26, 1914. Transfer books do not close.

M. H. ARNING, Treasurer.

NEW YORK MOTION PICTURE CORPORATION.
MONTHLY DIVIDEND NO. 12.

A dividend of two per cent. (2%) upon the capital stock of this corporation has been declared payable on May 15, 1914, to stockholders of record at the opening of business on that day.

New York, May 11, 1914.
CHARLES J. HITE, Treasurer.

PURE OIL COMPANY.
Philadelphia, Pa., April 29, 1914.

The Directors of the Company have declared a dividend of 5% on the Common Stock, payable June 1, 1914, to stockholders of record May 15th, 1914. Transfer Books will be closed May 15th to May 31st, both dates inclusive.

N. H. WEBER, Treasurer.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb.
New York, May 12th, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Members and the election of Directors will be held at the Institution on Washington Heights on Tuesday afternoon, May 19th, 1914, at 2 o'clock.

Carriages will be at the station of the Subway, 157th Street and Broadway, from 12:30 until 2 o'clock to convey members to the grounds of the Institution.

SAMUEL R. BETTS, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of Wm. B. Riker & Son Co. for the election of Directors and such other business as may properly come before the meeting will be held at the office of the company, 340 West 4th St., New York, N. Y., Thursday, May 28, 1914, at 2 o'clock P. M.

W. B. GLENN, Secretary.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Pressure is relatively low along the Atlantic Coast and on the Pacific Slope and is high in interior districts between the Appalachian and Rocky Mountains. This disturbance has resulted in unsettled weather and rains in the Middle Atlantic States and New England, the Ohio Valley and Texas and generally fair weather in all other districts.

A further fall in temperature has taken place in the Middle Atlantic States, the Ohio Valley, Tennessee and the Gulf States, but a general though gradual change to higher temperatures is in progress in the Plains States, the Upper Mississippi Valley and the Rocky Mountain region.

The weather will be unsettled Thursday and fair Friday in the Atlantic States.

In other parts of the country the weather will remain generally fair Thursday and Friday.

Temperature will be lower Thursday in the South Atlantic States, except the Florida Peninsula, while it will rise slowly Thursday and Friday in the Plains States, the Mississippi and Ohio valleys and the region of the Great Lakes, and Friday in the Middle Atlantic States and New England.

Winds along the Atlantic Coast Thursday and Friday will be moderate variable.

FORECASTS TO-DAY AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York, New Jersey, New England and Eastern Pennsylvania—Cloudy Thursday; Friday fair with rising temperature; light to moderate variable winds.

Western New York—Generally fair Thursday and Friday; slowly rising temperature; light variable winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1913.	1914.		1913.	1914.
3 A. M.	53	44	4 P. M.	63	48
6 A. M.	50	43	6 P. M.	63	47
9 A. M.	55	45	9 P. M.	61	46
12 M.	63	46	11 P. M.	59	46

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 46; for the corresponding date last year it was 58; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 58.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 43, at 8 P. M. it was 47. Maximum temperature, 49 degrees at 3:40 P. M.; minimum, 42 degrees at 5 A. M. Humidity, 81 per cent. at 8 A. M., 72 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.12 inches, at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.13 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.		Loss.
12:40	313 W. 33 St.; H. Kelly	Slight
2:40	308 Rivington St.; Krougel Bros.	$25
4:10	22-26 2 Av.; Kempner Bros.	None
9:50	68 E. 106 St.; David Epstein	Slight
11:00	6 E. 117 St.; Max Emmergruick	Slight
11:30	403 E. 63 St.; John Laske	None
11:55	20 E. 93 St.; Julius Werner	$1,000
P. M.		
12:05	158 32 St.; Thos. Leonard	$50
1:00	257 W. 111 St.; John Shanks	Slight
3:10	1,953 1 Av.; G. Destero	Slight
6:20	167 Allen St.; J. J. Geegan	Slight
6:55	39 Vesey St.; not given	Not given
8:45	432 E. 10 St, Wm. Young	Not Given
9:00	1,393 Fulton Av.; Max Tuesky	Slight
10:20	408 Lenox Av, A. Rosen	$500
11:00	S. W. corner 101 St. & Col. Av.; Reno Film et al.	Not Given

ESTATES APPRAISED.

BECKERT, PAUL R., (Nov. 29, 1913,) net estate, $15,495; one-fourth int. in bonds and mtges, $2,683; jewelry, $75; one-half int. in Gennerich & Beckert, wholesale bakers' supplies dealers at 219 West St., $13,938.

BIRNBAUM, HELEN, (Sept. 29, 1913,) net estate, $73,793; bank, $2,501; jewelry and lace, $3,668; bond and mtge, $35,704; bonds, $41,022; $1,000 Mo., Kans. & Tex., $1,000 Indiana Lighting Co., $5,000 Rep. of Cuba, $1,000 Sou. Light & Traction, $1,000 Cent. Leather, $1,000 Kans. City & Sou., $2,000 N. Y. City, $5,000 St. Louis & Southwestern, $25,000 Am. Malting Co.

DODWORTH, MARY A., (Mar. 20, 1913,) net estate, $7,510; 1,193 Fulton Av., Bronx, $10,000 (mtges, $3,461;) cash, $89; bank, $1,609; money due, $74.

GUERIN, MARY, (Dec. 22, 1912,) net estate, $17,643; entire estate left to charitable institutions and therefore exempt from taxation; bank, $19,012; furniture and personal, $34.

HORAN, JOHN A., (July 17, 1911,) net estate, $4,953; bank, $1,451; bonds, $1,852; stocks, $2,457; bonds, 29 Paris cities and 7 Panamas; stocks, 100 shares Cons. Arizona Co., 10 Am. Malt pf., 500 Man. Transit Co., 2 Nat'l Surety Co.

JONES, CATHERINE, (Oct. 8, 1913,) net estate, $16,165; 337 E. 74 St., $13,000; cash, $53; bank, $1,543; bonds and mtges, $2,645; rents, $15.

McGILL, MARY A., (June 21, 1899,) net taxable estate, $3,737; one-fourth int. in this property: 449 W. 32 St., valued at $20,650; 459 W. 32 St., valued at $25,200; 386 W. 32 St., valued at $6,875; one-fourth int. in estate of Richard McGill, $1,887.

McGINN, PETER, (July 4, 1913,) net estate, $117,931; 1,415 5 Av., $53,500 (mtge, $35,000;) 1,452 and 1,454 5 Av., $90,500 (mtge, $35,000;) 541-543 W. 144 St., $52,500 (mtge, $40,355;) total realty, $86,144; bank, $6,417; note, $4,000; stocks and bonds, $29,111; good will, fixtures and stock of retail liquor store at 1,415 5 Av., $1,241; furniture, $1,200; jewelry, $380; bonds, $23,000 Cent. Brewing Co.; stock, 50 shares Cent. Brewing Co., 10 Cent. Cigar Mfg. Co., 4 Cent. Bottling Co.

MACKINLAY, PETER, (Mar. 2, 1914,) net estate, $388; bank, $500; personal, $50.

MANSON, ROBERT L., (May 25, 1913,) net estate, $12,701; lots in Walton Av., above 174 St., Bronx, $13,000 (taxes, &c., $160;) personal, $544.

THAYER, CLARA C., (July 1, 1913,) net estate, $2,760; 226 West End Av., $16,400 (mtges and int., $14,683;) one-half int. in plot of land bet. Dyckman St. and the Boulevard Lafayette, $1,000; total realty, $2,716; bank, $66; notes, $65; 50 shares Un. Copper stock, $12; personal, $1,003.

WALDO, ROBERT V., (Dec. 25, 1913,) net estate, $38,127; bank, $10,426; furniture and personal, $155; stocks and bonds, $30,083; bonds, $10,000 U. S. 4s; $10,000 City of N. Y.; $1,000 Am. Type Founders Co.; stock, 85 Am. Type Founders Co. pf., 112 Am. Type Founders Co. com.

WICKES, MARY E., (Oct. 29, 1913,) net estate, $3,764; 56 Bank St., $4,500.

DIVIDENDS.

The J. G. White Engineering Corporation,
Engineers-Contractors,
43 Exchange Place, New York.

The regularly quarterly dividend (Fifth quarter) of 1¾% has been declared on the Preferred Stock of this Corporation, payable June 1, 1914, to stockholders of record May 20, 1914. H. S. COLETTE, Secretary.

MASON CITY & FORT DODGE RAILROAD COMPANY.

The coupons of the First Mortgage bonds of this Company, due June 1st, 1914, will be paid on and after that date on presentation at the temporary office of J. P. Morgan & Co., 15 Broad Street, New York.

J. F. COYKENDALL, Secretary.
Chicago, Ill., May 12, 1914.

MEIKLEHAM & DINSMORE
FISCAL AGENTS.
The Atlantic Gas & Electric Company.

The regular quarterly dividend of 1½% has been declared upon the Preferred Capital Stock of **The Atlantic Gas & Electric Company**, payable May 15, 1914, to stockholders of record May 1, 1914.

F. V. SHANNON, Treasurer.

American Colonial Bank of Porto Rico.

A semi-annual dividend of 6 per cent. has been declared, payable June 3, 1914, to stockholders of record on the closing of the books at 3 P. M. on May 22, 1914. Books will open June 9, 1914.

E. PAVENSTEDT, Secretary.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE partnership lately subsisting between IVAN L. SMITH, HAROLD W. SCOTT, and ARTHUR W. SCOTT, under the firm name of SMITH-SCOTT NUT MEAT CO., was dissolved on the 7th day of April, 1914, by mutual consent. Arthur W. Scott is authorized to settle all debts due to and by the firm.

IVAN L. SMITH.
HAROLD W. SCOTT.
ARTHUR W. SCOTT.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEGS TO ANnounce the copartnership of LOUIS HAIN and SOLOMON BERKOWITZ, under the firm name of HAIN & BERKOWITZ, has been dissolved by mutual consent. The style of the firm will continue. LOUIS HAIN, Proprietor, 72 Washington Square.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply at its offices, twenty-second floor, Municipal Building, Park Row, Centre and Chambers Streets, New York City, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, June 2, 1914, for Contract 124, for the construction of nine concrete-stone and brick superstructures at and near the Ashokan reservoir, in the town of Olive, Ulster County, New York. The largest of the buildings is approximately 82 feet by 114 feet by 45 feet, and the smallest 19 feet by 31 feet by 18 feet. The substructures or foundations of the buildings have been built, and The City will furnish and erect the roof cover for the buildings.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders, and pamphlets of contract drawings, can be obtained at the above address, at the office of the Secretary, by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) in cash or its equivalent for each pamphlet. For further particulars apply to the office of the Principal Assistant Engineer at the above address.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President;
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Suply.
W. BRUCE COBB, Secretary.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Transfers: Sergt. W. A. Black, 152 Prect., to B. B. H. Squad.

Assignments: Sergt. W. A. Black, B. B. H. Squad, to office of Borough Inspector, Brooklyn and Queens.

Temporary assignments: Lts. J. D. Martin, 155 Prect., and W. C. Withers, 158 Prect., to 9 Insp. Dist. for 10 days; G. C. Dunham, Marine Div., to 4 Insp. Dist. for 10 days; Act. Det. Sergt. (First Grade) George Thomson, Det. Div., to Dist. Atty's. for 5 days; Patrol. J. C. Caspers, 39 Prect., to 5 Insp. Dist. for 10 days; to Det. Div.—E. E. Gompers and F. J. McCarron, 17 Prect.; Henry Sommers, 25 Prect., and M. J. Fitzgerald, 39 Prect., to Dist. Atty's. office for 5 days; John Dondero, 36 Prect., for 5 days; Matron Mary A. Sullivan, 13 Prect., to 6 Insp. Dist. for 10 days; Prob. Patrol. H. H. Marks, 29 Prect., to 12 Insp. Dist. for 10 days.

Discontinued: Patrol. from 26 Prect. to 28 Prect.—C. W. Carroll, Robert Boles, F. A. Embeck, E. F. Fay, E. C. Fleischer, Samuel Fein, O. W. Halstead, J. C. Downey, Jr., Forest Egbert, J. A. Cooney, Lawrence Collins.

Leaves of absence without pay: Patrol. Michael Imbriale, 149 Prect., 1 day; J. C. O'Neill, 172 Prect., 1 day; H. J. Ahr, 172 Prect., 3 days; C. E. Clancy, Health Squad, 1 day.

Application for full pay approved: Patrol. Hugo Mayer, 45 Prect., from Feb. 22 to April 18, while on sick report.

Appointed as Special Patrol.: J. E. McGloin, Court Attendant with City Magistrates' Courts, First Div.

Fire Department.

Death announced C. T Nolan, Eng. 201, at 514 55th St., B'klyn, on the 12th. Funeral on the 16th; members of Eng. 201 as funeral escort.

Revocation of temporary detail: C. H. Thompson, Eng. 251, to Eng. 232, for watch duty while on sick report.

Suspension from duty: J. F. Mooney, (No. 2,) H. & L. 44.

Revocation of detail as Auditing Committee: Lieut. Peter Leyden, Eng. 220; Lieut. Harry Schoener, Eng. 15.

These companies will report at Company School, Headquarters, on time and date specified:

		10 A. M.	1 P. M.
Monday	May 18	Engine 31	Engine 210
Tuesday	May 19	Engine 43	Engine 235
Wednesday	May 20	Engine 58	Engine 206
Thursday	May 21	Engine 72	Engine 209
Friday	May 22	H. & L. 20	H. & L. 120
Saturday	May 23	H. & L. 28	H. & L. 137

EDUCATION NOTES.

A written examination of men and women applicants for license as teacher of proofreading in the evening high schools will be conducted at the Board of Education Hall on May 18, beginning at 9 A. M. Candidates may be called later for oral and practical tests. The evening high school sessions are conducted on four evenings a week for thirty weeks or less. The remuneration for regular teachers has heretofore been $5 an evening.

Permission was granted yesterday to Maria P. Mendes, a teacher in Public School 110, Manhattan, to absent herself from school duty on June 3 for the purpose of receiving a scholastic degree.

The Board of Education yesterday confirmed the action of the local School Board of District 32 in finding Frederick E. Goddard, a teacher in Public School 167, Brooklyn, guilty of the charge of violating the bylaws prohibiting corporal punishment and in determining that he be reprimanded.

The nominations by the Board of Superintendents of District Superintendents John Dwyer and Henry W. Jameson to succeed themselves were referred by the Board of Education yesterday to its Committee on Nominations. Their terms of office expire respectively on June 30 and July 7.

The Board of Education yesterday authorized the establishment of a continuation class in Public School 41, Manhattan, to be in session on each school day from 8:30 to 10 A. M.

Mabel G. White received a temporary appointment yesterday as a library assistant in the City Superintendent's office.

Appropriate resolutions were adopted by the Board of Education yesterday with regard to the death on April 29 of Franklin A. Green, Deputy Superintendent of School Buildings.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

BROWNING, WILLIS, (Mar. 10;) about $70,000 personalty; $500 to J. Armistead Lewis, nephew; residue in equal shares to John A. and George L. Browning, brothers, and Bessie L. Browning, sister.

JAY, HARRIETTE ARNOLD, (May 8;) more than $10,000 personalty in equal shares to John C. Jay, husband; John C. Jay, Jr., son, and Edith Van Cortlandt Jay, daughter.

LANDAU, JACOB MAXIM, (May 9;) less than $1,000 personalty in uncomputed amounts to Selma E. Landau, wife, and Beatrice J. Landau, daughter.

MacARTHUR, ELIZABETH, (May 3;) about $14,000 personalty in equal shares to Rita M. Dougherty and Betsy J. MacArthur, daughters.

MATHEWS, KATHERINE L. P., (May 4;) more than $10,000 personalty; $1,000 to Elizabeth R. Edwards, niece; uncomputed amount to Louise C. de Barros, friend; personal effects and one-third of residuary estate each to James F. and Edward N. Mathews, sons; personal effects and life int. in one-third of residuary estate to Theresa E. P. Mathews O'Brien.

MURPHY, HENRY J., (Apr. 12;) $36,000 realty and $19,000 personalty; $18,996 each to Joseph F. and John H. Murphy, sons; $18,000 to Rose Anna Murphy, daughter.

OPPENHEIMER, SARAH, (May 2;) $14,000 personalty; $4,500 each to Jacob Oppenheimer, son, and Florence Ermoloff and Rose Littenberg, daughters; $125 each to Leona Oppenheimer and Dorothy Littenberg, granddaughters; $1 to Moses Oppenheimer, husband.

SHANLEY, ANGELINA, (Apr. 1;) about $2,000 realty and personalty of unknown value; $150 to Ann Shanley, aunt; residue in equal shares to Anna Augusta O'Brien and Mary M. Magner, sisters.

TAYLOR, HELEN C., (Mar. 21;) estate of uncomputed value to Frances Louisa Taylor, sister.

WILSON, MARY E., (May 7;) $17,500 personalty; $7,000 to Edmund S. Geer, nephew; $2,000 each to Ethel Foster and Lizzie Kobbe, nieces; $1,000 each to Daisy Dowd, Helen De Bost, and Elberta Sands, nieces; $500 each to Charles De Bost, nephew, and Florence K. Geer, Ella E. Geer, Marguerite Moore, and Alice Richard, nieces; $250 each to Francis Manning, Frieda Brandshetten, Amelia E. Skiltin, Anna B. Smith, and Charles Major; $50 to Thomas J. Geer, nephew; $25 each to Carl Williams, nephew, and Winthrop Moore.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES

Where addresses are omitted they may be obtained from the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Washington, D. C., and at the branch offices, 315 Customhouse, by giving the number of the item referred to.

13,066. WALNUT OIL.—A foreign Consular officer located in an American city has an inquiry from a European concern for the names of Am. mfrs. of walnut oil.

13,067. LADIES' GOODS OF ALL KINDS.—A department store in a European city desires to be placed in communication with American houses exporting ladies' goods of all kinds.

13,068. IRON, BRASS, COPPER, AND LEAD.—The leading importers and distributers of heavy hardware in an important centre of the Near East are in the market for iron rods, bars, plates, sheets, and beams, galvanized and corrugated iron, cast and wrought iron pipes, brass and copper in sheets, and lead ingots.

13,069. MEDIUM-PRICED AMERICAN AUTOMOBILES.—A European representative of a high-grade American-made automobile, who has recently made sales of a number of these cars, believes that he can carry an agency for the whole country of a small, low-priced, medium-powered American automobile of the two-seated runabout and small tonneau types, if the same can be laid down and still give him a reasonable profit when sold at $1,400 to $1,500. He would be pleased to hear from manufacturers of such machines, with catalogues, prices, and details regarding the establishment of an agency.

13,070. DEPARTMENT STORE SUPPLIES.—A company about to open department stores in European cities desires to be put in communication with American mfrs of all kinds of goods handled by department stores, including household goods, clothing, shoes, foods, drugs, jewelry, clocks, watches, leather goods, &c.

13,071. ACETATE OF CHALK AND COTTON.—A firm manufacturing chemical products and consuming considerable quantities of acetate of chalk, and cotton, used in the manufacture of guncotton, wishes quotations from American exporters on 800 tons of acetate of chalk and equally important quantities of cotton.

13,072. MACHINERY FOR MAKING TOOTHPICKS.—A business man in Canada is contemplating the manufacture of toothpicks and would be glad to receive any information relative to the necessary machinery for this industry.

13,073. SAWMILL AND WOODWORKING MACHINERY.—A commercial correspondent of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce has forwarded a report regarding the use of American sawmill and woodworking machinery in the Philippine Islands. Accompanying the report are the names of holders of concessions and timber licenses who are operating sawmills and using modern logging equipment, dealers in machinery, and statements from some of these dealers regarding their plans for the purchase of additional equipment, &c.

13,074. MACHINE TOOLS, LIFTING APPARATUS, AND AIR COMPRESSORS.—A dealer in machinery, boilers, turbines, excavating apparatus, and tools would be glad to communicate with American mfrs of machine tools, wood or metal mechanical lifting apparatus, and air compressors desiring a general agent in France.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..4:47|Sun sets..7:09|Moon rises..12:00

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	11:26	11:33	5:08	5:20
Governors Island	11:48	11:56	5:43	5:56
Hell Gate	1:38	1:46	7:18	7:31

Arrived—Wednesday, May 13.

SS Uranium, Rotterdam, April 30.
SS Paloma, Nuevitas, May 8.
SS Stephano, St. Johns, May 8.
SS Saratoga, Havana, May 10.
SS Nicholas Cuneo, Port Antonio, May 8.
SS Farmand, St. Johns, May 7.
SS Iowan, Baltimore, May 10.
SS Lena, Guantanamo, April 26.
SS El Rio, Galveston, May 7.
SS Apache, Jacksonville, May 11.
SS Iroquois, London, April 27.
SS Verona, Port Antonio, May 6.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.		
New York	Southampton	May 6
Regina d'Italia	Naples	April 29
Thessalonika	Patras	April 27
Koenig Albert	Genoa	April 30
Caracas	La Guayra	May 2
Ancon	Cristobal	May 7
Metapan	Kingston	May 9
Advance	Cristobal	May 7
Arapahoe	Jacksonville	May 11
Proteus	New Orleans	May 9
DUE TO-MORROW.		
Lusitania	Liverpool	May 9
Caserta	Palermo	May 2
Ancona	Palermo	May 2
Perugia	Palermo	May 1
San Giovanni	Naples	April 27
Exeter City	Swansea	April 30
Dortmund	Hamburg	April 30
El Siglo	Galveston	May 9
City of St. Louis	Savannah	May 12
DUE SATURDAY.		
Provence	Havre	May 9
Cedric	Liverpool	May 7
Kaiser Franz Josef I.	Algiers	May 6
Frederik VIII	Copenhagen	May 4
Laconia	Naples	May 5
Nickerie	Trinidad	May 9
Alamo	Galveston	May 9
Lenape	Jacksonville	May 13
Texas	New Orleans	May 9

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Graecia, Inagua	1:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
Adriatic, Southampton	——	12:00 M.
Pennsylvania, Hamburg	——	3:00 P.M.
Vera, Port Antonio	——	10:00 A.M.
City of Columbus, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Massapequa, Arroyo	——	12:00 M.
El Sud, Galveston	——	12:00 M.
SAIL TO-MORROW.		
St. Paul, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Prins der Nederlanden, Haiti	1:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Guantanamo, Nassau	——	3:00 P.M.
Oscar II., Christiansand	——	2:00 P.M.
SAIL SATURDAY.		
Imperator, Hamburg	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Caribbean, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Carolina, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tenadores, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Saratoga, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Prinz Eitel Friedrich, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Strathroy, Rio Janeiro	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Tennyson, Bahia	11:00 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Advance, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Saramacca, Belize	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Gregory, Para	——	3:00 P.M.
Honorius, Argentina	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
George Washington, Bremen	——	1:00 A.M.
Finland, Antwerp	——	10:00 A.M.
Columbia, Glasgow	——	12:00 M.
Patria, Naples	——	3:00 P.M.
Europa, Naples	——	11:00 A.M.
Minnehaha, London	——	10:30 A.M.
Yaguez, San Juan	——	12:00 M.
Santa Clara, Havana	——	12:00 M.
Concho, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Comal, Tampa	——	1:00 P.M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Momus, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.
El Occidente, Galveston	——	12:00 M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., MAY 13.

SS Lusitania, Liverpool to New York, was 930 miles E. at noon; due 15th, forenoon. Cunard Line.

SS Frederik VIII., Copenhagen to New York, was 970 miles E. at noon; due 16th, forenoon. Scandinavian-American Line.

SS Ancona, Naples to New York, was 762 miles E. at 8 A. M.; due 15th, forenoon. Italian Line.

SS Caserta, Genoa to New York, was 551 miles E. at noon; due 15th, forenoon.

SS Wotan, Hamburg to New York, was 560 miles E. at noon.

LIZARD, ENGLAND.

SS St. Louis, New York for Southampton, was 330 miles W. at 6:30 P. M.; due Plymouth 14th, afternoon. American Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Creole, New Orleans to New York, was 40 miles S. E. of South Pass at 7 P. M.

SS Radiant, Port Arthur to New York, was 285 miles E. of Sabine Bar at 8 A. M.

SS Caracas, San Juan to New York, was 75 miles S. at 8 P. M.

SS Lenape, Jacksonville to New York, was off St. John's Bar at 7 P. M.

SS Advance, Cristobal to New York, was 148 miles S. at noon.

SS Ancon, Cristobal to New York, was 260 miles S. at 7 A. M.

SS Proteus, New Orleans to New York, was 253 miles S. at noon.

SS John D. Archbold, New Orleans to New York, was 54 miles S. of Jupiter at noon.

SS Arapahoe, Jacksonville to New York, was 197 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS City of St. Louis, Savannah to New York, was 440 miles S. at noon.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 5 P. M. May 14, SS St. Paul.

Germany—Close at 5 P. M. May 15, SS Imperator, and at 5 P. M. May 18, SS Kronprinzessin Cecilie.

France—Close at 5 P. M. May 14, SS St. Paul.

Austria—Close at 9:30 A. M. May 19, SS Carpathia.

Belgium—Close at 5 P. M. May 15, SS Finland.

Greece—Close at 5 P. M. May 15, SS Pisa, and at 12 M. May 19, SS Thessaloniki.

Hungary—Close at 9:30 A. M. May 19, SS Carpathia.

Netherlands—Close at 5 P. M. May 18, SS Ryndam.

Sweden and Denmark—Close at 11:30 A. M. May 15, SS Oscar II.

Norway—Close at 11:30 A. M. May 15, SS Oscar II.

Italy—Close at 11:30 A. M. May 19, SS Hamburg.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.

Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Awa Maru	May 14
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Monteagle	May 15
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Matsonia	May 15
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Sierra	May 21
Tahiti, Margrusas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) via San Francisco—Moana	May 22

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS France, at Havre, May 12.
SS Campania, at Liverpool, May 13.
SS Reichenbach, at Sourabaya, May 11.
SS Mississippi, at Havre, May 12.
SS Hellig Olav, at Christiansand, May 12.
SS Kursk, at Rotterdam, May 12.
SS River Orontes, at Constantinople, May 11.
SS Wapello, at Dublin, May 12.
SS Bristol City, at Bristol, May 13.
SS Katuna, at Suez, May 13.
SS Irish Monarch, at Rio Janeiro, May 13.
SS Dorothy, at Talcahuano, May 13.
SS Howick Hall, at Bahia Blanca, May 13.

Sailed.

SS Celtic, from Naples, May 12.
SS Oceanic, from Southampton, May 13.
SS Thespis, from Rio Janeiro, May 12.
SS Woglinde, from St. Vincent, C. V., May 9.
SS Gunther, from Barbados, May 11.
SS Aidan, from Barbados, May 11.
SS Inca, from Huelva, May 11.
SS Louisiane, from Bordeaux, May 11.
SS Ashtabula, from Belfast, May 12.
SS Kansas City, from Swansea, May 12.
SS Dryden, from Trinidad, May 11.
SS Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, from Bremen, May 13.
SS Ultonia, from Gibraltar, May 13.

Passed.

SS St. Egbert, New York for Shanghai, passed Sagres.
SS Manhattan, New York for Antwerp, passed Lizard.
SS El Cordoba, New York for Montevideo, passed Pernambuco.
SS Calabria, New York for Genoa, passed Sagres.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Army Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Lt. Col. G. H. Morgan, 11 Cav., as a member of the Army Retiring Board at Ft. Bliss, Tex.; Vice Col. C. A. P. Hatfield, 13 Cav., relieved.

Maj. J. J. Morrow, C. E., will transfer the First (Portland, Oreg.) District to Lt. Col. C. H. McKinstry, and repair to this city for temp. duty.

Orders Feb. 26 as to Capt. C. C. Burke, C. A. C., amended so as to assign him to 141 Co.

Capt. L. B. Moody, C. A. C., to 8 Co.

These 1st Lts. of C. A. C., upon relief from detail in the Ord. Dept., will proceed to Headquarters of Coast Defenses indicated after their names: E. McFarland, Eastern N. Y.; C. T. Harris, Jr., San Francisco, H. K. Rutherford, Portland; C. C. Sheppard and R. R. Nix, Boston, and J. L. Walsh, L. I. Sound.

Capt. J. H. Burns, Ord. Dept., (1st Lt. F. A.) to the 4 F. A., June 20.

Capt. W. J. McCaughey, Ord. Dept., (1st Lt. Inf.,) to 26 Inf., June 20.

1st Lt. F. W. McCormick, (2d Lt. Cav.,) to 3d Cav., June 20.

These officers of C. A. C. relieved from assignment to Cos. indicated after their names and to unassigned, June 20: 1st Lts. C. G. Mettler, 82 Co.; J. H. Pelot, 107 Co.; M. L. Brett, 113 Co.; R. H. Somers, 40 Co.; T. L. Coles, 83 Co., and J. B. Rose, 24 Co.; 2d Lts. R. S. Oberly, 112 Co., and R. N. Bodine, 29 Co.

Cos. B and G, Signal Corps, are designated as telegraph cos.

Maj. W. Chamberlaine, C. A. C., having reported to the Chief of Staff in this city April 29, is announced as on duty in the office of the Chief of Staff.

Leaves: Capt. L. S. Ryan, C. A. C., 7 days; 1st Lt. C. T. Smart, 9 Inf., rectg. officer, 10 days; Maj. A. Hamilton, C. A. C., 15 days; 2d Lt. E. V. Heidt, 9 Inf., 7 days ext'n.

Navy Orders.

Capt. H. F. Bryan, Nav. Intelligence, Navy Dept., May 18, to command the Kansas.

Capt. W. B. Fletcher, command the Kansas, May 19, to Navy War College, Newport.

Lt. G. K. Davis, Nav. Acad., June 8, to Nav. Sta. Samoa, sailing July 7.

Jr. Lt. S. L. Henderson, Nav. Sta., Samoa, to orders.

Prof. of Mathematics T. Johnson, Nav. Acad., to Navy Yard, N. Y.

Bosn. D. Wait, the Sonoma, to the Patapsco.

Bosn. J. Sperl, the Patapsco, to the Sonoma.

Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Tonopah, D-1, D-2, D-3, E-1, and E-2, at Norfolk; Stewart at Mazatlan; W. Va. at Guaymas; Yorktown at San Blas; Albany at Salina Cruz; Chattanooga at Manzanillo; Newport at New York; Wyoming at Hampton Roads; Jenkins at Galveston; Monaghan, Terry, Sterett, McCall, and Walke at Charleston.

Sailed—Monterey (chartered,) New Orleans for Vera Cruz; Denver, Salina Cruz for Mazatlan; Mayflower, New York Yard for Washington; Flusser, Preston, and Reid, Key West for Charleston; Mayrant and Uncas, Key West for New York Yard; Rocket, Norfolk for Annapolis and Indian Head; Mexico (chartered) Tampico for Tuxpan, and Nero, Tiburon, California, for Mazatlan.

The Isla de Luzon ordered placed in commission in reserve at the Navy Yard, New York.

The three tugs under construction at the Seattle Construction and Dry Dock Co. have been assigned the names Arapahoe, Mohave, and Tillamook.

The Brutus will leave Hampton Roads, Va., for Boston about the 14th, discharge and return to Hampton Roads.

The St. Louis has relieved the Intrepid as receiving ship at the Nav. Training Sta., San Francisco.

The Albany, Annapolis, Chattanooga, Cleveland, Denver, New Orleans, Raleigh, South Dakota, Vicksburg, W. Va., and Yorktown have been assigned to duty with the Pacific Fleet.

The flag of the Commander in Chief, Atl. Res. Fleet, has been transferred from the Wisconsin to the Alabama.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has ordered the following promotion tests for May 27:

Foreman of pavers, Grade 2, Bureau of Highways, Manhattan.

Foreman of mechanics, Grade 2, Department of Parks, Brooklyn and Queens.

Third grade chief inspector, Bureau of Highways, Queens.

Third grade foreman, Bureau of Highways, the Bronx.

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces for June 1 an open competitive examination for technical assistant in pharmacology, for men only, to fill vacancies in the Division of Pharmacology, Hygienic Laboratory, Public Health Service, at salaries ranging from $1,800 to $2,000 a year. The duties will consist of research work in pharmacology, including original investigations in the physiological assay of drugs and of the action of drugs by means of the electro-cardiograph. Applicants should have a reading knowledge of French and German. Competitors will not be assembled for examination, but will be rated on general education, scientific training, experience and fitness, and publications. An educational training, including a degree of Doctor of Medicine from an institution of recognized standing, and at least two years' subsequent experience in experimental pharmacology or physiology, such experience to have included the study, by means of experimental methods, of the action of drugs, are prerequisites. Applicants must have reached their twenty-fifth but not their fortieth birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the United States Civil Service Commission, Washington, D. C.

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NEXT SAILING *La Provence Wed., May 20
†FRANCE (New)....May 27 *LA PROVENCE....June 17
*LA LORRAINE....June 3 †FRANCE (New)....June 24
*LA SAVOIE....June 10 *LA SAVOIE....July 1
*Twin-screw steamer. †Quadruple-screw steamer.
SPECIAL SAILINGS FROM NEW YORK 3 P. M.
ONE CABIN (II.) AND THIRD CLASS Passengers Only.
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NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
London—Paris—Bremen
*George Washington....May 16
*Kronprinzessin Cecilie..May 19
†‡Barbarossa....May 21
*‖K. Wilhelm der Grosse..May 26
Bremen....May 28
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm..May 30
*Sails at 1 A. M. †Carries (II.) and (III.) cabin. ‖Carries no (I.) or (II.) cabin. ‡Bremen direct.
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Koenig Albert....May 27
Prinzess Irene....June 17
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Oceanic..May 23, noon | Oceanic.........June 13
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Adriatic........May 14 | Celtic.........May 28
Cedric..........May 21 | Baltic.........June 4
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Minnetonka...May 23, 9 AM Minnewaska..June 6
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SURROGATE NOTICES.

JACOBSEN, ANNA.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Anna Jacobsen, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, the office of De Forest Brothers, No. 30 Broad Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 17th day of May next. Dated New York, the 10th day of November, 1913. FREDERICK B. MORLOC, Executor. DE FOREST BROTHERS, Attorneys for [illegible], 30 Broad Street, New York City, N. Y.

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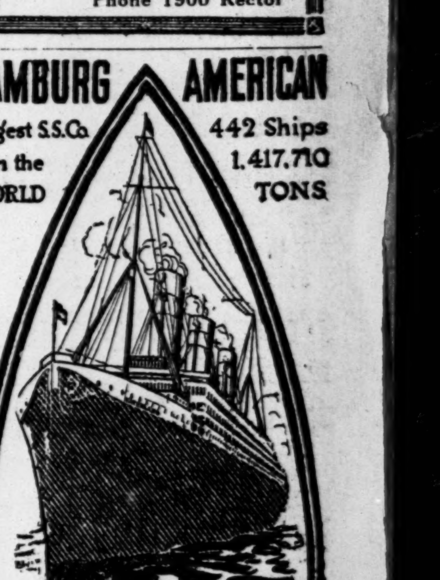

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Pres. Lincoln...... 21st, 9 A. M.
Amerika.......... 23rd, 10 A. M.
VATERLAND..... 26th, 10 A. M.
*¶§Batavia....... 28th, 3 P. M.
June Sailings
‡¶Graf Waldersee.. 4th, 2 P. M.
IMPERATOR..... 6th, 9 A. M.
Kais'n Aug. Vic... 9th, 11 A. M.
*‡¶Pretoria...... 11th, 3 P. M.
VATERLAND..... 16th, 11 A. M.
Pres. Grant....... 18th, 1 P. M.
‡¶Pennsylvania... 25th, 12 noon
IMPERATOR..... 27th, 12 noon
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S. S. Hamburg...June 30, 3 P. M.
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FACTION IN SENATE OPPOSING WARBURG

La Follette, Cummins, Borah, and Others Object to Putting Him on Reserve Board.

CITE HIS BANK CONNECTIONS

President Determined Upon Selection, and New York Man Likely to be Confirmed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—There were indications to-day of opposition in the Senate to the appointment of Paul M. Warburg of New York and Harry A. Wheeler of Chicago as members of the Federal Reserve Board. While Mr. Warburg has accepted the tender of a place on the board, it is said that Mr. Wheeler has not yet notified the President that he will serve. It is not believed that the President will change his mind with reference to Mr. Warburg, and while serious opposition is expected, it is thought that when Mr. Warburg's name is sent to the Senate confirmation will not be withheld.

Mr. Warburg's confirmation will be opposed by Republications like Mr. La Follette of Wisconsin, Mr. Cummins of Iowa, Mr. Bristow of Kansas, and Mr. Clapp of Minnesota, as well as by several Democrats. The objection is advanced by these Senators that Mr. Warburg has been one of the strongest possible advocates of a single central bank and that he is out of sympathy with the regional bank idea.

The real cause of the opposition, however, is that Mr. Warburg is connected with the Wall Street firm of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., with particular regard to his part in the Chicago & Alton transfer. Senators who are opposing Mr. Warburg say the new banking law was not designated simply to affect J. Pierpont Morgan & Co., and that the presence of Mr. Warburg on the Federal Reserve Board would simply open the chance for the ascendancy of another group of financiers in the control of the money and credits of the country. They further argue that it would be just as suitable for the President to appoint Mr. Morgan to the Federal Reserve Board, and that the selection of Mr. Warburg is a distinction without a difference.

The opponents of Mr. Warburg also say he is actively connected with the Hamburg banking house of Max Warburg & Co., and that while under the terms of the law the great banking houses of the United States are not supposed to have a direct hand in the direction of the new banking system, the appointment of Mr. Warburg would give one of the powerful banking houses of Europe an unfair advantage. A further objection is that Mr. Warburg has not been a citizen of the United States long enough to entitle him to such an important post.

Ordinarily Senator Borah of Idaho is considered a conservative leader among the Progressive Republicans, but lately he has taken a decidedly radical stand on various questions, and he opposes Mr. Warburg. On the other hand, Senator Weeks of Massachusetts, a Conservative Republican, who won the Administration's gratitude by voting for the Currency bill, speaks highly of Mr Warburg.

President Wilson has a high regard for Mr. Warburg. This is taken as surety that the President will not yield to opposition and change his mind about the appointment. And the President's insistence is certain to carry along the majority of the Democratic Senators. These with the Republicans represented by Mr. Weeks would practically assure ultimate confirmation.

DISSOLVED BY COURT.

These Companies Had Failed to Pay Franchise Taxes to the State.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 13.—For default in the payment of franchise taxes to the State, Supreme Court Justice William P. Rudd has granted an application by Attorney General Carmody dissolving the McCormack Real Estate Company, the One-Fifty-Five Amity Street Company, and the New York and Lackawanna Securities Company, all doing a real estate business in New York City. Receivers will be appointed for all three concerns if an examination should show that they have any assets.

Justice Rudd appointed William Seward Shanahan of this city receiver for the Aaronson Real Estate Company of Brooklyn, dissolved on the same ground.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 18,859.—UNITED STATES DISTRICT Court for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of PAUL NITKE, doing business as P. NITKE & SON, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Paul Nitke, bankrupt, has filed with me his petition, verified May 8, 1914, praying that the composition heretofore offered by him to his creditors and accepted in writing by a majority in number of creditors whose claims have been allowed, which number represents a majority in amount of such claims, may be confirmed by the Court, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Honorable District Judges at the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, May 25, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, May 13, 1914.

NO. 19,130.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of THE KIMBERLY CO., a New York Corporation, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 19th day of March, A. D. 1914, the said above-named bankrupt was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 67 Wall Street, City and County of New York, on the 26th day of May, A. D. 1914, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
May 12th, 1914. Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN District of New York.—16,497.—LILLIAN B. BURNHAM, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Lillian B. Burnham, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated June 25th, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 15th, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, May 12th, 1914.

NO. 19,681.—UNITED STATES DISTRICT Court for the Southern District of New York.—EDWARD J. REYNOLDS, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Edward J. Reynolds, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated May 7, 1914, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 15, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, May 13, 1914.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—No. 10,448.—CLAUDE F. CLENDENIN, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Claude F. Glendenin, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated April 24th, 1913, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 15th, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, May 12th, 1914.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Circuit Court of Appeals.

Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Rogers, JJ.—At 10:30 A. M.

Actiesels Kabet Ingrid<Cent RR of NJ.
USA<13 Crates Eggs.
Armour & Co<USA.
In re Blye.
In re Ironclad Mfg.
Univ Tobacco Mach<Borgfeldt.
Benner Line<Pendleton.
Am Ag Chem Co<Tug F E Richards.
Yunghouss<USA.
Durand<Howard.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M.—Admiralty.

Marine Water Co<Tug C Gallagher.
Stevenson<Lighter J W Wanson.
Saville<Yacht Osceola
Crescent Sand<SS Thames.
Penn R R<Tug Resolute.
O'Rourke<Pattison & Bowne.
No Am Wreck Co<Tug R B Little.
No & E River Term Co<Tug Bridgeton.

Eastern District.

COMMON LAW CALENDAR—Chatfield, J.—At 10 A. M.

Springer<Thompson.
At 10:30 A. M.
On trial<Mariotti<Davis.
Ciecla<Penn R R.
Szarke<Mallory Line.
Sherman<Phila & Rdg Ry.
Kaupis<Jamison, &c.
Olsen<New Eng SS Co

MOTION CALENDAR—Chatfield, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Piel<Martin-Evans.
Lovell-McConnell Mfg Co<Oriental Rub.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

DAY CALENDAR.

Post<Thomas.
Radki<NY C RR.
Muck<Hitchcock.
Russel<Ernest Lunch.
Kelsey Nursery<Fox.
Tess<Erie RR.
Hallberg<NY C RR.
Stevens<Coolidge.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Ingraham, Laughlin, Scott, and Dowling, JJ.—Enumerated motions.

Bolognino<Shotland.
Sultan of Turkey<Tiryakian.
Reich<Cochran.
Leopold<Hotel Shelburne.
Campbell<McNulty Br
Guilford<Backer Con.
Wann<Hoppenstedt.
Brush<NY, NH RR.
O'Neill<CNY.
Ettar Rty Co<Cohen.
Duncan<Duncan.
Dessar<Hirsch.
Whittemore<Equit Tr
Copland-Raymond<Gottfried.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Blanchard, J. Litigated motions.

Content<White.
People ex rel Farrelly<Whittle.
Steele<Keller.
Ulrich<Whitney.
PresbyTrustees<Westminster Presby Ch.
Otis Lith<Bryan.
Schilling<Schiffer.
Irvine<Todd.
Panny<Heide.
Goelet<Shoninger Br.
Turnbull<Blei.
Sullivan<Jennings.
Kahn<Mahler.
Caldero<Kammstein.
Von Drann<Reinhardt
Roberts<L I R R.
Haiti Co<W R Grace & Co.
Same<Caribbean Con.
Hill<Cooley.
Herrmann<Queens L & T.
People ex rel Home Bu<Bell.
Beadleston & Woerz<Howell Milk.
In re Smith.
People ex rel Kenahan<Whittle.
Goldsmith<Van Zimmerman.
Chandler<Chandler.
Met Life<Heinze.
T Gill Soap<Johnson Chem.
Harvath<Harvath.
Hart<Hart.
Marrane<Burton Br.
Tilzer<Tilzer.
O'Brien<Barnet Leath
Hartstein<Hartstein.
Nat Print & Eng Co<Eaton.
Sheridan<Stapleton.
De Carvalho<Brunner.
Rosenthal<Brower.
Traunstein<Britt.
F & D Co<Uppercu.
Yawger<Col Trust.
Turley<Delehanty.
Matter of Haag.
Van Tuyl<Schwab.
In re Sound View L
Buchanan<Buchanan.
Farmers L & T<Osborn.
In re Kennedy, (Mealla.)
In re Kupfer.
Young<White.
Ladd<Un Royalties.
Roland<Roland.
Un Distillers<Nicolay.
Rauch<Lustig.
Von Drann<Nathan.
Bernick<I M Marine.
Miller<Shein.
Rafter<Piser.
Kraus Baum Co<Housman.
Batan<Bilbao.
Richards<Rabin.
In re Logan Tailor'g.
Maller<Felix.
Anderson<Davis.
Koerner<Saglimbene.
In re Freedman, (Flagler.)
Lowenstein<Koen.
CNY<H G Simmons.
People<Brown, (Kirshanbaum.)
Same<Miller, (same.)
Levy<Levy.

PART II.—Lehman, J.—Ex parte business, at 10:30 A. M.

PART III.—Page, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

Motions:
<In re Eastern Bvd.
In re Curtin.
Met Tr Co<Stallo.
Palen<Palen's Sons.
Sampson<Sampson.
W'minster Presby<Presby trustees.
Piesen<Mitchell.
Same<same.
Tachterman<Tach'man
Preferred causes:
Hancox<Hancox.
Levy<Wolfe.
Same<same.
Landsman<CNY.
General calendar:
Jarmulowsky<Initial Rlty.
Ashley<Excel Sav Bk.
Rieser<CNY.
Neil<Rosenthal.
Blohm<Blohm.
Flatow Flinn Co<Am Motor Truck Co.
Carden Rlty<Siviglia.
Fried<Fried.
Weidhorn<Rieger.
Herbst<Herbst.
Dodge<Dodge.
Tailer<Field.
Magonigle<Magonigle.
Post & McCord<CNY.
Winship<Winship.
Weiss<Weiss.
Rosenbaum<R'nbaum.
Ebner<Moltz Trim'g.
Hochstim<Sonntag.
Berger<Rothman.
Un Bk of Bklyn<London.
Kerr<Kerr.
Hyman<Hyman.
Levinson Wreck Co<Brand.
Alvord<Alvord.
Olnick<Johnson.
Lazzaro<Lazzaro.
Fee Simple<Middleton R Co.
Hein<Bankers Rlty.
Pittman<Doyle.
Klein<Senft.
Greck Currant Co<Jackson.
Case on.

PART IV.—Ford, J.—Case on; Part V., Erlanger, J.—Case on. Part VII.—Philbin, J.—Case on.

Trial Terms.

PART II.—Cohalan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on. Anderson<Anderson. No day calendar.

PART III.—Newburger, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Gershinoff<3d Av Ry.
Saccento<De Vito.
Same<same.
Roth<Jefferies.
Verschleisser<Versch
Same<same.
Allen<Conn.
Kutsch<Brower.
Crammus<West.
Jones<CNY.
Jennings<Thomas & Buchley Hoist Co.
Holzband<I R T.
Egan<W'chester ElRR
Futerman<Ky Ref'g Co
Clark<42 St & Man & S N Ry.
Giannattasio<Trapani
Cohen<B H R R.
Case on.

PART IV.—Delany, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Cauley<Bradley Con.
Benz Auto Impt<Froelich.
Bennett<Lloyd Mfg.
Schnabel<Weinrib.
De Forest<Int R T.
Calpan<Pitts Con.
Hayes<South Pacific.
Hartag<Belmar Rlty.
Nowotny<Livingston Radiator.
Doyle<Hay Foundry.
Murphy<N Eng SS.
Case on.

PART V.—Weeks, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Schneider<Bennett.
Cummings<Keyst Con.
Kugelman<Globe Com.
Fogel<NY Rys.
Heath<same.
Goldwater<G'wich Bk.
Dornstreich<Carpenter Vehicle.
Pluemache<Levy.
Case on.

PART VI.—Platzek, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Weiss<Frank.
Arenson<CNY.
Same<same.
David<Simonson.
Butler<West St RR.
Levine<Miller.
Snyder<Richardson.
Wrenn<Larson.
Seidman<NY Con RR.
Murtha<Deimel.
Case on.

PART VII.—Adjourned until May 18.

PART VIII.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Oleynek<Lesser.
Nicholas<Weill.
M Holstein<Steeplechase.
J. Holstein<Same.
Lovell<Smith Con. Co.
Case on.

PART IX.—Hendrick, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Vander Hoop<Th, Jr.
Wine<Bear Lithia S.
Wald<Lifshutz.
Wold<same.
Howard<Margulies.
Huk<Linch.
Case on.

PART X.—Adjourned until May 18.

PART XI.—Dugro, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on—Kessler<Bolstein. No day calendar.

PART XII.—Goff, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Vaughn<McCreery&Co.
Markey<CNY.
Nichols<Mall & Exp.
Dickson<Eschler.
Brooks<Roseff.
Massari<Cons Brew.
Tschudy<Hencken & Willenbrock Co.
Cohn<ChesebroughBdg
Case on.

PART XIII.—Adjourned until May 18.

PART XIV.—No day calendar.

PART XV.—Giegerich, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Regleblin<Jagerhub'r.
Hawk & Wetherbee<Parish.
CNY<Bush Term.
Rock Isl Butter<Rowland.
Cunningham<Bedell.
De Paszthorey<Cort.
Burger<Brown.
Katz<Katz.
Dunn<Wackes.

PART XVI.—Whitaker, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Higgins<Everards Bry
Farley<Fleischman.
Krauss & Co<Fulton Metal.
Lincoln<Franklin Hat
Saltzman<Schulze, Sr.
Keddie<Simpson.
1st Nat Bk of Highbridge<Hudson.
Elliott, Jr<Paine.
Schiller Supply<Con G
Standard Fuel Supply<Windley.
Roller<Simons.
Dundas<Bonwit Cost.
Milliken<NY Sav Bk.
Rountree<Mitchell.
Haney<Leh V Struct'l
Case on.

PART XVII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Inquest—Truesdale<Bellony.
Baseball Players' Frat<Boston Am League.
Klepsa<Lupinek.
Schliep<Perkins.
Karet<Goldstein.
Zak<Simpson.
Schipper<Levy.
Dittenhoefer<Long Acre, &c.
Case on.

PART XVIII.—Gavegan, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Queck-Berner<Inc Sec, &c.
Ill Sur<State Sav Bk.
Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS.—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.

Wils for probate:
Ellen F Evans,
MarinChobat,
Samuel A Lewis,
Lucine Monnat,
Albert Agnereo,
Michael F Keating,
Rose Kesslere,
Arthur Edmonds,
Howard S Waldo,
H Clay Glover,
Max Alexander,
Augustine Sackett,

TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.

Contested wills:
Jessie A Dorvall,
Bridget McDermott.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM.—Part I.—Lynch, J. Litigated motions—At 10 A. M.

Beck<Bonwit & Co.
Eberhardt<Glaser.
World Exam Wks<Abrahams.
Miller<Sulzbach.
Sidenberg<Berlin.
De Nattbeck<Cohen
Benjamin<Kurtz.
Fleischl<Polfiduk.
Currie<Mack.
Security B'k<Siegel.
Goldberg<Long.
Turco<Brad.
Picciotti<Durkin.
Eisen<Kuschenbaum.
Rusok<Harte.
Teig<Burzinsky.
Nowagroder<Harris.
Severin<Meisenholder.
Landesman<Weissner.
Appel<Diamond.
Newman<Gade Co.
Sidenberg<Berlin.
Karpman<Seley.
Mason<Price & Co.
Bernstein<Swinehart Tire.
Zadek<Webb.
Karpman<Seley.
Tirone<W & J Sloane.
Thedford-Eltz Coal<Schiralde.
Hamilton<F C Linde.
Woodhouse<F D Motor.
Schulman<Newman.
Chaddock & Co<Marks.
Vitaphone Co<Mallin.
Same<same.
Levins<Phillips.
Acker, Merrall & C<Graubarth.
Spitzer<Kessler.
Deuser<Adj't Rty.
Madam Estella, Inc<Goldman.
Woodman<West'n Ter
Garvey<Adams Exp.
Blatt<Only Skirt Co.
Friedman<Franklin F I.
Sidenberg<Berlin.
Goldfish<New Amstd Cas.
Silverbush<Prudential
Verder<Orange.
Kurz<Burnstein.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Schmuck, J.—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—McAvoy, J.—at 9:45 A. M.

Briemer<Graham.
Fierence<N Y Rys.
Best<NY Rys.
Herzog<Seeman.
Cummins<Hedden Con.
Friedman<Greenberg.
Emmet<Hauske.
Zimmerman<Harris.
Elle<Dinkelspiel.
Princeton Worsted Mills<Solomon.
Tschada<Union Ry.
Schimberg<NY Rys.
Williams<Schlesinger.
Konstankinovich<Ponroy.
Bauder<Herz.
Kramer<Schaffler.
Downey<Haupt.
McCarthy<Folsom.
Smith<Wilgrow Rlty.
Mesa<Borchardt.
Tablip<NY Rys.
Lorohan<NY Rys.
Bryant<Union Ry.
Zeitzer<Robertson.
Donlon<Kramer Con.
Oaklander<NY,NH RR
Mackenzie<Pelham Oper.
White<NYC RR.
Margolis<Holms.
Brown<NY Rys.
Fricke<Jacob.
Buchholz<Alstadter.
Ribakon<Lewis.
Diamond<Wales.
Price<NYC RR.
Shatko<NY Rys
Grady<Sniffin.
Cavanagh<Hoyt & De Mallie.
Goffi<Barrett.
Dillon<Jas Dempsey.
Case on.

PART II.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.

Augenblick<Johnson.
Frankel<Barman.
Cruikshank<Strassry.
Mathews<Spiegel.
US Met Prod<Bankers Bldg Bureau.
Katsikides<Ackes.
Weinberg'r<Andreinolo
Sandler<Mogilensky.
Swinehart Tire<Univ Motor T.
Bradley<Winant.
Catoggio<Capotosto.
Polaczek<Herbst.
Sochan<Silverman.
Meenan<Lafevre.
Irwin<Clearman.
Miller<Miller.
Roth<Ill Surety.
Lipschitz<Gen'l Accident, &c.
Wilkesbarre Rlty<Powell.
McCoy<929 Park Av.
Unger<Cohen.
Blatt<Only Skirt.
Gogel<Margulies.
Sikorska<O'Connor.
Natl Cash Reg<Oschron.
Galligan<Minsker Rty
Mason<Price.
Imp Motor Vehicle Co<Schwartz.
Ginsberg<Ginsberg.
Cronk<Monaton Rty Inv.
Newcomb<Avram.
Sturges<Wells & Newton.
Street Rys Adv Co<Morris Park Est.
Same<same.
Gerster<Rinaldo.
Case on.

PART III., O'Dwyer, J., case on; IV., Finelite, J., case on; V., Green, J., case on; VI., Ransom, J., case on; VII., Delehanty, J., case on; VIII., Smith, J., case on.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Blanchard, J.—White, Jr<Shotland—Neilson Olcott. Morse<Koran—Warren Leslie. Uppercus<Stephens—Alfred J Steckler, Jr. Duffy<Duffy—James A Farrell.

SUPREME COURT—Page, J.—Welch<Erie Basin Co—Ernest R Eckley.

SUPREME COURT—Lehman, J.—Plump<Wray—John H Ragan.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Blanchard, J.—Thomas W Strong<Abraham Lewis—Thomas Shiels.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Jenks, P. J.; Burr, Carr, Stapleton, Putnam, JJ.—Enumerated day calendar, at 1 P. M.

Summo<Snare & Tr'e.
Stillwell<Bateman
Schmidt<Brennan.
Spaczynski<Johnson.
Lewis<Clarke.
Berry<Lirban Co.
Curtin<Clarkson.
Lieb<Lowe.
Lehigh & Hudson Ry<Warwick.
Heinrich<First Nat Bk of Middlet'n.
And motion:
Munnich<Jaffe.
Faber<Greene.
Torrey<Day.
Comer<CI & B RR.
Eyclesheimer<Hunter.
Bandler<Hill.
Posin<W'burg S Bank.
Hulburt<Southerland.
Tisdale Lumber<Read Rlty.
Kennedy<Heckscher.
Vickers<Midtown Con.
People<Scharfstein.
People<Evans.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Manning, J.—Litigated motions.

Roche<C I & B RR.
Schepero<same.
Nicholas<same.
Elkin<same.
Piget<Nass El RR.
Sefker<B H RR.
Krueger<NY & Q C Ry
Gibson<same.
Dempsey<same.
Mulvaney<same.
Kane<same.
Taylor<same.
Sheedy<same.
Rideout<C RR of N J.
Seifter<Am Bond'g.
Jenkins<Malsky et al.
In re Crescent St (Nott Av.)
Starr<Starr.
Mogilewsky<Chaimowitz.
In re Peoples Tr Co (Case.)
Johnson<White.
Nixon<Nixon.
Forkes<Forkes.
Seller<McGregor.
Heepe<Landes et al.
Fehrenson<Fehrenson.
Judson<Edwards.
Stoller<Klein.
Bernhard<Bernhard & ano.
Faigle<Bockroth.
Busch<Gt Neck Shores
Dick Bros<Harmon.
Klein<Klein.
Steemworth<Steem'th.
In re Flatbush Av Ex
Fulton Art Studio<Kurland.
R Graves Co<Kaiser.
Slominsky<Wurster & Co.
Falk<Havemeyer et al
Hirshkowitz<Rosenkrantz.
Halfpenny<F & D Co.
Carolin<Am Sug Ref.
In re Kent St (Kahn.)
Bothwen<Bothwen.
Sookne<Sookne.
People<Criscuola.
Van Buskirk<Van Buskirk.
Oldham<Oldham.
Tim<Van Loan.
Matter of Grandview Av.
Matthews<Goldfarb.
Cooper<Gold.
E Bklyn Sav Bk<Lawes et al.

PART II.—Kapper, J.—Ex parte business, at 10 A. M.

PART III.—Trials.—Kelly, J.

Jensen<Jensen.
Rohde<Schm Oyster
Auer<Hab Bldg.
Heslin<Eagan.
Beach<Beach.
Sweeney<Sweeney.
Shillito<Shillito.
Marinelli<Horn.
Dietz<Dietz.
Hill<Hill.
Lamanno<Lamanno.
Rivello<Rivello.
Pfaus<Pfaus.
Dempsey<Dempsey.
Popkin<Connor.
Taber<Stevens.
Gross<Lohner.
Rapaglia<Rapaglia.
Imperato<Imperato.
Friedman<Friedman.
Salerno<Salerno.
Voorhies<Van Sicklen

Highest number reached, 1,063.

TRIAL TERM—Benedict, Kelly, Clark, Van Siclen, Jaycox, Scudder, JJ.

Vaughan<B H R R.
West<Namm & Son.
Douglass<Yellow Taxi
Wolf<Bradley Con.
Collins<B H RR.
Staudt<B H RR.
Hawkins<White Co.
Peach & Ano<Rlty A.
Furlong<Roberts et al.
McCloskey<Buckley & CNY.
Dubovitz<Nassau RR.
Hayes<B H R R.
Buono<Atl Steved'ng.
Rosenberg<B H R R.
Kresner<Dworetz et al
Boyson<BQ Co& S RR
Jones<B H R R.
Canavan<Hayes.
O'Grady<Sch'bel et al.
Bennett<N Y Rys Co.
Jaretzky<Gair Co.
Johnson<Bliss.
Wallace<Sutter.
Forrest<Straus.
Douglass<CNY.
Harris<Hurley et al.
Roome, Jr<C I B RR
Lent<Tilyou.
Topping<CNY.
Zeldin<Am Ice.
Bindner<Fox.
Apeler<B H R R.
Breese<Nassau RR.
Germann<B H RR.
Tyrrell<Grafton.
Patterson<CNY et al.
Hughes<N Y Con R R
Evans<Nassau RR.
Batchelor<Nassau RR.

These causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day:

Ambrosio<French Line
Epstein<Werbel et al.
Gaffney<N Y Con RR
Voorhees Grain Co<Rosbrock.
Milerk<Tartar Chem.
Piuntkosky<Harrington & Sons.
Riccardi<Transit Dev.
Speckman<Casselman et al.
Butler<CNY.
Strube<Int'l Motor.
Esmus<Voorhees et al.
Anderson<Meade & Co.
Hasson<Cioffi.
Menges, Jr<Edwards Car.
Allgoever<NY Rwys.
McGirr<Bradley Con.
Feldman<Autocar Sales et al.
Simons<Williams & Co
Doane<Beechnut Packing Co.
Smythe<Postal Tel.
Lorenzen<Edison El Ill
Schwalbach<Metra et al.
Polito<Franco-Parenty
Merriam<Hopper & an
Hyman<MacFarlane.
Hilton<O'Neill.
O'Brien<B, Q Co & S RR.
Sperano<Transit Dev.
Richie<Shepard & ano
Robertson Const Co<Clegg.
Zeeman<Seligman.
Eastern Brew Co<Symont
Beatty<Holbrook, Cabot & R.
Treuman<Rudd.
Johanson<Laske.
Seaman<Jamison et al
De Vito<O'Brien.
Klipfel<Nassau R R.
Bliss<B H R R.
Kenny<Oelkers.
Lastago<Remington Typewriter.
Tingle<Fix et al.
Seabott<Wanamaker.
Gotthelf<Ellanam Dress Form.
Skilinski<Goldstein.
Kory<C I & B R R.

Highest number reached, 3593.

Surrogate's Court.

DAY CALENDAR—Ketcham, S.—At 10 A. M.

Wills:
Charles Meyers,
Michael Hohner,
Henry Alexander,
Elizabeth Brown,
Maurice Hesse,
Margaret Houghland,
Charles Beemisch,
John Wille,
Patrick Farrelly,
Albert Smith.
Acctg. in estates:
Paul Buttner,
Ellen Hayes,
Martin Lynde,
Samuel Spier,
George Platt,
Charles Heintox,
A. Anderson,
Louis Boyes,
Susanna Espenschied,
Peter Tonier,
Nicholas Ryan,
Elizabeth Gordan,
Anna J. Heasty,
Thomas Cody,
Catherine Sullivan,
Philip Heist,
Diedrich Brunck,
James Lamont,
Caroline Marcial,
C. Schesmeisher,
James Chappe,
Fred Hasack,
Frank Preston,
Morris Buck.

CONTESTED CALENDAR—The will of Matilda Webb.

County Court.

CIVIL CALENDAR—Part IV.—Roy, J.—At 10 A. M.

Romanik<Lawronowicz.
Prohera<Amer Mfg.
Regan<Nas El RR.
Samuelson<C I & B R
Kelly<same.
Hopkins<Nas El RR.
Fasio<Cohen.
Heinrich<Von Borstel
Plaine<B H R R.
Heimberg<C I & B R.
Duggan<Nas El RR.

Reserved calendar marked ready and passed until Monday.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Garretson, J.—At 10 A. M.

Voegel<B, Q Co & S RR.
Murphy<NY & Q Ry.
[illegible]
[illegible] B'ky Co.
Schott<US Printing.
Fox<B H RR.
Gertal<Hartung.
Smith<NY & Q E L & P Co.
[illegible]<Pedersen.
[illegible]

These causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day:

Blumenthal<L I RR.
Cowen<Kilgallon.
Remlinger<Neptune Meter.
Tompkins<NY & Q Co Ry.
Murphy<Same.
Adamee<Hueg.
Cleary<Hueg.
Zimmer, as admx<N Y & Q Ry.
Reilly<Same.
Rossmann<Merkt & ano, (2 acts.)
Stubbings<NY Rys (2 actions.)
Holmes<B H RR.
Rooney<same.
Eengelhardt<Lake.

Highest number reached, 515.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Brady, J.—At 10 A. M.

Motion calendar:
Siconolfi<Beth H Hagodel.
Hinterhoff<Connor.
Farley<Guigliano.
Nelson<Metzler Bldg.
Mezebich<Hall.
Barnett<Holbrook, Cabot & R.
Kurtzka<Turnbull.

TRIAL TERM—Brady, J.

Case unfinished—Wasserman<Bronx H News.
Day calendar:
Mohr<Weilder.
Machles<Beyer.
Roode<Chester H Auto.
Roode<same.
Lerner<Katz.
Wilson<NY, NH RR.
Brounet<MBank Rty.
Williams<Bose.
Murphy<Cunard Line.
Schwartz<Cen Un Gas

SPECIAL TERM—Trials—Brady, J.—No day calendar.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—At 10 A. M. No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

CHAMBERS—Gibbs, J.—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Brady, J. The Hannis Distilling Co<John A. Devine—William J. McKeown. Anton Szilagye<Lillian Fox—William J. McKeown.

Referee Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Brady, J. Walgrave<Goldfarb & ano—Allen Caruthers.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

DAY CALENDAR.—Morschauser, Keogh, JJ. At 9:45 A. M.

Schoenmaker<Pitts Con.
McKibbon<Phila & R RR.
Willson<Vil of W Plains.
Carofano<Covino.
Winkler<Swakhamer.
Maher<Gantz.
Totaro<NY, NH RR.
Union Stove<Ruth Rty
Dunn<Stand Gas.
Edwards<NYC RR.
Arbutino<Pitts Con.
McLevy<NYC RR.
Dalisera<Hearn Con.
Fletcher<NY NH RR.

These causes if answered ready will be passed for the day:

Eddery<I R T.
Johnson<W St Ry.
Ranft<Eisele.
Milletto<NY, W & B Ry.
Obermeyer & Liebman<Weinberg.
Miller Milling<Fuch.
Falco<NY, NH RR.
Goodhart<Hasbrouck.
West Co Brew<McAndrews.
Bennett<Husted.
Sledzinski<Dunwoodie Country Club.
Ohl<Jobson-Gifford.
Mariotta<McMullen.
Grannis & Warley<Delfino.
Schorek<N Rochelle.
Tedford<Blaw Steel.
Whalen<NYC RR.
Stanley<Manhat Nav.
Kidd<Whitridge.
Hayes<Cedar.
Marcus<Powers Pict.
Ogrady<Rinehart & Dennis.
Weir<Port Chester.
Randall<Beach.
Dunn<NYC RR.
Buchanan<Redding.
Samela&NY & S Ry.
Farley<W Pl Argus.
Stehlin<City & Co Con
Larosa<C T Wille.
Tumino<same.
Harrison<Chester Hill Auto.
Wall<Yonkers RR.
Hoffman<same.
Becker<Chest H Auto.
Same<same.
Hyde<Garvey.
Croft<Peekskill Light.
Thompson<Herman.
Moll<Std O'cloth.

Highest number reached, 365.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JAMES H. WHITTAKER, Bankrupt.—No. 19,829.

To the creditors of James H. Whittaker of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 11th day of May, A. D. 1914, the said James H. Whittaker was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 26th day of May, A. D. 1914, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated May 13th, 1914.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of IGNATIUS BUCKMAN, Bankrupt.—No. 19,570.

To the creditors of Ignatius Buckman of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 22d day of April, A. D. 1914, the said Ignatius Buckman was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 20th day of May, A. D. 1914, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated May 13th, 1914.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT for the Southern District of New York.—No. 18,521.—BARNET WALDMAN, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Barnet Waldman, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated October 7th, 1913, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 15th, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, May 12th, 1914.

NO. 19,337.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—ADOLPH WERTHMANN, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Adolph Werthmann, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated April 8, 1914, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 15, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, May 12, 1914.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—No. 19,509.—SIMON RATKOWSKY, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Simon Ratkowsky, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated May 4th, 1914, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 15th, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, May 12th, 1914.

NO. 19,830.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of EDWARD WHITE, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Edward White of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 11th day of May, A. D. 1914, the said Edward White was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the frist meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 28th day of May, A. D. 1914, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
May 13, 1914. Referee in Bankruptcy.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of UNGAR & ZWEIBEL Bankrupt.—Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Thursday, May 14th, 1914, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 132 West 21st Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of woolens, silks, manufactured coats and suits, machinery, two motors, typewriter, safe, cutting machine, fixtures, etc.

CHARLES L. BROOKHEIM, Receiver.
SAMUEL S. BRESLIN, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York City.

Above sale adjourned until Monday, May 25th, 1914, at same time and place.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT. Southern District of New York.—In the matter of DAVID KAMSLER, Alleged Bankrupt.

Please take notice that personal property of the alleged bankrupt, consisting of machinery, office fixtures, safe; also millinery supplies, consisting of artificial flowers, feathers, &c., will be sold by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at the bankrupt's place of business, No. 648 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 1t4h day of May, 1914, at 10:30 A. M. on the 14th day of May, 1914, at 10:30 A. M.

HARRY ZALKIN, Assignee.
CHARLES L. GREENHALL, Attorney for Petitioning Creditors, 320 Broadway, New York City.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the Matter of INTERBOROUGH REALTY COMPANY, Bankrupt.—No. 18,380.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to orders of Honorable Peter B. Olney, Referee in Bankruptcy in charge of this case, the undersigned, William R. Willcox, Trustee in Bankruptcy of the Interborough Realty Company, Bankrupt above named, will sell at public auction by Joseph P. Day, Esq., Auctioneer, at the Exchange Sales Room, 14-16 Vesey Street, Manhattan Borough, New York City, on the 14th day of May, 1914, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, the following described real estate of the above-named bankrupt:

1. DESCRIPTION OF BOWNE TRACT—55.604 Acres.

All that certain plot, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the Third Ward of the Borough of Queens, City of New York, County of Queens and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point in the southerly line of Bayside Avenue, where the same is intersected by the easterly line of land now or late of Mark C. Meagher; thence running south seventy-one degrees, forty-eight minutes fifty seconds east, five hundred and seventy-seven and eighty-five one hundredths feet; thence south seventy-four degrees nine minutes east, three hundred and twenty-nine and sixty-five one-hundredths feet; thence south eighty-seven degrees ten minutes twenty seconds east, one hundred and ninety and seventy-three one-hundredths feet; thence south eighty-eight degrees fifty-seven minutes ten seconds east, one hundred and eighty-nine and seventy-seven one-hundredths feet; thence north eighty-eight degrees forty-two minutes fifty seconds east, two hundred and eighty-five and seventy-six one-hundredths feet; thence north sixty-eight degrees fifty-two minutes thirty seconds east, seven and two one-hundredths feet; thence north sixty-six degrees fourteen minutes fifty seconds east, six hundred and two and fifty-six one-hundredths feet; all along the southerly side of Bayside Avenue; thence along land now or late of Mitchell Estate, south eight degrees twenty-eight minutes fifteen seconds west, six hundred and eighty-seven and ninety-three one-hundredths feet; thence south five degrees forty-three minutes thirty seconds west, three hundred and ninety and ninety-one-hundredths feet; thence south eight degrees thirty-seven minutes fifteen seconds west, two hundred and forty-one and seventy-three one-hundredths feet; thence along land now or late of Samuel Meakin, south eight degrees eight minutes forty seconds west, four hundred and thirty and ninety-one hundredths feet; thence along land now or late of the estate of D. M. Hildreth, north fifty-six degrees thirteen minutes thirty seconds west, one hundred and four and ninety-four one-hundredths feet; thence north seventy degrees fifty-three minutes twenty seconds west, one hundred and one and forty-five one-hundredths feet; thence north eighty-five degrees three minutes west, twenty-one and ninety one-hundredths feet; thence south eighty-seven degrees fifty-four minutes fifty seconds west, thirty-two and eighty-two one-hundredths feet; thence north eighty-four degrees fifteen minutes twenty seconds west, sixty-four and eighty-four one-hundredths feet; thence north eighty-three degrees twenty-four minutes thirty seconds west, one hundred and thirty-two and thirty-one-hundredths feet; thence north six degrees eight minutes east, thirty-nine and sixty-three one-hundredths feet; thence north nine degrees forty seconds east, three hundred and seventeen and forty one-hundredths feet; thence north eighty-three degrees sixteen minutes west, two hundred and fifty-five and eighty-one one-hundredths feet; thence north eighty degrees fifty-seven minutes west, seventy-five and twelve one-hundredths feet; thence north eighty degrees three minutes forty seconds west, one hundred and forty-four and thirty-seven one-hundredths feet; thence north eighty degrees twenty-eight minutes forty seconds west, three hundred and thirty-six and seventy-two one-hundredths feet; thence south fifteen degrees twenty-one minutes ten seconds west, one hundred and eight and sixty-seven one-hundredths feet; thence along land now or late of Cord Meyer, north seventy-six degrees seventeen minutes west, nine hundred and twenty-seven and forty-one one-hundredths feet; thence along land now or late of Mark C. Meagher, north thirteen degrees forty-three minutes east, ten hundred and ninety-three and fifty-one-hundredths feet to the point or place of beginning, containing fifty-five and six hundred and four one-thousandths acres of land, be all the said several distances and dimensions more or less.

Subject, however, to a certain mortgage given to secure the principal sum of $65,000 and interest, and subject to unpaid interest on said mortgage, unpaid taxes and other liens upon said premises.

2. DESCRIPTION OF HANDLEY TRACT—94,501 Acres.

All that certain tract, piece or parcel of land, situate in the Third Ward, in the former Town of Flushing, now the Borough and County of Queens, City and State of New York, bounded and described as follows; to wit:

Beginning at the northeast corner thereof on the westerly side of the Highway leading from the Whitestone Ferry to the Plains at a locust tree about ninety feet south from gate leading to the dooryard now or late of George W. Thorne; running thence southerly along said highway until it comes to land now or formerly of Martin Rapelyea; thence westerly along said Rapelyea's land about one hundred and seventy-one feet; thence southerly, still along said Rapelyea's land about two hundred and eighty-nine feet to the highway leading from Little Bayside to the Village of Flushing; thence westerly, southwesterly and again westerly all along said highway and across Higgins Avenue, and again southwesterly along the cross road from the Turnpike to the North Road leading into Whitestone Road, until it comes to the highway from Flushing and the Whitestone Road to Little Neck Bay; running thence westerly along said last mentioned highway to the southwesterly corner of the premises hereby described; thence northerly by the middle of a stone foot wall adjoining land now or formerly of Henry W. Wickham until it comes to the said North Road leading into the Whitestone Road, which said North Road is now called Higgins Avenue aforesaid; thence northerly across Higgins Avenue; thence northwesterly, along said Higgins Avenue to land formerly of Dr. Green; thence northeasterly along said land formerly of Dr. Green about seven chains and twenty-six links to land formerly of Samuel Willets, afterwards of Edward W. Bradley; thence southeasterly along said Bradley's land about fifteen chains seventy-six links to the southeasterly corner of said Bradley's land; thence northeasterly along said Bradley's land and land of Gardiner G. Howland to land now or late of George W. Thorne, and thence southeasterly along a stone foot wall to the west side of the orchard; thence northeasterly by a slat fence through the orchard to an apple tree on the high bank of a small drain or creek; thence northeasterly along said bank to a stone foot wall about fifty feet northerly of the old stone bridge; thence southeasterly and easterly along said land now or late of said Thorne to the point or place of beginning. Containing ninety-five acres more or less.

Together with all the right, title, and interest of the party of the first part, of, in, and to the Roads, Highways, Lanes, Avenues or Streets, lying in front of and adjoining said premises to the centre lines thereof respectively.

EXCEPTING, HOWEVER, from the foregoing description the parcels of land bounded and described according to a map entitled, "Map of the Village of Whitestone in the Town of Flushing, showing the property street lines and grades as adopted by the Board of Trustees of the Village of Whitestone, pursuant to Chapter 199 of the Laws of 1869," and filed in the office of the Clerk of Queens County on August 3, 1870, as follows, to wit:

PARCEL 1. Beginning at a point in the centre line of Seventh Street, distant one hundred feet northwesterly from the corner formed by the centre line of Seventh Street with the northwesterly side of Fourteenth Avenue; running thence northwesterly along the centre line of Seventh Street one hundred feet; thence northeasterly, parallel with Fourteenth Avenue to the northeasterly line of land of Daniel Higgins, deceased; thence southeasterly along said northeasterly line of land of Daniel Higgins, deceased, to a point distant one hundred feet northwesterly from the northwesterly line or side of said Fourteenth Avenue on a line drawn at right angles thereto; thence southwesterly, parallel with said Fourteenth Avenue, to the centre line of said Seventh Street at the point or place of beginning.

Together also with the rights of access of owners of the above excepted parcel of land out to public highways.

PARCEL 2. Beginning at a point on the northwesterly side of Penn Street, distant fifty feet northeasterly from the corner formed by the intersection of the northeasterly side of Seventh Street with the northwesterly side of Penn Street; running thence northeasterly along said northwesterly side of Penn Street fifty feet; thence northwesterly and parallel with Seventh Street one hundred feet; thence southwesterly, parallel with Penn Street fifty feet; thence southeasterly and parallel with said Seventh Street one hundred feet to the point or place of beginning.

Together also with the rights of access of the owners of the above lastly excepted parcel of land out to public highways.

PARCEL 3. Beginning at a point on the northeasterly line or side of Sixth Street prolonged distant two hundred and seventy-five feet southeasterly from the southeasterly line or side of Fourteenth Avenue; running thence northeasterly and parallel with Fourteenth Avenue one hundred feet to the centre line of the block between Sixth Street prolonged and Seventh Street; thence southeasterly, parallel with said Sixth Street prolonged, one hundred feet; southwesterly and parallel with Fourteenth Avenue, one hundred feet to the northeasterly line or side of said Sixth Street prolonged, and thence northwesterly along the northeasterly line or side of said Sixth Street prolonged one hundred feet to the point or place of beginning.

Together also with the rights of access of the owners of the above lastly excepted parcel of land out to public highways.

PARCEL 4. Beginning at a point formed by the intersection of the northwesterly line or side of Fourteenth Avenue with the southwesterly line or side of Second Street; running thence southwesterly along the northwesterly line or side of said Fourteenth Avenue, seventy-five feet; thence northwesterly and parallel with Second Street, one hundred feet; thence northeasterly and parallel with Fourteenth Avenue seventy-five feet to the southwesterly line or side of Second Street, and thence southeasterly along the southwesterly line or side of Second Street, one hundred feet to the point or place of beginning.

Together also with the rights of access of the owners of the above lastly excepted parcel of land out to public highways.

PARCEL 5. Beginning at a point on the centre line of First Street, distant six hundred and five feet southeasterly from the centre line of Ninth Avenue; running thence southeasterly along the centre line of First Street, fifty feet; thence southwesterly, parallel with Ninth Avenue, to the old road leading to Bayside; thence northwesterly along said road to a point distant southeasterly in a direct line from the centre line of Ninth Avenue prolonged six hundred and five feet; thence northeasterly, parallel with Ninth Avenue to the centre line of First Street to the point or place of beginning.

Together also with the rights of access of the owners of the above lastly excepted parcel of land out to public highways.

Subject, however, to a certain mortgage given to secure the principal sum of $90,000 and interest, and subject to unpaid interest on said mortgage, unpaid taxes, and other liens upon said premises.

3. DESCRIPTION OF CARRAHER TRACT—7.92 Acres.

All that certain plot, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the Third Ward, Town of Flushing, City of New York, County of Queens and State of New York, known and distinguished on a map entitled, "Map of Property belonging to the estate of Maria Jane Boerum, deceased, situate in the Town of Flushing, Queens County, L. I., surveyed by Oscar Darling, January, 1867," and filed in the Clerk's office of Queens County on the 27th day of June, 1868, being the whole of plot number ten, and one-half of plot number seven on said map, and which, taken together, are bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point on the centre line of Boerum Avenue distant northerly from the centre line of King Street six hundred and ninety-five feet eleven inches; thence south eighty-eight degrees thirteen minutes east, five hundred and eight feet two inches to the westerly line of Murray Avenue or road leading from Whitestone to Flushing; thence north one degree ten minutes west, six hundred and eighty-eight feet four inches to the southwesterly corner of the road leading from Whitestone to Flushing and Bayside Avenue; thence along the southerly side of Bayside Avenue, north eighty-four degrees twenty-seven minutes west, four hundred and seventy-four feet nine inches to the intersection of the southerly side of Bayside Avenue with the centre line of Boerum Avenue; thence along the centre line of Boerum Avenue, south one degree forty-seven minutes west, seven hundred and eighteen feet ten inches to the point or place of beginning. Containing seven acres and ninety-two one-hundredths of an acre.

Subject, however, to a certain mortgage given to secure the principal sum of $22,000 and interest, and subject to unpaid interest on said mortgage, unpaid taxes and other liens upon said premises.

The Trustee reserves the right to reject all bids under 75% of the appraised value.

Dated, New York City, April 24th, 1914.

WILLIAM R. WILLCOX,
Trustee,
165 Broadway,
New York City.

DAVID B. SIMPSON, Attorney for Trustee, 165 Broadway, New York City.
PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy, 68 William Street, New York City.

TRUSTEES' NOTICE OF SALE.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITed States for the Middle Division of the Northern District of Alabama.—In the matter of ATLANTIC & GULF PORTLAND CEMENT CO., Bankrupt.—No. 143.—In Bankruptcy.

Under and by virtue of an order of sale made by the court in said proceeding February 5, 1914, the undersigned, as Trustees therein, will, on Wednesday, the 20th day of May, 1914, beginning at 12 o'clock noon, at the Third Avenue front door of the Jefferson County Court House, in Birmingham, Alabama, sell, subject to the confirmation of said court in said proceeding, upon the terms prescribed in said order of sale, all of the right, title, interest, and estate of said Atlantic & Gulf Portland Cement Company and of the Fidelity Trust Company, as Trustee under deed of trust recorded in the Probate Office of St. Clair County, Alabama, in Mortgage Record Book No. 45, Pages 123 *et seq.*, and in the Probate Office of Calhoun County, Alabama, in Book 135 of Mortgages, Page 14 *et seq.*, in and to the property described in said trust deed and all other assets and property of said bankrupt and of said estate in bankruptcy, both corporeal and incorporeal, and wheresoever situated, and of the business of the bankrupt and of said Trustees in bankruptcy as such—all as a going concern, as a whole and as an entirety, with the good-will, name, franchises, rights, privileges, easements, stocks, bonds, patents, licenses, copyrights, trade-marks, trade-names, and intangible property and assets of the bankrupt, including all contracts and bills, accounts, claims, and demands receivable of the receivers and of the Trustees in bankruptcy as they exist at the date of sale, except only cash or its equivalent on hand and in bank and in the mails upon the day of sale which is expressly exempt from the said sale.

No bid will be received or entertained unless the bidder shall have deposited with the said Trustees prior to the commencement of the sale $25,000.00, in cash or check, drawn or indorsed to the order of the Trustees, certified by responsible and reliable bank or trust company having a capital and surplus of at least $200,000.00, or bonds issued under said trust deed aggregating $62,500.00 face value.

W. S. LOVELL,
J. H. McQ. CARTER,
H. C. STILES,
Trustees in Bankruptcy of said Estate.

PERCY, BENNERS & BURR, TILLMAN, BRADLEY & MORROW, THOMAS J. WINGFIELD, J. T. STOKELY, Birmingham, Alabama.
GEORGE WHITELOCK, Baltimore, Md.;
FREDERICK M. LEONARD, Philadelphia, Pa., Counsel.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of NIAGARA WOOD WORKING COMPANY, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order of the Hon. Peter B. Olney, Referee in Bankruptcy, bearing date April 17th, 1914, and filed in the office of the said referee, the trustee herein, Thomas J. McCormack, by George W. Bennett, auctioneer, will sell at public auction at the mill of the bankrupt, in Middleport, on Friday, the 15th day of May, 1914, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, the entire plant of the bankrupt situated in the Town of Middleport, Niagara County, New York, twenty-five miles from Buffalo, as follows:

About three and one-half acres of land adjoining the New York Central Lines, with a two-hundred-yard spur track or siding.

A well-built two-story and cupola frame mill building, about 80 by 130 feet, located on the above land, together with a boiler building, shaving building, two lumber sheds, dry kiln, and a tank.

A complete equipment of machinery for the manufacture of sash, doors, and interior trim, and first-class boilers, engines, sprinkler system, and office furniture and fixtures.

A large amount of lumber and miscellaneous supplies on hand.

This property is free and clear of any taxes or other lien whatsoever, is ideally located, and must be seen to be appreciated.

All of the personal property, including the machinery, lumber, and fixtures, will be sold in lots, and the real estate and buildings in a separate lot; and thereafter the entire plant, including real estate, buildings, boilers, engines, machinery, furniture, and lumber on hand, will be put up and sold in one lot, the bid to be accepted, provided it exceeds the aggregate of the previous bids; all sales, however, to be made subject to the approval of the Court. Twenty-five per cent. of the bids to be paid down in cash.

This property may be seen by applying to W. B. Foster, at the plant at Middleport.

Dated New York, April 22d, 1914.

ARMSTRONG & KEITH,
Attorneys for Trustee, 40 Wall St., New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LAGCO, Inc., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day Thursday, May 14th, 1914, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 225 W. 39th S. Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of bi-metal household and cooking utensils, consisting of fry pans, casseroles, coffee pots, chafing dishes, shakers, punch bowls, creamers, percolators, and a full and complete line of household and cooking utensils made of metals, copper, &c., as well as raw material consisting of copper, copper wire, brass, brass sheetings, ebony handles, and other raw materials used in connection with the manufacture of bi-metal ware.

SAMUEL ABRAMSON, Receiver.
MYERS & GOLDSMITH, Attorneys for Receiver, 100 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of PINCUS SCHNEIDER, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, May 14th, 1914, by order of the court, at 2 P. M., at 99 Essex St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of cloaks, suits, piece goods, machines, safe, fixtures, &c.; also the receiver's right, title, and interest in and to the unexpired lease of above premises.

PAUL FINKELSTEIN, Receiver.
ARCHIBALD PALMER, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAM KRINSKY, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York, in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, May 19, 1914, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at Knickerbocker Storage Warehouse, 6 First Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of cloaks, suits, dresses, fixtures, &c. Inspection May 18th, from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

MAX LESSLER, Attorney for Petitioning Creditors, 320 Broadway, New York.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Loft Zone Buildings in $600,000 Deal—Mrs. Huntington Buys City Residence—Dyckman Flat in Trade—Good Bronx Market—Fine Estate at Madison Sold.

Two commercial buildings in the loft zone figured in a deal, announced yesterday, involving properties valued at about $600,000. The larger structure was the twelve-story building at 121 and 123 East Twenty-fourth Street, covering a plot 50 by 98.9 feet, between Fourth and Lexington Avenues. It was sold by A. L. Mordecai & Son to Ewald Mommer. The latter gave in part payment the nine-story loft at 40 and 42 East Nineteenth Street, on a plot 42.10 by 92, adjoining the American Lithographing Company's building, at the southwest corner of Fourth Avenue.

The Twenty-fourth Street building was erected in 1912 by the sellers, and has been held at $350,000. Johnson, Adams & Greacen were the brokers who negotiated the transaction.

Private Dwellings in Good Demand

That the demand for high-class private dwellings continues was shown by two important sales yesterday. On the east side, Mrs. Robert P. Huntington, grandmother of Mrs. Vincent Astor, purchased for her residence 42 East Eightieth Street, a four-story and basement house on a lot 23 by 80 feet.

The house adjoins the southeast corner of Madison Avenue, and was sold by Pease & Elliman for Mrs. Mary King.

On the west side, Edward Earl, Vice President of the Irving National Exchange Bank, as trustee for the estate of Col. William L. Brown, sold 42 West Seventy-second Street, a four-story and basement dwelling on a lot 25 by 102.2, located 200 feet east of Columbus Avenue. The buyer is a client of the law firm of Duer, Strong & Whitehead.

Dyckman Flat in Trade.

A deal in the Dyckman section has been closed by J. Arthur Fischer and the Dean Realty Company, who sold for the Vermilyea Realty Company, of which Charles Hensle is President, the five-story apartment at 152 Sherman Avenue, near Dyckman Street, containing suites for forty families. It was purchased by Dr. James Porter Fiske and Mrs. William Grant Brown, who gave in exchange several acres and a Colonial residence at Greenwich, Conn.

Recent Buyers.

Thompson Brothers, truckmen, are the buyers of the fourteen lots in West Harlem, sold last week by the Pinkney estate. Ten of the lots are on the south side of 142d Street, 275 feet east of Lenox Avenue, and are at present under lease to Thompson Brothers. The other four lots are on 144th and 145th Streets, 325 feet east of Lenox Avenue, fronting 50 feet on each thoroughfare.

Edwin C. Jameson, President of the Globe and Rutgers Fire Insurance Company, is the buyer of the former Dalley house at 9 East Sixty-ninth Street, sold last week by the Bowery Savings Bank. The old house will be demolished and a new structure erected by the buyer.

Bronx Sales.

William J. Gabel has sold for the Washington Trust Company as committee of the property of Annie B. Guigues, two lots on Crotona Park North, 50 by 94, 145 feet east of Marmion Avenue.

The buyer is a builder who will start at once to erect an apartment house. This property has not changed hands since the original sale of the property from the Faile estate.

Eugene J. Busher has sold for Mary Eckert No. 464 East 147th Street, five-story brick triple flat, 25 by 100 to Mary A. Thornton, and for Joseph F. A. O'Donnell, No. 1,095 Union Avenue, a three-story frame three-family house on a lot 21 by 100, to an investor.

The Schoen Westchester Realty Company and M. Rules have sold for Lowenfeld & Prager for cash the five-story apartment house, 1,000 Fox Street, on a plot 44 by 105. The same brokers also sold for Katie Beman, a three-family house, 853 Westchester Avenue, for cash, to an investor.

Annie B. Guigues has sold to the Benenson Realty Company the vacant plot 50 by 94 on Crotona Park North, 145 feet east of Marmion Avenue. An apartment house will be erected on the site by the buyers. William J. Gabel negotiated the transaction.

Brooklyn.

Henry Rockmore has purchased from the Boro Line Realty Company the property on both sides of Forbell Avenue between Atlantic Avenue and Glenn Street, consisting of thirty-eight lots.

G. Clayton has sold to a client of Everett Kuhn the three-story and basement dwelling at 61A Bainbridge Street, on a lot 17.6 by 100. The buyer will occupy.

Schrieber & Westhall have sold 173 Foxhall Street, a two-story brick dwelling, 20 by 100 feet, for Amelia Schurbel, and 1,854 Cornelia Street, a three-story double brick flat, 27.6 by 100 feet, for Bernard Nolan.

Fine Madison Estate Sold.

Adolphe De Bary has sold his large country estate at Madison, N. J., being the largest deal in that residential section in some time. The property contains about thirty-five acres and is one of the finest in the Madison and Morristown region. It was formerly owned by the late Hamilton McK. Twombly and then by the late Frederick C. Bell. Pease & Elliman were the brokers.

Long Island.

The Borough Asphalt Company of Brooklyn has purchased five acres on the North Hempstead Turnpike, adjoining Ireland Mill, near Flushing. The company will make extensive improvements, including the construction of a large bulkhead and the widening of the main creek.

The Windsor Land and Improvement Company sold at Hempstead to H. Petterson and G. Jost each a plot of 40 by 100 on Booth Street; to H. W. Turnquist a plot 40 by 100 on Botsford Street; to B. McGough a plot 40 by 100 on Allen Street; to J. Mejstrik a plot 40 by 100 on Baldwin Street; to J. Madden a plot 40 by 100 on Emery Street.

Leases.

Corn & Co. have leased for Morris Newgold the store and basement at 206-208 West Forty-third Street to William Kerr; also for Edward Margolies the store and basement at 27 West Thirty-third Street to Wilhelm & Decsenyi.

Frederick Fox & Co. have leased for the Cross & Brown Company, representing the Seaich Realty Company, the fourth and fifth floors in the Seaich Building, 38 to 42 East Thirty-second Street, to Charles J. Hirsch, manufacturer of costumes, waists, and dresses.

Pease & Elliman have leased for Mrs. F. B. Keech her four-story residence at 14 East Sixty-fifth Street to Mrs. M. Dwight Collier.

Country Dwellings Leased.

Fish & Marvin have leased for the Summer, furnished, the Warner L. Churchill residence on Highland Road, Rye, N. Y., to Edwin K. Scheftel of New York; for Alfred Valentine his residence at Chappaqua, N. Y., comprising dwelling and twenty-seven acres of ground, to Herbert W. Morse of this city, and the "Ramorney Cottage" at Briarcliff Manor, N. Y., for Mrs. Frances Marshall to C. Austin Crane of New York City.

Long Branch Cottages at Auction.

Among Central Manhattan and Bronx properties which Bryan L. Kennelly will sell to-day at the Vesey Street salesroom will be two cottages at Long Branch, N. J., for the estate of Arthur H. Hearn. One is known as the Eagle cottage at 52 North Bath Avenue and the other as the Shakespeare Lodge with sunken gardens at North and South Bath Avenues.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

BUILDING LOANS
PERMANENT LOANS
OR BOTH COMBINED
A. W. McLAUGHLIN & CO.,
128 Broadway, corner Cedar.
Only office in New York engaged exclusively in mortgage negotiation on an extensive scale ensuring the advantage of a broad market.

WM. A. WHITE & SONS
Mortgage Loans
Quick Action—Low Charges
62 CEDAR ST.

80% MORTGAGE MONEY
70% on first mortgage, balance on second.
HOWARD H. MOSHER
"THE SECOND MORTGAGE MAN."
135 Broadway.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

128th St, 45 West, n s, 422.6 ft e of Lenox Av, 12.6x99.11, 3-story dwelling; C. A. Sherman, et al, against L. G. Juram, et al; Bowers & S., attorneys; F. R. Toombs, referee; due, $7,090.93; taxes, &c., $66.82; to plaintiff for $6,500.

126th St, 237 West, n s, 300 ft w of 7th Av, 25x99.11, 4-story tenement; J. L. Wells against E. J. Murray, et al; A. L. Howe, attorney; A. L. Rose, referee; due, $15,465.36; taxes, &c., $1,601.16; to the plaintiff for $13,000.

By D. P. Ingraham & Co.

126th St, 63 West, n s, 213.7 ft e of Lenox Av, 17.10x99.11, 3-story dwelling; C. G. Moller, et al, against H. B. Arnold, et al; Bowers & S., attorneys; Phoenix Ingraham, referee; due, $12,961.81; taxes, &c., $1,828.95; to the plaintiff for $12,000.

By M. Morgenthau, Jr., Co.

18th St, 315 East, n s, 460 ft w of 1st Av, 20x92, 3-story dwelling; adjourned to May 15.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

2d Av, 2,365, w s, 135.11 ft s of 122d St, 20x53.11, 3-story tenement and store; adjourned to May 20.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Joseph P. Day.

Boston Road, s s, block front between Wilkins Av and Charlotte, 244.4x31.9x100x25x100x111.9, vacant; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co. against Fleischmann Realty Co., et al; Dean, T. & M., attorneys; E. J. Healy, referee; due, $49,687.12; taxes, &c., $411.77; to the plaintiff for $48,000.

By J. H. Mayers.

Thwaites Place, s s, 114.1 ft e of Williamsbridge Road, 98.9x56.2x136.11 to Thwaites Place x irreg; also Thwaites Place, s s, 107.8 ft w of Boston Road, 50x175; Lawyers Realty Co. against John Perry, et al; Dean, T. & M., attorneys; P. J. Mullaly, referee; due, $1,632.91; taxes, &c., $345.57; sub to first mortgage, $4,000; to the plaintiff for $9,300.

TO-DAY'S AUCTION SALES.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Undercliff Av, w s, 147.7 ft n of 176th St, 50x100, vacant; executors' sale; also
Undercliff Av, w s, 321.8 ft s of Sedgwick Av, 25x100, vacant; executors' sale; also
Katonah Av, n s, corner of 240th St, 40x85, vacant; executors' sale; also
Katonah Av, w s, 80 ft n of 240th St, 80x85, vacant; executors' sale; also
Webster Av, 1,476, s e corner of 176th St, 25x98.3x irregular, five-story flat, with stores; executors' sale; also
Washington Av, n w corner of 189th St, 100x95, vacant; executors' sale; also
Lexington Av, 1,896, s w corner of 118th St, 17.7x55, three-story dwelling; also 130 East 118th St, adjoining, 20x100.11, two-story dwelling; executors' sale; estate of Joseph Bierhoff, deceased.
145th St, 418 West, s s, 117 ft e of Convent Av, 16.6x99.11, four-story dwelling; voluntary sale.
169th St, 409 East, n s, 71.1 ft e of Webster Av, 27x73.8, four-story flat; voluntary sale.
Long Branch, N. J., two cottages and villa plot on North Bath and South Bath Avs; estate of Arthur H. Hearn, deceased.
13th St, 161 West, n s, 100 ft e of 7th Av, 20x103.8, three-story dwelling; voluntary sale.

By Joseph P. Day.

124th St, 531 and 533 West, n s, 283 ft e of Broadway, 52x100.11, seven-story apartment house; Carl Stein against Solomon Margareten and others; Herbert Reeves, attorney; E. L. Parris, referee; due, $69,176.45; taxes, &c, $906.50.
Whitestone, Flushing, L. I., Handley tract of 95 acres, Bowne tract of 56 acres, and Carraber tract of 8 acres; court bankruptcy sale.

By Charles A. Berrian.

30th St, 237 East, n s, 210 ft w of 2d Av, 20x98.9, three-story dwelling; Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank against C. V. Corduke and others; R. & E. J. O'Gorman, attorneys; H. A. Forster, referee; due, $9,569.69; taxes, &c, $258.35.

By Samuel Marx.

8th Av, 2,451, w s, 49.11 ft n of 131st St, 24.9x100, five-story tenement and stores; Dora Schiffer against M. A. Hertog and others; Wolf & K., attorneys; William Allen, referee; due, $26,267.86; taxes, &c, $500.15.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By James L. Wells Company.

233D ST, E, e s, 60 ft e of Paulding Av, 25x13.6x40.6x45.6; L. W. White against Mary Horan et al; Williamson & B., attorneys; C. E. Moore, referee; due, $320.88; taxes, &c., $18.73.
CEDAR AV, w s, 550 ft s of Elm, 25x100; L. W. White against A. J. Mace et al; Williamson & B., attorneys; C. E. Moore, referee; due, $191.88; taxes, &c., $70.
CEDAR AV, w s, 509 ft s of Corsa Av, 25x136.4x25x131.1; L. W. White against Charles Hefferman et al; Williamson & B., attorneys; C. E. Moore, referee; due, $211.64; taxes, &c., $82.

By George Price.

180TH ST, 880 East, s s, 65.2 ft w of Honeywell Av, 25.1x118.2, 2-story dwelling; H. F. Epple against W. H. Deers et al; L. E. French, attorney; J. F. Donnelly, referee; due, $2,693.27; taxes, &c., $305.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Amsterdam Av, 2,128, to a one-story store and moving picture building; A. T. McKegney, 2,436 Devoe Terrace, Bronx, owner; L. A. Sheinart, 194 Bowery, architect; cost, $6,000.
Av A, 15, to a four-story store, office and dwelling; W. Horn, 447 East 9th St, owner; O. L. Spannhake, 233 East 78th St, architect.; cost, $5,500.
86th St, 158 and 150 East, to a three-story moving picture building; Geller Co., premises, owner; M. Muller, 115 Nassau St, architect; cost, $6,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 13.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BIRMINGHAM ST, 2 to 16, and Madison St, 139-141, —x—; Elnsworth Constr. Co. to Rebelle Holding Co., 30 East 42d St, quitclaim and correction deed, May 12; attorney, E. M. Krulewitch, 300 East 42d St.$1
CONVENT AV, e s, 499.6 ft n of 141st St, 20x100; Burtus M. Keeney to Hy. H. Smith of New London, Conn., quitclaim, May 4; attorney, Marine Savings Bank, New London, Conn. $1
SAME PROPERTY; Hy. H. Smith to Elizabeth P. Keeney of Waterford, Conn., quitclaim, May 4; same attorney $1
DELANCEY ST, n e corner of Columbia St, 25x100; Yetty Kracower to Annie Kastenbaum, 163 East 105th St, May 12, (mtg $50,000;) attorney, D. Drechsler, 140 Nassau St $100
EDGECOMBE AV, e s, 178.8 ft s of 145th St, 17.2x77.2; Edgecombe Av, e s, 121.2 ft s of 145th St, 19.2x84.10; Burtus M. Keeney to B. Malcolm Keeney of Waterford, Conn., May 4; attorney, Mariners' Savings Bank, New Haven, Conn. $1
ESSEX ST, 126, e s, 52.6 ft s of Rivington St, 17.6x50; The Beckelman Co., Inc., to Louis Beckelman, on premises, (mtg $17,600,) May 13 .... $1
HARRISON ST, n s, 59.11 ft e of Washington St, 23.11x—; Peter F. T. Hansen to Albert Hansen, Flagtown, N. J., Nov. 25, 1913, (mtg $14,000;) attorney, Paul Hansen, 338 Greenwich St $100
MITCHELL PLACE, (49th St,) n s, 144 ft e of 1st Av, 18x80.10; Jake Schlesinger to Hannah Schwartz, 9 Mitchell Place, all liens, May 11; address 9 Mitchell Place $1
NAGLE AV, n w s, at n e s of Elwood St, 50x100; Arthur C. McIntyre to Charles McIntyre, 149 East 81st St, 1-6 part, May 12; attorney, L. S. Cort, 257 B'way $1
1ST AV, n e corner of 4th St, 21x87.11; 95th St, n s, 260 ft e of 3d Av, strip 02¾x100.8x05x100.8; Louise Stolzenberg (Ohry) to Louise Closius, 1,310 Clay Av; Charles Ohry, 156 East 122d St; Joseph and Edward Ohry, 1,646 Avenue A, and Elsie Bister, 414 East 89th St, B. & S. and C. A. G., May 12; attorney, H. R. Anderson, 84 William St. $100
8D AV, s e corner of 54th St, 25.5x110; Louise C. O'Reilly to Alchemist Realty Corp'n, 256 Broadway, (mtg $30,000,) May 11; attorneys, Johnston & J., 256 B'way..$1
8TH AV, n e corner of 127th St, 25x100; East Broadway, n w corner of Rutgers St, 25x45.7; 116th St, s w corner of 5th Av, 50x51; Frank J. Goldsoll to Goldsoll Realties, Inc., 1,345 Broadway, May 1, (mtg $140,000;) attorney, A. Goldberg, 1,345 Broadway $1
15TH ST, s s, 325 ft w of 5th Av, 75x93.4; Pearl St, n e corner of Whitehall St, 31.11x—; Broadway, n s, 108 ft n e of Waverley

Place, 39.7x100; Herman L. R. Edgar and others, trustees, to Herman L. R. Edgar and others, Dobbs Ferry, N. Y., March 2, (mtg $371,000;) attorneys, Root, C., B. & H., 31 Nassau St.....$1

17TH ST, 330 West, s s, 425 ft e of 9th Av, 25x92; 17th St, 334-340 West, s s, 300 ft, e of 9th Av, 100x92; Esther Isenberg to Louise Fox, 520 Ocean Av, Jersey City, N. J., (first mtgs $100,000, 2d mtg $—,) May 12; attorneys, M. S. & I. S. Isaacs, 52 Williams St.....$750

26TH ST, s w s, 100 ft s e of 10th Av, 175x—; 47th St, s s, 225 ft w of 1st Av, 100x—; 47th St, n s, 350 ft e of 2d Av, runs w 350 x n 100.5 x e 100 x n 100.5 x e 125 x s 100.5 x e 125 x s 100.5; 47th St, s s, 125 ft e of 2d Av, 75x100.8; Isaac Untermyer and another to Isaac Untermyer and another, 124 East 29th St, May 7; attorneys, Guggenheimer, U. & M., 37 Wall St.$1

28TH ST, s s, 56.6 ft w of 7th Av, 40.4x60.4; 9th Av, e s, 70.9 ft n of 49th St, 20.7x100; Peoples Trust Co. of Brooklyn to Laura A. Cregan, 29 East 29th St, May 13; attorneys, Wood & W., 2 Rector St.....$1

SAME PROPRETY; William J. Cregan to same, May 12, quitclaim; attorney, same.$1

31ST ST, n s, 100 ft w of 1st Av., 130x98.9; Victor Land and Improvement Co. to Emzee Realty Co., 14 Lewis St, May 11, (mtg $132,000;) attorney Joseph C. Levi, 37 Liberty St.....$100

37TH ST, n s, 125 ft e of 1st Av, 74.6x95.10; William A. Kane to Kips Bay Brewing and Malting Co., 646 1st Av, May 8; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

38TH ST, n s, 225 ft w of 1st Av, 25x98.9; Kips Bay Brewing and Malting Co. to William A. Kane, 126 East 70th St, May 6, (mtg $3,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1

47TH ST, 353 West n s, 127 ft e of 9th Av, 27x100.5; Solomon Loewensohn, et al. to Isidor Byk, 204 West 148th St, (mtg $28,000,) April 23.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Isidor Byk to Sol Loewensohn et al., at Pelham, N. Y., (mtg $28,000,) April 23; attorney, I. Byk, 204 West 148th St.....$100

48TH ST, n s, 300 ft e of 2d Av, 25x100.5; James C. Gaffney to Edward H. Piepenbring, 519 Lake St Brooklyn, May 12, (mtg $12,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Edward H. Piepenbring to Meta Piepenbring, 519 Lake St, Brooklyn, May 12, (mtg $13,700;) attorney, D. B. Getz, 111 Broadway.....$100

77TH ST, n s, 191 ft w of West End Av, 19x102.2; Webb Floyd to Sarah L. Floyd, 317 West 77th St, (mtg $22,000,) May 12; attorneys, Stoddard & M., 128 Broadway.$100

80TH ST, n s, 125 ft w of 1st Av, 25x102.2; Helen C. Engel to Max Loewenthal, 95 Rodney St, Brooklyn, May 12; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

83D ST, n s, 150 ft e of 1st Av, 16.8x102.2; Samuel Bader to Tillie Bader, 415 East 83d St, mtg. $4,500, May 9.....$1

110TH ST, n s, 525 ft e of 7th Av, 50x100.11; Whitney Warren to Lloyd Warren, (mtg $20,000,) Feb. 24, 1909; attorneys, Beekman, M. & G., 52 William St.....$1

115TH ST, 81 East, n w corner of Park Av, 26x76.5; Isaac Deutsch to Anna Deutsch, 1,339 5th Av, (mtg $22,750,) May 12; attorney, Benjamin Rich, 320 Broadway...$100

120TH ST, n s, 125 ft w of 8th Av, 25x100.11; Max Falk to Hy. and Max. Falk, executors; Ludvigh Falk, 862 6th Av., mtg $20,400, May 9; attorneys, Ferris, D. & A., 2 Rector St.....$1

Bronx.

BATHGATE AV, e s, 80.11 ft s of 173d St, 17x81.1; Abraham Salit to Sonia Nelson, 1,662 Bathgate Av, May 6; attorneys, Julius Bregman, 233 Broadway.....$1

FINDLAY AV, 1,264 e s, 16.8x100; Rose M. Kurr to Minnie A. Johnson, 1,262 Findlay Av, May 12, (mtg. $3,000;) same attorney.$1

LOTS 11 and 12, Block 26, map of Pelham Park; Mary A. Keenan to Edward F. McDermott, 1,226 Intervale Av, May 12; attorney, A. K. Mulligan, 401 East Fremont Av.....$1

LOTS 20 to 22, Block 68, map of Morris Park; Morris Park Estates to John C. Tomlinson, 45 West 57th St, May 7; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

LOTS 20, 182, 183, 246, 247, 289, amended map of Adee Park; Meta Piepenbring, executrix, to James C. Gaffney, 1,148 Tiffany St, May 12; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway.....$6,000

MORRIS AV, e s, 50 ft n of 152d St, 25x70.3; Henry Pizzutiello to Donato Pizzutiello, 3,370 Cruger Av, May 12, (mtg $12,000;) attorney, Donato Pizzutiello, 3,370 Cruger Av.....$100

MORRIS PARK AV, n s, 95 ft e of Barnes Av, 57.7x irregular; Regent Realty Co. to Chas. Gilles, 853 Morris Park Av, May 11; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

NEWELL AV, e s, 150 ft s of Magenta St, 50x112.6; Fannie Schwartz to Bella Abraham, 3,350 Newell Av, May 4; attorney, Thos. P. Conlon, 691 Gun Hill Road.....$1

PROSPECT AV, w s, 237.6 ft n of 187th St, 18.9x75; Max Pinkert to Carl Frey, 356 West 41st St, May 7, mtg $6,000; attorney, Thomas W. Patterson, 647 Courtlandt Av.....$100

QUIMBY AV, s s, 180.10 ft w of Castle Hill Av, 24.6x103; Margaretha Mink to Bertha Bing, 301 West 138th St, May 12; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

SIMPSON ST, e s, 175 ft s of 167th St, 40x100; Sadie A. Sibbald to Max Borck, 1,324 Madison Av, May 12; attorney, Charles L. Borck, 38 Park Row.....$100

TRAFALGAR PLACE, e s, 149 ft s of 176th St, 25x75; Bernard J. McDermott to Gertrud Brett, 1,820 Trafalgar Place, May 12, (mtg. $4,500;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

UNION AV, 678, e s, 16.8x95; Rosie Solomon to William H. Caldwell, Jr., 111 West 123d St, May 7, (mtg. $5,250;) attorney, A. Knox, 198 Broadway.....$1

VAN NEST AV, being Lots 332 and 333, map of part of Hunt estate; Marks Wolff to Rudolph Proll, 1,713 Van Buren St, May 9, (mtg $1,700;) attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

WESTCHESTER AV, 853, n w s, 20x70.7x21.3x63.5; Jennie Leavy to Katie Beaman, 853 Westchester Av, May 13, (mtg $6,000;) attorney, Schoen Westchester Realty Co., Inc., 856 Westchester Av.....$100

1ST AV, being Lot 111, map of New Jerome, 25x125; John J. Hynes, referee, to William H. Weggandt, 1,050 Greene Av. Brooklyn, May 12; attorney, M. B. McHugh, 2,215 Westchester Av.....$3,000

167TH ST, s w, 94.1 ft s w of Tiffany St, 50x100; Monroe Goldwater (Referee) to Catherine A. Burton, 158 Hewes St, Brooklyn, Dec. 23, 1913; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$6,000

SAME PROPERTY, Catherine A. Burton to Joseph L. B. Mayer, 944 Park Av, May 12; same attorney.....$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

WILLIAM ST, s e corner of Frankfort St, 32x29; William L. Kurtze to William Dittenheimer, 1,131 Forest Av, prior mtg $5,500, installments, 6 p. c., May 12; attorney, George E. Corey, 59 Wall St.....$1,500

3D AV, s e corner of 54th St, 25.5x110; Alchemist Realty Corporation to Louise C. O'Reilly, Garden City, L. I., installments, 6 p. c., May 11; attorneys, Johnston & J., 256 Broadway.....$6,000

3D AV, e s, 25 ft s of 45th St, 37.7x80; Terrence J. Lynch to Anna Pekowsky, 450 Audubon Av, May 13, due as per bond; attorney, Isaac V. Schavrien, 44 Court St, Brooklyn.....$1,000

24TH ST, n s, 200 ft w of 9th Av, 50x98.9; Charles H. McDougall and others to Louise Runge, Flushing, N. Y., May 11, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway.....$4,000

48TH ST, n s, 300 ft e of 2d Av, 25x100.5; E. H. Piepenbring to James C. Gaffney, 1,148 Tiffany St, May 12, prior mtg $12,000, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway.....$1,700

50TH ST, n s, 578.4 ft w of 8th Av, 19.2x100.5; Edmund Leurquin to Catherine Martin, 355 West 50th St, May 12, prior mtg $7,500, due July 1, 1918, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway.....$6,300

80TH ST, n s, 125 ft w of 1st Av, 25x102.2; Max Loewenthal to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, May 12, due as per bond.....$8,000

120TH ST, s s, 125 ft w of 8th Av, 25x100.11; Rebecca Gilbert to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, May 13, due as per bond.....$12,000

Bronx.

DECATUR AV, e s, 135.4 ft n of 207th St, 28.6x100; Macon Land Corporation to Central Mortgage Co., 60 Wall St, May 1, due April 1, 1917, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Otis & O., 60 Wall St.....$5,250

GIFFORD AV, n s, 330.8 ft e of Balcom Av, 3 lots, each 25x100, (3 mtgs, each $3,500;) Macon Land Corporation to Central Mortgage Co., 60 Wall St, May 1, 2 years, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Otis & O., 6 Wall St.....$10,500

GRAND BOULEVARD and CONCOURSE, w s, 190 ft s of 199th St, 25x125; Victor Magri to Nicholas Wapler, 670 Napier Av, Queens, prior mtg $2,500, 2 years, 6 p. c., May 9; attorney, W E Sammis, 1 Liberty Street.....$1,000

KATONAH AV, w s, 75 ft s of 238th St, 25x85; Macon Land Corporation to Central Mortgage Co., 60 Wall St, May 1, due Nov. 1, 1914, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Otis & O., 60 Wall St.....$4,250

LOTS 20 to 22, Block 68 map of Morris Park; John C Tomlinson to Morris Park Estates, 25 Broad St, 3 years, May 7; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co, 160 Broadway.....$5,600

MORRIS PARK AV, n s, 95 ft e of Barnes Av, 57.7x irreg.; Charles Gillies to Regent Realty Co, 53 West 42d St, 2 years, May 11; attorney, Title Guarantee Co, 176 Broadway.....$5,000

RIVER AV, s e corner of 168th St, 100x105; Warner Realty Co to Alice F Brown, Chestertown, N Y, prior mtg $12,000, 1 year, 6 p. c., May 13; attorney, G W Ellis, 149 Broadway.....$2,000

STORY AV, w s, 249 ft w of Castle Hill Av, 50x103; John Beck to George E. Herold, 1,675 Southern Boulevard, May 11, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Frank Gass, Inc., 2,215 Westchester av.....$500

TEUTON AV, w s, 126.4 ft s of 158th St, 26.4x135; Lena Kravitz to Helen B. Wilding, 609 W. 127th st, prior mtg. $7,500, May 13, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, John Bell Co., Gerard av and 137th st..$1,180

187TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of Southern Boulevard 32.8x irreg.; 187th St Constr Co, Inc, to N Y Title Ins Co, 135 Broadway, due as per bond, Nov. 13 and 14, 6 p. c., May 13; attorney, New York Title Ins Co, 135 Broadway.....$8,000

217TH ST, n s, 80 ft e of Paulding Av, 20x95; Macon Land Corporation to Central Mortgage Co., 60 Wall St, May 1, due April 1, 1916, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Otis & O., 60 Wall St.....$4,000

232D ST, n s, 165 ft w of White Plains Rd, 18x114; Nicholas Zito to Caroline I. Satchell, 5 Ascott av, London, Eng., May 12, 3 years, 5 p. c.; attorney, W. W. Seaman, 16 Exchange pl.....$500

232D ST, s s, 220 ft s of Laconia Av, 25x114.10; John J. McGurk to North N. Y. Savings and Loan Assn., 499 Willis av, March 30, installments, 6 p. c.; attorneys, J. H. Hildreth, 3d av and 148th st.....$3,800

235TH ST, n s, 430.3 ft w of White Plains Road, 25x114.6; Macon Land Corporation to Central Mortgage Co., 60 Wall St, May 1, due Nov. 11, 1915, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Otis & O., 60 Wall St.....$3,500

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

With name and address of lessee.

BOWERY, 106; store and part basement; Peter P. Cappell to Estelle Feller, 104 West 114th St, 5 3-12 years from July 1, 1914; attorney, H. Kochler & Co., 501 1st Av.....$1,750

BROOME ST, 123, store and basement; Jacob Cohen to Morris Gerwitz, 3 years from May 1, 1915; attorney, A. H. Mayer, 103 Attorney St.....$1,620

CHERRY ST, 383-389; Scammel St, 54-56; Water St, 630-636; all; Pincus Lowenfeld and another to Harris Kaufman and another, 350 Broome St, 4 9-12 years from Aug. 1, 1913; attorneys, Lowenfeld & P., 149 Broadway.....$5,300

CLINTON ST, 58-62, all; Clinton Street Theatre Co. to Elias Mayer and another, 535 Willoughby Av, Brooklyn, 10 years from March 1, 1914; attorney, M. D. Bohnar, 2 Avenue D.....$17,500

HOUSTON ST, 179 West, all; John M. Williams to Rocco Mornica, 179 West Houston St, 3 years from May 1, 1914; attorneys, Fitch, M. & G., 32 Nassau St.....$1,380

HOUSTON ST, 228 West, land; Charles A. Bristed to Solon L. Frank and others, executors, 2,170 Broadway, 20 years from May 1, 1914; attorney, Richard Kelly, 233 Broadway.....$850

LENOX AV, 45, store; Novel Holding Co. to Joseph Kavalier, 45 West 112th St, 5 years from May 1, 1914.....$1,200

RIVINGTON ST, s w corner of Clinton St, corner store; Anna Goldstein to Jacob Miller, 71 Clinton St, 6 years from Dec. 1, 1913; attorneys, B. & S. P. Brew. Co., 128th St and Amsterdam Av.....$3,000

SHERIFF ST, 54, all; Beckelmann Co. to Max Cooper, 51 Lewis St, 3 years from March 1, 1914; attorney, A. H. Mayer, 105 Attorney St.....$2,019

3D AV, 398, all; Emma L. Stanly to Samuel Goldberg, 402 Grand St, 5 years from June 1, 1914; attorney, Henry M. R. Goodman, 63 Park Row.....$2,700

7TH AV, 118, store; Bernard Courtney to John Faulkoner, 191 Varick St, 5 years from May 1, 1914; attorneys, B. & S. P. Brewer, 128th St, and Amsterdam Av.$1,800

8TH AV, 663, second floor; William Volk to Henry Green, Kew, L. I., 5 years from May 1, 1914; address, 663 8th Av.....$780

42D ST, 236 East, all; Emma L. Stanly to Samuel Goldberg, 402 Grand St, 5 years from June 1, 1914; attorney, Hy. M. R. Goodman, 63 Park Row.....$2,050

48TH ST, 165 West, all; Marietta E. Ubert, executrix, to Hy. O. Clauss, 237 West 43d St, 5 3-12 years from July 1, 1914.....$1,300

Bronx Leases.

3RD AVE, 2,943, store and first floor; August Kuhn to Aaron Lubash, 291 Central Av, Jersey City, N. J., 1 year, from Jan. 1-15, privilege 3 years renewal; attorney, Aaron Lubash, 2,943 3d Av.....2,100

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 2,633 and 2,635; John F Ferguson against William E D Stokes and Quincy Amusement Co, owners; Leslie Bros Engineering Co, contractors.....$120

BROADWAY, 1,710; Max Zudek against Tyee Realty Co, owner; Zwerling & Weitz, contractors.....$175

3D ST, 22 East; Joe Greenberg against Ignatz M Rottenberg, owner; Henry Sohn, contractor.....$70

9TH AV, 736; J H Levin against Julia Colberg, owner and contractor.....$29

42D ST, 250 and 252 East; H H Vought & Co against George H Earle, Jr, owner; Horn & Hardart Co, lessees; Florette Amusement Co, Mrs Leslie E and Leslie E Henning, and Harold Graff, contractors.....$1,085

Bronx.

161ST ST, 700 and 702 East; Frank Goldman against Agnes G Pragnellown, owner; R M Buge, contractor.....$65

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, n e corner of 94th St; Hayman Denker against Eighty-second Street Realty Co. and others, Nov. 26, 1913.....$500

6TH AV, e s, 63 ft s of 31st St; Industrial Iron Works, Inc., against Edw. J. Appell, Inc., and others, April 4, 1914 (by bond).....$2,138

65TH ST, 323 East; Oriental Fireproof Sash & Door Co. against Kleinschmidt Magnesia Co. and others, May 9, 1914.....$110

95TH ST, 156 to 166 West; Passaic Structural Steel Co. against Julius Tishman and others, April 3, 1914.....$3,812

Bronx.

172D ST, 856, 860, and 864 East; Frank O. Brunett against Sole Realty Co. and others, April 27, 1914.....$65

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

32D ST, 34 and 36 East; Frederick Lewisohn and others against William R. McClellan and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Hoadley, Lauterbach & Johnson.

109TH ST, s s, between 2d and 3d Avs, Lot 30; Rudolph Wallach Company against Threshold Realty Corporation and others, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.

116TH ST, n s, 316.8 ft w of 1st Av, 16.8x100.11; Sadie Bernard against Jennie Dellon and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, I. L. Broadwin.

Bronx.

LOT 39, Map of 120 lots, known as Daily Estate, property of Hudson P. Rose; Mary A. Palmer v. Maria Vinciguerre and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. A. Herold.

LOTS 263, 264, 265, and 266, Map of Portion of the Hunts Estate, Van Nest; John Foy against Edward N. Lynch and another, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, G. Squires.

MOTT AV, w s, 50 ft s of 150th St, 25x98; Charles A. Sherman against Elizabeth De Grauw and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Bowers & Sands.

175TH ST, s w corner of 3d Av, 100.6x101.9; the Corn Exchange Bank against Ayrshire Realty Company, Inc., and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Bowers & Sands.

181ST ST, s w corner of Valentine Av, 54.1x139.7; Anton Larsen & Son, Inc., against Tobruk Construction Corporation and others, (action to foreclose mechanics' lien;) attorney, F. E. M. Bullowa.

203D ST, n s, 120.7 ft e of Grand Boulevard and Concourse, 25x127.5; Anna B. Dyer against Jennie F. Michelena and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Niles & Johnson.

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159-161 West 13th St.,
100 ft. east of 7th Av.
The two three-story, basement & cellar high-stoop brick dwellings; size 20x103.3 each.

409 East 169th St.,
71 feet east of Webster Avenue.
The four-story and basement brick double apartment; size of plot, 27x73.82.

418 W. 145th St.,
117 feet east of Convent Av.,
the four-story American basement and cellar brownstone dwelling, 9 rooms and 2 baths, hardwood trim, open plumbing. Size of lot 16.6x99.11. Possession.
66 2-3% on mtge., 1, 2, or 3 years at 5%.

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Estate of Joseph Bierhoff, Dec'd.

West Side Undercliff Ave.,
321 ft. south of Sedgwick Av.,
Size of Lot, 25x100.

West Side Undercliff Ave.,
147 ft. north of 176th St.
2 Lots, size 25x100 each.

Northwest Corner Katonah Ave. & E. 240th St.
2 Choice Plots, 20x85 each.

West Side Katonah Ave.,
80 feet north of E. 240th St.
4 Choice Lots, 20x85 each.

1,476 Webster Ave., Southeast Corner E. 171st St.
5-story brick triple flat. Size 25x98x31x99.6.

Northwest Corner Washington Ave. & 189th St.
Size of plot, 100x95.

Southwest Corner Lexington Ave. & E. 118th St.
3-story & basement brick & 2-story & basement frame dwelling; size 17.7x55 & 20x100.11.
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Absolute Auction Sale
19 CHOICE VILLA PLOTS
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Greatest Bargain in the City
222 Mad. Av., near 37th St.
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hardwood; $4,675 to $6,500; no asesssments; will take single lot free and clear part payment. 376 Enfield St., Brooklyn. Rent 1-fam., $35; 2-fam., $22-$24. Fleer Bros. Write.

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All-year-round country home; new stucco dwelling, 7 bedrooms, 3 baths; acre of ground; high elevation; near trolley and station. For sale or rent at a bargain.
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BARGAIN $14,000
ROCHELLE PARK, NEW ROCHELLE.
A large, handsome, 12-room residence; hot water heat, gas, electricity, large porch; plot 100x163; one of the choicest locations in the city.
O'CONNOR & McCANN,
221 Huguenot St. Tel. 594. New Rochelle, N. Y.

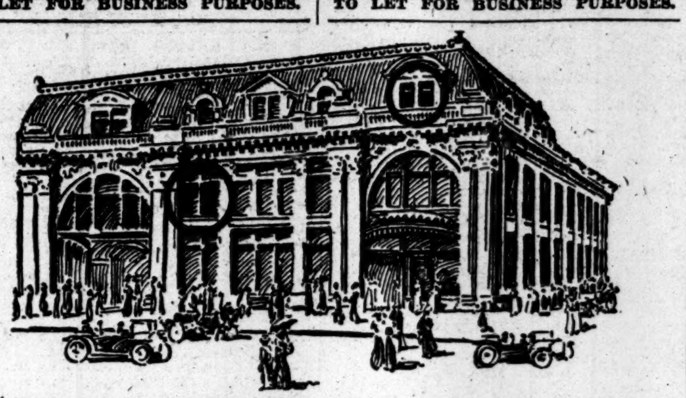
ALONG THE **SOUND & HUDSON**
and Throughout Westchester County,
PARTICULARLY BRONXVILLE, SCARSDALE,
BRIARCLIFF, RYE, etc.
Fish & Marvin 527 Fifth Ave., New York.
Phone: 6526 Murray Hill.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

Flatbush Residence Wanted
In exchange for any of the following:
Four-story steam-heated flats, all rented, adjoining 4th Av. Subway, Brooklyn.
New law cold water apartment, St. Mark's Av.
2 cold water flats, stores, Harlem, N.Y.
Elegant all-year residence, Lynbrook, L. I.
Levy Bros., 5 Beekman St., N. Y.

LYNBROOK, L. I. RESIDENCE
Elegant all-year residence, 10 rooms, 2 baths, garage, outbuildings, abundant trees, shrubs, plants; one acre; will exchange for Flatbush residence or lots. Levy Bros., 5 Beekman St., N. Y.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES. | TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.



Windows marked with circle indicate particularly desirable office and studio for rent on the Fifth Avenue front

Fifth Avenue Offices
at 46th Street
Windsor Arcade $600 to $3000.
Harris & Vaughan, *Agents on Premises* Telephone: 31 Murray Hill

A Broadway Corner Store *and a* Spring St. Store *near* Broadway
LIBERAL LEASES and CHEAP RENTS

Corner Store and Basement; also 6th Floor, 817-819 Broadway at 12th Street.

Modern equipment and facilities. Fine light and ventilation. Large, accessible, convenient. Rented as a whole or in part, as desired; big concession on long lease.

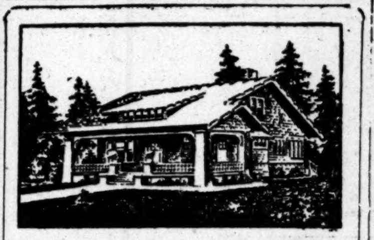
Store, Basement and First Loft, 109-11 Spring St., near Broadway.

16,500 square feet of very desirable floor space. Highly improved. Facilities, light and ventilation the best. May be leased as a unit or divided to suit—very attractive terms on long lease.

For information and particulars:

DANIEL BIRDSALL & CO., Inc., 317 Broadway

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.



A Bungalow Like This Only $3,750
With Large Plot of Ground at
BRENTWOOD IN THE PINES • LONG ISLAND
Write for Booklet No. 3.
BRENTWOOD REALTY CO.
1 West 34th St., N. Y.

Bungalows Semi-Bungalows and pretty English Cottages overlooking the ocean—40 minutes from N. Y. 100 trains a day. Terms to suit, highly restricted, exclusive residence section. Write today for booklet of photographic views showing the Beach, the Clubhouse and many of the handsome residences. Address J. K., 241 Times.

A Sound Shore Home
ON THE WATER
SANDS POINT, L. I.
R. R. Station—Port Washington.
Colonial design—modern in all appointments—4 masters rooms, 3 baths; 3 servants rooms; large porch—garage.
Rent furnished or unfurnished or will sell.
S. OSGOOD PELL & COMPANY
Tel. 5610—Bryant. 542 5th av., N. Y.

Bungalows at Saltaire.
OLD NEPTUNE YOUR FRONT YARD.
GREAT SOUTH BAY YOUR BACK YARD.
All improvements, $1,500 up; easy terms.
Where a dollar does the work of two.
Call, 'phone or write for booklet.
Fire Island Beach Development Co.,
1,328 Broadway, N. Y. Greeley 1697.

PRETTY BUNGALOW HOME,
on 75,000 square feet of high, rich soil; house, 5 large rooms; big cement cellar under whole house; extra large living room; range and stationary tubs in kitchen; house well shaded; cedar grove; fine fruit; few minutes to depot and harbor; best of fishing, boating, &c.; an ideal house; will be sold at a sacrifice; must have $200 cash; balance $18 month. SEAMAN, 171 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

BEAUTIFUL CEDARHURST.
We have a fine new stucco house, with eleven rooms and two baths, for sale. Price $13,500.
WEBB CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, Inc., Longacre Building, Broadway & 42d St., N. Y., and Cedarhurst Park, Cedarhurst, L. I.

Small Cottage with Large Plot
This cottage contains up-to-date improvements; near railroads, churches, stores; 30 minutes from city. Fine opportunity to secure an ideal home on easy terms. Particulars, Spring, 78 Times.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

Fisher's Island, N. Y.
Superb Summer Villa; 18 rooms; newly furnished. Latest improvements and appointments; electricity, city water, private dock, bathhouses, tennis courts, large garden, stable; can be used as garage; quarters for gardener's family and coachman. Apply to W. F. INGOLD, Hotel Arlington, 18 W. 25th St., New York.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Will lease for a long term from owner, an 8-story building to be built to cover a corner plot 100x100, at a net rental, for a most responsible tenant. Location, 8th to 23d Sts., 3d to 8th Aves.
Firm L. J. Carpenter, 25 Liberty Street

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

CRANFORD, N. J.
Beautiful Elizabethan cottage, just finished; 8 rooms, 2 baths; all modern improvements; terms to suit; must be seen to be appreciated. Call S. R. Droescher, Cranford, or 77 Warren St., New York.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED

ASTOR HOUSES
8-26 WEST 130TH ST.
Now Ready for Inspection.
Beautifully decorated, and with their spacious rooms, front porches, lawns, &c., are worth investigating; reasonable rents.
AGENT ON PREMISES OR
ROBERT LEVERS, 376 Lenox Av.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

At 22 WEST 39TH ST.
Next to Lord & Taylor's.
Very desirable light parlor floor, 22x80; elevator; moderate rent.
Apply M. Naftal, Owner, 60 West 39th.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A Real Snap—$5,250
Very Easy Terms
MODERN HOME
Fine Grounds Near Beautiful Lake
High in the mountains, 800 ft. elevation, surrounded by privately owned country homes. Charming views, invigorating air, good boating and bathing. Seven rooms, bath, cozy fireplace, hardwood trim, floors parqueted, laundry, electric light, steam heat; every city convenience; near express station, schools, country club; easy commutation to city. Write:
FRANK HILL
P. O. Box 675, N. Y. City.

FURNISHED COTTAGES, $300 up. Send stamp for Booklet and list of Real Estate Agents at
Asbury Park
Wonderland of the North Jersey Coast. Fifty miles south of New York. The finest family resort in America. No mosquitoes. Address Municipal Information Bureau, 307 Boardwalk, Asbury Park, N. J.

HOME AND GARAGE.
Only $5,500; worth much more; for business reasons, must sell new home on large plot; house contains seven large rooms and comfortable inglenook, with fireplace; plenty of closet room; handsome sanitary bathroom; all-gas kitchen; very large piazza; located 30 minutes out; splendid transportation by train and trolley; must have $500 cash; will meet your wishes for balance; your opportunity; full particulars sent. H. D. House, Room 520, 47 West 34th St., city.

Spring Lake Beach, N. J.
Large, New Ocean Front, Handsomely Furnished Cottage.
ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS.
7 Bath Rooms; Artesian Water.
S. E. URIE.

I WILL SACRIFICE
at bargain price for business reasons my new, modern house, 6 rooms, bath, and sleeping porch; steam heat; oak floors; open fireplace; near express station, in attractive suburban community, half hour out in Northern New Jersey; small amount cash, balance monthly. IMMEDIATE, APARTMENT 3B, 309 W. 99TH ST., N. Y.

A HOME SACRIFICE
Modern house, 8 rooms, 2 baths, oak floors, large open fireplace, steam heat, all city improvements, on large plot; near express station, in the hills of New Jersey; only 32 minutes out. 25 per cent. below value to immediate buyer. Very easy terms arranged. COLES, P. O. BOX 1,041, N. Y.

THIRTY MINUTES FROM TIMES SQUARE.
$10 Down, $5 monthly buys building lots, 25x120 ft.; 3 blocks station, with sewer, sidewalks, trees, water, gas, electric lights; high, dry, booming suburb, 7,000 pop.; clubs, churches, schools; 7c. fare. To sell lots will build your house at cost, ranging $1,000 to $3,000, payable like rent. Call, write at once! G. R. & D. Co., 34 West 33d St., N. Y.

CONNECTICUT—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

IDEAL LOCATION for SMALL ESTATE WATERTOWN, CONN.

For sale, 30 acres most beautifully adapted by nature for sightly and picturesque building plot. Located one-third mile from center of and overlooking one of the prettiest towns in New England, and a large sweep of surrounding country.

Immense, irregular, flat topped knoll for home site; beautiful maple grove, spring water brooks, small pond, shade trees, mossy rocks and a natural formation of ground to delight the eye of any landscape artist.

Watertown, Conn., with a population of 4,000, has fine public buildings and homes, and very congenial people. Taft's Celebrated Preparatory School for Boys is located here, with one of the finest equipment of new buildings in the Country; besides which there is a new $50,000 public school building. Watertown is a thriving town; healthfully located six miles north of Waterbury, with which it has railroad, trolley and State road connections. The town has a Fire Department, public water, gas and electricity. Address

JAMES B. WOOLSON,
Main St., Watertown, Conn.

GREENWICH-CONN. MAGNIFICENT NEW ESTATE OF 2 ACRES.
Beautifully equipped House,
12 Rooms, 3 baths, superb location.
Garage—3 cars, room & bath.
For Sale, $40,000; or Rent Unfurnished, $3,000.
D. A. CALHOUN, Greenwich, Conn. Tel. 1155 Greenwich.

SHIPPAN POINT, **Stamford, Conn.**
For Sale—A cosey new brick and shingle eight-room house; all appointments; VERY ATTRACTIVE; price $6,500; a bargain; easy terms; privilege to beach and tennis courts, only 300 feet away; Sound view; Address DRAWER "R," Greenwich, Conn.

Shippan Point, STAMFORD, CONN.
A NUMBER OF CHOICE LOTS
ON AND NEAR THE SHORE
at BARGAIN PRICES; easy terms.
Salesmen on the property at company's office, Shippan Point, every day, or address the ATLANTIC REALTY CO., (General Office), 56 Park Row, Stamford, Conn. Send for Booklet C.

WONDER FARM
Hour from Grand Central; 50 acres; house, 2 cottages, outbuildings; private lakes; beautiful stream, brooks, woods, meadows; orchard, garden, lawn; on macadamized State road; 10 minutes from station; no exchanges considered. Owner, 42 Times Downtown.

A CRACKING
GOOD 20 ACRE FARM JUST IN FOR $3,600.
Will go quick. Will you get it?
LAWRENCE AGENCY, South Norwalk, Conn.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished | APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished

A New Departure in High-Class Apartments
Embracing the ultimate of comfort and elegance
The Sanford—The Rexford
occupying the entire block front East Side Broadway, 78th to 79th Sts.
Now Nearing Completion and Being Leased.
Suites of **5, 6 & 7 Rooms** With Baths
Spacious Foyers and abundance of large closets.
3-Room Suites on Ground Floor for Physicians
Representative always on premises.
These houses are under the direct management and supervision of the owners, which assures adequate attention and careful scrutiny of references. Inspect these apartments before you choose a residence.
PATERNO BROS., Inc., Owners and Builders.
JOS. PATERNO, President
601 West 115th St., Corner Broadway.

Ready for Occupancy June 1. Leases from Oct. 1.
LA JACQUETTA
166-168 West 87th St.,
East of Amsterdam Avenue.
New Fireproof Apartments,
5, 6, 7 Large Rooms, 2 and 3 Baths
Very Moderate Rents. Every Improvement.
One block to Subway and Elevated Station. Inspection is invited.
AGENT ON PREMISES, OR
SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 West 72d St.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

57 WEST 58TH ST.
The Coronet
6-8-9-12 ROOMS, 2-3 BATHS
RENTS $1400 to $3600
Ten-story, fireproof building, separate passenger and service elevators, cold storage system, electric light, steam heat, telephone, mail chute, &c. Apply on premises, your own broker, or Harris & Vaughan, Agents, 569 Fifth Av. Tel. 31 Murray Hill.

TERRACE COURT,
93d St. and Riverside Drive.
S. E. corner
One corner Apartment,
TEN LARGE ROOMS, THREE BATHS.
Lease from October 1.
Representatives on premises, or
SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 West 72d St.

Sonoma Apartments
1,730—BROADWAY—1,734.
TO LEASE
One 8-room apartment with 2 baths
Extra large, light rooms
with eastern and southern exposure
These apartments must be seen to be appreciated.
Superintendent on premises.
Telephone 4921 Columbus.

TO SUBLET
No. 120 West 86th Street
Unfurnished, for balance of lease to October 1, 1917, or furnished from May 1st to October 1st, 1914, at unusually reasonable price, seven rooms, three baths, front apartment, eleventh floor; elevated and Subway stations at 86th St. Inquire on premises.

STRICTLY **MILANO** FIREPROOF
125-27 W. 58th St.; 7 large rooms and bath; extra maids' room & bath; all improvements; for lease now or Oct. 1st, $1,500-$1,700.
Broadway **REMCO** 98th Street

THE ADRIAN,
58 West 72d.
Eight large, light rooms, bath; butler's pantry; parquet floors, electric light, elevator service day and night; convenient Subway, elevated station, and all surface lines. $1,200-$1,300. Inquire Superintendent.

THE AYLSMERE,
60 West 76th.
Seven large, light rooms, bath, butler's pantry; 2 elevators; night and day passenger service; steam dryer; convenient all traction lines; $1,200-$1,300. Supt., on premises.

Washington and Jefferson,
318-328 West 51st.—Attractive apartments, 5, 6, and 7 large, light rooms; all modern improvements. Premises, or Waldron & Freedman, 489 5th Av.

West Side.
Above 110th St. and Washington Heights.

The Hillcrest
430 West 116th St. Facing Columbia University Grounds
Modern Elevator Apartments.
8-9 Large, Sunny Rooms & Baths

RENTS $1,500 to $1,800		
	Parlors	18x23
	Dining Rooms	14x19
	Bedrooms	14x16

Overlooking Morningside Park
6 rooms and bath; first-class house and attendance. Rent $75; inducement to Oct. Apply to Superintendent.
110 Morningside Drive.

517 WEST 113TH ST.
Beautiful high-class Elevator Apartments.
4 & 5 Rooms, $50 to $70

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

GRAMPION
MODERN FAMILY HOTEL,
182 ST. NICHOLAS AV.
One, two and three rooms, private baths, furnished or unfurnished; full service; rents moderate. Superintendent on premises, or
WILCOX & SHELTON,
2,107 7th Av., at 125th St.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—Furnished.

Exceptional Bargain—Furnished House.
AT BELLE TERRE ESTATES.
Commanding view, 4 acres, 420 ft. shore front, 5 master's bedrooms, 3 baths, garage, private dock, boats, &c.; near club house. Apply Stephen Yates, 243 W. 34th St., N. Y.

Three Summer Bungalows
at Shore Remaining.
$175 to $350, Furnished.
LAWRENCE AGENCY,
South Norwalk, Conn.

West Side.
Above 110th St. and Washington Heights.

7-8-9 Rooms
2 to 3 Baths
newly decorated and ready for immediate occupancy in the magnificent new fireproof
"ROCKFALL"
APARTMENTS,
Broadway, at 111th St.
We shall have a very limited number of apartments vacated on October 1st, and these are now offered for rent at reasonable rents.
The moderate rentals, select and contented tenantry, beautiful and refined appointments, combined with complete and careful attention, have kept this house full from the start.
CHARLES E. HAMES, Resident Mgr.

An Unusual Opportunity Is Offered on the Following Apartments, Giving Immediate Possession.
4 and 7 Rooms and baths in the "CAMPUS," 39-41 Claremont Ave., just north of 116th St.
8 Rooms and 2 baths and 12 Rooms and 4 baths in the "COLOSSEUM," so. cor. 116th St. and Riverside Drive.
5, 6, 7 Rooms, 1 and 2 baths, at "THE REGNOR," 601 W. 115th St., cor. Broadway.
3 and 6 Rooms and bath in the "LUCANIA," 235 W. 71st St., near Broadway.
4, 5 Rooms and bath in the "LUXONIA," 305 W. 72d St., near West End Ave.
Also Doctors' office on ground fl.
The above houses are owned and managed by the original builders, assuring tenants the highest standard of service. Call at our office.
Paterno Bros., 601 W. 115th St.

3 minutes to 116th St. Sta., 6th & 9th Av. "L."
MORNINGSIDE PARK APARTM'TS
40 Morningside Park, N. E. Cor. W. 118th St.
7-Room Corner Apartment,
Extra large, all outside rooms; conveniences. Modern Elevator Building. Office on premises.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

NOBEL APARTMENTS
54 East 129th St., near Madison Av.
6 exceptionally large, light elevator apartments, $35 to $45.
Apartments newly renovated and contain every modern improvement.
Inquire on premises, or
ALDHOUS & CO., 2,339 7th Av.

Real Estate

Thirty cents a line.

Manhattan—For Sale.

Lots, excavated, 207th St., near Subway station, with builder's loan; suitable to build flats and stores; references. Box 33 Times Downtown.

100th St. West.—To settle estate, 10 family, cold water; 300 feet from entrance to new "L" station; brokers protected. Address T. T., 173 6th Av.

Bronx—For Sale or to Let.

At Spuyten Duyvil.—Good 7-room house; all improvements; large grounds; fine view Hudson; reasonable; 3 minutes' walk station; 25 Grand Central; house pointed out at station. C. C. Ferris, premises.

New elegant one-family house, Mount Hope section Bronx; 12 rooms, two baths; can be arranged for two families; suitable physician, dentist. Write A., 447 Tremont Av.

Brooklyn—For Sale or to Let.

FOR SALE—TWO-FAMILY HOUSES, 233 WARWICK STREET, BROOKLYN, N. Y.; PRACTICALLY NEW; MODERN PLUMBING, NEW FURNACES; SMALL PAYMENT DOWN, BALANCE EASY TERMS, 5 PER CENT. GEORGE T. STOCKHAM, HOTEL WOLCOTT, NEW YORK CITY.

House, 243 South 9th St., Brooklyn; 12 comfortable rooms, with all modern improvements for rent or lease. Inquire M. Josephson, banker, 105 Stanton.

Real Estate

Thirty cents a line.

Long Island—For Sale or to Let.

Ideal properties, North Shore specialty and throughout Long Island.
Sell, rents, furnished and unfurnished,
S. OSGOOD PELL & CO.,
542 5th Av., N. Y. Tel. 5610 Bryant.

To Let, at Rockaway Park and Belle Harbor, cottages from $500 up. Rockaway Park Realty Co., opposite depot, Rockaway Park, L. I.

Fine house, 8 rooms; large plot; fruit trees, hedge fence; 35 minutes out; easy terms. Hollberg, Hawthorn Av., Floral Park, L. I.

Farm at Smithtown; new house; will exchange for city property. Schultz & Co., 150 Nassau St.

$15,000 buys complete country residence. Box 142, Great Neck Station, L. I.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

Country homes throughout Westchester, Sound and Hudson.
Sell, rents, furnished and unfurnished.
S. OSGOOD PELL & CO.,
542 5th Av., N. Y. Tel. 5610 Bryant.

English Winter cottage, near beach, 10 rooms, 3 baths, 39 minutes from Harlem station; reduced to $12,000; may rent furnished; near yacht and golf clubs. Owner, 624 Times Square.

New House For Sale.—Thirty minutes from heart of city; 350 feet above sea level; garden, fruit trees; improvements; price reasonable. Noonan, 76 West 101st St.

Scarsdale.

SCARSDALE.—Rent, furnished, for August, seven-room house; good location, high; 3 bedrooms, sleeping porch, 2 baths; price, $125; references. Cozy, Box C 14 Times.

New Jersey—For Sale or to Let.

Ridgewood, N. J.—Thirty minutes from New York. I have built and offer two attractive, small houses; also few choice lots, upon which I will assist buyer seeking permanent home to finance and build. I have set out shade and fruit trees, hedges, bushes, and small fruits. These lots, being adjacent to my residence, will be restricted as to character of improvements. F. J. Heiderich, Accountant, 80 Broadway, New York, (Tel 4794 Rector,) and Ridgewood, N. J.

Fanwood, N. J.—Handsome eight-room semi-bungalow, large living room, open fireplace, beam ceilings, hardwood finish, tiled bathroom, electric light, &c.; best house ever built for the money, $5,900; very easy terms; a few large, finely located building plots near station, $500 each; terms $5 per month; send for particulars and free railroad tickets. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building.

PASSAIC.
Beautiful suburban home, five minutes from Erie station; 35 minutes from Broadway; nine rooms and bath; all improvements; hardwood floors; open fireplaces, gas, electricity, steam; large porch; artesian well; barn; 300 feet beautiful hedge; shrubbery; 100x200 feet. Address Box 48, Passaic, N. J.

Very attractive suburban cottages at Westfield, N. J.; six and seven rooms; well built, hardwood finish, city improvements, on large plots; few minutes from station; one block from trolley; high elevation; very small first payment, balance $20 per month. Home and Gardens Company, Woolworth Building. H. C. Lockwood, Agent.

FOR SALE.
All-year bungalows; double floors; steam heat; every convenience; restricted section; extra large plots; 5 minutes express station; finest section New Jersey, adjoining Ridgewood; would rent to intending buyers only. Smith-Singer Co., Glen Rock, N. J.

RIVER EDGE, N. J., BARGAINS.
Houses and Bungalows, 6, 7, 8 rooms, 1 and 2 baths, for sale at builder's cost on easy terms. Free photos, floor plans and tickets to inspect. COMMONWEALTH BUILDING CO., 50 CHURCH ST., NEW YORK. PHONE 8748 CORT.

Nature Lovers' Retreat.—Bungalow in cedars, overlooking Pequannock River; elevation 427 feet; mountain scenery; only 39 minutes, Lackawanna or Erie; commutation 13c.; contains 3 rooms, open fireplace, rustic cedar porch, 52 feet long; $650; easy terms. Address Unusual Value, 72 Times Downtown.

SUMMIT, N. J.—Beautiful old place; large residence, modernized extensive grounds; location, surroundings exceptional; might consider exchange with private owner desiring establish residence, Summit, who has good, small income property; price, terms reasonable. Owner, 666 Springfield Av.

JUST OUT.—My new illustrated booklet of homes in Northern New Jersey; tells you how money can be saved in buying property; you will find it very interesting; no charge; send postal to-day. W. V. Champlain, 522 West 146th, New York.

Owner, obliged by business to live elsewhere, will rent, furnished or unfurnished, beautiful Colonial home, 11 rooms, two baths; large veranda; best section South Orange. BALDWIN, 156 Broadway.

$20.00 MONTHLY
PAYS PRINCIPAL, INTEREST; 6-ROOM HOUSE, BATH; ALL IMPROVEMENTS; ¼ ACRE LAND; half hour from city; fine country; little cash; bargain. N 288 Times Downtown.

$2,400.—Beautiful new home, 6 rooms and bath; 7½-foot cellar; sewer connection and all improvements; hills of N. J.; 30 minutes from Times Square; 7c fare; will sacrifice at $2,400; cost $2,800; $400 cash, then $20 monthly. Call, write, F. B., Room 1,101, 35 W. 32d St.

A neat little home, built as you like it; 45 minutes out; $598; bungalow style; on large plot of ground; good productive soil; splendid chance to be your own landlord. Write or call to-day for full particulars. Suite 8, 156 Fulton St., New York.

$30 monthly, including interest, buys modern house, 6 rooms, bath, electric light, heat; restricted neighborhood; near train, trolley; seven miles out. Price $3,800. Cash $400. Herrich, Owner, Room 459, Fifth Ave. Bldg., Corner 23d.

A village home; 2 acres, 7-room house, city water, bath, other improvements; large brook, chickens, fruit, berries, asparagus; good neighborhood; convenient school, trolley. Frederick Tetor, Ridgewood, N. J.

FOR RENT IN RIDGEWOOD.
Charming home; Heights section; 12 rooms, 3 baths; acre plot; latest improvements; rent, $900. S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman, Ridgewood, N. J. Fone 555.

Real Estate—Out of City.

Houseseekers having $500 each are needed to form a Home Owners' Club, the object of which is to secure for members a substantial house in a New York suburb. It is desired to have the co-operation only of steady wage earners whose character will bear investigation. The adhesion of speculators is not invited, but only of men whose ambition it is to establish homes for themselves. For details address Joseph Ince, 209 West 147th St., New York.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale or Rent—Fishers Island, New York. Splendid Linderman mansion, Little Hay Harbor; furnished; 18 master's rooms; tennis courts; dock; boating; stable, coachman's house. Apply to W. F. Ingold, Arlington, 18 West 25th St.

New England—For Sale or To Let.

Furnished home, nine rooms, bath; garage; Green Mountains, Vermont. H. F., Times, Harlem.

Real Estate Wanted.

Attention, Property Owners.—Avoid vacancies, losses, annoyances, and give us agency and management of your property. William Bettmann, 2,232 7th Av. Phone 3323 Morningside.

Real Estate for Exchange.

$50,000.—First mortgage $30,000, 5 per cent.; 4-story private dwelling, 12 rooms, 3 baths; 69th St. Central Park West; consider tenement or country place. Sterling Realty Co., 203 Broadway.

Mortgage Loans.

Wanted, loan of $15,000 upon good second mortgage security; particulars on request. W. H., N 316 Times Downtown.

MORTGAGE MONEY.—Firsts, 5%; seconds, 6%. R. M. de Leeuw & Co., 15 Broad St.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

Something unusual; upper three floors of two buildings on Lenox Av., near 125th St.; 14 rooms, large banquet or billiard room; suitable for club, furnished bachelor apartments, or rooming house; reasonable rent. Inquire Robert Levers, 376 Lenox Av., corner 129th.

Newly decorated 8-room private house in refined locality; $45. Owner, 66 Mount Hope Place, between 176th-177th Sts., near Grand Concourse, Tremont.

To Let for Business Purposes.

Thirty cents a line.

An opportunity of a lifetime to secure one or two lofts, corner building on 6th Av., centrally located, size 45x120, with extension 20x40; all kinds of service; can be had very cheap. Address Box-F 98 Times.

LARGE FLOOR, 40 BY 90; BEST SPOT, BEST BUSINESS SECTION SOUTH BROOKLYN, CORNER 5TH AV., 15TH ST., BROOKLYN. GERMAINE, ON PREMISES.

Very desirable office to rent, 550 square feet, southeast corner Hudson Terminal Building; immediate possession. For further particulars W. A. Pusch. Telephone 1741 Hamilton.

BROADWAY, N. E. COR. 39TH ST.
Splendid light offices. Special Summer rates.

Exceptional Opportunity—Store, living rooms, suitable any business; $25. 680 11th Ave.

Offices, light, clean, newly renovated; $15 up. Apply office, 100 Broad St.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.
Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

EIGHT ROOMS AND THREE BATHS; WELL FURNISHED; ALL ROOMS LIGHT AND AIRY; BEAUTIFUL VIEW OF RIVER; LARGE LIBRARY OF BOOKS, PIANO, &C.; WILL SUBLET FOR SUMMER MONTHS. APPLY APT. 8E, 318 WEST 100TH ST.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA.
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av.
1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS.
Dishes, cooking utensils, and silver.

Private bath, kitchenette, furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway; references; special rates on lease.

At moderate rent, from May 15 or June 1 to Oct. 1, a nicely furnished, cool apartment of seven rooms and bath.
251 West 87th St., corner of Broadway; elevator service; near Riverside Drive; convenient to Subway and elevated; reference required; seen by appointment. Telephone Hibbard, 5756 Schuyler.

VAN DYCK & SEVERN,
Broadway, 72d and 73d Sts.
Furnished apartments
6, 8, and 9 rooms,
2 and 3 baths.
Possession at once. Summer rates.
See Manager, 175 West 72d St.
Tel. Columbus 3547.

Riverside Drive, Near 116th St.—Attractive front apartment; overlooking river; delightfully cool; seven rooms, two baths; will sublet for Summer fully furnished, silver and linen included; terms reasonable. Apply Room 1,012, 47 West 34th St. Tel. Greeley 8060.

Handsomely furnished apartment of five rooms and bath on 114th St., adjoining Riverside Drive; ninth floor, front; immediate possession; rent, $100 monthly. Call Morningside 28 before 10 and after 5.

46th, 21 West, artistically furnished studio apartment; large living room, bedroom, bath, kitchenette; private phone; rent to October; immediate possession; Summer rates; evenings. Brown.

Beautiful, new five (5) room apartment, two (2) baths; completely furnished; linen, silver, baby grand piano; eleventh (11th) floor; river view; very reasonable. 574 West End Av.

HOTEL MARLTON,
3 WEST 8TH ST.
Special Summer Rates. 2 and 3 room apartments, also single rooms.

To Sublet for Summer Months.—Completely furnished seven light rooms, two baths, in modern elevator apartment; desirable location; references. 37 West 93d St. Apt. 10.

Very desirable, newly furnished apartment, 7 rooms, just off Riverside Drive, on 85th St., to sublet, either furnished or unfurnished. S. T. Benton, 330 West 85th St.

Light, airy, well-furnished eight-room apartment, overlooking Hudson River, for months of June, July, and August. 445 Riverside Drive. Tel. Riverside 4371.

Studio apartment, delightfully cool, attractively furnished, 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, electricity, telephone; possession June. 62 South Washington Square.

89TH, 52 WEST.—Two rooms, bath; delightfully cool; furnished, unfurnished; electricity, telephone; suitable studio, bachelor quarters; immediate possession.

Great Sacrifice.—Six light rooms, overlooking west side Columbia Campus; near Subway; immediate possession. Particulars Leland's, 40 West 33d.

Attractive outside seven-room apartment, modern building; convenient location; balcony; Summer months, reasonable. Bressler, 622 West 113th.

Beautiful outside, sunny front apartment; electricity, elevator, piano, sewing machine; May to September. Apt. 5, 510 West 124th.

Handsomely furnished, very cool, five-room elevator apartment, until Sept. 15; references seen 10-2, Apt. 52, 200 W. 86th.

40th St., 142 East.—High-class apartment; sublet until October; 6 unusual rooms, bath; attractively furnished. Apartment 37.

Sublet four completely furnished rooms, June to October. West 147th St., near Broadway. Call mornings. Audubon 3970.

June to October, two beautifully furnished apartments, suitable three adults; strictly high class. Apply 6B, 435 West 119th.

$50.—5 rooms front apt., finely furnished; June till September; piano; light, cool. 404 West 115th St. Apt. I.

To Sublet—Three-room kitchenette apartment, 434 West 120th St. Phone Mgr. Hotel Royal, 684 Morningside.

A furnished four-room apartment to sublet for Summer; everything new. Apply Woodruff, 45 West 11th St.

5 W. 16th St.—Skylight studios, bachelor apartments; service, 'phone, electricity; $40 to $60 monthly.

Two rooms, kitchenette, $50 month; would sell furniture. Particulars. Phone 960 Morningside.

Living room, adjoining kitchenette, $25 monthly; suitable business couple. Phone 8502 River.

70th, 345 West.—Furnished, 5 rooms, bath; modern elevator apartment; sacrifice, $55.

East Side.

Madison Av., 578, (between 56th-57th Sts.)—Single and two-room apartments, baths, and kitchenettes; fine furniture; modern conveniences; most desirable house, adjoining Essex Hotel; weekly or monthly. Premises, or Sittenham, 59 West 87th St.

New Jersey.

Beautifully furnished six-room apartment, two porches, second floor, near boardwalk. 1,904 Pacific Av., Atlantic City. Apt. 4.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.
Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

To Sublet—120 West 86th St.; unfurnished for balance of lease to Oct. 1, 1917, or furnished from May 1 to Oct. 1, 1914, at unusually reasonable price. Seven rooms; three baths; front apartment; 11th floor; elevated and Subway stations at 86th St. Inquire on premises.

A.—A.— SUBLET, SUMMER,
Parlor, double bedroom, bath; five windows; facing south; maid service; restaurant; reasonable. Berkley, Apartment 711, 170 West 74th. Telephone 9800 Col.

403 W. 123d, opposite Morningside Park; 6 rooms, bath; steam heat, hot-water supply; excellent location; rent, $33.

Manhattan Av., 26.—Eight exceptionally attractive rooms and bath; very light; steam heat and hot water $41.

Riverside.—Unobstructed view; six all outside rooms; bargain, to October. Newman, 140 Claremont, (122.)

88th St., W. 101.—Elegant, seven, large, light rooms; modern improvements; $40-$50. Superintendent.

120th St., 225 West.—Five large, very light rooms and bath; steam heat and hot water; $26.

120th St., 223 West.—Five large, light rooms and bath; steam heat and hot water; $28.

East Side.

Madison Av., 1,765.—Six large, light rooms and bath; steam heat and hot water; $21.

Madison Av., 1,761.—Six large, light rooms and bath; steam heat and hot water; $21.

Madison Av., 1,787 (near 118th St.)—Seven rooms, bath; steam heat and hot water; $31.

Bronx.

166TH ST., COLLEGE AV.
THREE AND FOUR ROOM APARTMENTS; ALL IMPROVEMENTS; HOT WATER, TELEPHONE, &C.

Country Property

Thirty cents a line.

To Let—Furnished.

TO RENT, FURNISHED,
a beautiful 10-room house at Mount Vernon, N. Y.; 5 minutes' walk to new Sunningdale Golf Course and only 10 minutes from New Haven Station; a very convenient and refined neighborhood; splendid shady porch on two sides; 2 baths, 3 toilets, electric lights; rent $100 per month; June to October. Anderson Realty Co., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

For Rent.—Furnished residence, 10 rooms and bath, to adults only, in a beautiful town within commuting distance of New York; every convenience, including garage or stable; near golf links and Goshen English Inn; if contract is closed at once for season, June 1 to Oct. 1, or later, it may be had for $50 per month; references. Address Y 210 Times Annex.

To Rent.—At Crescent Beach, Conn., six miles from New London, large Colonial cottage, with garage; select location; price, $400 season. John J. Ward, 81½ Washington St., Hartford, Conn.

Locust, New Jersey—Sandy Hook boats to Atlantic Highlands; furnished house; all modern conveniences; four acres; $600 for the season. R. L. MacDuffie, Bronxville, N. Y.

Locust, New Jersey.—Sandy Hook boats to Atlantic Highlands. Furnished house; all modern conveniences; four acres; $600 for the season. R. L. MacDuffie, Bronxville, N. Y.

Blue Point, Long Island—Handsome, modern cottage, ten rooms, well furnished, good location, shore privileges, fine grounds and garden. H. R. Monro, 209 West 38th St.

Two attractive suburban houses on Spuyten Duyvil Hill, six and ten rooms, to rent for the Summer, furnished or unfurnished, or sell or lease. Telephone 4178 John.

To let, furnished, eight rooms, all improvements; corner; near station. Roddy, Hempstead, L. I.

Lost

Thirty-five cents a line.

LOST.—Between 114th St. and 88th St., on Broadway, or in Riverside Park, May 8, gold bar pin, white enamel surface, with five pearls set in. Finder will be liberally rewarded if returned to Apartment 2H, the Hamilton, 420 Riverside Drive.

LOST—Watch charm, Masonic emblem, black enamel and gold Maltese cross; owner's name and marks on back; finder will be rewarded. Communicate with Henry Stortz, 321 New St., Philadelphia.

LOST—Saturday, May 9, on 10th and Amsterdam Av. car, gold coin holder and gold pencil; monogram "J. A. F." on coin holder; reward. Mrs. Jennie Frisbie, 601 West 160th, Apt. 5 C.

LOST.—Harrison St., Brooklyn, gold pin, Maltese cross, crossed hammers, blue white shield; 88 gold; reward. Perkins, care Pierce Co., 30 Tiffany Place, Brooklyn.

LOST—Umbrella, left in Riker's drug store, 157th St. and Broadway, on Wednesday afternoon; suitable reward. Apt. EB, 614 West 157th St.

LOST—On Saturday, one gold lorgnette, in Central Park or the vicinity of the Plaza Hotel; reward of $10. Apply Buckingham Hotel.

LOST—May 13, lady's large diamond heart-shaped breastpin with ruby in centre. Reward if returned to J. J. Dwyer, 299 Broadway.

LOST—Gold bracelet; inscription inside T. M. to J. H., Feb. 8-14; reward. A. H. Aarons & Co., 8 Maiden Lane.

LOST.—Friday, gold pin, with green enamel; reward if returned. A. Balgrie, 206 East 17th St.

LOST—Diamond and sapphire barpin; liberal reward. W. D. Sargeant, Hutton Park, Orange, N. J.

LOST—Wednesday night, box containing colored wigs. Return Dorothy Russell, 5th Av. Theatre, 4th and 3d Sts., Brooklyn.

LOST.—Five diamond rings, in handkerchief; liberal reward. Carew, 400 West 57th.

$100 REWARD.
Lost diamond bar pin, between Macy's and Biltmore Hotel on Wednesday, May 13. Return to cashier Biltmore Hotel.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LOST.—Sunday, King's Highway, Boston bull pup; white chest, white front paws and white triangle on neck. Hardy, 1,671 East 12th St., Brooklyn.

LOST—On Washington Heights, female Boston terrier; brindle body, white blazed neck and chest; reward. Supt., 601 West 160th.

LOST.—Toy poodle dog. Return Alice Johnson, 65 West 131st St., receive reward.

Purchase and Exchange

Thirty cents a line.

Pawn tickets bought. Gold.
Diamonds, Oriental pearls. Silver.
Estates appraised and purchased. Platinum.
Benjamin Feingold, 491½ 6th Av., between 29th and 30th Sts.
Established 18 years. Tel. 1254 Madison Sq.

A. S. BORG, 146 WEST 23D ST.
Highest prices paid for diamonds, platinum, old gold, silver, old teeth, pawn tickets; liberal percentage for Provident tickets.

Absolutely highest price paid for old sealskin, Persian lamb, and other high-grade furs. M. Naftal, 69 West 45th St.

I pay highest cash prices for furniture, bric-a-brac, paintings, rugs, pianos. Myers, 115 University Place. 2298 Stuyvesant.

Schools

Thirty cents a line.

LOOKING for school or camp? Write CO-OPERATIVE SCHOOLS' AGENCY, T 41 Park Row, New York, for unlimited Free Information. Teachers supplied.

French taught privately by distinguished lady, conversation method. Mademoiselle de Masseau, 507 5th Av., Room 525. Telephone Murray Hill—4717.

Learn filing and earn $10-$30 week; short, practical courses; good positions. Manhattan School of Filing, Room 825, 30 E. 42d St.

Dancing.

DANCING.—Miss Arthur and Mr. Margraff, 180 Madison Av., one block west Vanderbilt Hotel. Telephone Murray Hill 3493.

Storage.

Thirty cents a line.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO.—Store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 vanload; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 48th. Telephone 2667 Bryant.

ANSONIA STORAGE CO.
Moving, packing, and shipping; automobile vans for long-distance moving; let us estimate. Send postal 137-139 West 99th St., or Telephone 3052 or 3053 Riverside.

John W. Griffithes, moving, packing, shipping; auto vans for country.
526 7th Av. 342 West 38th St.

Horses and Carriages.

Thirty cents a line.

Gentleman and wife on country estate in New Jersey with modern stable, expert groom, will board two fine saddle horses for use during Summer; highest references. Travis, Riverside Drive, Red Bank, N. J.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

21ST, 145 EAST, Gramercy Park.—Large, small rooms; private bath; excellent table.

34TH ST., 117-119 EAST, (Near Park Av.)—Desirable single, double rooms, board.

A.—MADISON ARMS,
144 MADISON AV. VERY ATTRACTIVE.

MADISON AV., 193.—Large and single rooms; private bath; table board; references.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46, (corner 11th.)—Desirable large, small rooms; excellent board; references.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large and small rooms, well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

25TH ST., 18 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; running water, steam, electric light, telephone, elevator; full hotel service; use adjoining bath; $7, $8, $9 week; one or two persons; rooms and suites with private bath, $10 week up; meals, $8, $9 week; inspection invited; best value in New York.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Rooms, large, single, private bath; excellent cooking; table guests.

53D ST., 37-52.—Suite with private bath; other rooms; board optional; references.

57TH ST., 351 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large small rooms; good board; Summer rate; telephone.

58TH, 37 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private baths; excellent cooking; near Park; accessible location.

64TH, 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room; nicely furnished; excellent table; moderate.

71ST ST., 62 WEST.—Exceptional board; large rooms; private baths; small rooms; reasonable.

72D ST., 264 WEST, (formerly 14 East 44th St.)—One double room; table guests.

73D ST., 181 WEST.—Ideal location; near parks, river, Subway, "L" express; homelike accommodations.

73D ST., 112 WEST.—Desirable room; table board; between Subway and elevated; references.

73D, 136 WEST.—Exceptionally cool rooms, single, double; homelike, refined environment; excellent table.

76TH, 127-129 WEST.—Exceptionally cozy rooms; cool for Summer; excellent table; prices reasonable.

76TH ST., 237-239 WEST.—Exceptionally cool rooms; excellent table; select neighborhood; easy transportation.

77TH, 102 WEST.—Exceptionally cool, front room, bay window, suitable two; private house.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.—Unusual and attractive "pensions" with large parlors, tearoom, and lounge; Southern cooking; white maid service; private telephone; booklet on request.

79TH, 133 WEST.—Exceptionally cool double room, with bath; meals optional; table guests.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—Rooms, with board; high grade; Summer rates.

80TH, 106-108-110 WEST.—Riverside Drive, Central Park; cool, comfortable; a satisfactory home for refined people; new high-type furnishings; pure food; wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals; advantageous rentals now.

82D ST., 52 WEST.—Desirable room; private bath; breakfast or table board. Schuyler 8397.

83D, 5 WEST.—Open all Summer; special terms; business or permanent guests; transients; unsurpassed table; modern improvements; references.

86TH ST., 174 WEST.—Desirable large, small rooms; electricity; reasonable; table guests accommodated.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Desirable rooms; electricity; generous table; special price Summer guests.

86TH ST., 23 WEST.—Attractive large and small rooms, board; Summer rates; Southerners accommodated.

67TH, 70 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; excellent table; refined, convenient neighborhood; references required.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

94TH, 147 WEST.—Desirable rooms; quiet house; parlor dining room; telephone; electricity.

95TH ST., 111 WEST.—Desirable medium room; large closet; running water; reasonable; board; references.

96TH, 58 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms; back parlor; table board; Subway; telephone.

104TH, 257 WEST, (West End Av.)—Rooms, private bath; table board; references.

105TH ST., 309 WEST.—Beautifully equipped, new private dwelling, overlooking Hudson; clean and airy; all rooms have running water; six beautiful bathrooms.

113TH, 625 WEST.—Quiet and efficient service; Southern cooking; table guests accommodated; reasonable.

114TH, 526 WEST.—Attractive large and small rooms; exceptional table; table guests.

Hotel LaGrange, 411 West 57th St.—Outclassing others charging double; Summer rates; double rooms, (board two,) $15; single, $7.50; Southerners.

Country Board.

Thirty cents a line.

PRIVATE family will take two gentlemen; paying guests; beautiful grounds; extensive views; tennis; riding, bathing. N 326 Times Downtown.

Westchester County.

Wanted business woman share quiet suburban cottage overlooking Hudson River, until October; $12.50 to $15 weekly. X 359 Times.

Long Island.

Perfect home, bathing free; table best; refined people only; private family; reasonable. Phone 746-M Flushing. Mrs. Dunn, 5th Av., near 27th., Beechhurst, L. I.

New York State.

Beautiful country residence, poultry, fruit farm; home comforts; modern apartments; mountain location; 90 miles; $9 to $12; booklet. Spindler, Lefever Falls, Ulster County.

New Jersey.

A.—A.—Six adults can be accommodated in most beautiful Summer residence; complete improvements and farm products; no children; two minutes' walk from station; 21 miles out. Address Idlewild, Hillsdale, N. J.

EAST ORANGE LENOX MANOR.
A small hotel, new throughout; private baths, exceptional table; refined and homelike; special Spring rates. Tel. 5075 Orange.

A quiet, refined home, will accommodate a few guests; large rooms, baths; beautiful grounds. 514 Clifton Av., Lakewood, N. J.

Orange, N. J.—The New England; 5 minutes from Highland Station; refined, homelike accommodations.

New England.

KIRCHNER FARM,
Hinsdale, Mass.
On Lake Ashmere; pleasant rooms; table supplied from farm; tennis, boating, fishing; references; booklets. Jennie K. Laurence.

Country Board Wanted

Thirty cents a line.

YOUNG WOMAN would like board with private family in good circumstances living within commuting distance. Box X 374 Times Annex.

On West Shore R. R., within commuting distance, single man; June 1; full particulars; references. N 339 Times Downtown.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

15TH, 105 EAST, (Opposite Union Square Hotel; Subway Express; Apt. 94.)—Outside room, adjoining bath; telephone, electric lights, elevator; handsome fireproof building; business man.

17TH ST., 130 EAST.—Well-furnished rooms; bathroom floor; private house; reasonable.

36TH ST., 38 EAST.—Large rooms, newly furnished, for gentleman; all conveniences; references required.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Comfortable rooms, running water; select house; breakfast optional; telephone; reference.

45TH, 19 EAST.—Medium-size room and kitchenette; $4.50; others, larger.

62D, 144 EAST.—Attractively furnished front and back parlor; two friends or couple; bath; $5 up.

69TH, 204 EAST.—Nicely furnished parlor floor; running water; private house; telephone.

76TH, 48 EAST.—Beautiful, light, airy rooms; conveniences; Summer rates; breakfast; telephone.

108TH ST., 70 EAST.—Attractive, large room in private house; all conveniences. Harlem 2703.

IRVING PL., 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

MADISON AV., 175.—Splendid large rooms, private bath; hallroom; breakfast; transient; reference.

PARK AV., 428, (56th.)—Large, desirable cool room; private bath; telephone; $5.

West Side.

9TH, 28 WEST.—Comfortable large, small rooms; conveniences; ample closets; hot water continuously; references.

10TH, 54 WEST.—Light, well-kept room; running water; telephone.

11TH, 118 WEST.—Large, small rooms; running water; lawns, trees; telephone; balconies.

25TH ST., 18 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; running water, steam, electric light, telephone, elevator; full hotel service; use adjoining bath; $7, $8, $9 week; one or two persons; rooms and suites with private bath, $10 week up; meals, $8, $9 week; inspection invited; best value in New York.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable hall room; running water; bath; gentleman; $4.50.

40TH, 66 WEST.—Small, sunny room, adjoining bath; high-class house; references required; bachelors.

45TH ST., 215 WEST.—Desirable large and small rooms; continuous hot water; telephone.

47TH, 1 WEST.—Large, elegantly furnished room; private bath; electricity; telephone; select.

47TH, 41 WEST.—Beautifully furnished second floor front room; private bath; select residence.

52D ST., 55 WEST.—Large room; also small room; hot and cold water; bath; electricity, telephone; gentlemen only; references.

53D, 60 WEST.—Large, small rooms, with, without bath; breakfast; moderate. 7295 Plaza.

54TH, 54 WEST.—Single and double rooms; table guests; first class.

53D, 57 WEST.—Two rooms; southern exposure; private bath; reasonable; references. Plaza 5713.

53D, 62 WEST.—Exceptionally fine room; private bath; small room; in quiet home.

56TH, 55 WEST.—Attractive Summer rooms for business men; conveniences; references. Call necessary. Plaza 1772.

57TH, 328 WEST.—Desirable rooms; all modern improvements; Subway, "L"; references. Hammond.

57TH, 153 WEST.—Handsome large room; private bath; half price for Summer.

58TH, 322 WEST.—Attractive, clean room and private bath; also other rooms; refined home.

58TH ST., 128 WEST.—Handsome rooms, private bath; select location. Col. 2303.

60TH, 22 WEST.—The New York. 'Phone 10241 Columbus. Hot water every room; electric lights; restaurant, tailor, barber; hotel service; Subway and L half a block; $3 to $10.50 per week, $1 per day.

66TH, 130 WEST.—Front rooms; clean, comfortably furnished; $3.50, $5; housekeeping. Pearson.

68TH ST., 54 WEST.—Private family; exceptional accommodations; two, three gentlemen; refined home; excellent location; convenient; breakfast optional. Columbus 7658.

68TH, 70 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large, small rooms; running water; telephone; reference.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private bath; Southerners; telephone; reasonable.

69TH, 65 WEST.—Immaculately kept, large, small rooms, well ventilated; inside room.

69TH, 145 WEST.—Two adjoining rooms, running water, in high-class apt. Manning.

70TH, 184 WEST.—Beautiful large room, bath; phone; comfortable; Summer rates; reference.

70TH, 105 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; telephone; refined home.

71ST, 71 WEST.—Doctor's office; private bath; other large rooms; newly furnished; decorated.

71ST, 280 WEST.—Large room with kitchenette conveniences; Subway express. Columbus 2688.

71ST, 161 WEST.—Medium and small furnished room; private family; gentlemen only.

71ST, 282 WEST, Corner West End.—Attractive large room, dressing room; running water.

72D ST., 268 WEST.—Back parlor; private bath; kitchenette; front parlor; running water.

72D ST., 255 and 265 WEST.—Second floor rooms; single room; Summer arrangement; reasonable.

73D ST., between Broadway and West End Av.—Room for gentleman; private family. X 372 Times.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

73D, 115 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; newly decorated; southern exposure; references.

73D, 255 WEST.—Attractive room, private bath; cool; Summer rate; select; reference.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Attractive rooms, large or small; private bath; reasonable; references.

75TH, 102 WEST.—Three large bright rooms; single or suite; elevator; Summer rates. Apartment 25.

76TH, 107 WEST.—Attractive room; clean bed; phone; Southern, doctor's office; references.

76TH, 113 WEST.—Small, medium, and large light and airy rooms; reasonable; telephone.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Back parlor, private bath, suitable physician or couple; references.

76TH ST., 56 WEST.—Room, bath; room, use bath; telephone; private residence.

76TH ST., 244 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private house; references.

77TH ST., 301 WEST.—Large, light, newly furnished rooms; single and double; convenient Subway; breakfast. Tel. 9959 Schuyler.

77TH, 150 WEST.—Large room with or without private bath; telephone; references.

78TH, 164 WEST.—Nicely furnished hall room; excellent board; table guests.

78TH, 136 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large cool rooms; centrally located; $5-$9.

79TH ST., 213 WEST.—Delightful room, private bath; housekeeping privileges; Subway; Summer rates.

80TH ST., 104 WEST.—Exceptionally cool, pleasant room; private bath; also medium room; reasonable.

80TH ST., 144 WEST.—Parlor floor; private bath; suitable professional; also attractive large room.

80TH ST., 126 WEST.—One large room, private bath; small room; see and appreciate.

82D ST., 152 WEST.—Large, attractive room, suitable 2 or 3; abundant closet room; hot, cold water; convenient bath. 3750 Schuyler.

82D, 140 WEST.—Furnished rooms; large, small; Summer rates; private house; telephone; reference.

82D ST., 118 WEST.—Beautiful, large rooms, connecting, private bath; reasonable, homelike; private house.

82D ST., 68 WEST.—New house; large, small rooms; kitchenette; concessions. Davis.

83D, 11 WEST.—Cool rooms for Summer; near Central Park; refined, homelike surroundings.

84TH ST., 268 WEST, (Riverside.)—Connecting cool front rooms; elevator apartment; light housekeeping; telephone.

85TH ST., 205 WEST.—Artistic double room, apartment; women; references. Schuyler—5589. Barcus.

85TH, 134 WEST.—Two rooms, private bath; others; running water; central location.

86TH, 302 WEST.—Beautifully furnished outside rooms; block Subway; continuous hot water; reasonable.

87TH ST., 319 WEST.—Handsome large room; private family; gentlemen; references.

89TH ST., 318 WEST, (Riverside.)—Desirable, attractive, airy single and double rooms; electricity; reasonable.

91ST ST., 64 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, suitable two; shower baths; reasonable; references.

91ST, 74 WEST.—Large or small, well kept rooms; convenient; Summer rates.

91ST ST., 163 WEST.—Pleasant front room; hot water, telephone; Subway; reasonable.

92D ST., (Central Park West.)—Handsome front suite, adjoining bath. 1424 Riverside. Apartment 62.

93D, 4 WEST, near Central Park.—Homelike room for gentleman; private family. Mundt.

94TH, 146 WEST.—Attractive double, single rooms; private house; references; reasonable. Riverside 569.

95TH, 19 WEST.—Attractive front; back parlor floor; separate; two desirable rooms. Riverside 7363.

96TH, 231 WEST.—Handsome room, facing Broadway; running water; high-class apartment; board optional; very reasonable. Apt. 7C.

96TH, 36 WEST.—Desirable, large, front room; private house; table board. Riverside 1435.

99TH ST., 244 WEST, (Broadway.)—Cool, spacious room; modern elevator apartment; convenient transportation. Butters.

99TH, 304 WEST.—Large, attractive room; elevator apartment; near Riverside Drive. Tomlinson.

100TH ST., 253 WEST.—Large, small rooms; electricity, bath; breakfast if desired.

102D, 254 WEST.—Private house, near Subway; attractive single room; adjoining bath.

104TH, 128 WEST.—Suite of two, three light, cool rooms; running water; bath; $16 two; single room $7; excellent table; porch. 8,325 Riverside.

104TH ST., 222 WEST.—Elegant light room; comfort; gentlemen. Phone Sherwood.

106TH ST., 206 WEST.—Attractive rooms; running water; suite two rooms; piano. Apartment 21.

107TH, 208 WEST.—Large, light room; electricity, phone; elevator. Apartment 6B.

107TH, (2,787 Broadway.)—One room or suite of two; all conveniences. Riverside 1702.

111TH, 515 WEST.—Large front room, alcove; elevator; suitable for two. Apartment 14.

112TH, 533 WEST.—Large, outside room; gentleman; Summer rates. Morningside 6528. Morse.

113TH ST., 133 WEST.—Desirable, airy room for lady; elevator; Subway; reasonable; telephone.

113TH, 611 WEST.—Attractive, outside, sunny rooms, near Drive; high class; elevator. Apt. 51.

114TH, 312 WEST.—Attractive, light, cool rooms; no other roomers; telephone; $2.50-$3. Alger.

114TH ST., 610 WEST.—Parlor floor, kitchenette apartment; private bath; small rooms; reasonable.

118TH, 400 WEST, (Columbia.)—Excellent rooms, double and single; elevator; electricity; shower. Camp.

118TH ST., 401 WEST.—2 attractive rooms; lavatory between; furnished, light housekeeping; overlooking Morningside Park.

118TH ST., 414 WEST, (Morningside Heights.)—Comfortable, homelike rooms; modern conveniences; reasonable. Smith.

118TH, 414 WEST.—Small, beautifully furnished apartment; also single room; reasonable. Grant.

119TH, 419 WEST.—Large, southern exposure, front room; gentleman; no other roomers; eighth floor; exceptionally fine building; breakfast optional. 7700 Morningside. Walsh.

119TH, 419 WEST, (Apartment 2-D.)—Front, airy room in high-class apartment; next to bath; very desirable.

119TH, 121 WEST.—Elegant room, private bath; desirable neighborhood; refined house.

121ST ST., 509 WEST.—Columbia grounds opposite; large living room, small kitchen; bath adjoining; very desirable; complete housekeeping; single room also; restaurant, reception room. Yetman.

122D ST., 500 WEST.—Tastefully furnished private rooms; refined; seen evenings. Apartment 3-A.

122D, 523 WEST, Near Columbia.—Single and en suite outside rooms, $3 up. Sherman.

137TH, 601 WEST.—Fine large, well furnished front room; private bath; suitable two; private family; near Subway. Apartment 64.

139TH, 610 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished room; lavatory; attractive modern apartment overlooking Hudson. Miles.

142D, 633 WEST.—Handsome suite; single; overlooking Hudson; excellent table; private house.

158TH ST., 646 WEST.—Desirable rooms for gentleman; first class; private house; Subway.

181ST, Hillier, 1,454 St. Nicholas Av.—Sunny, large; electricity; adjoining bath; private family.

184TH ST., 601 WEST.—Outside room; quiet place for permanent, well-bred tenant. Apartment 5D.

ALLERTON HOUSE, 300 WEST 22D ST.
(For Bachelors Only.)
Hotel and club conveniences at rooming house prices; new fireproof building; elevator, hot and cold running water in every room; tub and shower baths; all outside rooms; single rooms, $4 to $7 weekly; rooms for two, $3 to $3.50 weekly each.

ALLIANCE HOTEL, 258-260 West 44th, offers comfortably furnished rooms and board, moderate prices; quiet place for quiet people; special rate to permanent guests.

AUDUBON AV., 248, (178th.)—Large, comfortable room; home privileges; telephone; elevator. Barry.

BROADWAY, 2,643, (100th.)—Desirable room for gentleman in private family. Becker.

CENTRE ST., 64, (New Rochelle.)—Light and comfortable rooms in private house; excellent location; near station and Sound; first-class meals near by. New Rochelle 329.

CLAREMONT AV., 191.—Cool, attractive rooms; business woman's artistic elevator apartment. Apt. 54.

CORNER 137TH, Riverside Drive.—Subway station; extra large, handsomely furnished room and bath; every privilege and comfort; no other roomers. Phone 3260 Audubon. Apt. 3.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

For Men.—Hotel Service, Elevator, Baths.
Summer Rates, $6, $7, $8 Weekly.
Private Baths, $10.
MONTICELLO HOTEL, No. 35 West 64th St.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 575, (corner 135th.)—Cool outside room, southern exposure, facing Hudson; elevator, electric light; gentlemen. Apt. 66.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (80s)—Select, private home; will rent lovely, cool room. Phone Schuyler 5620.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 808, (151st.)—Large, cool, nicely furnished room for gentleman, in well-kept private house; reasonable; reference.

WEST END AV., 611.—Delightful front room; electricity, running water; private family; 91st Subway; excellent location; Summer rates.

WEST END AV., 936, (Cor. 106th.)—Lady wishes to rent large corner room, three windows; river view; breakfast optional.

Unfurnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

58TH ST., 64 EAST.—Very attractive large, light room, with bath adjoining; hot and cold running water; plenty of closet room; parquet floor and electric lights; convenient location.

Attractive large light room, with bath adjoining; plenty of closet room; hot and cold running water; electricity. 64 East 58th St.

Rooms Wanted—Furnished

Twenty cents a line.

GENTLEMAN.—Outside room with piano, breakfast; small, refined family; about $6; vicinity West 110th. L 75 Times.

Help Wanted Female

Twenty cents a line.

ADDRESSERS; experienced; only good writers; $8 per week. Apply in person, Friday, 9 A. M., St. John's Guild, 103 Park Av.

BOOKKEEPER; thoroughly experienced; double entry; $15. National Employment Exchange, 30 Church St.

CANVASSERS.—Only those that are good talkers and willing to work; salary and commission; all year round. L. C. Nicoll Land Co., 108 West 34th St.

GIMBEL BROTHERS
NEW YORK
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF A NUMBER OF EXPERIENCED SALESWOMEN
FOR THEIR
DRESS GOODS
SILKS & WASH GOODS SECTIONS.
Apply at Employment Office, Fifth Floor, 32d St. Side.

GIMBEL BROTHERS
NEW YORK
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF EXPERIENCED SALESWOMEN
FOR THEIR
LACE SECTION.
Apply at Employment Office, Fifth Floor, 32d St. side.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK; ONE WHO CAN COOK; MUST HAVE CITY REFERENCES. ADDRESS Y 206 TIMES ANNEX.

GIRL.—To take care of baby and assist with housework. Call to-day. Appenzellar, 815 West 179th.

GOWN DRAPERS, EXPERIENCED. APPLY THURSDAY MORNING, EMPLOYEES' ENTRANCE, 6 EAST 38TH ST. BONWITT, TELLER & CO., 5TH AV. AND 38TH ST.

HOUSEKEEPER. — Capable, agreeable woman to do cooking and light housework as respected member of small family; one who can love little boy. Hurley, Armour Villa Park, Bronxville, N. Y.

HOUSEWORK.—A family of four persons, living on the upper west side of the city, requires a girl for general housework, who can also do plain cooking; the work is not heavy and there is no washing to be done; the successful applicant will have the assistance of a nurse, who takes charge of a 2-year-old girl; the wages are liberal, and reasonable arrangements will be made for nights off; the maids' sleeping accommodations are unusually good, and an industrious, capable woman will find a very desirable home. Address, with city references, Ideal, Box B 22 Times Annex.

HOUSEWORK.—Girl for general housework wanted, who can do plain cooking. Apply at once, Apartment 15, 318 West 100th St.

MODELS.—A desirable position as dress model in fitting department for a young woman with good figure measuring 36 bust. Apply to P. C. Sieger, Butterick Building, Spring and Macdougal Sts., New York.

OLIVER A. OLSON CO., Broadway and 79th St., high-class store for women, are prepared to interview and engage experienced and energetic saleswomen for heads and stocks and buyers for various departments; permanent position with good concern to right person; apply by mail or in person.

THOROUGHLY COMPETENT STENOGRAPHER
as secretary and assistant to busy sales manager; salary $12 to start, but opportunity is an unusual one; prefer girl experienced in hardware or manufacturing line; knowledge filing desirable; INITIATIVE AND GOOD JUDGMENT absolutely NECESSARY; state qualifications fully. Busyman, Times Downtown.

TWO EDUCATED LADIES, with good personality, for fine, permanent positions; teachers preferred; salary. Educational Society, 225 5th Av.

WOMAN.—We have a position open for well educated woman of good appearance over 25. Mr. Cloyes, Room 711, 110 West 34th St.

WOMAN.—Neat, capable woman to take lame lady out in wheel chair. Address, with references, "Wheel Chair," L 70 Times.

Help Wanted, Male

Twenty cents a line.

A progressive income can be earned making incandescent mantles; experience unnecessary; whole or spare time. Write. Aurolite Co., Toronto, Can.

BOY, STRONG, FOR FUR STORAGE DEPARTMENT. APPLY 8:30 TO 9 THURSDAY, EMPLOYEES' ENTRANCE, 6 EAST 38TH ST. BONWIT, TELLER & CO., 5TH AV. AND 38TH ST.

BOY in auto hardware store; must have good education; not over 18. Apply 9 A. M., Cornelius Ten Eick, 253 West 47th.

BROWNE-SHARPE automatic screw machine operators wanted. Jones Speedometer, New Rochelle, N. Y.

MACHINIST, about 30 years of age, assist operating automatic can-making machinery in a N. Y. City can factory; steady position; wages $18 per week. G. M., Box 100 Times.

SALESMAN.—To represent high class typewriter supply house manufacturing ribbons and carbons; best references; experience in this line required; salary; replies without this information will not be considered. N 342 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, covering territory in United States and Canada, wanted to handle a small package as a side line only; a rapid seller to department stores, general supply, and 5 and 10 cent stores; commission. N 7 Times.

SALESMAN.—Influential among Jewish people as agent in sale of farms and to assist in establishing Jewish community in choice section of South Georgia; proposition meritorious; liberal commissions. L 76 Times.

SALESMAN to handle high-class jewelry novelties; liberal commission. E. D., Times Harlem.

Instruction.

Thirty cents a line.

SALESMEN WANTED.—Experience unnecessary; easy work, big pay; write (or call) for particulars and large list of openings offering opportunities to earn $100 to $500 a month while you learn. Address National Salesmen's Training Association, Dept. 1001C, Candler Building, Times Sq., New York.

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Female.

BOOKKEEPER. — Eight years' experience; take full charge; thorough knowledge of controlling accounts; well recommended. B. D., Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, typist; little experience; willing to begin low salary. R. Z., 117 East Houston St. Tel. 8276 Orchard.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, 6 years' experience, corporation, controlling accounts; $14. N 286 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; seven years' experience; full charge; highest reference; $15. L 74 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Long experience; accurate; full charge; highest reference. Solomon, 31 Avenue B.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; capable. 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. Phone 66 East New York.

CARETAKER.—Widow, with grown daughter, position as caretaker; ten years with last employer; best reference. Mary Clark, 155 East 52d St.

CLEAN CUT young woman desires position in family of two. L 66 Times.

DAY'S WORK.—Respectable colored woman wishes day's work. Perry, 19 West 137th St.

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Female.

MANICURIST.—Experienced; six years in business for self; knowledge of chiropody, shampooing, and facial massage; only respectable place need inquire. A. M. C., 592 East 136th St. Phone 2011 Melrose.

MASSEUSE.—Graduate of massage institute, Stockholm, Sweden, with hospital experience, wishes position as masseuse and nurse for invalid lady; highest references. Djerf, 242 East 50th St.

MOTHER'S HELPER.—Fine sewing, mending, children cared for during shopping or theatre hours; reasonable; reference. M. A., 282 Audubon.

SECRETARY.—College woman, refined, experienced correspondent, initiative, general office detailist; trustworthy, good references. F 392 Times.

SECRETARY. — Experienced bookkeeper, stenographer, possessing unusual ability, tact, initiative, desires executive position; exceptional references. R. L., 23 Avenue A.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, confidential assistant, bookkeeper; highly educated; experienced; (24); good grammarian, mathematician; $15; references. Eastman, 411 West 128th.

STENOGRAPHER.—High School graduate; 5 years' advertising, export, experience; excellent speller, grammarian, mathematician; $12. Box N 283 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Highly educated, 6 years mechanical, architectural experience; $15; knowledge bookkeeping, (age 22;) references. N 284 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Neat appearing; three years' manufacturing experience; knowledge bookkeeping; unquestionable references; $8; age, 21. N 281 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Two years' experience; attended business college two years; reliable, intelligent; very competent; salary $10. N 257 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Business school graduate, accurate worker, wishes position busy office. Lilian Gray, 693 Madison Av. 'Phone Plaza 1799.

STENOGRAPHER.—Clean-cut; one year's real estate, law experience; legible penman; $6; high school graduate. N 282 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, typewriter; neat, accurate; salary reasonable; references. Stenographer, 410 Grand St.

STENOGRAPHER, OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Five years' experience; excellent references; $15. N 261 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience, fluent correspondent; educated American; $12. N 309 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Willing; adaptable; beginner; transcribes rapidly and correctly; $6. N 330 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, one year's experience; understands office routine; highest references; $8. F 175 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Knowledge bookkeeping; experienced; moderate salary. M. Melnik, 636 Stone Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; neat, accurate typist; understands office work; $8. N 332 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Educated, refined, wishes permanent position; moderate salary. P 939 Putnam Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant; six years' experience; excellent reference. N 343 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly competent; intelligent correspondent; executive ability; $12-$14. L 62 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, seven years' experience; rapid, trustworthy; highest references; $12-$15. L 73 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, conscientious, ambitious, hard worker; reliable; $8-$10. L 63 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, three years' experience; intelligent worker; highest references; $10. F 174 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Neat, bright girl; beginner; excellent school record; $6. N 276 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Two years' experience; versed office routine; $9; references. N 336 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Refined girl, limited experience, wishes position; $6. N 317 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, well recommended, accurate; will work hard for start; $6. F 176 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR; refined young lady; 5 years experience. N 319 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; experienced; rapid typist; can bill, file, &c.; $12. N 337 Times Downtown.

TYPIST.—Experienced; familiar all office routine; references; salary, $8. N 300 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Male.

A.—A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Installs simplified systems that give exact information required to intelligently plan the development of your business; audits, investigations, reports. Fleming, 35 Nassau St. Telephone Cortlandt 1330.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, RESULTS CERTIFIED.—Books opened, closed, written up, audited, systematized; $5 monthly upward; trial balance; financial statements. Friedlander, 19 Cedar St. Telephone 2351 John.

A-B-I-L-I-T-Y.
Active assistant secretary, stenographer, bookkeeper; 32; commercial, technical experience; accurate, reliable; can become invaluable. L 26 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, systematized, audited, kept, $2 per week up. Barnet, 1,606 Candler Building. Phone 5586 Bryant.

AN EXPERT ACCOUNTANT opens, writes up, closes, systematizes books; prepares periodical audits, financial statements, trial balances; moderate charges. Stanhope, 120 Franklin St.; 3585 Franklin.

BANKING MAN, 28 years old; bookkeeper, correspondent, linguist; quick at figures; 9 years' business experience; would travel if necessary; best references. L 80 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, &c.—Young man, 20, neat appearance, knowledge of bookkeeping, good penman, desires clerical position, office or factory; excellent references; start at anything. N 322 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (German, 24,) thoroughly experienced in all phases of bookkeeping, trial balance and office work, seeks position with good future; $16. N 311 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant; married man; thoroughly competent; executive ability; seeks permanent position where he can demonstrate his real worth; reasonable salary start. N 344 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer; excellent correspondent; (23;) superior academic and business education; 4 years' experience; references; $15. L 37 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and cashier, (21,) 5 years' experience; trial balance, controlling accounts, modern methods; correspondent; references. L 25 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thorough, capable, with many years' experience, desires position; testimonials as to character and ability. N 292 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Seven years' experience; familiar controlling accounts; all modern methods; can take entire charge; salary, $18. P 1 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER.—Educated young man of experience, executive ability; moderate salary. W. S., 929 Putnam Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.—Young man, 20; bank experience; good references. N 333 Times Downtown.

BOY, 17, two years' office experience, wishes position where there is chance for advancement; references. F. J. P., 39 Kingston Av., Brooklyn.

BOY, willing to work as office boy. Robert Lilley, 405 Park Av., Union Hill, New Jersey.

BOY, clean-cut American, school graduate; reliable; good penman. N 268 Times Downtown.

BOY, 17, wishes to learn trade. Nathan Cooper, 215 East 4th St.

BUILDER.—Young man, thoroughly experienced, desires responsible salaried position; references. L 32 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Englishman with large experience of American and foreign cars would like position touring Europe during Summer; very fluent French and German, and would tutor these and other subjects to boys; college man, (22;) could start June 15. Address P. O. Box 276, Ithaca, N. Y.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC.—38; married; 12 years' experience with private family in city and country; first-class references, (letters and personal;) Pierce-Arrow, Packard, and other cars; trustworthy, refined, obliging; desires permanent position. Telephone Schuyler 9035.

CHAUFFEUR.—GENTLEMAN WISHES TO PLACE HIS CHAUFFEUR WITH RELIABLE PARTY; WILL GLADLY GIVE REFERENCES; WRITE OR PHONE. CHARLES MORGAN, 32 BROADWAY, N. Y. CITY. 4960 BROAD.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young man, 24, single, sober, who can be vouched for as being honest, steady, &c., careful driver, with 2½ years' experience in auto repair shop, seeks position either in city or country. Box C 115 Times Anx.

CHAUFFEUR. — Single, useful, careful driver; do repairs; good city driver; understands all around on gentlemen's place; sober, honest, reliable man; best personal references; city or country. A. P. Carroll, 248 West 39th St., city.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Male.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young man, white, American, desires position on Winton cars; 4 years' experience; own repairs; references; careful driver; country preferred; moderate compensation. Y 205 Times Annex.

CHAUFFEUR.—Am going abroad; anxious to secure employment for chauffeur; experienced driver, sober, married, careful. Write Toumele, 6 East 68th. Telephone 3294 Plaza.

CHAUFFEUR.—Swedish; experienced mechanic, careful driver, desires position, private family; willing, obliging; references. Chauffeur, 149 Heyward St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR.—Family going abroad recommend their unusually capable chauffeur; very careful driver and expert mechanic; disengaged in two weeks. 322 West 89th St.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position, private; 3 years' experience as chauffeur; 4 years' running motor boats; best of references. D. Olsen, 333 East 56th, city.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 27, wishes position; two years last place; careful driver. Address C. C. Behr, care of Limbach, 1,666 2d Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Colored; married; city, country; experienced all cars; references; ordinary repairs. Powell, 11 West 137th St.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC.—Colored; wishes position; medium wages to start; good references. S. Shirley, 823 East 166th St., city.

CHAUFFEUR.—MARRIED; EXPERIENCED GAS OR ELECTRIC CAR; A1 REFERENCE. L 60 TIMES.

CHAUFFUER.—Married; fully experienced; wife excellent cook; references. Chauffeur, L 17 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, married; private family; excellent record; will prove satisfactory. Jack, 428 56th St., Brooklyn.

CHEMIST and superintendent of dyeing open for engagement as chemist, dyer, or both; will accept assistant superintendent position; first class analytical and industrial chemist; four and one-half years' experience as head chemist and in full charge of dyeing and wet finishing in large woolen and worsted concern; technical graduate; first class references. X 373 Times Annex.

CIVIL ENGINEER.—Position wanted by a civil engineer of 13 years' experience in design and fabrication of all classes of steel construction; two years on movable bridges; salary basis to be not less than $135 per month. Address X 339 Times Annex.

CLERK, &c.—Young man with knowledge of Spanish and typewriting desires situation as clerk or interpreter. L 40 Times.

EDITOR-REPORTER desires position with New York daily or weekly paper handling industrial, financial or labor news; college graduate; editorial experience. Address Editor, L 71 Times.

ENGINEER, at present employed, wishes to make change; loft building or factory preferred. Address Engineer, 423 Pleasant Av.

ESTIMATOR AND SOLICITOR, age 22, building or engineering lines. Specialty, 329 West 21st.

LACE SALESMAN calling upon manufacturing trade, city, is open for proposition to make change or carry an additional representative line. L 69 Times.

LITERARY, &c.—Italian university man desires position as translator or literary work. Expert, N 12 Times.

MAN, 40 years old, married, well connected, good address, best references, fifteen years' business experience, desires to obtain a position on a salary sufficient to support himself and family; he is now connected with a large company on a commission basis, but owing to present business conditions desires to make a change; he is thoroughly conversant with office work, investments, and is accustomed to meeting prominent men; he would be of valuable assistance to any company or individual desiring a thoroughly reliable, intelligent business man either in or out of this city. C 137 Times.

MAN, 35, honest, intelligent, desires position at anything; references. N 334 Times Downtown.

MODELER, sculptor, wishes steady position; architectural, ornaments, portraits, bust, bust relief, specialty; reasonable terms. L 20 Times.

REPRESENTATIVE
EUROPE OR CENTRAL AMERICA.
Well-educated American, married, 27, linguist, 7 years' experience as auditor, organizer, and manager public service enterprise, MOST SPLENDIDLY CONNECTED THROUGHOUT CENTRAL AMERICA, desires to represent reliable concern in Europe or Central America; bond and highest references. Y 209 Times.

REAL ESTATE AGENT, experienced architect, just starting in for himself, plans for new front alterations and so forth very reasonable. Apply D., 3,650 Broadway.

SALESMAN.—A1 specialty salesman, leaving for Middle West and South, desires connection with responsible firm selling good specialty; commission basis; highest references. N 324 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN with four years' experience on high-class specialty desires position affording opportunity; interview me. N 341 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, 15 years' experience in men's wear line, would like to connect with wholesale house, either inside or road. L 59 Times.

SALESMAN.—28, of character and ability, energetic and experienced, desires position with reliable concern; highest references. L 82 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man, experienced, desires position, city or road. For an interview address N 335 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wishes good, live line; commission basis; have office facilities. P 2 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK and packer, thoroughly experienced man, wishes position. Box 600, 1,039 Gates Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, &c.—Ambitious young man, 25, experienced stenographer, bookkeeper, and salesman, desires position affording opportunity; excellent references. N 315 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER.—Intelligent American boy, few months' experience; understands bookkeeping; plain penman; good habits; $8. N 275 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced; thorough business training; desires to connect with good firm. Jack Schwadron, 693 Madison Av. Phone Plaza 1799.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; expert; thorough double-entry bookkeeper; long experience; best references; moderate salary. N 338 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, expert; executive ability; technical, miscellaneous dictation; $15-$18. M 99 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, correspondent, bookkeeper, 23; efficient, earnest, common sense. Soden, 386 East 161st St.

WATCHMAN.—Man, (30,) wishes position as watchman, special officer or guard. Box 586, 1,039 Gates Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 21, ambitious, wishes position; office, stock, or sample room; have some selling experience. N 331 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN (25) wishes position anything, experienced shipping and stock clerk; also selling and road experience. L 41 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (24,) willing, polite, honest, wishes position at anything; inside, outside work. Ernest Grossman, 911 Simpson St.

YOUNG MAN, 19, American, public school graduate, wants position; chance advancement. Address H. E., 507 East 180th St.

YOUNG MAN, 19, bright, ambitious; best references; wants position; anything. L 66 Times.

Employment Bureaus.

Thirty cents a line.

Help Wanted—Domestic.

A. A. Hofmayer, Reed & Barton Building, 320 Fifth Av., (Agency,) reliable servants. Telephone 4527 Madison Square.

Situations Wanted—Domestic.

A.—Call Greeley 4527 for efficient cooks, houseworkers with references. Model Agency.

Berta Carlson's Agency, 2,494 Broadway, corner 93d St.; first-class servants. 9463 Riverside.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, thoroughly investigated, want places; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. 'Phone [illegible] Columbus. Established 1890.

COOK, WAITRESS; together or separate; desirable girls; excellent reference; $30, $25. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av. Schuyler 9136.

DAY WORKERS.—To wash, clean; emergency help sent anywhere; cooking, serving. Phone Day Workers' League, 6829 Morningside. Brooklyn Branch, phone Prospect 1577 or 1057.

HOUSEWORKER.—Young Irish girl; recently landed; $16; several competent girls, $25. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av. Schuyler 9136.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat colored girls; references. Harlem Employment Exchange, 2,149 5th. Harlem 251.

HOUSEWORKER.—Competent; colored; excellent cook. Stephen's Agency, 32 West 133d. Phone 4044 Harlem.

For Sale—Miscellaneous

Thirty cents a line.

Art Antiques.—Painting Carlo Dolci and famous Napoleon vase, brought here by Joseph Bonaparte. L 56 Times.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED,
4 months for $5 and up.
Initial payment applies if purchased.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., INC.,
345 Broadway, at Leonard St.
956 Broadway, at 23d St.
50 Nassau St., at Maiden Lane.
10 Barclay St. Telephone [illegible] Cortlandt.
TEL. 5408 FRANKLIN.

Automobile Exchange

Thirty cents a line.

FORDS
MONTHLY PAYMENTS.
New 1914 run-abouts, touring, town and commercial cars at regular list prices; cars delivered on reasonable payment down, and balance payable in monthly notes of $50, each bearing 6% interest. Write or telephone and make appointment for one of our representatives to call. Immediate delivery.
PHONE 2101 MELROSE.
BRONX FORD CO., 550 Bergen Ave., Bronx, New York.

NATIONAL
USED CAR DEPARTMENT
BARGAINS.
1912 SPEEDWAY ROADSTER.
Powerful, fast, perfect condition.
1912 7-PASS. TOURING CAR.
Same as late model with exception of starter.
1912 5-PASS. TOURING CAR.
Electric lighting and starting system.
Up to date in every particular.
1913 COUPE DRIVEN 3,000 MILES.
Same in every detail as latest model.
OTHER MAKES AND MODELS.
OUR USED NATIONAL CARS ARE THOROUGHLY REBUILT. THIS MEANS PERFECT CONDITION AND FULL GUARANTEE.
NATIONAL AGENCY,
1,922 Broadway, City.

DAYTON AIRLESS TIRE TESTIMONIAL.
GENTLEMEN—In September, 1913, I bought Dayton Airless Tires for my Cadillac car. They have run 3,500 miles, are in good condition, and have proven very satisfactory, eliminating all punctures and blowout trouble.
W. M. SHINNICK.
DAYTON RUBBER MFG. CO.,
TEL. COL. 9794. 1851 BROADWAY.

Packard 1909, "30," limousine car; equipment includes
WINDSHIELD.
1 CASING.
6 TUBES.
1 TIRE COVER.
WARNER SPEEDOMETER AND CLOCK.
TIRE DRUM; $1,000.
Packard Motor Car Co. of N. Y. 1,861 Bway., N. Y. City.

Packard, 1909, "30," touring car, painted standard Packard blue; equipment includes:
TOP.
WARNER SPEEDOMETER.
KLAXON HORN.
Packard Motor Car Co. of N. Y. 1,861 Bway., N. Y. City.

WE'LL BUY YOUR CAR.
We pay spot cash or sell your car on a 5 per cent. commission basis; will consider trade for new pleasure cars and trucks. GLOBE MOTOR CAR CO., 1,001 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Telephone 7441—Bedford.

REBUILT CARS, $100-$2,000.
Touring and runabout bodies, $25 up.
Tops, $10; top Covs., $1; Sh'lds, Sp'd'm'ts, $5. Steer, Cols, Radiat'rs, Ltg. Bat'ries, Sundries. 20th Century Co., 1,692 B'way, near 53d.

Packard 1912, "30," runabout body; good condition; equipment includes top, windshield, seat covers; $250. Packard Motor Car Co. of N. Y. 1,861 Bway., N. Y. City.

Cadillac 1910, late model, toy tonneau; good condition; quick sale, $400. Leather Tire Goods Co., 247 West 49th St. Telephone Columbus 4256.

BALL BEARINGS EXCHANGED
All Makes and Sizes in Stock.
PRUYN & BILODEAU,
1876 B'way. Tel. Columbus 8088

Any make new automobile many be purchased through me at a discount; full manufacturer's guarantee. "Broker," L 67 Times.

1913 six passenger; one-fifth cost; like new. D., 417 Greene Av., Brooklyn.

Automobiles for Rent.

Packards and Renaults by hour or trips anywhere, monthly, reasonable. Saraydar & Co., 160 East 57th. Plaza 3904.

Packard touring, hourly, monthly; owner drives. Verlangiere, 7670—Morningside. 532 West 122d St.

Packards—Beautiful foredoor 7-passengers, $3.50 hour; $350 monthly. Murray Hill 114.

Packard touring car, monthly; owner drives. Weber, 2,182 Broadway. Tel. 4260 Schuyler.

Elegant Packard touring car, rented hour, day, or month. Dolbey, Plaza 2383.

Automobiles Wanted.

Wanted—Late model foredoor five-passenger touring car. Telephone 3818 Stagg.

Automobile Tires.

For double-tread slightly used tires and tubes, also expert tire repair, call Columbus 5491; prompt, reliable service. Progressive Tyre and Repair Co., 167 West 49th.

Automobile Supplies.

Ball and roller bearings. Gwilliam Co., 253 West 58th St., (at Broadway.) Col. 8356.

Automobile Instruction.

Ford Car.—Careful and thorough individual driving road lessons for ladies and gentlemen; charges moderate. N 4 Times.

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St.
Largest and Best School in U. S. Send for Booklet and Pass to Visit School. Tel. 7920 Col. Special class for women.

Business Opportunities

Forty cents a line.

Ten thousand cash required for active interest in mechanical manufacturing plant, fully equipped, well rated. Articles of universal use; handsome profits. Personal interview only. X 349 Times Annex.

Am leaving for England, Germany, and France prior to June 1, and will be in a position to handle any matters of business or social importance you may desire to have transacted by a young man of exceptional commercial and diplomatic ability. Address Cosmopolitan, Room 916, 303 5th Av., city.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.
WANTED—An idea! Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas, they may bring you wealth. Write for "Needed Inventions" and "How to Get Your Patent and Your Money." Randolph & Co., Patent Solicitors, Washington, D. C.

A Going Corporation.—Staple line paying good profits offers a few shares of its stock to enlarge facilities to care for increasing business. Address Attorney, Robinson & Lauber, 115 Broadway, New York.

A man who will invest $1,000 and is able to take care of books can secure steady position at $25 per week; need some extra money for advertising; no triflers; strictly business. L 79 Times.

For Sale.—Confectionery and ice cream store; established over six years; good location; price low; retiring; good chance for right party; near Brighton Beach Station. 1,417 Kings Highway, Brooklyn.

Use your spare time to build up a mail order business of your own; we help you start for a share in profits; 27 opportunities; particulars free. Mutual Opportunities Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y.

A first-class office man, one that will invest $1,500 in a going company; salary, $25 per week; money guaranteed. L 78 Times.

College graduate desires reliable young man, with first class reference and standing to invest $10,000 in manufacturing concern and become partner. X 326 Times Annex.

Sales last year, $40,000; business growing, international reputation, local factory; $60,000 secures control; investigate this. "Exclusive," L 77 Times.

Desirable young man with $2,000 capital can learn conservative investment and good position by addressing Partner, 164 Times.

$5,500 secures control of established, exclusive trade paper. Write "Profitable," L 72 Times.

For Sale.—Private sanitarium, furnished; lower foothills Adirondacks. A. D. H. Kelsey, M. D.

Wanted.—Party with $500-$1,000 cash to invest with services. B. B., 502 Times.

Partner, well established, waist factory 30 machines. W. E., 200 East 23d St.

Business Notices

Forty cents a line.

Call, 'phone Barclay 5675; within fifteen minutes you will have in your place of business by the hour, day or week, experienced addressers, folders, multigraph operators, typewriters, compilers, messengers from The United States Addressing and Printing Co., 24-26 Murray St.

Multigraph letters, 300, $1.30; 1,000, $1.75; 10,000, $9; prompt. Phone Beekman 5350. G. R. Weatherford, 116 Nassau, Room 1018.

Clothing.

Mme. Naftal buys fine evening, street, and dinner costumes, diamonds, jewelry, furs; highest cash value. 69 West 45th St. Phone 670 Bryant.

Business Loans.

Forty cents a line.

Company makes loans on outstanding accounts, notes, mortgages. Security Finance Co., 135 Broadway

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

URGES BOOKSELLERS TO FIGHT CUT PRICES

W. H. Arnold Advocates Formation of an Association to Maintain Uniform Rates.

NORWAY'S TRADE AS MODEL

Only 17 Per Cent. of Market Is Served, R. B. G. Gardner Tells Convention at the Hotel Astor.

Eighty-seven per cent. of the reading public is unable to get the new books as published, despite its desire for them, according to a report made to the American Booksellers' Convention yesterday in the Hotel Astor by Richard B. G. Gardner of the Publishers' Co-operative Bureau; and despite the recent added facilities of cheap transportation through the parcel post a mere 17 per cent. of the booksellers' market is being served. How to increase and develop that market formed the subject of discussion at the session.

The formation of a single organization including all the booksellers of the country, to prevent price-cutting without conflicting with the trust laws, was strongly urged. Vice President Schenck of the association presided. After the reading of a paper on "Creating a Demand," by Robert W. Staton of Philadelphia, the question of developing and serving the market thus created was discussed by Mr. Gardner.

"I don't have to tell you, gentlemen," he said, "that this great country of ours, with a population of nearly one hundred millions, buys per thousand of population not only fewer but poorer books than either England or Germany. You know it. We have not developed our market here as our confrères across the water have theirs. Our people are not given the same stimulus to reading and book owning. We have not so complete a system of distribution. Our people are often put to great inconvenience in obtaining wanted books."

Mr. Gardner told of the establishment of the Publishers' Co-operative Bureau in the last year, whereby twenty-three well-known publishers of this city, Boston, and Philadelphia were trying to stimulate the national interest in books and book-owning.

"Aside from what it is accomplishing through new books," said Mr. Gardner, "the bureau's co-operation with certain newspapers and magazines has resulted in a betterment of their book pages. In one or more instances it has been the means of establishing a service department through which inquiries concerning books are being promptly and carefully answered.

"In line with other experiments we are trying in our efforts of development, we are planning a series of co-operative newspaper advertisements, to be used in cities and towns not as a rule regularly covered by the publishers' individual announcements."

W. H. Arnold, of the H. B. Claflin Company and the Syndicate Trading Company, described Norway as "A Bookseller's Paradise" and explained how the booksellers of this country might draw profitable lessons from their Norwegian brothers, in effecting more systematic and thoroughly organized methods of selling.

There were three trade organizations, the Publishers' Association, the National Association of Booksellers, and the Provincial Association of Booksellers. All booksellers must be members in good standing of the National Association, whose Board of Directors passed on every application for recognition as a bookseller. The rules governing the setting up of a bookseller were far more stringent than here, and made for better conditions in the trade.

"A man of 18 years who chooses bookselling as his vocation may become a bookseller on his own account at 30," said Mr. Gardner, "after serving four years as apprentice and eight years as assistant. But he must also be prepared to prove his knowledge of books and to give a bond, or have friends who will provide for him. Not till then can he do business in his own name.

Through such regulation, Mr. Arnold said, the booksellers in each town were kept free from dangerous competition. Norway was not likely, either, to have an excessive number of reprints, for no reduction in the price of any book was allowed till five years after its publication, except by special permission of the National Association.

Mr. Arnold urged the necessity of organizing in a similar association in this country, where, of the 2,000 or 3,000 booksellers only about 500 were represented in the American Booksellers' Association.

"We shall never get full measure of vital results," he said, "until we have all the booksellers of the country organized in one body. And that can only be brought about by providing such incentives that every bookseller will be glad to join with us. After thirty long years of ruinous price cutting we became convinced that net prices were possible and we got them. Is it not just as certain that we should be freed from the risks attending the sale of new books? And shall we not obtain this new freedom?

"I am quite aware that with few exceptions the publishers do not want this reform. They are afraid of their profits. Let us therefore adopt some plan that will free us from the newbooklist and at the same time preserve the publishers' profits. Let us ask them to apply the new method only to the members of this association—surely there could be no illegality in this.

"Recent decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States are based on the fundamental principle that ownership carries control, and that principle is now so generally accepted that no assaults upon it can prevail. There is a way, without conflict with any decision or any law, to render retail price cutting of new books impossible. I have a plan for this which has competent legal approval, and which I propose to submit to our Board of Trade as soon as the publishers find a way to accede to our request for the creation of a similar board to meet with ours 'to consider and decide essential matters of policy and practice.'"

The convention will hold executive business sessions to-day, visit Long Beach in the afternoon, and end with a dinner at the Hotel Astor to-night.

INQUIRY INTO EXPLOSION.

Officials Take Up Accident That Killed Nine on the Jefferson.

Further details of the boiler room explosion, which killed nine men and wounded three others on Monday night, were obtained yesterday when the Old Dominion liner Jefferson got here with sixty-five passengers of her original list of eighty. The other fifteen, when the Jefferson put back to Norfolk after the accident, decided to travel by rail.

First Officer Bangs said the explosion occurred as the Jefferson was steaming past Cape Henry. A crown sheet was blown off, and the steam filled the engine room, where twenty men were working. Some of the men were killed before they had a chance to escape. Others stayed in the engine room, and did what they could to prevent another explosion.

A hearing was begun in the Custom House yesterday by the local United States Inspector of Boilers, J. L. Crones, to determine the cause of the explosion. After hearing the evidence of Capt. Theodore Catherine and officers and members of the crew of the Jefferson it was adjourned until the two engineers in the hospital at Norfolk are well enough to testify.

ACCUSES OWN BROTHER.

D. J. Leary Charges Kinsman Mismanaged Their Father's Estate.

Daniel J. Leary, the son of James D. Leary, who died in 1902, began suit in the Supreme Court yesterday against his brother, George Leary, for an accounting. The complaint says that the plaintiff is the owner of 385 shares of the Morris & Cummins Dredging Company's stock; that his mother, Mary C. Leary, owns 157 shares; that she controls 657 shares as the administratrix of his father's estate, and that the defendant owns forty-three shares. The defendant was the manager of the company, it was charged, and had not properly attended to the business.

Among other charges, the plaintiff asserted, his brother converted $115,000 to his own use in 1911 and 1912, that he withdrew $32,777 which he charged to expenses, and that his mother received $17,000 without any apparent consideration.

POPE'S BLESSING TO C. B. L.

Cable Message Read at Session of Supreme Council.

A message from Pope Pius X. was read at yesterday's session of the Supreme Council of the Catholic Benevolent Legion at the Cathedral Club in Brooklyn. The cablegram, which was signed by Cardinal Merry del Val, was as follows:

"The Pope extends his blessing and hearty wishes for the success of the deliberations of the Supreme Council of the Catholic Benevolent Legion. Your work is a noble one and merits his hearty approbation."

Not Midway or Pike, but El Camino.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 13.—The main avenue of concessions, which at the Chicago World's Fair was called the Midway and at the St. Louis Exposition the Pike, has been named El Camino at the Panama-Pacific Exposition. The phrase is Spanish. It means "The Highway," and is designed to recall "El Camino Real"—"The King's Highway," which the Spaniards built the length of the State, with a mission at the end of each day's journey.

DR. PLOTZ SILENCED IN MEDICAL MEETING

Blamed for Publication of Typhus Germ Isolation, Though He Had No Part in It.

NO FORMAL ACTION IS TAKEN

Young Discoverer and His Paper Ignored—Not Improper, Says New Yorker.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, May 13.—Dr. Harry Plotz, the young Mt. Sinai interne, who, as told in THE NEW YORK TIMES on Tuesday, has isolated the typhus germ, did not read his paper on the discovery before the American Associations of Physicians in annual meeting here today. No reference whatever was made to it before the association, and evasive answers were made to inquiries concerning it.

The general attitude left little doubt, however, that Dr. Plotz had been forbidden to read his paper because the heads of the association considered that medical ethics had been violated when news of the discovery came out in THE TIMES before it had been read to an assemblage of medical men. Some of the group who controlled the meeting spoke of such publicity with indignation.

It is said here that when members of the association saw news of the discovery in THE TIMES they told Dr. Plotz that it would be undesirable for him to read his paper, and he thereupon withdrew it.

The theory of physicians is that when a medical discovery reaches the public through the lay press before it gets into the medical journals it has been communicated in an undignified and unethical manner and that this whole affair smacks of self-advertising. In this case the youth of the discoverer was considered an aggravation of the alleged offense.

It is learned on good authority, however, that the meeting did not put itself in the position of rejecting the young man's discoveries. His paper, it is understood, has been accepted by the American Medical Association and may be printed in a report of its proceedings at some future date. This organization is of larger scope than the Association of Physicians, since its membership is made up of all branches of the profession.

The attitude of the Associations of Physicians apparently ignores the fact, which may be stated here, that Dr. Plotz had no share whatever in the publication of the news of his discovery in THE TIMES. No information on the subject was obtained from Dr. Plotz or indirectly through him, and he probably never knew that the facts had become public until he saw them printed in THE TIMES.

Attempts were made in New York yesterday to get some comment on the matter of Dr. Plotz's paper from medical men who were directly concerned. Among those who had not left the city for the meeting were Dr. Goldwater, Commissioner of Health and Superintendent of Mt. Sinai Hospital, and Dr. Emanuel Mandelbaum, in charge of the pathological department of Mt. Sinai, under whose direction Dr. Plotz worked. Dr. Goldwater could not be reached, and Dr. Mandelbaum sent word that he was busy and had nothing to say.

A New York physician who has been in touch with the work of Dr. Plotz said that such an attitude toward medical ethics as was expressed by the suppression of the paper was entirely false.

"It is a case of one hundred men dictating to ten millions," he said. "The isolation of the typhus germ is a gift to humanity, and all people are entitled to know about it without any preliminary formalities. There was nothing in the newspaper article which any sensible doctor could object to. If it had been misleading or sensational, that might be another matter. It is short-sighted for medical men to take such an attitude as was taken at the meeting."

Earthquake Shock Felt in Utah.

OGDEN, Utah, May 13.—An earthquake shock of brief duration was felt here at 10:14 o'clock this morning, causing considerable excitement among the occupants of tall buildings and breaking large windows in the business district.

PURCELL, SLAYER, GUILTY.

Rosenthal's ex-Partner, Who Killed Child, Guilty in First Degree.

James Purcell, once a gambling partner of Herman Rosenthal, for the murder of whom Charles Becker is now on trial, was convicted of murder in the first degree before Judge Nott in General Sessions yesterday. He killed his daughter Agnes, 12 years old. His wife fainted in the court room when the verdict was announced.

Purcell was tried several months ago, but the jury disagreed. The defense was insanity. Dr. Austin Flint and Dr. William Mabon testified that while his acts were not at all times rational, he was not insane at the time of the murder.

Agnes Purcell was in bed with her mother on Feb. 14, 1913, the night of the murder. They lived in the Allaire at 218 West Twenty-first Street. A few days previously Purcell had testified before the Curran Aldermanic Investigating Committee that he knew police officers who in the days when he was paying tribute accepted graft. He said after the shooting that he had attempted to shoot his wife because she had taunted him for being a "squealer." His wife fainted when he fired, and Purcell thought he had killed her.

At the present trial the jury sat five days. Joseph Rosalsky and Harry Kopp were the attorneys for the defense, and Assistant District Attorney Wasservogel had charge of the prosecution. Purcell asked the court if he could discharge his lawyers and engage counsel at his own expense. He also requested that he be allowed to see his friends in the Criminal Courts Building instead of in the Tombs, but the request was denied.

BOOKMAKING CHARGE FAILS.

Constables Unable to Find Men to Fit Alleged Bet Records.

Frank W. Flood and Francis G. Fox appeared before Justice Lewis M. Raising at Cedarhurst, L. I., yesterday charged with making books and taking bets at the Rockaway Hunt Club's annual pony and hunters' race meet at Hewlett Park last month. They were discharged when Constables Mott and Smith reported to the court that they were unable to find men supposed to have been represented in cypher on cards found in Flood's possession when he was arrested. Besides the initials figures appeared which the constables believed were the amounts of bets.

A motion to dismiss the cases, made by District Attorney George Smith of Nassau County, was opposed by Charles McCarthy, ex-Assistant District Attorney, counsel for the accused, who wanted to make a test case of the charge against Flood.

The District Attorney, however, said that every phase of the case has been covered in the Court of Appeals' decision in the Litchenstein and Frane cases, and his motion to dismiss was granted.

MISSION WORK IN MEXICO.

Refugee Tells Tract Society Protestantism Is Growing There.

At the annual meeting of the American Tract Society in the Marble Collegiate Church yesterday afternoon the Rev. Dr. John W. Butler, a Methodist missionary who arrived here on Monday with other refugees from Mexico, told of his experiences and of the work of the Tract Society in that country.

The Rev. Dr. Judson Swift, the Secretary of the society, reported that in the eighty-nine years of the society's existence 788,045,890 copies of tracts had been published. Of these, he said, 697,900 were published the first year and 3,148,855 last year.

The report of the Treasurer showed $340,010.85 receipts in 1913 and $337,778.16 disbursements, leaving a balance of $2,231.89. The officers elected for 1914 were:

President, William Phillips Hall; Vice President, the Rev. Dr. John Henry Jowett; Treasurer, Louis Tag; Honorary Vice Presidents, Bishop Luther B. Wilson, the Rev. Dr. John Timothy Stone, the Rev. Dr. J. Wilbur Chapman, the Rev. Henry V. Bonner, and Dr. J. Ackerman Cole.

New members of the Board of Managers elected were: The Rev. Dr. David Wills, Jr., the Rev. Dr. William P. Schwartz, the Rev. Dr. Isaac W. Cowen, the Rev. Dr. Robert Scott Inglis, the Rev. F. Clare Baldwin, and Thomas S. Bassford.

NEGRO BISHOP DIED POOR.

Widow Says Derrick Gave All His Property to Her.

Mrs. Clara E. Derrick, widow of Bishop William B. Derrick, of 26 State Street, Flushing, says her husband left no property. Ellis A. Bates, who says he is a creditor, applied to Surrogate Noble for letters of administration. The negro bishop died on April 15, and the widow had made no application for letters.

Mrs. Derrick, answering, says that her husband gave her all his real estate a long time ago, and that he gave his personal property to her at the time of their marriage. She asks that Bates's application be dismissed with costs. Surrogate Noble will hold a hearing on Tuesday, May 26.

Help for Tritonia, Fast in Ice.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., May 13.—The sealing steamer Bellaventure leaves to-morrow morning in an endeavor to reach the Donaldson liner Tritonia, which has been fast in the ice floes of Notre Dame Bay for several days, and is believed to be in a sinking condition about twenty miles from land.

Blue Serge Week

WE want you to know how remarkably fine our Hart, Schaffner & Marx Blue Serges are, so we have marked

Some $25 Blue Serge Suits $19.50

THIS offering at the beginning of the season is most unusual, as you know—it is for this week ONLY.

Wallach Bros.

246-8 W. 125th St.
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EACH PAIR OF GENUINE GUYOT'S
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PARIS
BEARS THESE MARKS
REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.
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TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.
SUSPENDERS
Standard Style (cotton)
50¢ a pair
Full Dress silk weaves
$1.00, $1.25, $1.50 and more
AT ALL RELIABLE STORES

$15 MONROE CLOTHES $15

WHEREVER style and fit are in the spotlight, Monroe Clothes are star performers. They are a boon to *you*, who must shine continuously in the latest productions of style. The $15 price instead of $25 makes it easy to buy clothes as often as the styles change.

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Positively $25 Values for $15

Monroe Clothes Shop

(Longacre Building) Broadway & 42nd St. Open Evenings
Also At 206-208 Broadway, at Fulton St. (Downtown Branch)

TAKE ELEVATOR · SAVE $10

Our $20 Suit Is a World Beater

You can't match it at the price either ready made or custom made. Call and see the wealth of imported and domestic materials—many weaves, many patterns, all shades—goods not infrequently priced at $25 to $30.

Suit to Measure, $20
Coat & Trousers, $18

Broadway & 9th St.

Arnheim

The Standish is a New ARROW COLLAR

A thoroughly mannish, good-looking, comfortable style

2 for 25c

CLUETT, PEABODY & CO. INC. *Makers of* ARROW SHIRTS, TROY, N. Y.

Men's Furnishings At McCutcheon's

Reg. Trade Mark

Attention is invited to our very extensive range of Men's Shirts in fabrics suitable for Street and Dress wear, Golf, Outing, etc. Materials, designs and values are of the very best.

Negligee Shirts At $1.50 & $2.00 Negligee shirts with laundered or soft cuffs, made of Cotton Crepes, Madras and Mercerized Materials, in a choice range of patterns and colorings.	**Golf Shirts At $2.00** A new shirt for Golf with turn down collars, and knee drawer combinations, in white cheviot and white cotton Pongee with ½ or regular sleeves.
Negligee Shirts At $2.50 to $3.50 Novelty pleated and Plain Negligee shirts, with laundered and soft French cuffs, in Corded Madras, Silk and Cotton, all Silk, Cotton Crepes, and unshrinkable Flannels. Finer Negligee Shirts $3.75 to $5.00.	**Golf Shirts At $2.50** The Olympic Shirt of White Cheviot with improved turnover collar, and pleats both back and front, giving a Norfolk Jacket effect; is particularly smart and effective.

Particular attention is directed to our complete stock of Underwear in Union Suits and 2 piece Garments and to our complete line of Men's Furnishings of all kinds.

James McCutcheon & Co.
Fifth Avenue, 33d and 34th Streets

E&W SPRING SHIRTS $1.50 to $10.00

Impress this trade mark on your mind. It is a guarantee of quality, service and the mark of TROY'S BEST PRODUCT.

Hundreds of patterns from which to select, in new and unique colorings, tailored in every conceivable style and cloth.

Shirts with RED-MAN LABEL $1.50 Specials Shirts with IROQUOIS LABEL $2.50

EARL & WILSON
MAKERS OF RED-MAN COLLARS.

SHANLEY'S
Broadway—43rd to 44th Street

An Evening Here is the Climax of a Well-Spent Day

Superior Six-Course Luncheon, 75¢ (*Music*)

Cabaret Extraordinaire
Twenty Acts Every Evening 7 to 1

Attention called to our Popular Restaurant in Shopping Zone—
Broadway 29th-30th St.

REISENWEBER'S
COLUMBUS CIRCLE AND 58TH ST.
DINNER, $1.00 (Every Evg. 6 to 9) *Maryland Dinner, $1.25*
Mr. Sloane & Miss Field in Dances Nightly at 10:30.
AFTERNOON TEA DANCES *DANCING 1 P. M. TO CLOSING*

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14th Street, near Fourth Ave.

RECTOR'S ORIGINAL ARGENTINE TANGO
BY LA PALARICA—SOUTH AMERICAN DANCERS.
20 Other High-Class Artists.
48th St., Broadway & 7th Ave. BEST Restaurant Service in handsomest dining room in N. Y.

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42D ST., WEST OF BOADWAY. Phone 6344 Bryant
MOST UP-TO-DATE THEATRE IN THE WORLD.
Geo. Kleine's Photo Masterpiece,
Antony —AND— Cleopatra
MATINEES AT 2:15. EVENINGS AT 8:15. Including Sundays
PRICES 25c AND 50c
All Seats Reserved
PROFESSOR Brander Matthews OF COLUMBIA COLLEGE SAYS: "I THINK THAT EVERY STUDENT OF SHAKESPERE WILL FIND HIS PROFIT IN YOUR PRODUCTION."
HERALD: THE RIVAL OF THEIR PREDECESSORS.
TIMES: MOST STUPENDOUS PICTURE PLAY EVER THROWN UPON A SCREEN.
SUN: ELABORATE AND IMPRESSIVE. ADMIRABLE. ROUND AFTER ROUND OF APPLAUSE.
Full Symphony Orchestra
SEE The Night March of 10,000 Romans.
Fire and Sword. Storming of Cleopatra's Palace.
Crocodiles Devouring Cleopatra's Rival.
Pageant at Rome—Return of Octavius.

HIPPODROME
6 Av., 43-44. Daily Mat. 2:15. Best Seats $1. Evs. 8:15
LAST 2 WEEKS PINAFORE

WINTER GARDEN Broadway & 50th. Evenings 8:15. Matinee To-day Best Orch. Seats $1 to $1.50. Greatest of all Winter Garden Shows, Whirl of the World. Sunday Night Concert. Best Bill in New York.

44th St. Thea., nr. B'way. Lew Fields, Prop. Evenings 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2. Spring Prices: Balc. 50c.; Mezz. $1; Or. $1.50-$2. THE MIDNIGHT GIRL With George Macfarlane.

39TH ST. THEATRE, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. Matinees Wed & Sat. 2:20. TOO MANY COOKS The Year's Biggest Laugh Hit.

PLAYHOUSE 48th. E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. THE THINGS THAT COUNT The Charming Companion to Grumpy.

LYRIC, 42d, W. of B'way. 2, 4, 7, 9 P. M. GEN. VILLA in BATTLE Chihuahua-Juarez-Torreon Including the History of His Life.

BOOTH Theatre, 45th, West of B'way. Evs. 8:15 $1.50 Matinee To-day 2:15. PETROVA as PANTHEA "Sensational Play."—Acton Davies, Eve. Sun.

LITTLE 44th St., West of Broadway. Evs. at 8:45. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30. WINTHROP AMES presents GRACE GEORGE Isabel Irving, Zelda Sears, Sydney Booth, Conway Tearle, Ferdinand Gottschalk THE TRUTH by CLYDE FITCH All Seats at All Performances $2.00.

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:15. 6TH MONTH Mats. Wed. & Sat. High Jinks LONGEST RUN of any MUSICAL COMEDY. WITH STELLA MAYHEW.

COMEDY Thea., 41st St., near B'way. Evs. 8.20. Mats. Tues & Sat 2:20 KITTY MACKAY

48TH ST. THEA. Ev. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Sat. SEASON'S BIGGEST SUCCESS TO-DAY MATINEE TO-DAY $1.50.

CORT 48th St., East of B'way. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat 2:20. LAST 3 WEEKS Laurette Taylor "PEG O' MY HEART."

ROYAL 1 blk from 149th St. & 3d Ave. Evs. 25c to $1. Matinee Sat. 2:15. ADOLF PHILIPP CO. with Grete von Mayhof To-night & All Week. Alma, Wo Wohnst Du? Next Week—"PAID IN FULL."

FRI. EVE., MAY 22 SAT. MAT., MAY 23 Metropolitan OPERA HOUSE Lambs' ALL STAR Gambol PUBLIC AUCTION SALE OF SEATS AND BOXES FOR THE MATINEE (Sat. May 23) PERFORMANCE AT THE HUDSON THEATRE, To-morrow (Fri.) at 3:30 P. M.

Jardin de Danse 8:30 P. M. to 2 A. M. Matinee Teas Sats. ONLY —TALK OF THE TOWN— REUNITED—FAMOUS AND FASCINATING Heavenly Twins Rozsika & Yansci DOLLY BROADWAY'S BIGGEST SENSATION In Marvelous Dances with CARLOS SEBASTIAN. OTHER STARS & NOVELTIES.

MAY 9-16 BABY SHOW GRAND CENTRAL PALACE 10 AM to 11 PM

Republic W. 42d St. Daily at 1:30, 3:30, 7:30, 9:30. 10c-15c-25c. "PROTECT US!" A Frank Treatment of Prevailing Sex Evils.

VITAGRAPH Broadway & 44th St. 2:30 & 8:30 P. M. Mr. Barnes of N. Y.—Love, Luck & Gasolene & Pictures of Army—Silent Comedy at 8:30.

HARRIS 42d St., W. of Broadway. OPENS SAT. EVENING SEATS NOW King of All Photo Dramas THE CHRISTIAN

STRAND B'way. 47th St. Continuous 12 noon to midnight. 10-15-25c. A. CONAN DOYLE'S "House of Temperley." Strand Orch. & Quartette. Nxt wk, "Home Sweet Home"

PALISADES AMUSEMENT PARK OPPOSITE WEST 130th ST. FERRY. OPENS NEXT SAT.

HAMMERSTEIN'S—Marie Lloyd, Henry E. Dixey, Adele Richie, Princess Zallan, "Why Girls Go Wrong." Moving Pictures of Ex-Police Lt. Becker, and 10 Others.

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'way & 47th St. ALICE LLOYD, MONTGOMERY & MOORE, Mary Nash, George Damerel and JACK WILSON.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th Burlesque Mat. To-day. BOB MANCHESTER'S CRACKER JACKS

GARDEN Theatre, Madison Ave. & 27th St. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Eve. 8:15. WM. FARNUM in THE [illegible] KING.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.
These theatres have no dealings with THE TYSON CO. The best seats can be obtained at Box Offices.

EMPIRE Broadway & 40th St. Evs. at 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:20. Limited number of performances JOHN DREW ETHEL BARRYMORE in VICTORIEN SARDOU'S Comedy, A SCRAP OF PAPER

HUDSON West 44th St. Evs. 8.30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. A Detective Comedy of Laughs and Thrills—THE Dummy

KNICKERBOCKER, B'way & 38th St. Evs 8:30. Matinees Wednesday & Saturday 2:20. JULIAN ELTINGE in his great success THE CRINOLINE GIRL

New Amsterdam W. 42d St., near B'way Henry W. Savage offers "Musical Delight of the Season." SARI Eves. at 8:20. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:20.

LIBERTY 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. We. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:20. MISS ANGLIN In "LADY WINDERMERE'S FAN" THE SEASON'S DRAMATIC TRIUMPH.

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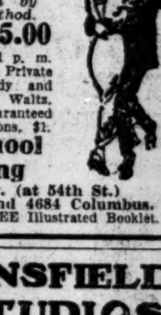

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